

BASIC CODE

```
In [10]: print(3+2)    #addition
         print(3-2)    #subtraction
         print(3*2)    #multiplication
         print(3/2)    #division
         print(3**2)   #exponential
         print(3 % 2)  # modulus
         print(3//2)   # floor division operator
```

```
5
1
6
1.5
9
1
1
```

```
In [12]: print(type(10))
         print(type(3.1))
         print(type(1 + 3j))
         print(type('anuja pawar'))
         print(type([1,2,3]))
         print(type({'name': 'pawar'}))
         print(type({9.8,3.14,2.7}))
         print(type((9.8,3.14,2.7)))
         print(type(3 == 3))
         print(type(3 >= 3))
```

```
<class 'int'>
<class 'float'>
<class 'complex'>
<class 'str'>
<class 'list'>
<class 'dict'>
<class 'set'>
<class 'tuple'>
<class 'bool'>
<class 'bool'>
```

DATATYPES ,VARIABLES

```
In [17]: 9
```

```
Out[17]: 9
```

```
In [19]: 9 + 9
```

```
Out[19]: 18
```

```
In [21]: 9 + 9 - (10 - 3) + 3
```

```
Out[21]: 14
```

```
In [23]: 9 + 9 - 10 - 3 + 3
```

```
Out[23]: 8
```

arithmetic operator

```
In [36]: 10 + 5
```

```
Out[36]: 15
```

```
In [38]: 10 - 5
```

```
Out[38]: 5
```

```
In [40]: 10 * 5
```

```
Out[40]: 50
```

```
In [42]: 10 * 2
```

```
Out[42]: 20
```

```
In [44]: 10 ** 2
```

```
Out[44]: 100
```

```
In [46]: 10 *** 2
```

```
Cell In[46], line 1
      10 *** 2
      ^
SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```

```
In [52]: 10 / 5      #float division
```

```
Out[52]: 2.0
```

```
In [54]: 10 // 5     # int division
```

```
Out[54]: 2
```

```
In [60]: 10 % 5      #remainder after division
```

```
Out[60]: 0
```

```
In [62]: 15 % 6
```

```
Out[62]: 3
```

```
In [64]: 15 %% 6
```

Cell In[64], line 1

15 %% 6

^

SyntaxError: invalid syntax

In [66]: 15 / 6

Out[66]: 2.5

In [68]: 15 // 6

Out[68]: 2

assignment operator

In [133... x =10
x

Out[133... 10

In [135... x + 2

Out[135... 12

In [137... x += 2
x

Out[137... 12

In [139... x += 2
x

Out[139... 14

In [141... x += 2
x

Out[141... 16

In [143... x += 2
x

Out[143... 18

In [145... x

Out[145... 18

In [147... x -= 2
x

Out[147... 16

In [149... x -= 2

```
x
```

```
Out[149...] 14
```

```
In [151...] x -= 2  
x
```

```
Out[151...] 12
```

```
In [153...] x
```

```
Out[153...] 12
```

```
In [155...] x *= 2  
x
```

```
Out[155...] 24
```

```
In [157...] x *= 2  
x
```

```
Out[157...] 48
```

```
In [159...] x /= 2  
x
```

```
Out[159...] 24.0
```

```
In [161...] x /= 2  
x
```

```
Out[161...] 12.0
```

unary operator

```
In [165...] n = 7  
n
```

```
Out[165...] 7
```

```
In [167...] m = -n  
m
```

```
Out[167...] -7
```

python datatypes

1.INT

```
In [171...] i=45  
print(i)
```

```
print(type(i))
```

```
45  
<class 'int'>
```

```
In [173... i1,i2 = 10
```

```
-----  
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[173], line 1  
----> 1 i1,i2 = 10  
TypeError: cannot unpack non-iterable int object
```

```
In [177... i1, i2 = 10,20  
print(i1)  
print(i2)  
print(i1 + i2)  
print(i1 - i2)  
print(i1 * i2)  
print(i1 / i2)
```

```
10  
20  
30  
-10  
200  
0.5
```

FLOAT

```
In [180... petrol = 110.56  
petrol
```

```
Out[180... 110.56
```

```
In [182... type(petrol)
```

```
Out[182... float
```

string

```
In [187... s = naresh it  
s
```

```
Cell In[187], line 1  
    s = naresh it  
          ^  
SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```

```
In [189... s = 'naresh it'  
s
```

```
Out[189... 'naresh it'
```

In [200... type(s)

Out[200... str

In [202... s1 = "nareshit"
s1

Out[202... 'nareshit'

In [204... s2= '''naresh it technology
datascience, ai student -- 6 month i will change your brain'''
s2

Out[204... 'naresh it technology \n datascience, ai student -- 6 month i will chang
e your brain'

In [206... s

Out[206... 'naresh it'

In [208... print(s[0])
print(s[-1])
print(s[3])

n
t
e

In [210... s

Out[210... 'naresh it'

In [212... s[:]

Out[212... 'naresh it'

In [214... s[2:5]

Out[214... 'res'

boolean

In [217... true

```
-----  
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[217], line 1  
----> 1 true  
NameError: name 'true' is not defined
```

In [219... True

Out[219... True

In [221...] `false`

```
-----  
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[221], line 1  
----> 1 false  
  
NameError: name 'false' is not defined
```

In [223...] `False`

Out[223...] `False`

In [225...] `b = True`
`b1 = False`

In [227...] `b`

Out[227...] `True`

In [229...] `b1`

Out[229...] `False`

In [231...] `b + b1`

Out[231...] `1`

In [233...] `print(b-b1)`
`print(b*b1)`
`print(b1/b)`
`print(b1//b)`

```
1  
0  
0.0  
0
```

In [237...] `type(b1)`

Out[237...] `bool`

complex

In [240...] `c1 = 10 + 20j`
`c1`

Out[240...] `(10+20j)`

In [242...] `type(c1)`

Out[242...] `complex`

In [244...] `c1`

Out[244...] (10+20j)

In [246...] `c1.real`

Out[246...] 10.0

In [248...] `c1.imag`

Out[248...] 20.0

In [250...] `c2 = 3 + 5j`
`c2`

Out[250...] (3+5j)

In [252...] `print(c1)`
`print(c2)`

(10+20j)
(3+5j)

In [254...] `c1 + c2`

Out[254...] (13+25j)

TYPE CASTING OR TYPE CONVERSION

In [257...] `int(3.14)`

Out[257...] 3

In [259...] `int(3.4,5.7)`

```
-----  
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[259], line 1  
----> 1 int(3.4,5.7)  
  
TypeError: 'float' object cannot be interpreted as an integer
```

In [261...] `int(True)`

Out[261...] 1

In [263...] `int(True,False)`

```
-----  
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[263], line 1  
----> 1 int(True,False)  
  
TypeError: int() can't convert non-string with explicit base
```

In [265...] `int(False)`

Out[265...] 0

```
In [274...] print(int(3.4))
             print(int(True))
             print(int('10'))
```

3
1
10

```
In [276...] print(int(10+20j))
```

```
-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[276], line 1
----> 1 print(int(10+20j))

TypeError: int() argument must be a string, a bytes-like object or a real number,
not 'complex'
```

```
In [278...] int('ten')
```

```
-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[278], line 1
----> 1 int('ten')

ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'ten'
```

python variable

```
In [281...] va = 9
             va
```

Out[281...] 9

```
In [283...] id(va)
```

Out[283...] 140724733946552

```
In [285...] 1nit = 18
             1nit
```

```
Cell In[285], line 1
      1nit = 18
      ^
SyntaxError: invalid decimal literal
```

```
In [287...] nit1 = 18
             nit1
```

Out[287...] 18

```
In [291...] nit2 = 19
             nit2
```

Out[291...] 19

In [293...
`v$ = 90`
`v$`

Cell In[293], line 1
`v$ = 90`
^
SyntaxError: invalid syntax

In [295...
`v_ = 90`
`v_`

Out[295...] 90

In [297...
`import keyword`
`keyword.kwlist`Out[297...
['False',
 'None',
 'True',
 'and',
 'as',
 'assert',
 'async',
 'await',
 'break',
 'class',
 'continue',
 'def',
 'del',
 'elif',
 'else',
 'except',
 'finally',
 'for',
 'from',
 'global',
 'if',
 'import',
 'in',
 'is',
 'lambda',
 'nonlocal',
 'not',
 'or',
 'pass',
 'raise',
 'return',
 'try',
 'while',
 'with',
 'yield']In [299...
`len(keyword.kwlist)`

Out[299...] 35

```
In [301... for = 67
for
```

```
Cell In[301], line 1
  for = 67
    ^
SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```

```
In [311... For = 67
For
```

```
Out[311... 67
```

```
In [313... def = 90
def
```

```
Cell In[313], line 1
  def = 90
    ^
SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```

```
In [315... Def = 78
Def
```

```
Out[315... 78
```

```
In [317... 3a =89
```

```
Cell In[317], line 1
  3a =89
    ^
SyntaxError: invalid decimal literal
```

```
In [319... True = 8
```

```
Cell In[319], line 1
  True = 8
    ^
SyntaxError: cannot assign to True
```

```
In [321... true=8
true
```

```
Out[321... 8
```

```
In [323... a = 5
b = 6
c = 7
```

```
a
b
c
```

```
Out[323... 7
```

```
In [325... a = 5
b = 6
c = 7
```

```
print(a)
print(b)
print(c)
```

5
6
7

In [327... `import sys`
`sys.version`

Out[327... '3.12.7 | packaged by Anaconda, Inc. | (main, Oct 4 2024, 13:17:27) [MSC v.1929 64 bit (AMD64)]'

In [329... `import_1 = 89`
`import_1`

Out[329... 89

STRING

In [27]: `# single line comment`
`letter = 'p'`
`print(letter)`
`print(len(letter))`
`greeting = 'Hello, World!'`
`print(greeting)`
`print(len(greeting))`
`sentence = " I hope you are enjoying 30 days of python challenge"`
`print(sentence)`

p
1
Hello, World!
13
I hope you are enjoying 30 days of python challenge

In [29]: `# multiline string`
`multiline_string = '''I am a teacher and enjoy teaching.`
`I didn't find anything as rewarding as empowering people.`
`That is why I created 30 days of python.'''`
`print(multiline_string)`

I am a teacher and enjoy teaching.
I didn't find anything as rewarding as empowering people.
That is why I created 30 days of python.

In [31]: `# another way of doing same thing`
`multiline_string = """I am a teacher and enjoy teaching.`
`I didn't find anything as rewarding as empowering people.`
`That is why I created 30 days of python."""`
`print(multiline_string)`

I am a teacher and enjoy teaching.
I didn't find anything as rewarding as empowering people.
That is why I created 30 days of python.

```
In [33]: # string concatenation
first_name = 'Anuja'
last_name = 'Pawar'
space= ' '
full_name = first_name + space + last_name
print(full_name)
```

Anuja Pawar

```
In [35]: #checking Length of a string using len() builtin function
print(len(first_name))
print(len(last_name))
print(len(first_name)> len(last_name))
print(len(full_name))
```

5
5
False
12

```
In [37]: # unpacking characters
language = 'python'
a,b,c,d,e,f = language      #unpacking sequence characters into variables
print(a)
print(b)
print(c)
print(d)
print(e)
print(f)
```

p
y
t
h
o
n

```
In [44]: # accessing characters in strings by index
language = 'Python'
first_letter = language [0]
print(first_letter)
second_letter = language[1]
print(second_letter)
last_index = len(language) -1
last_letter = language[last_index]
print(last_letter)
```

P
y
n

```
In [46]: # if we want to start from right end we can use negative indexing
language = 'Python'
last_letter = language[-1]
print(last_letter)
second_last = language[-2]
print(second_last)
```

n
o

```
In [48]: #slicing

language = 'Python'
first_three = language[0:3]
last_three = language[3:6]
print(first_three)
print(last_three)
```

Pyt
hon

```
In [50]: # another way

last_three = language[-3:]
print(last_three)
```

hon

```
In [52]: #skipping character while splitting in python string

language = 'Python'
pto = language[0:6:2]
print(pto)
```

Pto

```
In [54]: #escape sequence

print('I hope everyone enjoying the python challenge.\nDo you?')
print('Days\tTopics\tExercises')
print('Day 1\t3\t5')
print('Day 2\t3\t5')
print('Day 3\t3\t5')
print('Day 4\t3\t5')
print('This is a back slash symbol (\\)')
print('In every programming language it starts with \"Hello, World!\"')
```

I hope everyone enjoying the python challenge.

Do you?

Days	Topics	Exercises
------	--------	-----------

Day 1	3	5
-------	---	---

Day 2	3	5
-------	---	---

Day 3	3	5
-------	---	---

Day 4	3	5
-------	---	---

This is a back slash symbol (\\)

In every programming language it starts with "Hello, World!"

```
In [58]: ##string methods

challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.capitalize())
```

Thirty days of python

```
In [60]: #count()

challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.count('y'))
print(challenge.count('y',7,14))
print(challenge.count('th'))
```

3
1
2

```
In [74]: # endswith()

challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.endswith('on'))
print(challenge.endswith('tion'))
```

True
False

```
In [86]: # expandtabs(): Replaces tab character with spaces, default tab size is 8. It ta

challenge = 'thirty\tdays\tot\tpython'
print(challenge.expandtabs())
print(challenge.expandtabs(10))
```

thirty days of python
thirty days of python

```
In [88]: # find(): Returns the index of first occurrence of substring

challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.find('y'))
print(challenge.find('th'))
```

5
0

```
In [90]: # format() formats string into nicer output
first_name = 'Anuja'
last_name = 'Pawar'
job = 'student'
country = 'India'
sentence = 'I am {} {}. I am a {}. I live in {}.'.format(first_name, last_name,
print(sentence)

radius = 10
pi = 3.14
area = pi # radius ** 2
result = 'The area of circle with {} is {}'.format(str(radius), str(area))
print(result) # The area of circle with 10 is 314.0
```

I am Anuja Pawar. I am a student. I live in India.
The area of circle with 10 is 3.14

```
In [92]: # index(): Returns the index of substring
challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.find('y'))
print(challenge.find('th'))
```

5
0

```
In [94]: # isalnum(): Checks alphanumeric character

challenge = 'ThirtyDaysPython'
print(challenge.isalnum())

challenge = '30DaysPython'
```

```
print(challenge.isalnum())

challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.isalnum())

challenge = 'thirty days of python 2019'
print(challenge.isalnum())
```

True
True
False
False

In [96]: *# isalpha(): Checks if all characters are alphabets*

```
challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.isalpha())
num = '123'
print(num.isalpha())
```

False
False

In [98]: *# isdecimal(): Checks Decimal Characters*

```
challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.find('y'))
print(challenge.find('th'))
```

5
0

In [102... *# isdigit(): Checks Digit Characters*

```
challenge = 'Thirty'
print(challenge.isdigit())
challenge = '30'
print(challenge.isdigit())
```

False
True

In [104... *# isdecimal(): Checks decimal character*

```
num = '10'
print(num.isdecimal())
num = '10.5'
print(num.isdecimal())
```

True
False

In [106... *# isidentifier(): Checks for valid identifier means it check if a string is a val*

```
challenge = '30DaysOfPython'
print(challenge.isidentifier())
challenge = 'thirty_days_of_python'
print(challenge.isidentifier())
```

False
True

In [108... *# islower():Checks if all alphabets in a string are lowercase*

```
challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.islower())
challenge = 'Thirty days of python'
print(challenge.islower())
```

True

False

In [110... *# isupper(): returns if all characters are uppercase characters*

```
challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.isupper())
challenge = 'THIRTY DAYS OF PYTHON'
print(challenge.isupper())
```

False

True

In [112... *# isnumeric():Checks numeric characters*

```
num = '10'
print(num.isnumeric())
print('ten'.isnumeric())
```

True

False

In [122... *# join(): Returns a concatenated string*

```
web_tech = ['HTML', 'CSS', 'JavaScript', 'React']
result = '#, '.join(web_tech)
print(result)
```

HTML#, CSS#, JavaScript#, React

In [126... *# strip(): Removes both leading and trailing characters*

```
challenge = ' thirty days of python '
print(challenge.strip('y'))
```

thirty days of python

In [128... *# replace(): Replaces substring inside*

```
challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.replace('python', 'coding'))
```

thirty days of coding

In [130... *# split():Splits String from Left*

```
challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.split())
```

['thirty', 'days', 'of', 'python']

In [132... *# title(): Returns a Title Cased String*

```
challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.title())
```

Thirty Days Of Python

```
In [134]: # swapcase(): Checks if String Starts with the Specified String

challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.swapcase())
challenge = 'Thirty Days Of Python'
print(challenge.swapcase())
```

THIRTY DAYS OF PYTHON

tHIRTY dAYS oF pYTHON

```
In [136]: # startswith(): Checks if String Starts with the Specified String

challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.startswith('thirty'))
challenge = '30 days of python'
print(challenge.startswith('thirty'))
```

True

False

OPERATOR

```
In [2]: # arithmetic operator in python
# integer

print('Addition: ',1+2)
print('subtraction: ',2-1)
print('multiplication: ',2*3)
print('Division: ',4/2)
```

Addition: 3

subtraction: 1

multiplication: 6

Division: 2.0

gives floating number

```
In [5]: print('Division: ', 6 / 2)
print('Division: ', 7 / 2)
print('Division without the remainder: ', 7 // 2)
```

Division: 3.0

Division: 3.5

Division without the remainder: 3

floating number or without the remaining

```
In [7]: print('Modulus: ', 3 % 2)
print('Division without the remainder: ', 7 // 3)
print('Exponential: ', 3 ** 2)
```

Modulus: 1

Division without the remainder: 2

Exponential: 9

```
In [13]: # Floating numbers
print('Floating Number,PI=', 3.14)
print('Floating Number, gravity=', 9.81)
```

Floating Number,PI= 3.14
Floating Number, gravity= 9.81

```
In [15]: # Complex numbers
print('Complex number: ', 1 + 1j)
print('Multiplying complex number: ',(1 + 1j) * (1-1j))
```

Complex number: (1+1j)
Multiplying complex number: (2+0j)

```
In [17]: # Declaring the variable at the top first

a = 3
b = 2
```

```
In [21]: # Arithmetic operations and assigning the result to a variable
total = a + b
diff = a - b
product = a * b
division = a / b
remainder = a % b
floor_division = a // b
exponential = a ** b
```

```
In [23]: print(total)
print('a + b = ', total)
print('a - b = ', diff)
print('a * b = ', product)
print('a / b = ', division)
print('a % b = ', remainder)
print('a // b = ', floor_division)
print('a ** b = ', exponential)
```

5
a + b = 5
a - b = 1
a * b = 6
a / b = 1.5
a % b = 1
a // b = 1
a ** b = 9

```
In [25]: # Declaring values and organizing them together
num_one = 3
num_two = 4
```

```
In [27]: # Arithmetic operations
total = num_one + num_two
diff = num_two - num_one
product = num_one * num_two
div = num_two / num_two
remainder = num_two % num_one
```

```
In [29]: # Printing values with label
print('total: ', total)
print('difference: ', diff)
print('product: ', product)
print('division: ', div)
print('remainder: ', remainder)
```

```
total: 7
difference: 1
product: 12
division: 1.0
remainder: 1
```

```
In [33]: # Calculating area of a circle
radius = 10
area_of_circle = 3.14 * radius ** 2
print('Area of a circle:', area_of_circle)
```

Area of a circle: 314.0

```
In [35]: # Calculating area of a rectangle
length = 10
width = 20
area_of_rectangle = length * width
print('Area of rectangle:', area_of_rectangle)
```

Area of rectangle: 200

```
In [37]: # Calculating a weight of an object
mass = 75
gravity = 9.81
weight = mass * gravity
print(weight, 'N')
```

735.75 N

```
In [41]: # Logical operator

print(3 > 2)
print(3 >= 2)
print(3 < 2)
print(2 < 3)
print(2 <= 3)
print(3 == 2)
print(3 != 2)
print(len('mango') == len('avocado'))
print(len('mango') != len('avocado'))
print(len('mango') < len('avocado'))
print(len('milk') != len('meat'))
print(len('milk') == len('meat'))
print(len('tomato') == len('potato'))
print(len('python') > len('dragon'))
```

True
True
False
True
True
False
True
False
True
True
False
True
True
False

```
In [43]: # Boolean comparison
print('True == True: ', True == True)
print('True == False: ', True == False)
print('False == False:', False == False)
print('True and True: ', True and True)
print('True or False:', True or False)
```

```
True == True: True
True == False: False
False == False: True
True and True: True
True or False: True
```

```
In [47]: # Another way comparison
print('1 is 1', 1 is 1)
print('1 is not 2', 1 is not 2)
print('A in Asabeneh', 'A' in 'Asabeneh')
print('B in Asabeneh', 'B' in 'Asabeneh')
print('coding' in 'coding for all')
print('a in an:', 'a' in 'an')
print('4 is 2 ** 2:', 4 is 2 ** 2)
```

```
1 is 1 True
1 is not 2 True
A in Asabeneh True
B in Asabeneh False
True
a in an: True
4 is 2 ** 2: True
```

```
<>:2: SyntaxWarning: "is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
<>:3: SyntaxWarning: "is not" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "!="?
<>:8: SyntaxWarning: "is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
<>:2: SyntaxWarning: "is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
<>:3: SyntaxWarning: "is not" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "!="?
<>:8: SyntaxWarning: "is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
C:\Users\ANUJA\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_4692\4207187824.py:2: SyntaxWarning:
"is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
    print('1 is 1', 1 is 1)
C:\Users\ANUJA\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_4692\4207187824.py:3: SyntaxWarning:
"is not" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "!="?
    print('1 is not 2', 1 is not 2)
C:\Users\ANUJA\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_4692\4207187824.py:8: SyntaxWarning:
"is" with 'int' literal. Did you mean "=="?
    print('4 is 2 ** 2:', 4 is 2 ** 2)
```

```
In [49]: print(3 > 2 and 4 > 3)
print(3 > 2 and 4 < 3)
print(3 < 2 and 4 < 3)
print(3 > 2 or 4 > 3)
print(3 > 2 or 4 < 3)
print(3 < 2 or 4 < 3)
print(not 3 > 2)
print(not True)
print(not False)
print(not not True)
print(not not False)
```

True
False
False
True
True
False
False
False
True
True
False

In []: