Software Requirements Specification

Project Name: Debt Recovery System (DRS)

Version: 1.0

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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

The SLT recovery section currently processes debt recovery procedures manually, which includes gathering data, filtering it, initiating legal actions, facilitating communication, distributing cases, implementing settlement plans, handling customer responses, financial matters, and commission and bonus calculations. The Debt Recovery System aims to visualize data using dashboards, facilitate reporting, minimize manual work, reduce time-consuming tasks, and reduce human errors and risks. The system will automate and streamline the recovery process, minimizing risks. The target audience includes employees of the SLT recovery section, legal officers, DRA companies, and Recovery Officers.

This Software Requirement Specification (SRS) report provides a detailed description of the Debt Recovery System application, including its purpose, project scope, functional features, non-functional requirement references, and external interface requirements. The features were proposed after understanding client requirements, and the document aims to improve customer and client base efficiency and accuracy in business operations. The target audience includes employees of the SLT recovery section, legal officers, DRA companies, and Recovery Officers.

1.2 Project Overview

The project aims to automate Sri Lanka Telecom's debt recovery process, enhancing efficiency and performance. The system will gather data from various platforms, implement filtering mechanisms, handle legal processes, automate communication between parties, and provide real-time reporting and notifications. This will enable faster processing, minimize risks, improve decision-making, minimize financial losses due to human errors, and provide customizable workflow. The project also aims to streamline communication between external parties and internal units, ensuring better decision-making and minimizing financial losses due to human errors.

1.3 Scope

The Debt Recovery System is a fully automated solution for managing accounts, collections, and legal actions in financial contexts. It aims to integrate with other SLT systems and includes features for efficient handling of account statuses, payment processing, and legal proceedings. The key components of the product scope include.

1.4 Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

CPE: Customer Premises Equipment

• DRC: Debt Recovery Company

OSS: Operational Support System

• CAM: Credit Account Management

• OWA: Overdue With Agent

• PLD: Print Legal Demand

• BS: Being Settled

• FMB: Forwarded to Mediation Board

• VIP: Very Important Person

1.5 Assumptions and Dependencies

• Proposed system will monitor only the given accounts.

- Even though with the time the account has been changes to a new account the proposed system will monitor the recovery process with the arrears account.
- A customer can have many accounts, but the system will assign a same DRA to same customer to handle all accounts is they have arrears cases.

1.6 System Users and User Privileges

User	Internal /External	Privileges within system
Legal Officer	Internal	 Access and view case information to issue LOD, FTL LOD, Final reminder letters.
		- Generate letters based on preset up system templates with pre-configured parameters/values.
		- Edit and customize letter contents.
		- Approve letters with digital or manual signature.
		- View LOD, FTL LOD, Final reminder statuses and customer responses.
		- Extend deadlines given when needed.
		- Set timelines, deadlines.

		- Access and view mediation board statuses and updates.
		 Privileges for case management (closing cases, forward for settlements)
		- Access and view system reports, past data and logs.
Accountant	Internal	- Access and view outstanding debts and account balances.
		- Update payment statuses.
		- Calculate commissions.
		- Access and view financial logs.
Customer Care	Internal	- Access and view case information to issue LOD,
Officer		FTL LOD, Final reminder letters.
		- Generate letters based on preset up system
		templates with pre-configured
		parameters/values.
		- Edit and customize letter contents.
		- Send letters to customers.
		- View LOD, FTL LOD, Final reminder statuses and
		customer responses.
		- Access and view mediation board statuses and updates.
		- Access and view system reports, past data and
		logs.

Main Agent	External	- View assigned cases and information.	
(The company /DRA)		- Assign cases to sub agents.	
		- Monitor progress (money and unit collection)	
		Update progress and fields in progress reports.	
Sub Agent	External	- View assigned cases and information.	
(Billing center)		- Assign cases to agents.	
		- Monitor progress (money and unit collection)	
		Update progress and fields in progress reports.	
Agent	External	Report and update progress and fields in progress	
(RO)		reports.	

2. Comparison between Previously Proposed System and Current DRS

2.1 Account Management Process

Feature	Previously Proposed System	DRS
Account Registration	Auto-register accounts from the Ste	p 1 : Collect inputs
Process	final notice list (CAM) sent by the (A	rears, product termination)
	Credit Control Section	Account
	Include accounts from the Product -	Case type
	Deleted list (OSS).	Tele number
	Manually register accounts from -	CP collect
	various lists: Age Analysis Report, • Ste	p 2 : Gather information for
	Corporate List, OPMC Fail List, and abo	ve gathered Accounts
	Special List.	OSS, BSS, CRM
		thered in clearly defined with
	Data gathering order is not defined. two st	eps to gather correct and
	relevan	t data.
Filter 1 criteria	- Customer Type = SLT	
	- Arrears threshold (less than a Should	add following to filtering
	specified limit).	
	- Active BSS Product (status > Act	ive BSS Product (status
	TX/TA.SU).	TA.SU).

	- VIP Customers (Credit classes 3, 7,	Specific Customer Names (Banks,
	10, 43).	Brandix, MAS).
	- Specific Customer Names (Banks,	
	Brandix, MAS).	
	- Specific Customer Segments (Data	
	segments 2, 4, 6, 7).	
Rejected Accounts	Generate an Excel sheet with the	There are no Excel reports, if reject
Excel Generation	reject reasons for these accounts.	DRS send <i>a massage with the</i>
		reject reason.
		This facilitates the real-time
		communication and immediate
		actionability.
Re-register rejected	Option to register rejected accounts	> In current DRS there is no option
Accounts	manually after high-level	to re-register rejected accounts.
	management approval.	In current DRS can enable , disable and
		add again the filtered cases
Marketing feedback	Filter the business customer list and	> No mention about a marketing
over business	send a mail to get marketing	feedback.
customer list.	feedback.	
After filtering	Directly checks for the cases that has	There are 3 types of cases in the
business accounts	arrears only.	process
process	Only "arrears only" route has	1. Arrears only
	considered after gathering data and	2. CP only
	after first filtering.	3. Arrears + CP
		All possible routes have considered
		after gathering data and after first
		filtering.
Accounts with	Divide these into separate segments	Filter cooperate and government
Arrears Less Than Rs.	and display the number of accounts	cases.
50,000	with their total arrears.	
		Check the cases that have arrears
	Sub-categorize accounts with	amount more than 50000 Rs,
	arrears less than Rs. 50,000.	whether that arrears amount is
		greater than 1M Rs.
1	I .	1

	Provide an option to register these	
	·	If an them formed sees to FTL LOD
	accounts either through the system	If so then forward case to FTL LOD
	or manually.	(Forward To Litigation LOD)
	Flows of the cases are ambiguous.	
		If it's not check the region of the
		case and if its metro then forward
		case to Mediation Board if not
		again check arrears amount is
		greater than 100K Rs. If so, forward
		case to Mediation Board if not
		check the case for 3 months
		(validity period).
Distribute to Agent	Issue "ONA" (Open No Agent)	Not manually only through
	accounts list to selected companies	system.
	either through the system or	
	manually, depending on the	
	company's preference (some	
	companies work with all lists, others	
	with selected ones).	
Generate an Excel	Generate an Excel sheet from the	Report creations (PDF format) only.
sheet	Recovery system and send it to	, , ,
	DRCC for details.	
Agent path	Assign accounts to relevant	Not only agent path in every path
/ Ngent path	companies, except for those with	these conditions will be checked.
	recent payments (where at least	these conditions will be thethed.
	80% of the arrears have been paid).	
	Charles and maintain and maintain	
	Check and reject accounts with	
	already paid or small	
	arrears/adjustments less than Rs.	
	1,000.	
	Change the status of remaining	
	"Issued" accounts to "Reject" and	

	update the reason for rejection in an	
	Excel sheet	
ONA	For ONA accounts that haven't	
	received physical payment after one	
	month of the assigned date, send a	
	reminder email to DRC staff and	
	copy the SLT staff through the	
	system.	
OWA	Field reports should be updated	
	weekly (Every Monday/Tuesday),	
	and these updates should be	
	uploaded to the system for the	
	relevant week.	
	Once a month (on the 20th), if cases	
	are still unpaid, update the field	
	reason as "fail" through the system.	
	Generate an Excel sheet with field	
	status updates and send it via email	
	to the DRCC, copying SLT Officers.	
	Physical payment received before	
	the effective date should be	
	subtracted from the arrears, and the	
	balance is considered collectable	
	arrears.	
Minimum	To be successful, the minimum	
Installment	installment amount must be paid during	
Requirement for	the validity period:	
Success	Arroare & De 1 000 - Minimum	
	Arrears < Rs. 1,000 = Minimum Installment Amount: Rs. 500.	
	instanment Amount: Rs. 500.	L

> Arrears between Rs. 1,001 and Rs.
2,500 = Rs. 1,000.
> Arrears between Rs. 2,501 and Rs.
5,000 = Rs. 1,500.
> Arrears between Rs. 5,001 and Rs.
10,000 = Rs. 2,500.
> Arrears between Rs. 10,001 and Rs.
25,000 = Rs. 4,000.
> Arrears between Rs. 25,001 and Rs.
50,000 = Rs. 7,500.
> Arrears between Rs. 50,001 and Rs.
100,000 = Rs. 10,000.
> Arrears greater than Rs. 100,000 =
Rs. 25,000.

2.2 Commission

Feature	Previously	Proposed	DRS
	System		

2.3 Legal Process

Feature	Previously Proposed System	DRS	
Register Direct LD Cases.	• Register LD Accounts with a	• LD cases will be registered	
	status of "Direct LD" through	only through the system	
	the system or manually.	after the first filtering.	
Factors that cause not	Reject accounts for the following		
	Reject accounts for the following		
eligible for litigation.	reasons:		

	 Recent Payment (at least 50% of due PLD arrears). Arrears below 1000. Already fully paid. Product status active. LD has already been sent within the last 6 months. 	
	Rejected Accounts are updated	
	with the case status 'Legal Rejected.	
Final Reminder	Physical payments after the Final Reminder date:	
	 Generate weekly payment reports for recovery officers. 	
	Full payment within 6 months:	
	 Change status to "Direct_LD_FR_Closed" or "Fail_DRC_FR_Closed." 	
	Non-payment or partial payment:	
	 After 6 months, update LD status to "Direct_LD_FR_Fail" or "Fail_DRC_FR_Fail." For products with status SU/TX, change the case status to "Pending Write_Off" and send a monthly write-off accounts list. 	

3. Overall Description

3.1 System Environment

The DRS will be integrated with SLT's existing OSS, BS, and CRM systems, operating either in a cloud-based or on-premise environment.

3.2 User Characteristics

Legal Officers: Generate and manage legal documents.

Accountants: Handle payments and commissions.

Recovery Officers: Manage cases and communicate with customers.

3.3 Constraints

Legal compliance with Sri Lanka's data protection regulations.

Performance metrics under concurrent user loads.

4. Functional Requirements

5. Non-Functional Requirements

5.1 Performance Requirements

- Response Time: The system should process login requests within 2 seconds under normal load.
- Data Fetching: The system should retrieve data from OSS, BS, and CRM systems within
 5 seconds for up to 1,000 records.
- Filtering Process: The data filtering process should complete within 3 seconds for datasets of up to 10,000 entries.

5.2 Scalability

- The system should support up to 500 concurrent users without performance degradation.
- The architecture must accommodate an increase in data volume, allowing for growth of at least 50% in user base and data size annually.

5.3 Security Requirements

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- Authentication: The system must enforce strong password policies, requiring passwords to be at least 8 characters long, including uppercase, lowercase, numeric, and special characters.
- Data Encryption: All sensitive data (user credentials, financial information) must be encrypted both in transit and at rest.
- Access Control: The system must implement role-based access control (RBAC) to ensure that users can only access data and functionalities relevant to their roles.

5.4 Usability Requirements

- User Interface: The system should have an intuitive and user-friendly interface, requiring no more than three clicks to access any primary function.
- Error Messages: The system must provide clear and actionable error messages for login failures and data retrieval issues, helping users understand and resolve issues promptly.
- Training: Documentation and training materials must be provided to all users, ensuring they can effectively navigate and use the system within one week of deployment.

5.5 Reliability and Availability

- o The system must achieve 99.9% uptime, excluding scheduled maintenance.
- Backup processes should ensure that data is recoverable within 24 hours in the event of a system failure.

5.6 Maintainability Requirements

- Code Quality: The system codebase should adhere to established coding standards (e.g., consistent naming conventions, modular design) to facilitate ease of maintenance and updates.
- Logging: The system should implement logging of critical actions (e.g., logins, data access) for audit purposes, retaining logs for a minimum of 12 months.

5.6 Compliance Requirements

- The system must comply with relevant data protection regulations (e.g., GDPR, CCPA)
 regarding the handling and storage of personal and sensitive information.
- Audit trails must be maintained to track user actions for compliance purposes, ensuring that all access and changes to sensitive data are logged and reviewable.

5.7 Interoperability Requirements

 The system should integrate seamlessly with existing SLT applications (OSS, BS, CRM) through defined API endpoints, ensuring compatibility with the current technology stack.

6 System Models and Diagrams

- 6.1 Use Case Diagram: Depicts user interactions with the system.
- 6.2 Sequence Diagram: Shows workflows such as case filtering and settlements.
- 6.3 System Architecture Diagram: Highlights the integration of SLT systems with the DRS.

7 External Interface Requirements

6.1 User Interfaces

Intuitive web-based dashboard for data visualization.

6.2 Software Interfaces

RESTful APIs to fetch data from OSS, BS, and CRM systems.

6.3 Communication Interfaces

Secure email notifications and system alerts for case updates.

8 Appendices

8.1 Glossary

- OSS: Operational Support System
- LOD: Letter of Demand

8.2 References

- [API Documentation for SLT Systems]
- [Sri Lanka Data Protection Act]