<u>alias</u>

To set alias of command Usage :- alias <alias_name>='command name' Eg:- alias baby='date'

Command:

CD

Usage: cp <path_of_file> <path_of_file> To copy file

cp -r

Usage :- cp -r <path_of_directory> <path_of_directory>

mν

Usage:- mv <path_of_file/dir> <path_of_file/dir> Move a file or directory

grep

Usage: grep PATTERNS [FILE]... Search for PATTERNS in each FILE.

head

Usage: head <filename>
To print top 10 lines of file

tail

Usage: tail <filename>
To print bottom 10 lines of file

I/O redirection



Standard input, standard output

Standard input (stdin) device is the keyboard ,voice assistant , file





Standard output (stdout) device is the monitor



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Use of redirection

Output can save from file



Output can send to mail

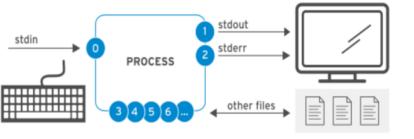


• Output can discard



Standard input, standard output, standard error

- Standard input (channel 0) reads input from the Keyboard
- Standard output (channel 1) sends normal output to the terminal
- Standard error (channel 2) sends error messages to the terminal



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Output redirection Operators

> file	redirect stdout to overwrite a file
>> file	redirect stdout to append to a file
2> file	redirect stderr to overwrite a file
2> /dev/null	discard stderr error messages by redirecting to /dev/null

> file 2>&1 &> file	redirect stdout and stderr to overwrite the same file redirect stdout and stderr to append to the same file
>> file 2>&1 &>> file	redirect stdout and stderr to append to the same file

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Example of Output redirection

Save a time for later reference

[user@host ~]\$ date > /tmp/saved-timestamp

Constructing pipelines

- A pipeline is a sequence of one or more commands separated by the pipe character (|). A pipe
- connects the standard output of the first command to the standard input of the next command.



Pipeline with redirection

head will output the first 5 lines of output from ip a , with the final result redirected to a file.

[user@host \sim]\$ ip a | head -n 5 > /tmp/io.txt

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Example of pipeline

• The output of the Is command is piped to wc -I, which counts the number of lines received from Is and prints that to the terminal.

[user@host ~]\$ ls | wc -l

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Task

- 1 . redirect history's top 10 lines in /tmp/his.txt
- 2. redirect history's 2-5 lines in /tmp/adhis.txt