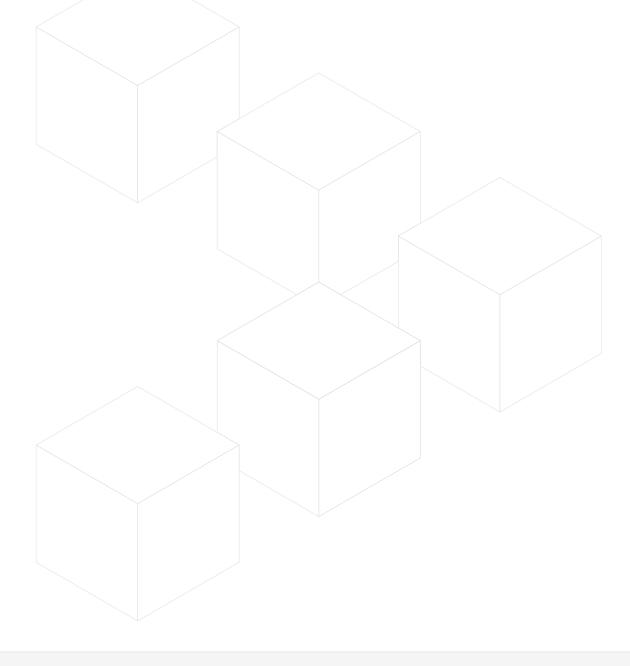
Webengineering

2017-05-08

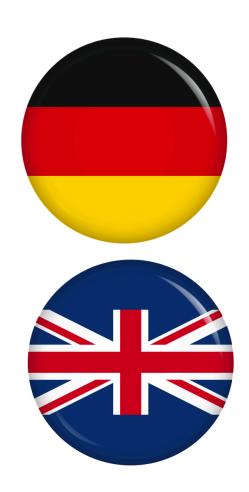
Dr. Michael Lesniak

mlesniak@micromata.de



German or english - part two

- Observation
 - 80% german and english
 - 10% german > english
 - 10% englisch > german
- My current preference
 - slides in english
 - lecture in german
 - idea: more class participation?
 - documentation for everything online is still in english
 - you decide...



Lecture starts at...?



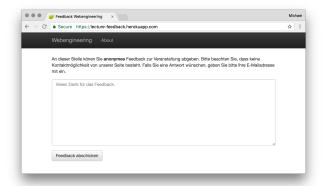


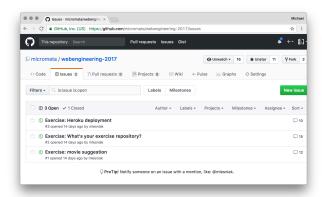
Roadmap 2017-04-24

- 16:00 c.t. or 16:00 s.t.
- German or english?
- Response to feedback
- Best practice: git commit messages
- Solution to exercises
- Persistence
- Exercises

Response to feedback

- No feedback given
- Great. Everything is perfect! Or is it...?
- Use the options I gave you
 - ask questions (in lecture, online, ...)
 - give feedback
 - shape this lecture
- Counting...
 - 11 stars
 - 16 repositories on github
 - students.size() <= 16 ?</p>





Git Commit Messages >> Motivation

As all best practices, it's just that - not a global rule!

- a well-crafted Git commit message
 - communicates context about a change
 - to colleagues
 - to future self
- A diff will tell you what changed
- A commit message will tell you why

	COMMENT	DATE
Q	CREATED MAIN LOOP & TIMING CONTROL	14 HOURS AGO
φ	ENABLED CONFIG FILE PARSING	9 HOURS AGO
φ	MISC BUGFIXES	5 HOURS AGO
φ	CODE ADDITIONS/EDITS	4 HOURS AGO
Q.	MORE CODE	4 HOURS AGO
ΙÌÒ	HERE HAVE CODE	4 HOURS AGO
	ARAAAAA	3 HOURS AGO
0	ADKFJ5LKDFJ5DKLFJ	3 HOURS AGO
þ	MY HANDS ARE TYPING WORDS	2 HOURS AGO
þ	HAAAAAAAANDS	2 HOURS AGO

AS A PROJECT DRAGS ON, MY GIT COMMIT MESSAGES GET LESS AND LESS INFORMATIVE.

Source https://chris.beams.io/posts/git-commit/

Git Commit Messages >> 7 rules

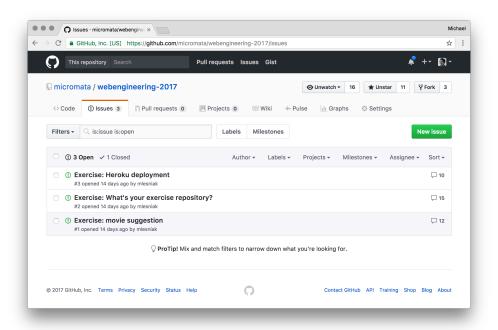
- 1. Separate subject from body with a blank line
- 2. Limit the subject line to 50 characters
- 3. Capitalize the subject line
- 4. Do not end the subject line with a period
- 5. Use the imperative mood in the subject line

"This commit will <your subject line here>..."

- 6. Wrap the body at 72 characters
- 7. Use the body to explain what and why vs. how

Solution >> GitHub

- GitHub
 - Create an account (or use your existing one)
 - Write your movie suggestion
 - Star the repository



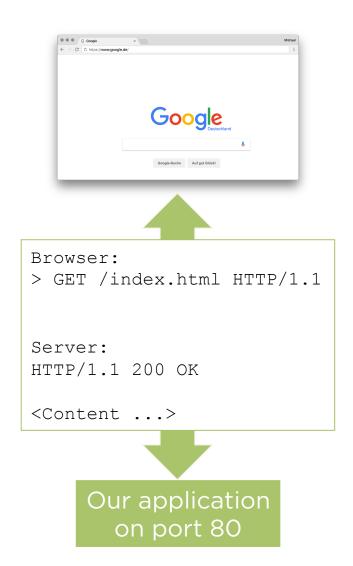
Solution >> Premark

- TIMTOWTDI
- Let's discuss
 (...albeit I might move the discussion to the exercise)
- Think about your solution
 - What is different?
 - What was your line of thinking?
 - What is better with your solution? What is better with mine?
 - Remember: every solution has trade-offs!
- Feedback request
 - Difficulty? The better I know the difficulty the better I can estimate the difficulty of the lecture project...
 - Do you want the solutions explained or are my commits sufficient?

Solution >> What is HTTP?

- HTTP
 - Hypertext Transfer Protocol
 - is the technical protocol to exchange data between web browsers and servers
 - usually on port 80
- Message
 - Header
 - Body

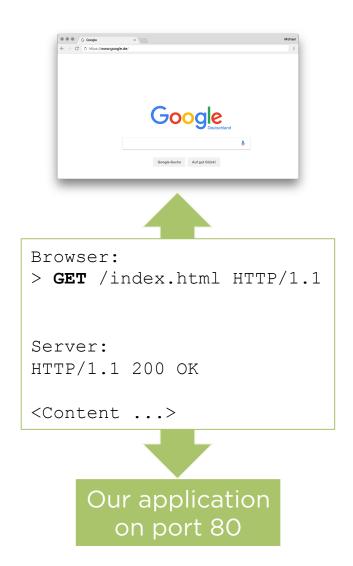
Sources **HTTP**



Solution >> HTTP verbs

- GET
- HEAD
- POST
- PUT
- DELETE
- TRACE
- OPTIONS
- CONNECT
- PATCH

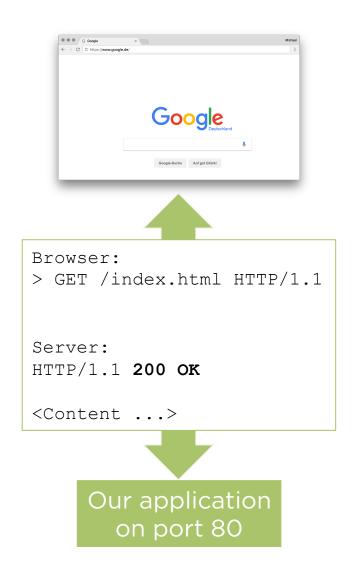
Sources **HTTP**



Solution >> HTTP status

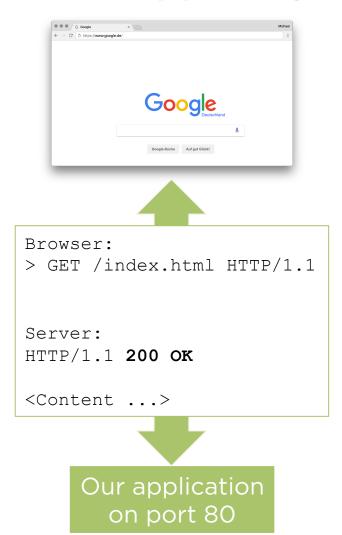
- Status information for the response
- Divided into groups
 - 1xx information
 - 2xx Success
 - 200 OK
 - 201 CREATED
 - 3xx Redirection
 - 4xx Client error
 - 401 UNAUTHORIZED
 - 418 ... look it up
 - 5xx Server error
 - 500 INTERNAL SERVER ERROR





Solution >> HTTP: How to see what's happening

- Command line tool httpie
- {Chrome, Firefox, Safari} Dev Tools



Solution >> Improve post data structure

- Use a POJO instead of a simple String to represent posts.
- Add time of creation to each post
- Check that the time is returned in the post list
- => Code

Solution >> Improve adding new posts

- Is there a better HTTP verb (approach) for adding new posts?
- HTTP is about resources (see also <u>REST</u>)
- In our case: posts
- Create a new resource (entity) with HTTP POST
- => Code

Solution >> Retrieve a single post

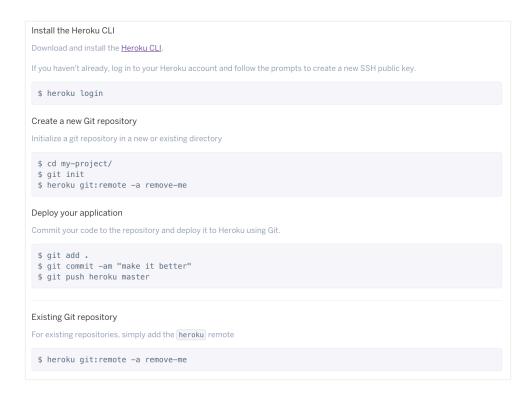
- Think about retrieving a single post.
- Why would you need it?
- What kind of information would you need to specify a single post?
 - How would your Post POJO change?
 - How would your URL schema change?
- Implement the corresponding functionality
- => Code

Solution >> Delete posts

- Add functionality to delete a post.
- What HTTP verb would you use?
- Implement it.
- => Code

Solution >> Deploy to heroku

- Create an account on http://www.heroku.com
- Follow the documentation to push and deploy your code to heroku
- Post a link at https://github.com/micromata/webengineering-2017/issues/3



Persistence >> the problem

- Our application has a very simple inmemory data structure to store posts
- All data is lost on application restart
- Heroku might restart its deployments
- Solution: Use a "real database"



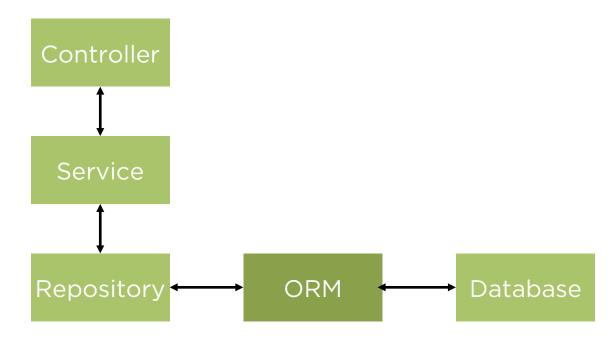
Persistence >> the challenge

- Two worlds
 - POJOs and Java's object-oriented model
 - Relational tables
- Solution: ORM (Object-Relational-Mapper)
 - Framework to handle conversion of relations between these worlds automatically
 - JPA is the standard
 - Hibernate & EclipseLink implement JPA



Persistence >> architecture

- Controller
- Service
- Repository
- POJO
- ORM



Exercises

Remark

- The exercises are not easy
- They train you to research, experiment, guess smart, ...
- Talk to your fellow student
- Before I'll help you I usually ask what you have already tried. Be prepared, but not afraid:-).



Exercise >> Return Post-URL on post creation

Return the URL to a single post on its creation as a JSON object with a field "url"

Exercise >> Automatic creationDate

- Is there a better way to fill the createdAt field?
- Hint: Look at JPA annotations!
- What advantages and disadvantages do both approaches have?

Exercise >> Persistent storage

- Currently we lose all data if the application shuts down
- Research H2 cheat sheet
- Configure your application such that a file-based H2 is used
- Store configuration at

src/main/resources/application.properties

Test it

Exercise >> Check persistent storage

- Use the H2 jar to start its web-based console
- Examine the file-based database and the table structure of the table POST
- Hint: Stop your application
- Optional
 - Any idea to prevent having to use the hint (H2 Cheat sheet)?

Exercise >> Posts ordered by creation date

- Create a method in the CrudRepository to retrieve posts ordered by their date
- Hint: JQL, Query-annotation

Exercise >> Title length?

- What happens when you try to save a title with more than 255 chars?
- Why?
- What can you do to improve this?
 - Hint: annotations
- What can you do to prevent this?
- Which approach is better? Why?

Exercise >> Use Postgres on Heroku

- Research: why can't we simply use H2 for persistent storage on heroku?
- Optional: locally use postgres instead of H2
 - (Install database, create users, ...)
 - Configure a separate application-profile for heroku deployment
- Adapt Procfile to use it
- Configure heroku to access a free Postgres instance
- Test it by manually restarting your heroku instance

This is **extremly difficult** – I do not expect that you can solve this; just for these people who are already done with everything and/or are really bored. All steps will be explained with a lot of details in the next lecture.