

Q 21.  $P \rightarrow Q$        $\neg P \vee Q$

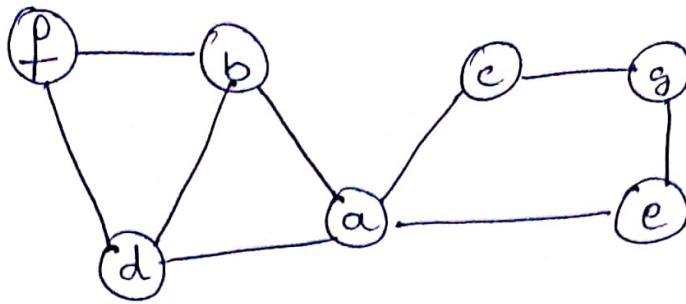
Truth table

P	Q	$\neg P$	$\neg P \vee Q$	$P \rightarrow Q$
T	T	F	T	T
T	F	F	F	F
F	T	T	T	T
F	F	T	T	T

From the output we can see that

$\neg P \vee Q$  &  $P \rightarrow Q$  are logically  
equivalent.

Q23



DFS

Open [a] : close []

Open [b, c, d, e] : close [a]

Open [f, c, d, e] : close [b, a]

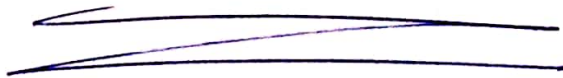
Open [c, d, e] : close [f, b, a]

Open [g, d, e] : close [c, f, b, a]

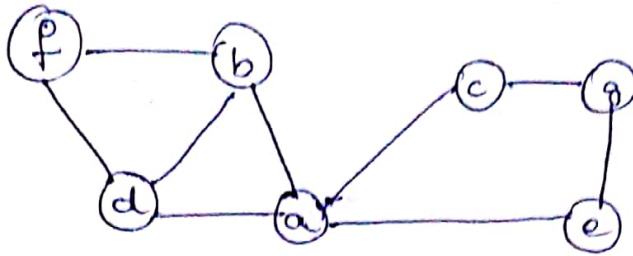
Open [d, e] : close [g, c, f, b, a]

Open [e] : close [d, g, c, f, b, a]

Open [] : close [e, d, g, c, f, b, a]



Q24 BFS



Open [a] , Close [a]

Open [b, c, d, e] Close [a]

Open [c, d, e, f] Close [b, a]

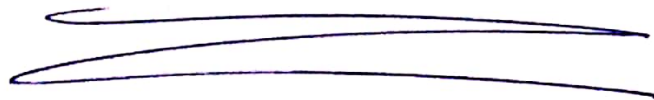
Open [d, e, f, g] Close [c, b, a]

Open [e, f, g] Close [d, c, b, a]

Open [f, g] Close [e, d, c, b, a]

Open [g] Close [f, e, d, c, b, a]

Open [ ] Close [g, f, e, d, c, b, a]



Q25

	heuristic value	
A 223	E 165	I 100 M 0
B 222	F 136	J 60
C 166	G 122	K 32
D 192	H 11	L 102

$$f(n) = g(n) + h(n)$$

• A starting with

$$= 0 + 223$$

$$A = 223$$

$$A \rightarrow C \rightarrow L = 243$$

$$A \rightarrow C \rightarrow F = 228 \checkmark$$

$$A \rightarrow C \rightarrow F \rightarrow I = 236$$

$$A \rightarrow C \rightarrow F \rightarrow J = 264$$

$$A \rightarrow C \rightarrow F \rightarrow K \rightarrow M = 236$$

$$A \rightarrow C \rightarrow F \rightarrow K \rightarrow J = 300$$

$$A \rightarrow C \rightarrow L \rightarrow M = 243$$

$$A \rightarrow B = 36 + 222 = 258$$

$$\checkmark A \rightarrow C = 61 + 166 = 227$$

$$\checkmark A \rightarrow C \rightarrow L = 248$$

$$\checkmark A \rightarrow C \rightarrow F = 228$$

$$\checkmark A \rightarrow C \rightarrow F \rightarrow K = 236$$

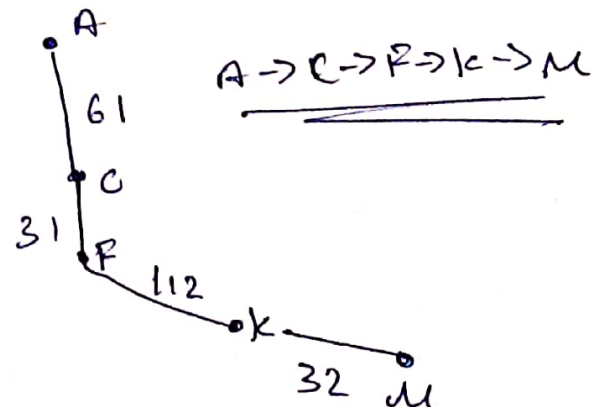
$$A \rightarrow C \rightarrow F \rightarrow J = 264$$

$$\checkmark A \rightarrow C \rightarrow F \rightarrow K \rightarrow M = 236 \checkmark$$

$$A \rightarrow C \rightarrow F \rightarrow K \rightarrow J = 300$$

$$A \rightarrow C \rightarrow L \rightarrow M = 243 \checkmark$$

Solution



$$\underline{\underline{\text{Total Cost} = 236}}$$

Q 25 B

The straight-line distance heuristic used above is known to be an admissible heuristic. What does this mean & why is it important?

- Admissible heuristic does not overestimate cost. Straight-line distance is the shortest path between the start & end state. Admissible heuristic is optimal & it prefers the lowest cost new nodes.

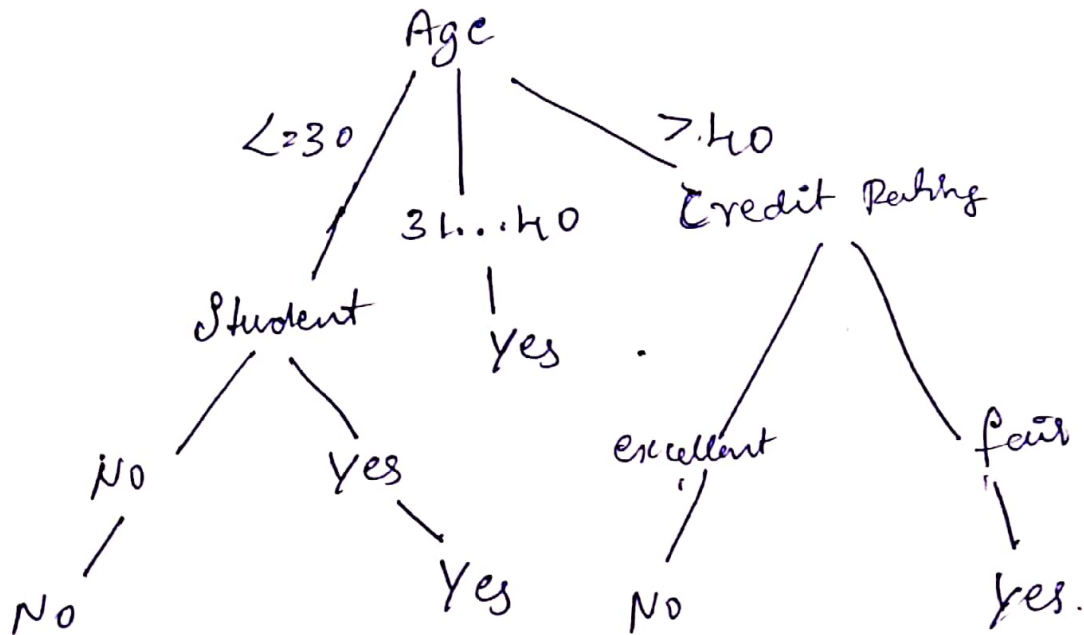
Q26

Gain (Age) = 0.246

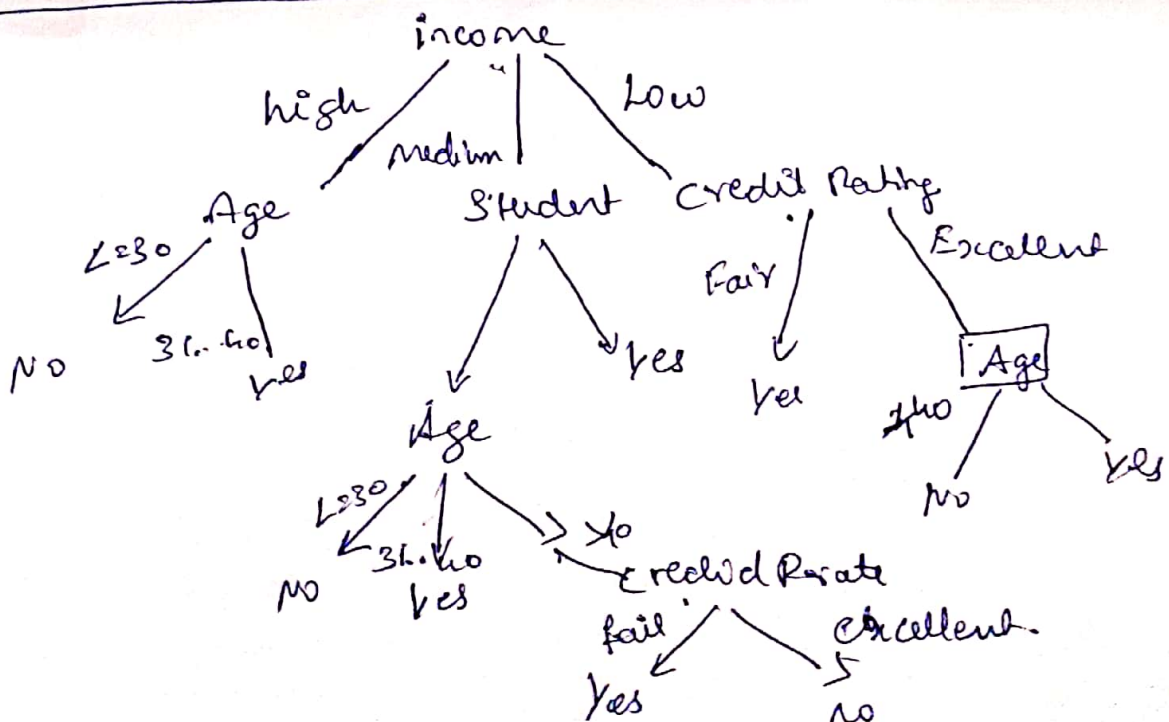
Gain (Student) = 0.151

Gain (Credit Rating) = 0.048

Gain (Income) = 0.029.



Buys computer



Q 22

$$P = \exp(-\Delta E / T)$$

$E \rightarrow$  current Evaluation 485 current Evaluation

$T \rightarrow$  current Temperature

$$z = \exp(-)$$

Neighbourhood

479

current Temperature

$$z = \exp(485 - 479 / 309)$$

$$z = \exp(6 / 309)$$

$$P = \exp(0.01941)$$

