In [2]:	<pre>import pandas as pd import numpy as pp</pre>
Out[2]:	<pre>import numpy as np train=pd.read_csv("F:/train.csv") train Passengerld Survived Pclass Name Sex Age SibSp Parch Ticket Fare Cabin Embarked</pre>
	0 1 0 3 Braund, Mr. Owen Harris male 22.0 1 0 A/5 21171 7.2500 NaN S 1 2 1 1 Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th female 38.0 1 0 PC 17599 71.2833 C85 C 2 3 1 3 Heikkinen, Miss. Laina female 26.0 0 0 STON/O2. 3101282 7.9250 NaN S 3 4 1 1 Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel) female 35.0 1 0 13803 53.1000 C123 S
	4 5 0 3 Allen, Mr. William Henry male 35.0 0 0 373450 8.0500 NaN S </td
	887 888 1 1 Graham, Miss. Margaret Edith female 19.0 0 0 112053 30.0000 B42 S 888 889 0 3 Johnston, Miss. Catherine Helen "Carrie" female NaN 1 2 W./C. 6607 23.4500 NaN S 889 890 1 1 Behr, Mr. Karl Howell male 26.0 0 0 111369 30.0000 C148 C 890 891 0 3 Dooley, Mr. Patrick male 32.0 0 0 370376 7.7500 NaN Q
	891 rows × 12 columns train.head()
	PassengerIdSurvivedPclassPclassNameSexAgeSibSpParchTicketFareCabinEmbarket01010000000001210000000000001200<
	2 3 1 3 Heikkinen, Miss. Laina female 26.0 0 0 STON/O2. 3101282 7.9250 NaN S 3 4 1 1 Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel) female 35.0 1 0 113803 53.1000 C123 S 4 5 0 3 Allen, Mr. William Henry male 35.0 0 373450 8.0500 NaN S
l	train.shape (891, 12)
	<pre>train.columns Index(['PassengerId', 'Survived', 'Pclass', 'Name', 'Sex', 'Age', 'SibSp',</pre>
	train['Sex'].value_counts() male 577 female 314 Name: Sex, dtype: int64
	<pre>#Visualizing survivals based on gender train['Died'] = 1 - train['Survived'] train.groupby('Sex').agg('sum')[['Survived', 'Died']].plot(kind='bar',</pre>
	<pre><axessubplot:xlabel='sex'> 600 Survived Died 500-</axessubplot:xlabel='sex'></pre>
	400 - 300 -
	200 - 100 -
	O Sex
	<pre>##Visualizing survivals based on fare import matplotlib.pyplot as plt figure = plt.figure(figsize=(16, 7)) plt.hist([train['Survived'] == 1]['Fare'], train[train['Survived'] == 0]['Fare']],</pre>
	<pre>plt.xlabel('Fare') plt.ylabel('Number of passengers') plt.legend() <matplotlib.legend.legend 0x24ddce9dfa0="" at=""></matplotlib.legend.legend></pre>
	Survived Dead
	250 - Sp 200 -
	200 - 150 -
	100 -
	#Cleaning the data by removing irrelevant columns
	df1=train.drop(['Name','Ticket','Cabin','PassengerId','Died'], axis=1) df1.head(10) Survived Pclass Sex Age SibSp Parch Fare Embarked 0 0 3 male 22.0 1 0 7.2500 S
	0 3 male 22.0 1 0 7.2500 S 1 1 female 38.0 1 0 71.2833 C 2 1 3 female 26.0 0 0 7.9250 S 3 1 1 female 35.0 1 0 53.1000 S
	4 0 3 male 35.0 0 0 8.0500 S 5 0 3 male NaN 0 0 8.4583 Q 6 0 1 male 54.0 0 0 51.8625 S
	7 0 3 male 2.0 3 1 21.0750 S 8 1 3 female 27.0 0 2 11.1333 S 9 1 2 female 14.0 1 0 30.0708 C
	df1.isnull().sum() Survived 0 Pclass 0 Sex 0
	Age 177 SibSp 0 Parch 0 Fare 0 Embarked 2
	<pre>#Converting the categorical features 'Sex' and 'Embarked' into numerical values 0 & 1 df1.Sex=df1.Sex.map({'female':0, 'male':1}) df1.Embarked=df1.Embarked.map({'S':0, 'C':1, 'Q':2,'nan':'NaN'}) df1.head()</pre>
	Survived Pclass Sex Age SibSp Parch Fare Embarked 0 0 3 1 22.0 1 0 7.2500 0 1 1 1 0 38.0 1 0 71.2833 1
	1 1 1 0 38.0 1 0 71.2833 1 2 1 3 0 26.0 0 0 7.9250 0 3 1 1 0 35.0 1 0 53.1000 0 4 0 3 1 35.0 0 0 8.0500 0
	<pre>#Mean age of each sex mean_age_men=df1[df1['Sex']==1]['Age'].mean() mean_age_women=df1[df1['Sex']==0]['Age'].mean()</pre>
	<pre>#Filling all the null values in 'Age' with respective mean age df1.loc[(df1.Age.isnull()) & (df1['Sex']==0),'Age']=mean_age_women df1.loc[(df1.Age.isnull()) & (df1['Sex']==1),'Age']=mean_age_men df1.isnull().sum()</pre>
	<pre>df1.isnull().sum() Survived 0 Pclass 0 Sex 0 Age 0</pre>
	SibSp 0 Parch 0 Fare 0 Embarked 2 dtype: int64
	#Since there exist 2 null values in the Embarked column, let's drop those rows containing null values df1.dropna(inplace=True) df1.isnull().sum() Suprived 0
	Survived 0 Pclass 0 Sex 0 Age 0 SibSp 0 Parch 0
	Fare 0 Embarked 0 dtype: int64 #Doing Feature Scaling to standardize the independent features present in the data in a fixed range
	df1.Age = (df1.Age-min(df1.Age))/(max(df1.Age)-min(df1.Age)) df1.Fare = (df1.Fare-min(df1.Fare))/(max(df1.Fare)-min(df1.Fare)) df1.describe() Survived Pclass Sex Age SibSp Parch Fare
,	count 889.00000 889.00000 889.00000 889.00000 889.00000 889.00000 889.00000 mean 0.382452 2.311586 0.649044 0.367812 0.524184 0.382452 0.062649 std 0.486260 0.834700 0.477538 0.163124 1.103705 0.806761 0.097003
	min 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000 25% 0.000000 2.000000 0.271174 0.000000 0.000000 0.015412 50% 0.000000 3.000000 1.000000 0.434531 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000
0	75% 1.000000 3.000000 1.000000 0.434531 1.000000 0.000000 0.060508 max 1.000000 3.000000 1.000000 1.000000 8.000000 1.000000 #Splitting the data for training and testing from skleaper model selection import train test split
	<pre>from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(df1.drop(['Survived'], axis=1), df1.Survived, test_size= 0.2,</pre>
	<pre>random_state=0, stratify=df1.Survived) from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression lrmod = LogisticRegression() lrmod.fit(X_train, y_train)</pre>
	<pre>lrmod.fit(X_train, y_train) from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score y_predict = lrmod.predict(X_test) accuracy_score(y_test, y_predict) 0.8426966292134831</pre>
	<pre>#Confusion Matrix import seaborn as sns from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix cma=confusion_matrix(y_test, y_predict) sns_beatman(cma_annot=True)</pre>
	<pre>sns.heatmap(cma,annot=True) <axessubplot:></axessubplot:></pre>
	- 97 13 - 80 - 70 - 60
	- 15 53 53 50 - 30 - 30 - 30 - 30 - 30 - 30
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