

### Experiment 5 : Flask Application using render\_template() function.

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**AIM :** To create a Flask application that demonstrates template rendering by dynamically generating HTML content using the `render_template()` function.

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT :

Develop a Flask application that includes:

1. A homepage route (`/`) displaying a welcome message with links to additional pages.
2. A dynamic route (`/user/<username>`) that renders an HTML template with a personalized greeting.
3. Use Jinja2 templating features, such as variables and control structures, to enhance the templates.

#### Theory:

##### 1. What does the `render_template()` function do in a Flask application?

The `render_template()` function is used to render HTML templates stored in the **templates** folder. It dynamically generates web pages by passing variables from the Flask app to the template using **Jinja2**.

##### 2. What is the significance of the templates folder in a Flask project?

- The **templates** folder is the default location where Flask looks for HTML files.
- It maintains a clean separation between business logic (Python code) and presentation logic (HTML).
- Using the **templates** folder allows developers to use **Jinja2** for rendering dynamic content.

- The folder can also store reusable components like base templates, headers, or footers using **template inheritance**.

### 3. What is Jinja2, and how does it integrate with Flask?

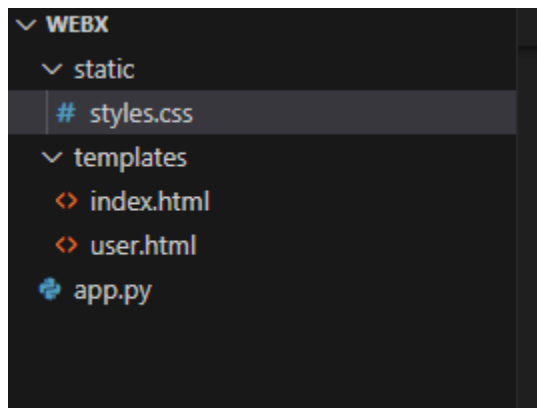
**Jinja2** is a templating engine used in Flask to render dynamic HTML content. It allows embedding Python expressions inside HTML files. Using **Jinja2**, you can:

- Display variables
- Apply logic (like loops and conditionals)
- Apply filters for formatting

Flask integrates **Jinja2** by default using the `render_template()` function.

#### CODE:

##### Folder Structure:



##### 1. app.py (Flask Application)

```
from flask import Flask, render_template
```

```
app = Flask(__name__)
```

```
@app.route('/')
```

```
def home():
```

```
    return render_template('index.html')
```

```
@app.route('/user/<username>')
```

```
def user(username):
```

```
        return render_template('user.html', username=username)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```

## 2. templates/index.html (Homepage Template)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,
initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Flask Template Rendering</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static',
filename='style.css') }}">
</head>
<body>
    <div class="container">
        <div class="card">
            <h1>Welcome to My Flask App</h1>
            <p>Explore user pages dynamically!</p>
            <div class="links">
                <a href="{{ url_for('user', username='Sneha') }}"
class="btn">Sneha's Page</a>
                <a href="{{ url_for('user', username='Anuprita') }}"
class="btn">Anuprita's Page</a>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>
</body>
</html>
```

## 3. templates/user.html (User Template)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
```

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,
initial-scale=1.0">
<title>User Page</title>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static',
filename='style.css') }}">
</head>
<body>
  <div class="container">
    <div class="card">
      <h1>Hello, {{ username }}! 🙌</h1>
      <p>Welcome to your personalized space.</p>
      <a href="{{ url_for('home') }}" class="btn">Back to
Home</a>
    </div>
  </div>
</body>
</html>
```

#### 4. static/style.css (Styling the App)

```
body {
  font-family: 'Poppins', sans-serif;
  background-color: #e0f7fa;
  margin: 0;
  padding: 0;
}

.container {
  text-align: center;
  margin-top: 50px;
}

h1 {
  color: #00796b;
}

p {
  font-size: 18px;
  color: #004d40;
```

```
}

.btn {
  background-color: #00796b;
  color: white;
  padding: 10px 20px;
  text-decoration: none;
  border-radius: 5px;
}

.btn:hover {
  background-color: #004d40;
}

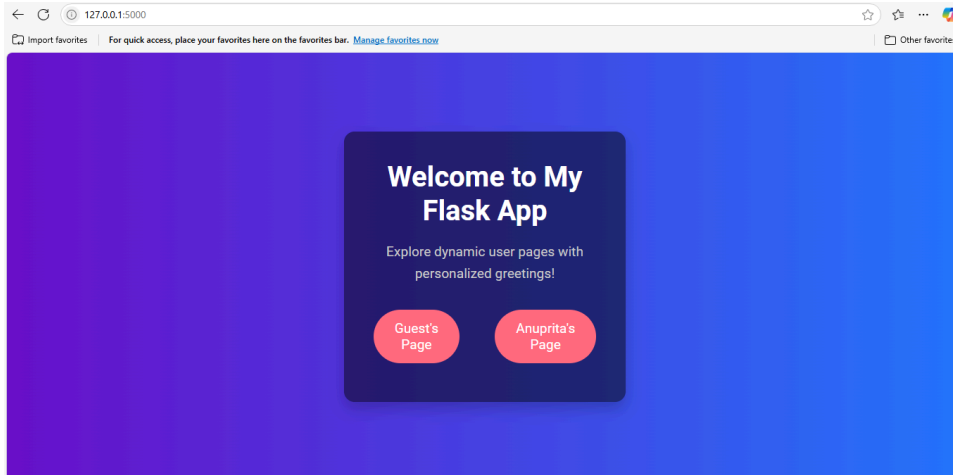
.card {
  background: white;
  padding: 20px;
  border-radius: 10px;
  box-shadow: 0px 4px 8px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
  width: 50%;
  margin: 20px auto;
}

.links {
  display: flex;
  justify-content: center;
  gap: 10px;
  margin-top: 20px;
}
```

**Github Link** - [https://github.com/Anuprita2022-26/WebX\\_Exp5](https://github.com/Anuprita2022-26/WebX_Exp5)

## OUTPUT:

- **Homepage (/)**: The homepage displays a welcome message along with two links for user-specific pages (e.g., Sneha's Page and Anuprita's Page).



- **User Page (/user/<username>):** When clicking on any of the user links, the app renders a personalized greeting with the username passed as a URL parameter.

