

Tutorial: 04

Solution: 1

$$T_f = \frac{L}{R} = \frac{1000}{1 \times 10^6} = 1 \text{ msec}$$

$$T_p = 270 \text{ msec}$$

$$\textcircled{a} \quad U = \frac{1}{1+2A} \quad A = \frac{T_p}{T_f} = \frac{270 \text{ msec}}{1 \text{ msec}} = 270$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+2 \times 270} = 0.0018 \text{ or } 0.18\%$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad U = \frac{7}{1+2A} = \frac{7}{1+2 \times 270} = 0.0129 \text{ or } 1.29\%$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad U = \frac{127}{1+2 \times 270} = 0.2347 \text{ or } 23.47\%$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad U = \frac{255}{1+2 \times 270} = 0.4713 \text{ or } 47.13\%$$

Solution: 2

Given probability of a single frame to be in error $p = 0.01 = P_f$

$$\textcircled{a} \text{ Link Utilization } U = \frac{1 - P_f}{1 + 2A} = \frac{1 - 0.01}{1 + 2 \times 270} \\ = 0.00183 \text{ or } 0.183\%$$

$$\textcircled{b} U = \frac{W(1 - P_f)}{1 + 2A} = \frac{7(1 - 0.01)}{1 + 2 \times 270} = 0.01281 \text{ or } 1.28\%$$

$$\textcircled{c} U = \frac{127(1 - 0.01)}{1 + 2 \times 270} = 0.2324 \text{ or } 23.24\%$$

$$\textcircled{d} U = \frac{255(1 - 0.01)}{1 + 2 \times 270} = 0.4666 \text{ or } 46.66\%$$

Solution: 3 Go to PPT 10. Lecture-performance analysis
slide no 3 and 8

Solution: 4 Given $L = 1000$ bits in one packet

Total size of data = 10^6 bits

$$\text{Number of packets} = \frac{10^6}{1000} = 10^3$$

$$T_p = \frac{5000 \times 10^3}{2 \times 10^8} \text{ sec} = 0.025 \text{ sec}$$

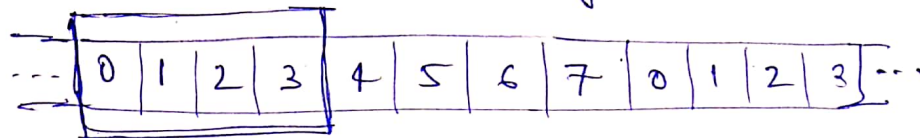
Time taken by one frame = $2 \times T_p = 0.05 \text{ sec}$

Time taken by 1000 frames = 50 sec Ans

Solution: 5

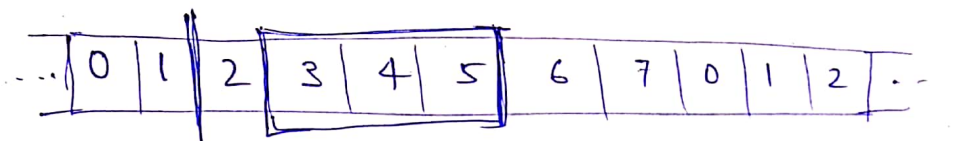
Before sending any frames.

①



②

After sending frames 0, 1, 2 and B acknowledges 0, 1 (Ack received by A)



③

After A sends frame 3, 4 and 5 and B acknowledges 4 and the Ack is received by A

