Assignment 2

Q.1. Create two int type variables, apply addition, subtraction, division and multiplications and store the results in variables. Then print the data in the following format by calling the variables:

First variable is & second variable is
Addition: + =
Subtraction: =
Multiplication: * =
Division:/_ =
Ans-
Input:
<pre>a= int(input("Variable1 :"))</pre>
b= int(input("Variable2 :"))
print("Addition of ",a, "+",b, "=", a+b)
print("subtraction of ",a, "-",b, "=", a-b)
print("multiplication of ",a, "*",b, "=", a*b)
print("division of ",a, "/",b, "=", a/b)
Output:
Variable1:22 Variable2:32 Addition of 22 + 32 = 54 subtraction of 22 - 32 = -10 multiplication of 22 * 32 = 704 division of 22 / 32 = 0.6875
2. What is the difference between the following operators: (i) '/' & '//
Ans-'/'= Divides (float) it divides the first operand by second.
Example=

a = 5/2

Print(a)

Output:

```
2.5

'//'= Division(floor) first operand by the second . its round off the next smallest number.

Example=
a= 5//2

print(a)

Output:
2

(ii) '**' & '^'
'*** = It is called exponentiation it raised the power of b . take an example

Example-
a=2
b=3
c=(a**b)

print(c)
```

Output:

8

Q.3. List the logical operators.

Ans- There are three logical operators in python.

- 1. AND
- 2. OR
- 3. NOT

Q.4. Explain right shift operator and left shift operator with examples.

Ans- << Left Shift= The left operand's value is moved to its left by the number of bits specified in the right argument.

Example

a = 10

a >> 10

Output:

5

>> Right Shift=The quantity of bits provided by the right parameter advances the position of the left operand.

Example:

```
a = 5
```

Output

a << 1

10

Q.5. Create a list containing int type data of length 15. Then write a code to check if 10 is present in the list or not.

Ans-

```
d1= ['1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15']
if 10 in d1:
    print("10 is present in the list")
else:
    print("10 is not present in the list")
```

Output:

10 is present in the list