

```
In [9]: import pandas as pd

# Load the dataset
file_path = r'C:\Users\Anurag Kumar\Downloads\Amazon Sale Report.csv'
df = pd.read_csv(file_path, encoding='ISO-8859-1')

# Display the first few rows of the dataset
print(df.head())
```

	index	Order ID	Date	Status	\	
0	0	405-8078784-5731545	04-30-22	Cancelled		
1	1	171-9198151-1101146	04-30-22	Shipped - Delivered to Buyer		
2	2	404-0687676-7273146	04-30-22	Shipped		
3	3	403-9615377-8133951	04-30-22	Cancelled		
4	4	407-1069790-7240320	04-30-22	Shipped		

	Fulfilment	Sales Channel	ship-service-level	Category	Size	Courier	Status	\	
0	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	T-shirt	S	On the Way			
1	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	Shirt	3XL	Shipped			
2	Amazon	Amazon.in	Expedited	Shirt	XL	Shipped			
3	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	Blazzer	L	On the Way			
4	Amazon	Amazon.in	Expedited	Trousers	3XL	Shipped			

	...	currency	Amount	ship-city	ship-state	ship-postal-code	\	
0	...	INR	647.62	MUMBAI	MAHARASHTRA	400081.0		
1	...	INR	406.00	BENGALURU	KARNATAKA	560085.0		
2	...	INR	329.00	NAVI MUMBAI	MAHARASHTRA	410210.0		
3	...	INR	753.33	PUDUCHERRY	PUDUCHERRY	605008.0		
4	...	INR	574.00	CHENNAI	TAMIL NADU	600073.0		

	ship-country	B2B	fulfilled-by	New	PendingS
0	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
1	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
2	IN	True	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
4	IN	False	NaN	NaN	NaN

[5 rows x 21 columns]

```
In [10]: # Check for missing values
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
index          0
Order ID       0
Date           0
Status         0
Fulfilment     0
Sales Channel  0
ship-service-level 0
Category       0
Size           0
Courier Status 0
Qty            0
currency       7800
Amount         7800
ship-city      35
ship-state     35
ship-postal-code 35
ship-country   35
B2B            0
fulfilled-by   89713
New            128976
PendingS       128976
dtype: int64
```

```
In [11]: # Check for duplicates
print(df.duplicated().sum())
```

```
168
```

```
In [14]: # Fill missing values (example: filling with median or mode)
df.fillna(df.median(), inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\Anurag Kumar\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_24484\2621753063.py:2: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.median is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

```
df.fillna(df.median(), inplace=True)
```

```
In [15]: # Remove duplicates
df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
```

```
In [16]: # Display the first few rows of the dataset  
print(df.head())  
  
# Check for missing values  
print(df.isnull().sum())  
  
# Check for duplicates  
print(df.duplicated().sum())
```

	index	Order ID	Date	Status	\	
0	0	405-8078784-5731545	04-30-22	Cancelled		
1	1	171-9198151-1101146	04-30-22	Shipped - Delivered to Buyer		
2	2	404-0687676-7273146	04-30-22	Shipped		
3	3	403-9615377-8133951	04-30-22	Cancelled		
4	4	407-1069790-7240320	04-30-22	Shipped		

	Fulfilment	Sales Channel	ship-service-level	Category	Size	Courier	Status	\	
0	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	T-shirt	S	On the Way			
1	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	Shirt	3XL	Shipped			
2	Amazon	Amazon.in	Expedited	Shirt	XL	Shipped			
3	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	Blazzer	L	On the Way			
4	Amazon	Amazon.in	Expedited	Trousers	3XL	Shipped			

	...	currency	Amount	ship-city	ship-state	ship-postal-code	\	
0	...	INR	647.62	MUMBAI	MAHARASHTRA	400081.0		
1	...	INR	406.00	BENGALURU	KARNATAKA	560085.0		
2	...	INR	329.00	NAVI MUMBAI	MAHARASHTRA	410210.0		
3	...	INR	753.33	PUDUCHERRY	PUDUCHERRY	605008.0		
4	...	INR	574.00	CHENNAI	TAMIL NADU	600073.0		

	ship-country	B2B	fulfilled-by	New	PendingS
0	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
1	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
2	IN	True	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
4	IN	False	NaN	NaN	NaN

[5 rows x 21 columns]

index	0
Order ID	0
Date	0
Status	0
Fulfilment	0
Sales Channel	0
ship-service-level	0
Category	0
Size	0
Courier Status	0
Qty	0
currency	7789
Amount	0
ship-city	33
ship-state	33
ship-postal-code	0
ship-country	33
B2B	0
fulfilled-by	89595
New	128808
PendingS	128808

dtype: int64

0

```
In [17]: # Fill missing values with a specific value, e.g., 0 or the mean
df.fillna(value=0, inplace=True)
# Or use the mean value for numerical columns
df.fillna(df.mean(), inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\Anurag Kumar\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_24484\920851928.py:4: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.mean is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. In addition, specifying 'numeric_only=None' is deprecated. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

```
df.fillna(df.mean(), inplace=True)
```

```
In [18]: # Drop rows with missing values
df.dropna(inplace=True)
# Or drop columns with missing values
df.dropna(axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [19]: df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
```

```
In [ ]: # Convert text data to lowercase
df['column_name'] = df['column_name'].str.lower()
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [28]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Load the Dataset with encoding specified
try:
    df = pd.read_csv r"C:\Users\Anurag Kumar\Downloads\Amazon Sale Report.csv"; encoding='ISO-8859-1')
except UnicodeDecodeError:
    df = pd.read_csv r"C:\Users\Anurag Kumar\Downloads\Amazon Sale Report.csv"; encoding='utf-16')

# Inspect column names and first few rows
print("Columns in the dataset:", df.columns)
print(df.head())

# Remove leading/trailing spaces from column names
df.columns = df.columns.str.strip()

# Step 2: Data Cleaning
# Checking for missing values and duplicates
print("\nMissing values:\n", df.isnull().sum())
print("\nDuplicates:", df.duplicated().sum())

# Handle missing values (example: fill with 0 for numerical values)
df.fillna({'Amount': 0}, inplace=True) # Fill missing values in 'Amount' with 0

# Remove duplicates
df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)

# Step 3: Sales Overview
# Convert 'Date' column to datetime format, if exists
if 'Date' in df.columns:
    df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'], format='%m-%d-%y', errors='coerce')
else:
    print("Column 'Date' is missing from the dataset.")

# Calculate total sales
if 'Amount' in df.columns:
    total_sales = df['Amount'].sum()
    print(f"\nTotal Sales: ${total_sales:.2f}")
else:
    print("Column 'Amount' is missing from the dataset.")

# Sales trends over time (monthly)
if 'Date' in df.columns:
    df['Month'] = df['Date'].dt.to_period('M')
    sales_trends = df.groupby('Month').agg({'Amount': 'sum'})
    sales_trends.plot(kind='line', title='Monthly Sales Trends')
    plt.xlabel('Month')
    plt.ylabel('Total Sales')
    plt.show()

# Step 4: Product Analysis
# Analyze distribution of product categories
if 'Category' in df.columns and 'Qty' in df.columns:
    product_distribution = df.groupby('Category').agg({'Qty': 'sum', 'Amount': 'sum'})
    print("\nProduct Distribution:\n", product_distribution)

# Identify popular products
top_products = df.groupby('Category').agg({'Qty': 'sum'}).sort_values(by='Qty', ascending=False)
print("\nTop Selling Products:\n", top_products)

# Visualize product distribution
```

```
product_distribution.plot(kind='bar', title='Product Distribution by Category')
plt.xlabel('Product Category')
plt.ylabel('Total Quantity Sold')
plt.show()
```

```
# Step 5: Fulfillment Analysis
```

```
# Analyze fulfillment methods
```

```
if 'Fulfilment' in df.columns:
    fulfillment_analysis = df.groupby('Fulfilment').agg({'Amount': 'sum', 'Qty': 'sum'})
    print("\nFulfillment Analysis:\n", fulfillment_analysis)
```

```
# Visualize fulfillment effectiveness
```

```
fulfillment_analysis.plot(kind='bar', title='Fulfillment Method Analysis')
plt.xlabel('Fulfillment Method')
plt.ylabel('Total Sales and Quantity')
plt.show()
```

```
# Step 6: Customer Segmentation
```

```
# Segment customers and analyze
```

```
if 'Order ID' in df.columns:
    customer_segments = df.groupby('Order ID').agg({'Amount': 'sum', 'Qty': 'sum'})
    print("\nCustomer Segments:\n", customer_segments)
```

```
# Visualize customer segments
```

```
customer_segments['Amount'].plot(kind='hist', title='Customer Purchase Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Total Purchase Amount')
plt.ylabel('Number of Orders')
plt.show()
```

```
# Step 7: Geographical Analysis
```

```
# Analyze sales by location
```

```
if 'ship-city' in df.columns and 'Amount' in df.columns:
    geographical_sales = df.groupby('ship-city').agg({'Amount': 'sum'})
    print("\nGeographical Sales Distribution:\n", geographical_sales)
```

```
# Visualize geographical distribution
```

```
geographical_sales.plot(kind='bar', title='Sales Distribution by City')
plt.xlabel('City')
plt.ylabel('Total Sales')
plt.show()
```

```
Columns in the dataset: Index(['index', 'Order ID', 'Date', 'Status', 'Fulfilment', 'Sales Channel',
                                'ship-service-level', 'Category', 'Size', 'Courier Status', 'Qty',
                                'currency', 'Amount', 'ship-city', 'ship-state', 'ship-postal-code',
                                'ship-country', 'B2B', 'fulfilled-by', 'New', 'PendingS'],
                                dtype='object')
```

	index	Order ID	Date	Status \
0	0	405-8078784-5731545	04-30-22	Cancelled
1	1	171-9198151-1101146	04-30-22	Shipped - Delivered to Buyer
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3	3	403-9615377-8133951	04-30-22	Cancelled
4	4	407-1069790-7240320	04-30-22	Shipped

	Fulfilment	Sales Channel	ship-service-level	Category	Size	Courier Status \
0	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	T-shirt	S	On the Way
1	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	Shirt	3XL	Shipped
2	Amazon	Amazon.in	Expedited	Shirt	XL	Shipped
3	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	Blazzer	L	On the Way
4	Amazon	Amazon.in	Expedited	Trousers	3XL	Shipped

	...	currency	Amount	ship-city	ship-state	ship-postal-code \
0	...	INR	647.62	MUMBAI	MAHARASHTRA	400081.0
1	...	INR	406.00	BENGALURU	KARNATAKA	560085.0
2	...	INR	329.00	NAVI MUMBAI	MAHARASHTRA	410210.0
3	...	INR	753.33	PUDUCHERRY	PUDUCHERRY	605008.0
4	...	INR	574.00	CHENNAI	TAMIL NADU	600073.0

	ship-country	B2B	fulfilled-by	New	PendingS
0	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
1	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
2	IN	True	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
4	IN	False	NaN	NaN	NaN

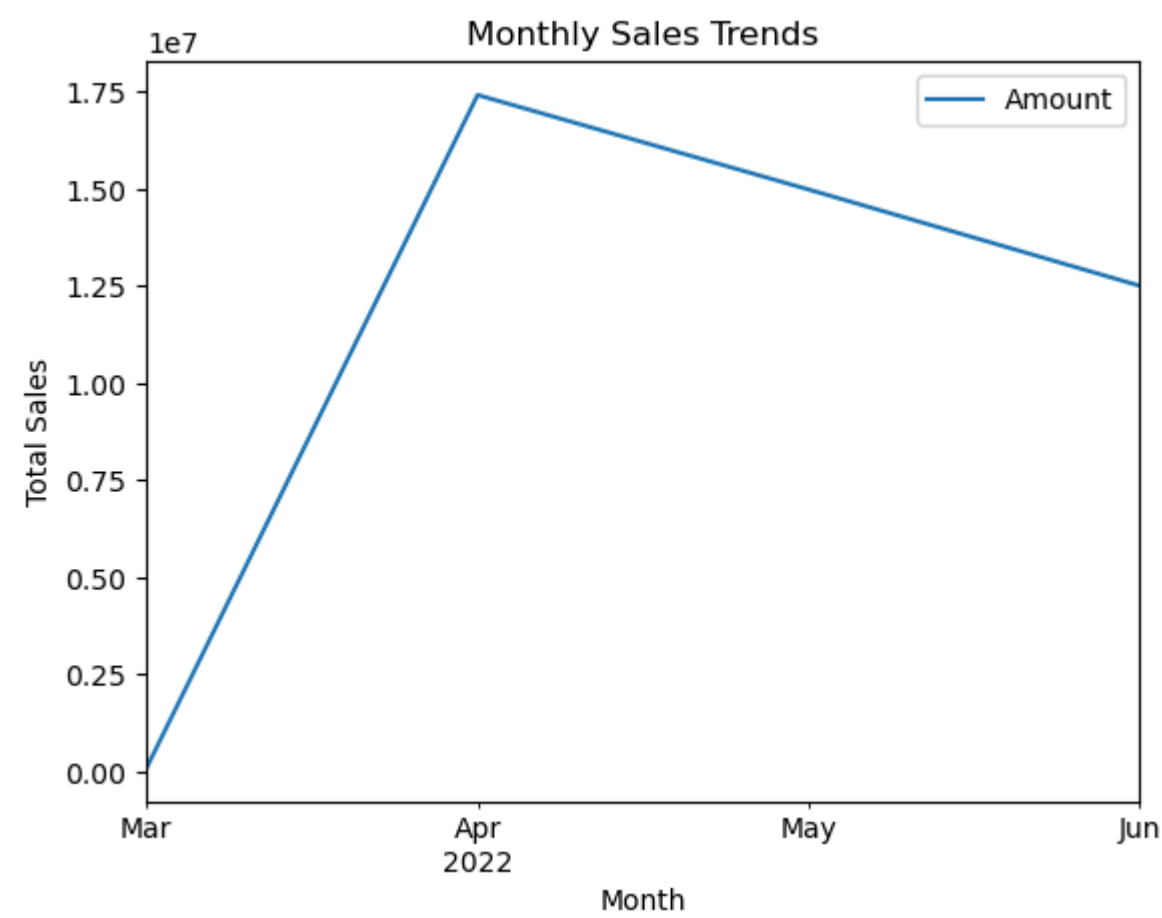
[5 rows x 21 columns]

Missing values:

index	0
Order ID	0
Date	0
Status	0
Fulfilment	0
Sales Channel	0
ship-service-level	0
Category	0
Size	0
Courier Status	0
Qty	0
currency	7800
Amount	7800
ship-city	35
ship-state	35
ship-postal-code	35
ship-country	35
B2B	0
fulfilled-by	89713
New	128976
PendingS	128976
dtype: int64	

Duplicates: 168

Total Sales: \$78496786.39

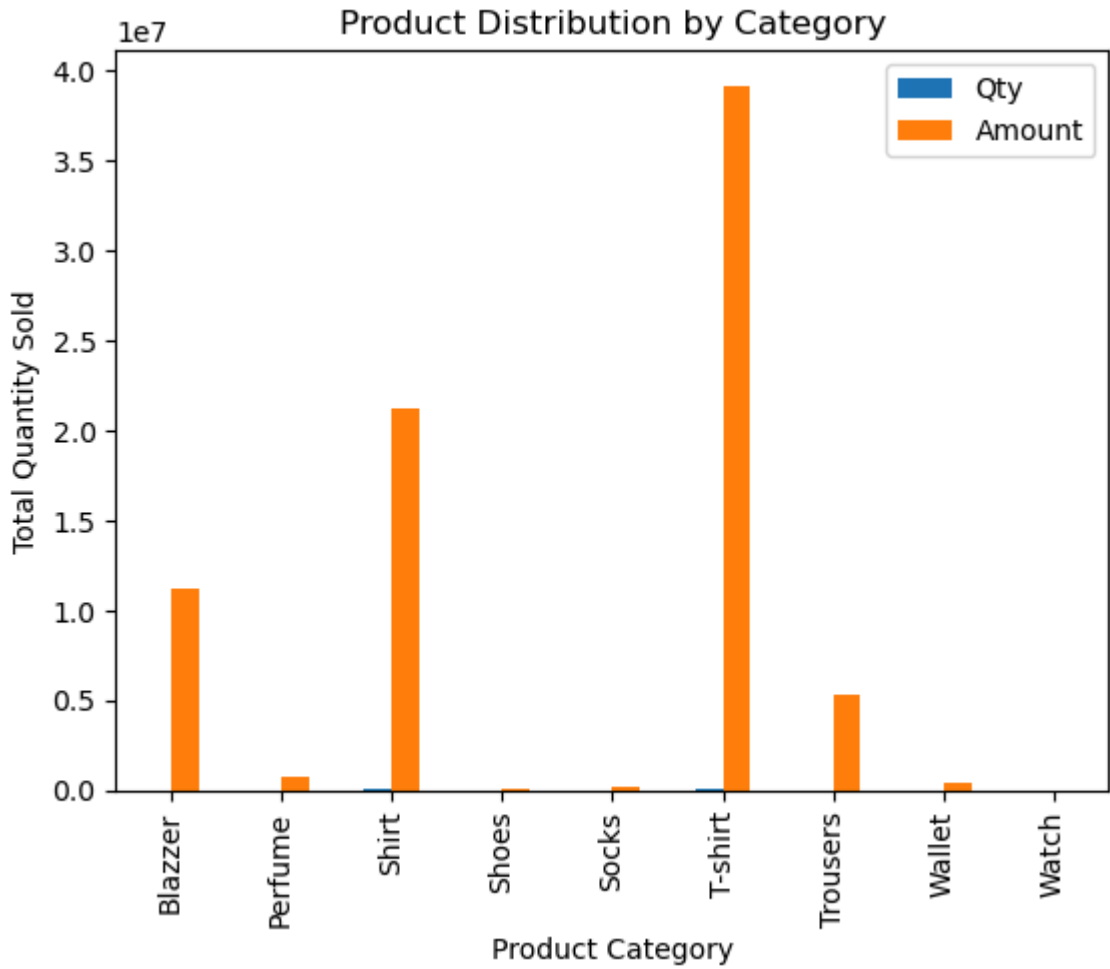


Product Distribution:

	Qty	Amount
Category		
Blazzer	13934	11208506.12
Perfume	1051	789419.66
Shirt	44978	21269768.70
Shoes	152	123933.76
Socks	398	150397.50
T-shirt	45228	39154132.17
Trousers	9889	5341305.30
Wallet	863	458408.18
Watch	3	915.00

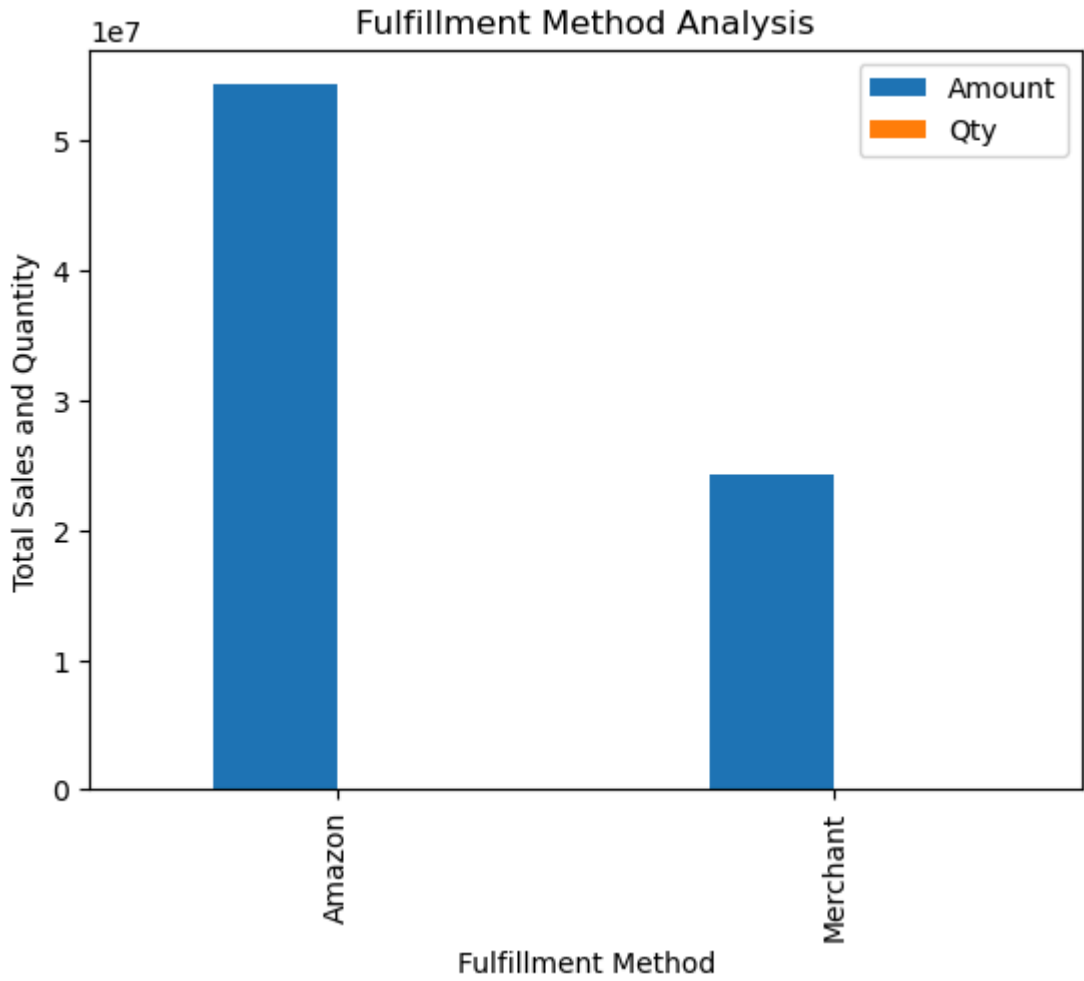
Top Selling Products:

	Qty
Category	
T-shirt	45228
Shirt	44978
Blazzer	13934
Trousers	9889
Perfume	1051
Wallet	863
Socks	398
Shoes	152
Watch	3



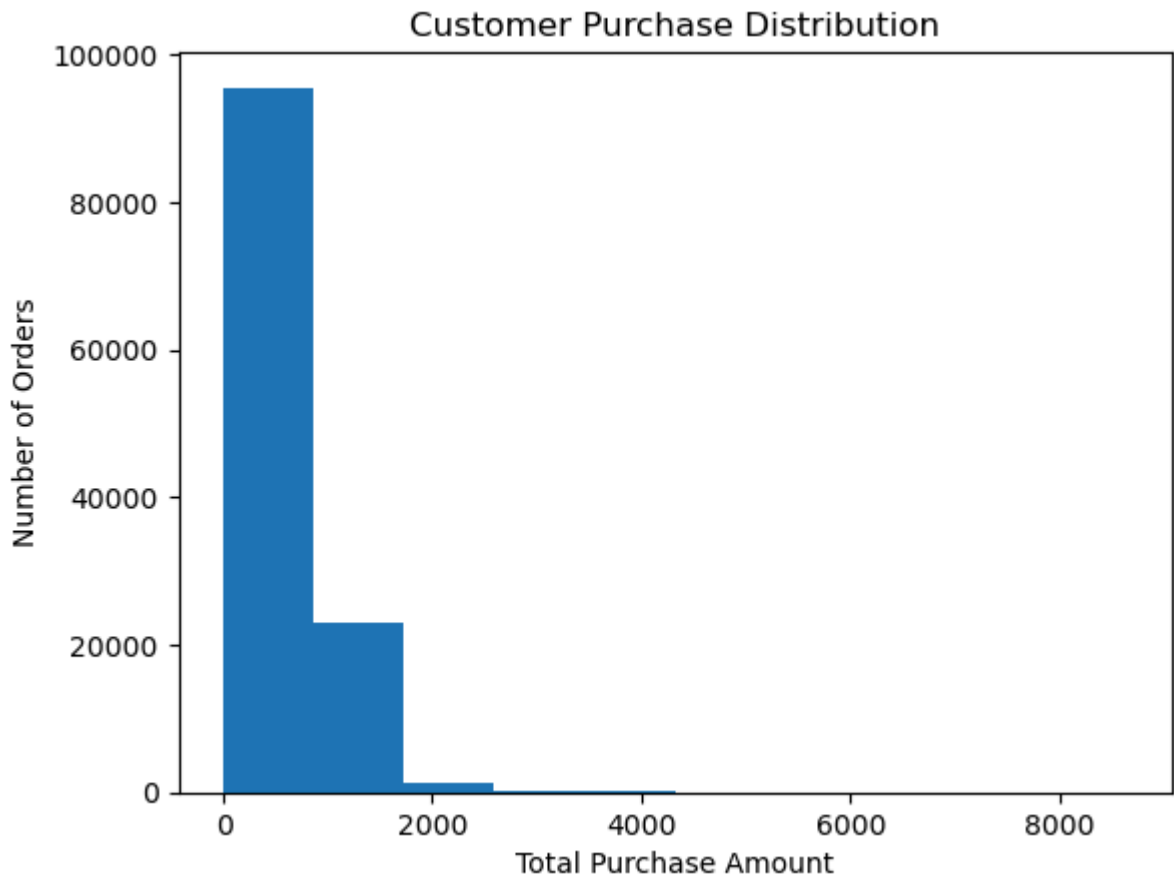
Fulfillment Analysis:

	Amount	Qty
Fulfilment		
Amazon	54262165.00	83990
Merchant	24234621.39	32506



```
Customer Segments:
  Order ID      Amount  Qty
171-0000547-8192359  301.0    1
171-0000902-4490745  544.0    1
171-0001409-6228339  422.0    1
171-0003082-5110755  563.0    1
171-0003738-2052324  379.0    1
...
S02-9578181-3610412    0.0    1
S02-9599483-2736812    0.0    1
S02-9649067-3246849    0.0    1
S02-9736323-0094708    0.0    1
S02-9878098-5959538    0.0    1

[120229 rows x 2 columns]
```



Geographical Sales Distribution:

	Amount
ship-city	
(Chikmagalur disterict). (N.R pur thaluku)	389.0
(Via Cuncolim)Quepem,South Goa	1163.0
,HYDERABAD	563.0
,raibarely road faizabad (Ayodhya)	1122.0
..katra	641.0
...	...
yavatmal	735.0
yazali	487.0
yellapur	824.0
zirakpur	852.0
ýýýýýýýýýýýý	2003.0

[8948 rows x 1 columns]



```
In [30]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

# Load the Dataset
df = pd.read_csv r"C:\Users\Anurag Kumar\Downloads\Amazon Sale Report.csv" encoding='ISO-8859-1')

# Data Cleaning
df['ship-city'] = df['ship-city'].str.strip().replace({'(Chikmagalur disterict)': 'Chikmagalur', '...': 'Unknown'}, regex=True)
df['currency'].fillna('Unknown', inplace=True)
df['Amount'].fillna(0, inplace=True)
df.dropna(subset=['ship-city', 'ship-state', 'ship-postal-code', 'ship-country'], inplace=True)

# Inspect Date Format
print(df['Date'].head())

# Convert 'Date' to datetime format with different formats if necessary
try:
    df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'], format='%m-%d-%y', errors='coerce')
except ValueError:
    df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'], errors='coerce')

# Check if conversion was successful
print(df['Date'].head())

# Drop rows with NaT in 'Date' column if any
df.dropna(subset=['Date'], inplace=True)
df.set_index('Date', inplace=True)

# Monthly Sales Trends
monthly_sales = df['Amount'].resample('M').sum()
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.plot(monthly_sales.index, monthly_sales.values, marker='o')
plt.title('Monthly Sales Trends')
plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.ylabel('Sales Amount')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

# Geographical Sales Distribution
city_sales = df.groupby('ship-city')['Amount'].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
sns.barplot(x=city_sales.index, y=city_sales.values)
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.title('Sales Distribution by City')
plt.xlabel('City')
plt.ylabel('Sales Amount')
plt.show()

# Top Selling Products
top_products = df.groupby('Category')['Qty'].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
top_products.plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Top Selling Products by Quantity')
plt.xlabel('Product Category')
plt.ylabel('Quantity Sold')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

```

# Customer Segmentation
customer_data = df.groupby('Order ID').agg({'Amount': 'sum', 'Qty': 'sum'}).reset_index()
scaler = StandardScaler()
customer_data_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(customer_data[['Amount', 'Qty']])
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3, random_state=0).fit(customer_data_scaled)
customer_data['Cluster'] = kmeans.labels_
print(customer_data.head())

# Fulfillment Analysis
fulfillment_analysis = df.groupby('Fulfilment').agg({'Amount': 'sum', 'Qty': 'sum'})
fulfillment_analysis.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10, 6))
plt.title('Fulfillment Analysis')
plt.xlabel('Fulfillment Method')
plt.ylabel('Amount and Quantity')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

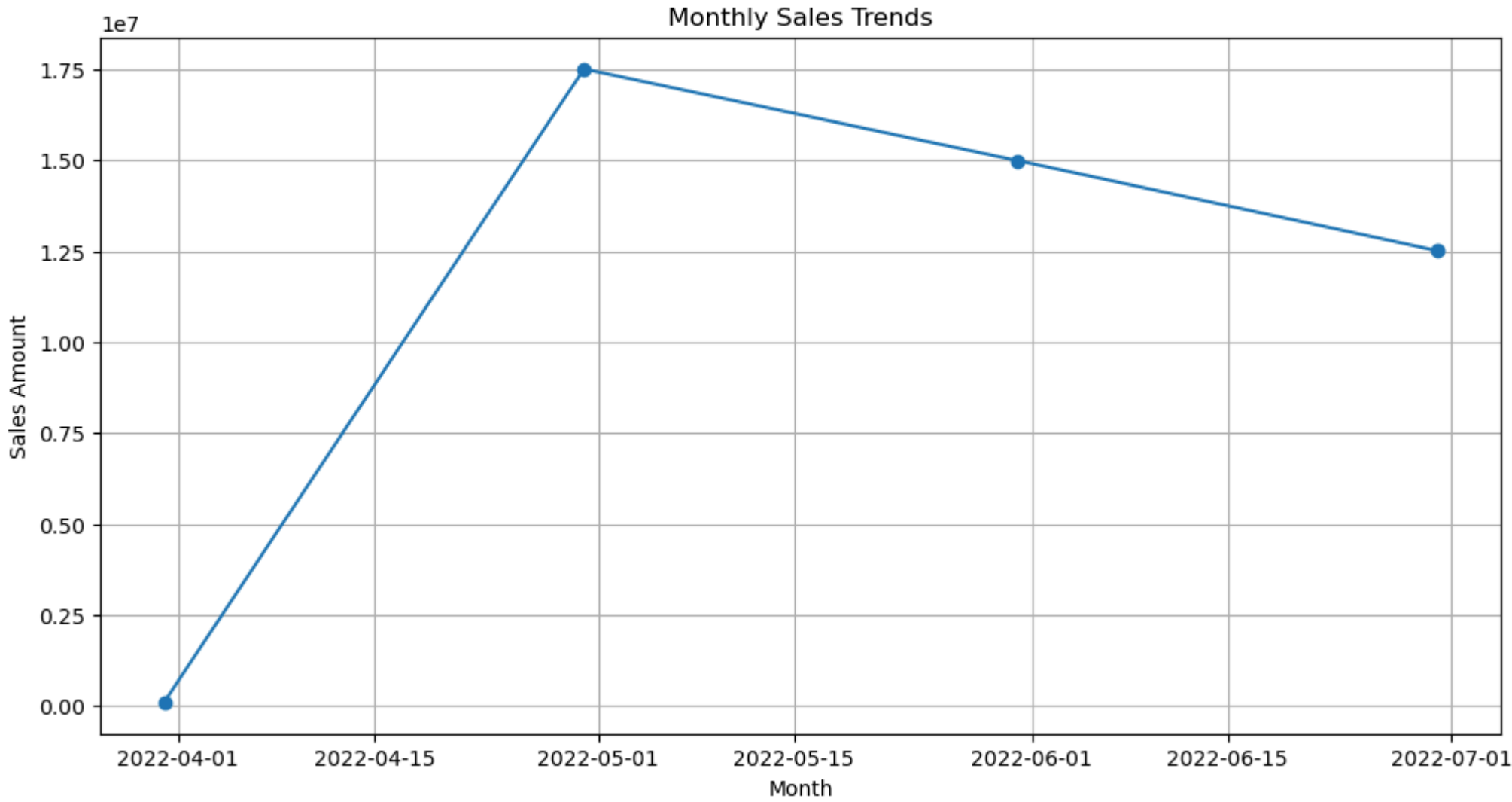
# Sales Distribution by Product Size
size_sales = df.groupby('Size')['Qty'].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
size_sales.plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Sales Distribution by Product Size')
plt.xlabel('Size')
plt.ylabel('Quantity Sold')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

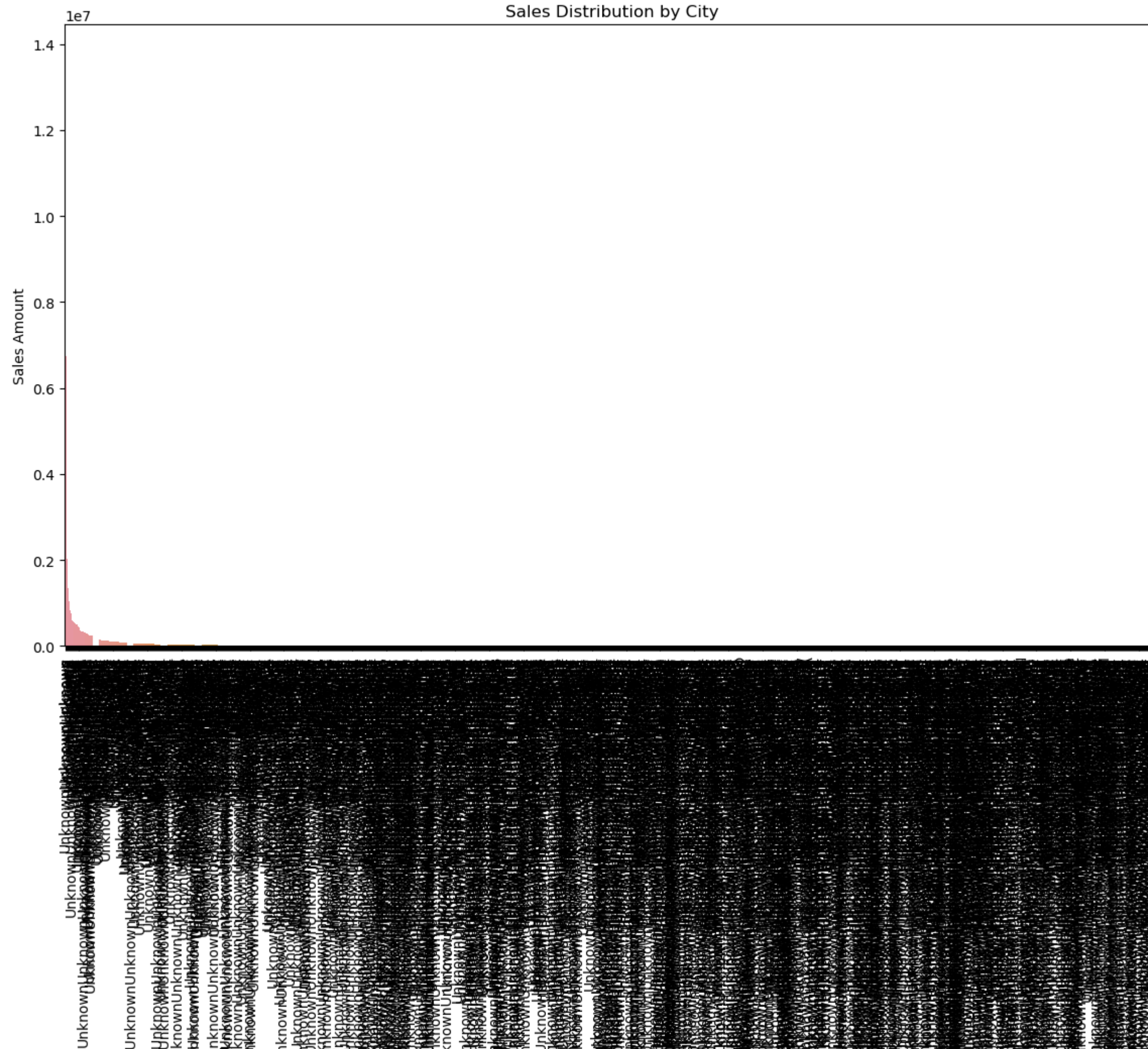
```

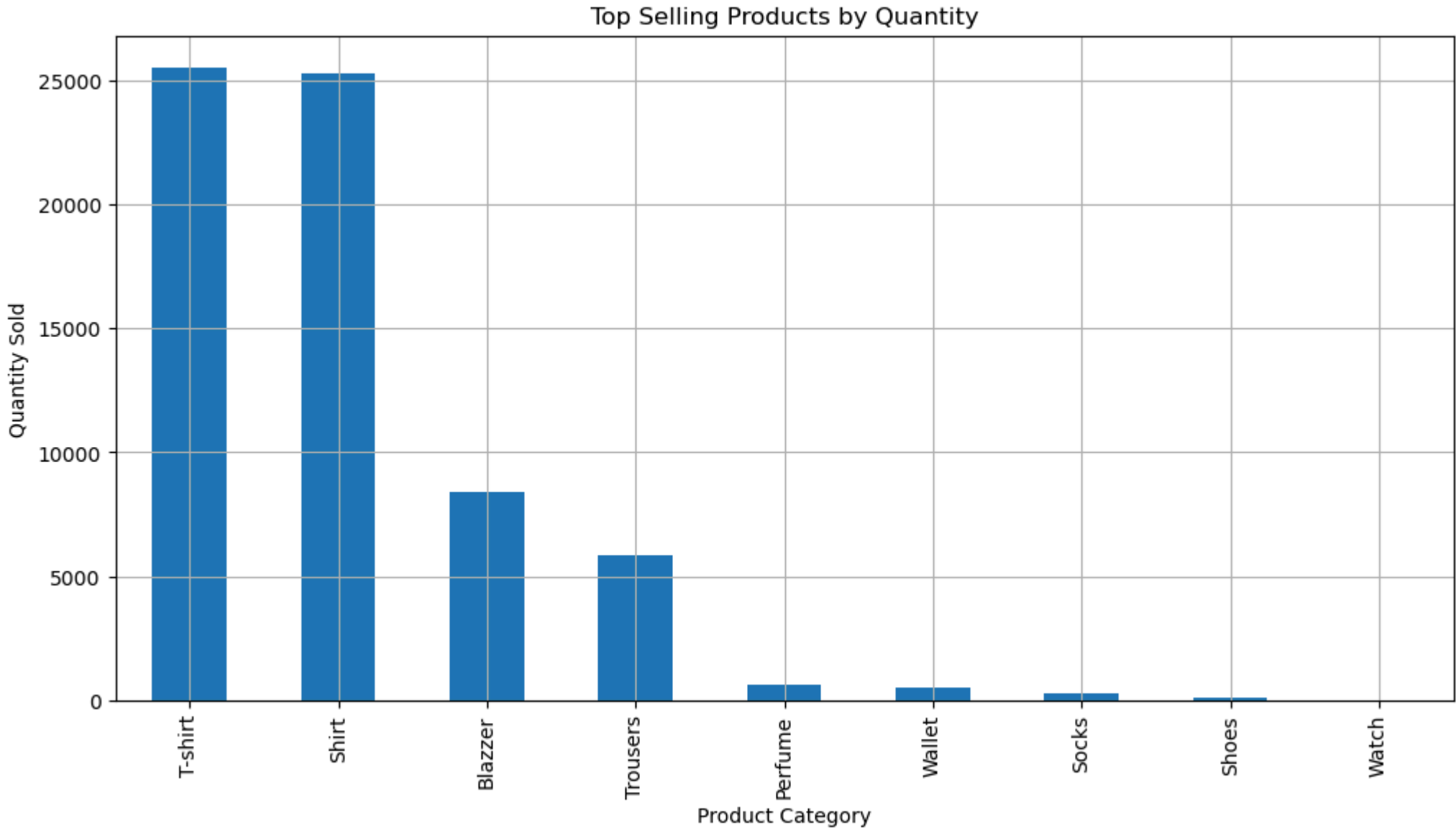
```

0    04-30-22
1    04-30-22
2    04-30-22
3    04-30-22
4    04-30-22
Name: Date, dtype: object
0    2022-04-30
1    2022-04-30
2    2022-04-30
3    2022-04-30
4    2022-04-30
Name: Date, dtype: datetime64[ns]

```

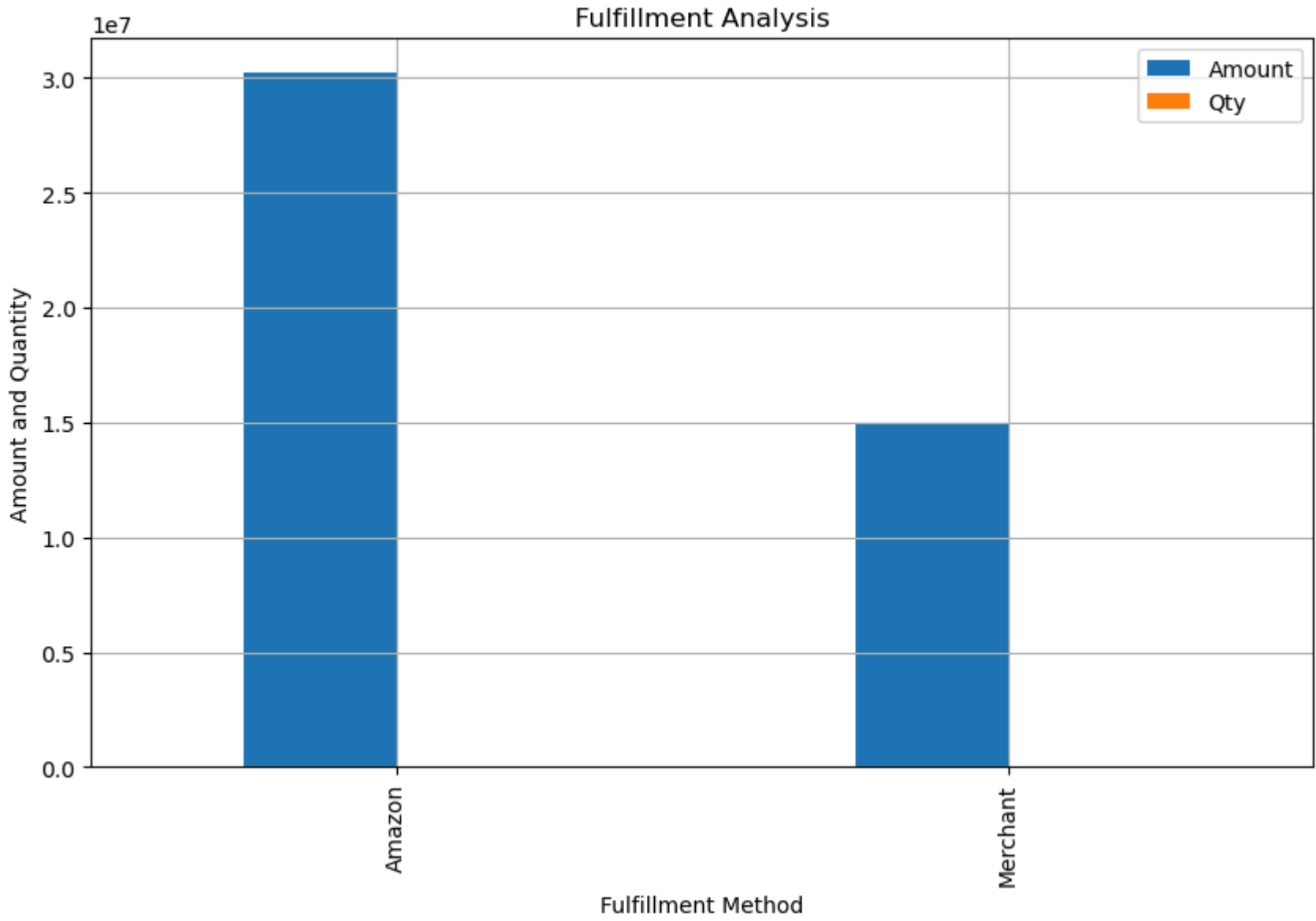


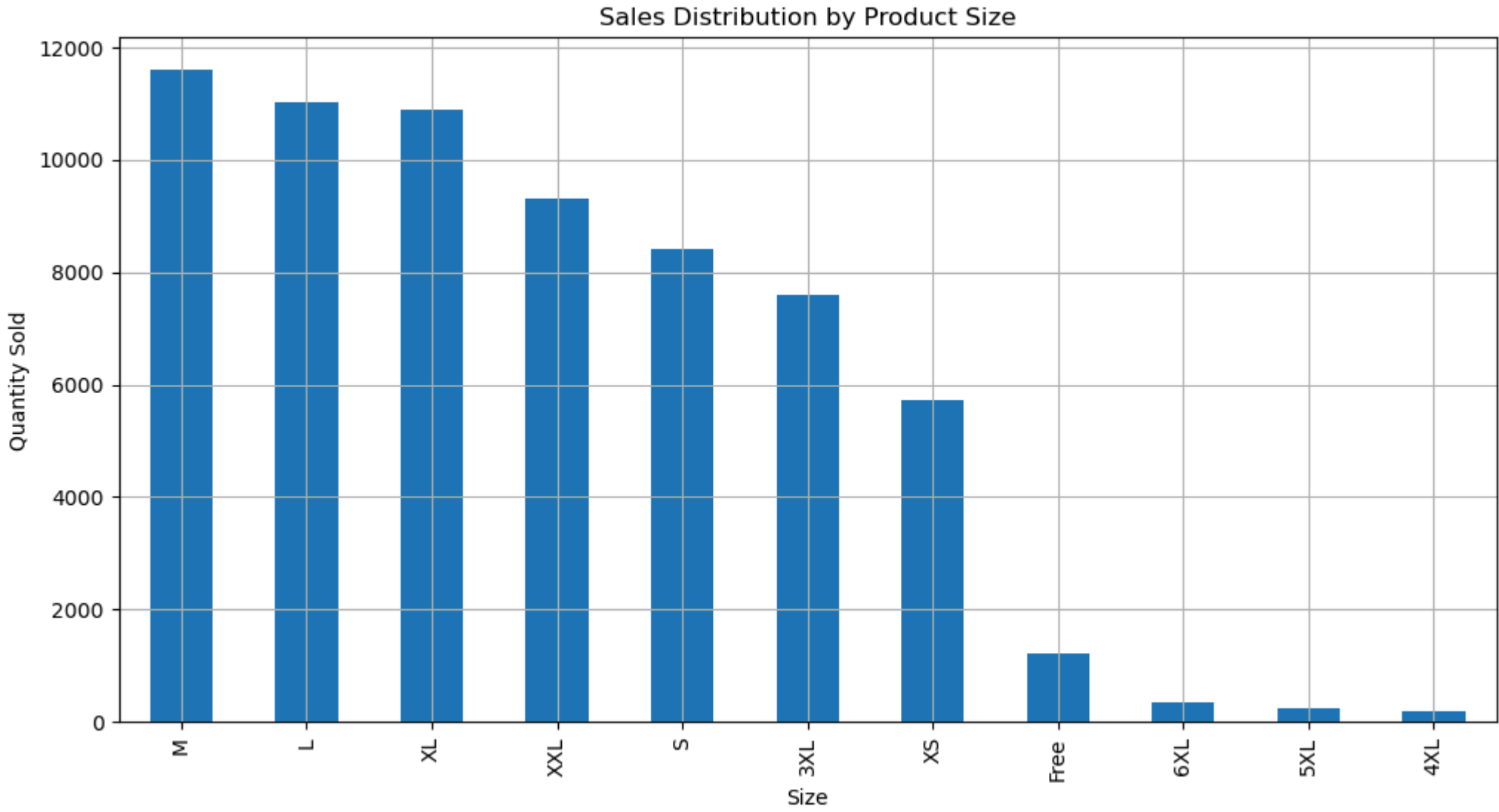




```
C:\Users\Anurag Kumar\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\cluster\_kmeans.py:1412: FutureWarning: The default value of `n_init` will change from 10 to 'auto' in 1.4. Set the value of `n_init` explicitly to suppress the warning
  super()._check_params_vs_input(X, default_n_init=10)
```

	Order ID	Amount	Qty	Cluster
0	171-0005637-8167567	579.0	1	1
1	171-0005741-2261112	558.0	1	1
2	171-0005999-3189913	1115.0	1	1
3	171-0006482-2020369	368.0	1	1
4	171-0007212-7125106	1092.0	1	1





```
In [32]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

# Load the Dataset
df = pd.read_csv r"C:\Users\Anurag Kumar\Downloads\Amazon Sale Report.csv", encoding='ISO-8859-1')

# Drop rows with missing values in critical columns
df.dropna(subset=['ship-city', 'ship-state', 'ship-postal-code', 'ship-country'], inplace=True)

# Convert 'Date' to datetime format using infer_datetime_format
try:
    df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'], infer_datetime_format=True)
except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error parsing dates: {e}")

# Check if conversion was successful
print(df['Date'].head())

# Set 'Date' as index
df.set_index('Date', inplace=True)

# Select relevant columns for clustering
customer_data = df[['Amount', 'Qty']].copy()
customer_data.dropna(inplace=True) # Drop rows with missing values in Amount or Qty

# Standardize the data
scaler = StandardScaler()
customer_data_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(customer_data)

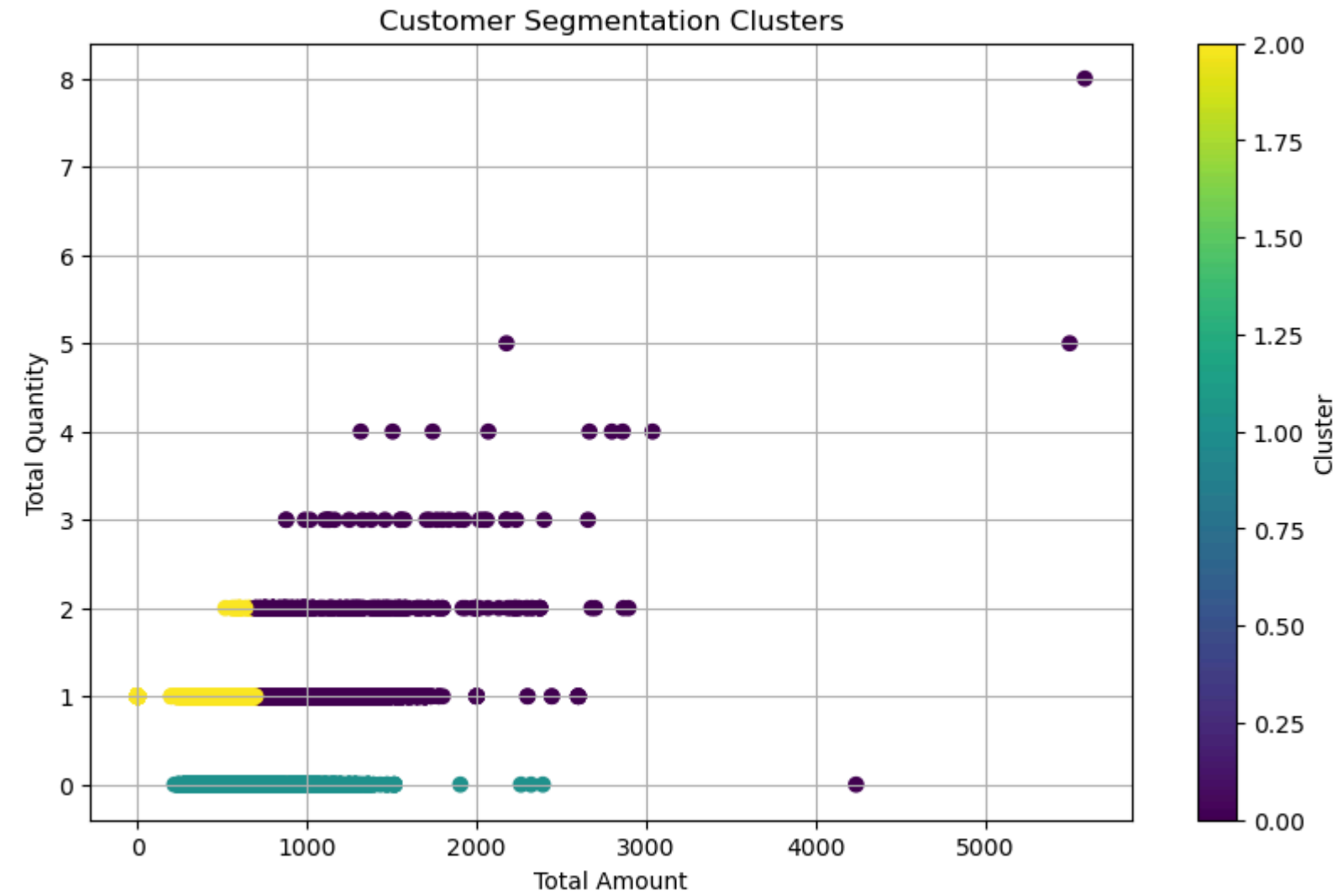
# Apply KMeans Clustering
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3, n_init=10, random_state=0).fit(customer_data_scaled)

# Adding cluster information to the dataframe
customer_data['Cluster'] = kmeans.labels_

# Plotting clusters
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
scatter = plt.scatter(customer_data['Amount'], customer_data['Qty'], c=customer_data['Cluster'], cmap='viridis')
plt.colorbar(scatter, label='Cluster')
plt.title('Customer Segmentation Clusters')
plt.xlabel('Total Amount')
plt.ylabel('Total Quantity')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

# Analyzing clusters
cluster_summary = customer_data.groupby('Cluster').agg({'Amount': ['mean', 'sum'], 'Qty': ['mean', 'sum']})
print(cluster_summary)
```

```
0    2022-04-30
1    2022-04-30
2    2022-04-30
3    2022-04-30
4    2022-04-30
Name: Date, dtype: datetime64[ns]
```

Cluster	Amount		Qty	
	mean	sum	mean	sum
0	937.400523	40697243.72	1.009582	43831
1	620.755854	3184477.53	0.000000	0
2	477.820698	34688827.00	1.000275	72618

In []:

```
In [36]: import pandas as pd
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Load your DataFrame (example)
df = pd.read_csv r"C:\Users\Anurag Kumar\Downloads\Amazon Sale Report.csv" encoding='ISO-8859-1')

# Print initial data and info
print("Initial Data:")
print(df.head())
print("\nData Info:")
print(df.info())

# Check for missing values in features
print("\nMissing Values in Features:")
print(df[['Amount', 'Qty']].isna().sum())

# Impute missing values for 'Amount'
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy='mean')
df['Amount'] = imputer.fit_transform(df[['Amount']])

# Ensure 'Qty' column does not contain missing values
df['Qty'].fillna(0, inplace=True)

# Prepare features for clustering
features = df[['Amount', 'Qty']]

# Perform KMeans clustering
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3, n_init=10, random_state=42)
df['Cluster'] = kmeans.fit_predict(features)

# Print data with clusters
print("\nData with Clusters:")
print(df.head())

# Analyze characteristics of each cluster
cluster_analysis = df.groupby('Cluster').agg({
    'Amount': ['mean', 'sum'],
    'Qty': ['mean', 'sum'],
    'Category': lambda x: x.mode().iloc[0] if not x.mode().empty else None, # Most frequent category
    'Sales Channel': lambda x: x.mode().iloc[0] if not x.mode().empty else None, # Most frequent sales channel
    'Fulfilment': lambda x: x.mode().iloc[0] if not x.mode().empty else None # Most frequent fulfilment method
})

print("\nCluster Analysis:")
print(cluster_analysis)

# Visualization
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))

# Distribution of Categories Across Clusters
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Category', hue='Cluster')
plt.title('Distribution of Categories Across Clusters')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)

# Distribution of Amount and Quantity Across Clusters
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Cluster', y='Amount')
```



```
plt.title('Sales Amount Distribution by Cluster')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Additional plot for Quantity distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(7, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Cluster', y='Qty')
plt.title('Quantity Distribution by Cluster')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Initial Data:

	index	Order ID	Date	Status	\	
0	0	405-8078784-5731545	04-30-22	Cancelled		
1	1	171-9198151-1101146	04-30-22	Shipped - Delivered to Buyer		
2	2	404-0687676-7273146	04-30-22	Shipped		
3	3	403-9615377-8133951	04-30-22	Cancelled		
4	4	407-1069790-7240320	04-30-22	Shipped		

	Fulfilment	Sales Channel	ship-service-level	Category	Size	Courier	Status	\	
0	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	T-shirt	S	On the Way			
1	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	Shirt	3XL	Shipped			
2	Amazon	Amazon.in	Expedited	Shirt	XL	Shipped			
3	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	Blazzer	L	On the Way			
4	Amazon	Amazon.in	Expedited	Trousers	3XL	Shipped			

	...	currency	Amount	ship-city	ship-state	ship-postal-code	\	
0	...	INR	647.62	MUMBAI	MAHARASHTRA	400081.0		
1	...	INR	406.00	BENGALURU	KARNATAKA	560085.0		
2	...	INR	329.00	NAVI MUMBAI	MAHARASHTRA	410210.0		
3	...	INR	753.33	PUDUCHERRY	PUDUCHERRY	605008.0		
4	...	INR	574.00	CHENNAI	TAMIL NADU	600073.0		

	ship-country	B2B	fulfilled-by	New	PendingS
0	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
1	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
2	IN	True	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	IN	False	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN
4	IN	False	NaN	NaN	NaN

[5 rows x 21 columns]

Data Info:

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 128976 entries, 0 to 128975
Data columns (total 21 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   index                 128976 non-null int64
1   Order ID              128976 non-null object
2   Date                  128976 non-null object
3   Status                128976 non-null object
4   Fulfilment            128976 non-null object
5   Sales Channel         128976 non-null object
6   ship-service-level    128976 non-null object
7   Category              128976 non-null object
8   Size                  128976 non-null object
9   Courier Status        128976 non-null object
10  Qty                   128976 non-null int64
11  currency              121176 non-null object
12  Amount               121176 non-null float64
13  ship-city            128941 non-null object
14  ship-state           128941 non-null object
15  ship-postal-code     128941 non-null float64
16  ship-country         128941 non-null object
17  B2B                  128976 non-null bool
18  fulfilled-by         39263 non-null object
19  New                   0 non-null float64
20  PendingS             0 non-null float64
dtypes: bool(1), float64(4), int64(2), object(14)
memory usage: 19.8+ MB
None
```

Missing Values in Features:
Amount 7800
Qty 0
dtype: int64

Data with Clusters:

	index	Order ID	Date	Status	\	
0	0	405-8078784-5731545	04-30-22	Cancelled		
1	1	171-9198151-1101146	04-30-22	Shipped - Delivered to Buyer		
2	2	404-0687676-7273146	04-30-22	Shipped		
3	3	403-9615377-8133951	04-30-22	Cancelled		
4	4	407-1069790-7240320	04-30-22	Shipped		

	Fulfilment	Sales Channel	ship-service-level	Category	Size	Courier	Status	\	
0	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	T-shirt	S	On the Way			
1	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	Shirt	3XL	Shipped			
2	Amazon	Amazon.in	Expedited	Shirt	XL	Shipped			
3	Merchant	Amazon.in	Standard	Blazzer	L	On the Way			
4	Amazon	Amazon.in	Expedited	Trousers	3XL	Shipped			

	...	Amount	ship-city	ship-state	ship-postal-code	ship-country	B2B	\	
0	...	647.62	MUMBAI	MAHARASHTRA	400081.0	IN	False		
1	...	406.00	BENGALURU	KARNATAKA	560085.0	IN	False		
2	...	329.00	NAVI MUMBAI	MAHARASHTRA	410210.0	IN	True		
3	...	753.33	PUDUCHERRY	PUDUCHERRY	605008.0	IN	False		
4	...	574.00	CHENNAI	TAMIL NADU	600073.0	IN	False		

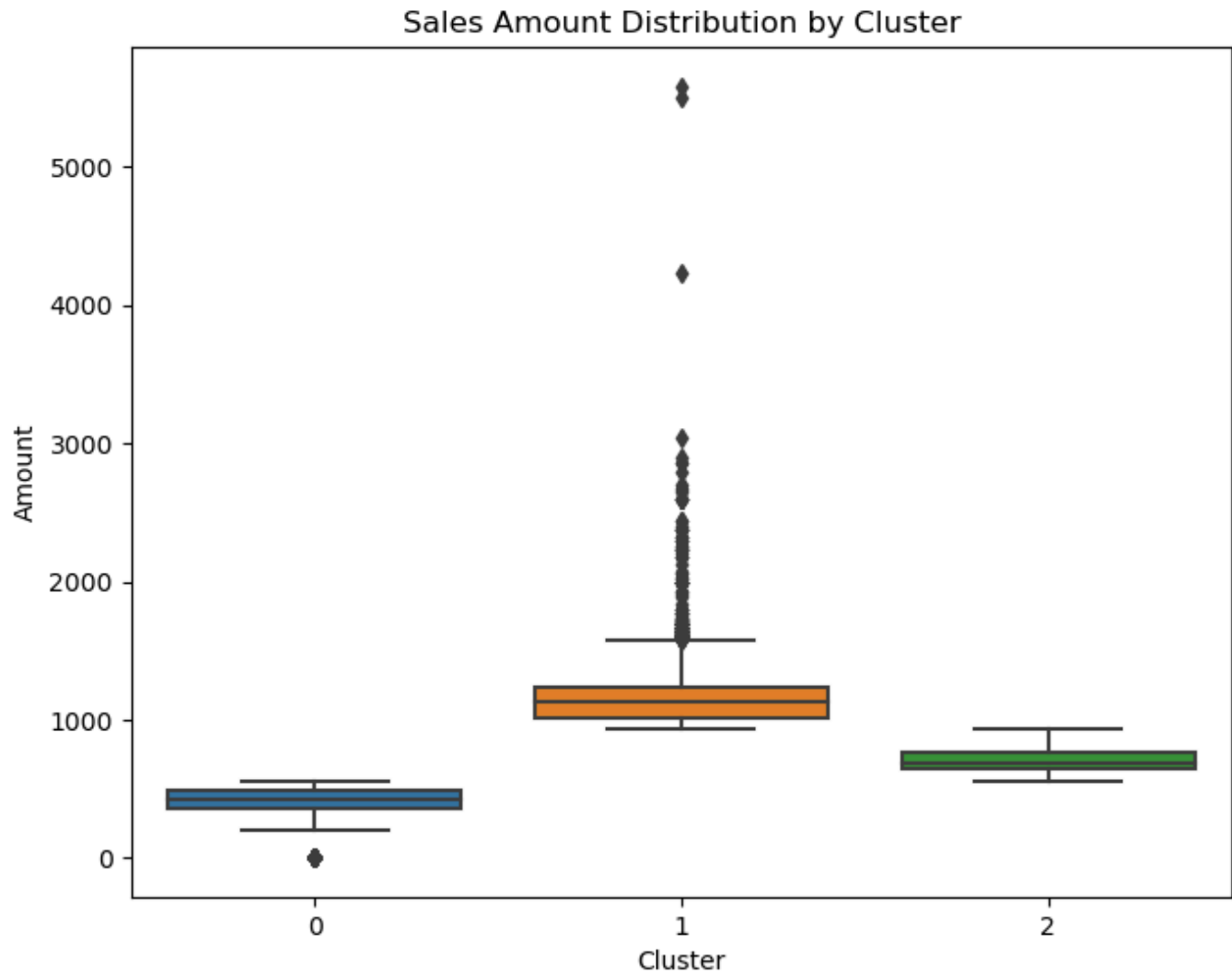
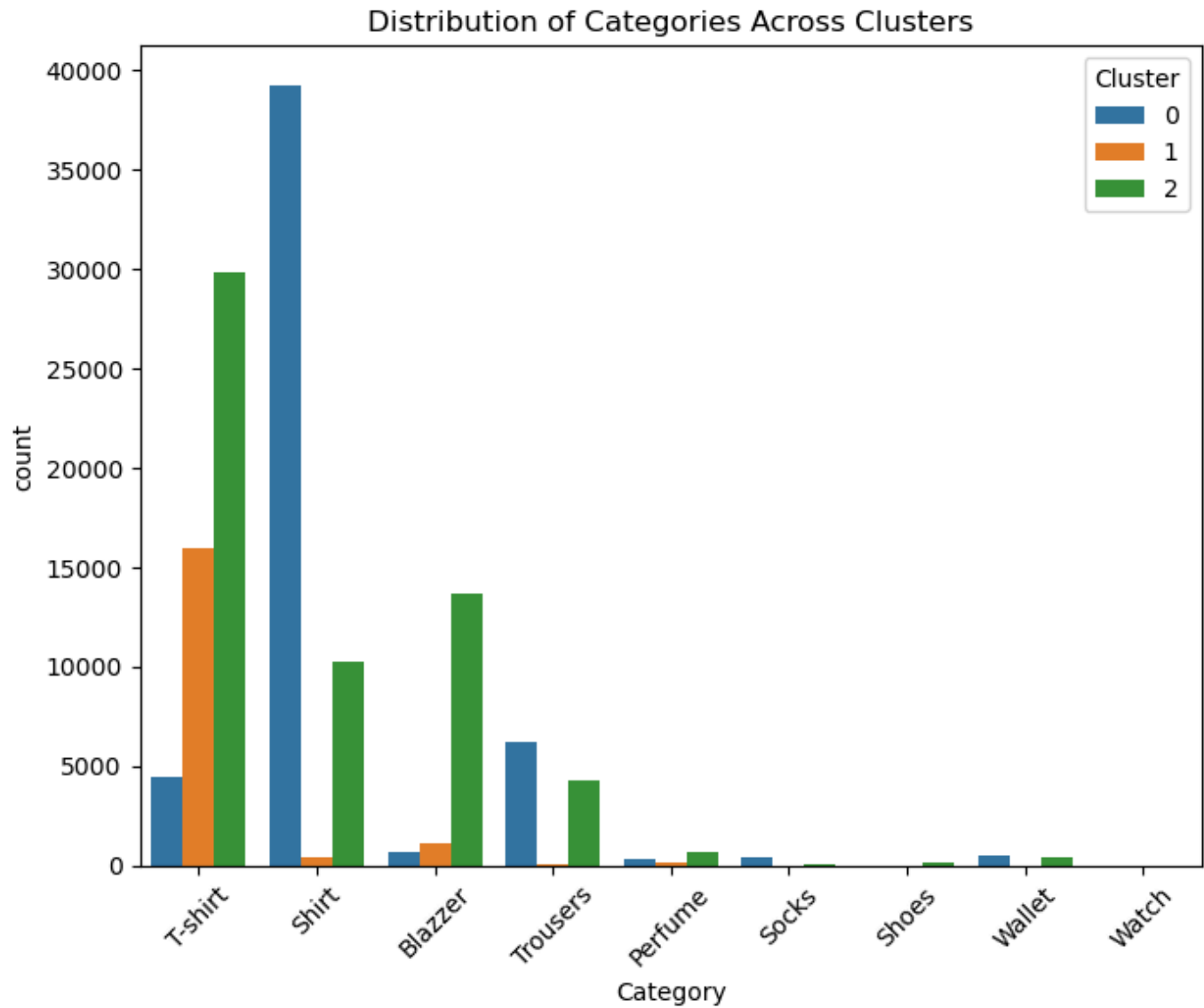
	fulfilled-by	New	PendingS	Cluster
0	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN	2
1	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN	0
2	NaN	NaN	NaN	0
3	Easy Ship	NaN	NaN	2
4	NaN	NaN	NaN	2

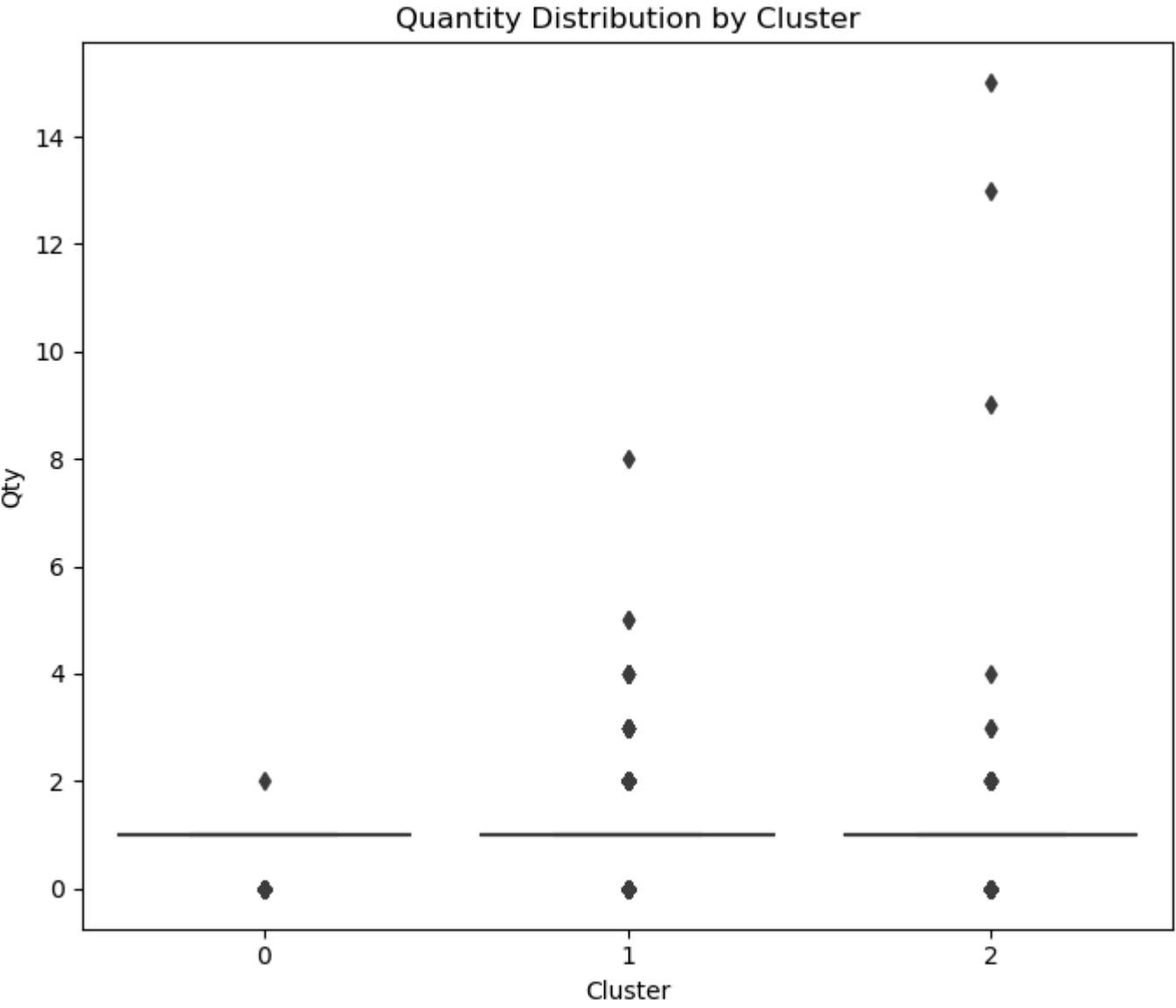
[5 rows x 22 columns]

Cluster Analysis:

	Amount		Qty	Category	Sales Channel	\	
	mean	sum	mean	sum <lambda>	<lambda>		
Cluster							
0	407.867312	2.117892e+07	0.956342	49659	Shirt	Amazon.in	
1	1158.361793	2.049605e+07	0.982593	17386	T-shirt	Amazon.in	
2	707.156541	4.197398e+07	0.835653	49601	T-shirt	Amazon.in	

	Fulfilment
	<lambda>
Cluster	
0	Amazon
1	Amazon
2	Amazon





```
In [37]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

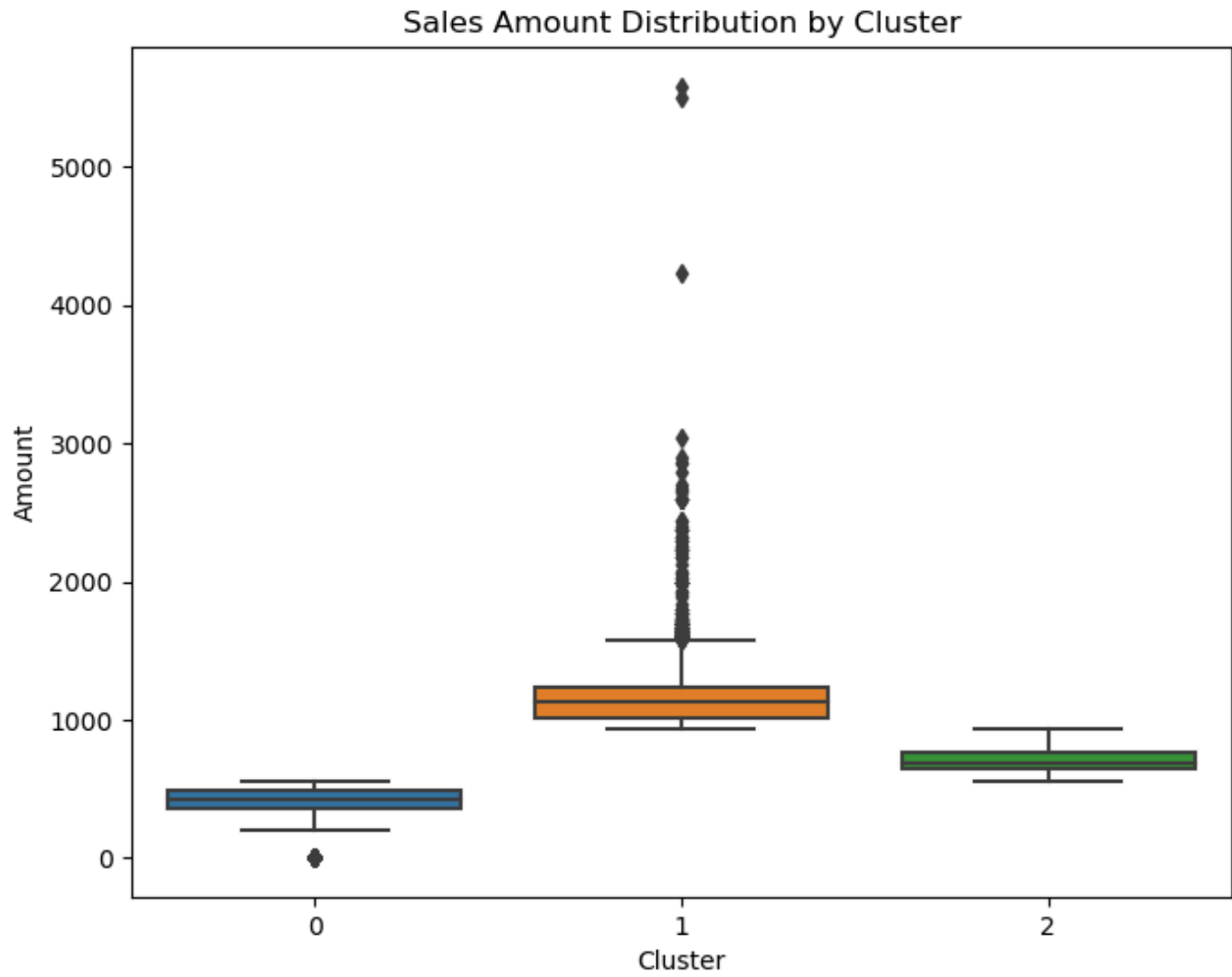
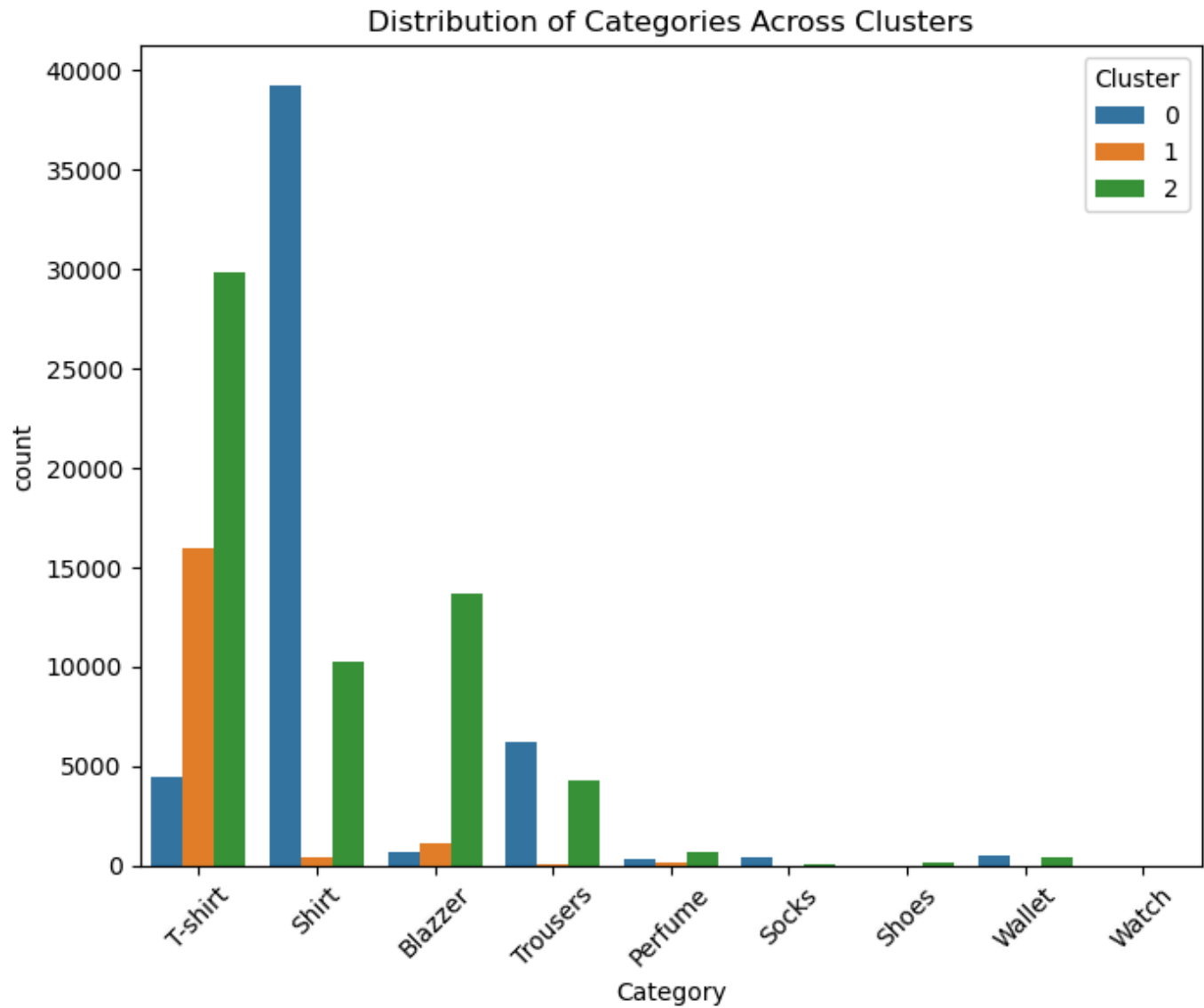
# Visualize clusters
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))

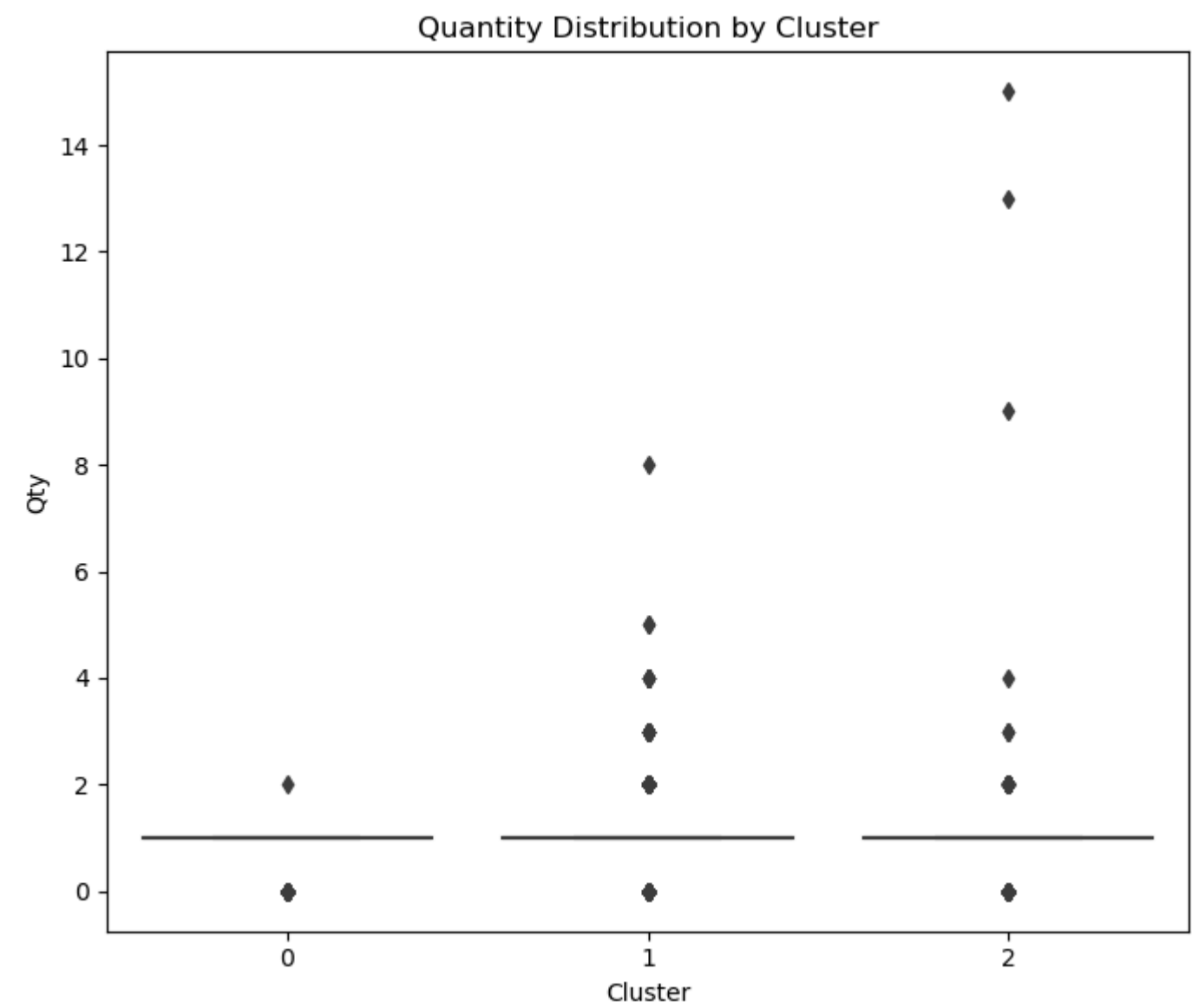
# a. Distribution of Categories Across Clusters
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Category', hue='Cluster')
plt.title('Distribution of Categories Across Clusters')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)

# b. Distribution of Amount Across Clusters
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Cluster', y='Amount')
plt.title('Sales Amount Distribution by Cluster')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Additional plot for Quantity distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(7, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Cluster', y='Qty')
plt.title('Quantity Distribution by Cluster')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```





```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [39]: # Inspect the Date column to understand its format
print(df['Date'].head())
```

```
0    04-30-22
1    04-30-22
2    04-30-22
3    04-30-22
4    04-30-22
Name: Date, dtype: object
```

```
In [40]: import pandas as pd

# Convert 'Date' to datetime format
df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'], format='%m-%d-%y', errors='coerce')

# Check for any NaT values after conversion
print(df['Date'].isna().sum())
```

55109


```
In [41]: import pandas as pd

# Sample data
data = {
    'Date': ['04-30-22', '04-30-22', '04-30-22', '04-30-22', '04-30-22']
    # Add other columns as needed
}

# Create DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Convert 'Date' to datetime format
df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'], format='%m-%d-%y', errors='coerce')

# Handle missing dates
df = df.dropna(subset=['Date']) # or use fillna to fill missing dates

# Print the DataFrame to verify
print(df.head())

# Continue with your analysis
```

```
      Date
0 2022-04-30
1 2022-04-30
2 2022-04-30
3 2022-04-30
4 2022-04-30
```

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [43]: import pandas as pd

# Load your dataset
df = pd.read_csv r"C:\Users\Anurag Kumar\Downloads\Amazon Sale Report.csv" encoding='ISO-8859-1')

# Print a few date entries to inspect
print(df['Date'].head())

# Convert 'Date' to datetime format
df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'], format='%m-%d-%y', errors='coerce')

# Check if conversion was successful
print(df['Date'].head())
print(df['Date'].isnull().sum()) # Check for any null values after conversion
```

```
0    04-30-22
1    04-30-22
2    04-30-22
3    04-30-22
4    04-30-22
Name: Date, dtype: object
0    2022-04-30
1    2022-04-30
2    2022-04-30
3    2022-04-30
4    2022-04-30
Name: Date, dtype: datetime64[ns]
55109
```

```
In [46]: import pandas as pd

# Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv r"C:\Users\Anurag Kumar\Downloads\Amazon Sale Report.csv; encoding='ISO-8859-1')

# Try automatic date conversion
df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Date'], errors='coerce')

# Check if there are any missing values in 'Date' column after conversion
missing_dates = df['Date'].isna().sum()
print(f"Missing Dates after Conversion: {missing_dates}")

# If there are missing dates, inspect a sample to understand the issue
if missing_dates > 0:
    print("Sample of rows with conversion issues:")
    print(df[df['Date'].isna()].head())

# Proceed with your analysis if the conversion is successful
if missing_dates == 0:
    # 1. Sales Overview
    sales_overview = df.groupby(df['Date'].dt.to_period('M')).agg({
        'Amount': ['sum', 'mean'],
        'Qty': 'sum'
    }).reset_index()
    sales_overview.columns = ['Date', 'Total Amount', 'Average Amount', 'Total Qty']
    print("\nSales Overview:")
    print(sales_overview.head())

    # 2. Product Analysis
    product_analysis = df.groupby('Category').agg({
        'Amount': 'sum',
        'Qty': 'sum'
    }).reset_index()
    product_analysis.columns = ['Category', 'Total Revenue', 'Total Qty']
    print("\nProduct Analysis:")
    print(product_analysis.head())

    size_analysis = df.groupby('Size').agg({
        'Amount': 'sum',
        'Qty': 'sum'
    }).reset_index()
    size_analysis.columns = ['Size', 'Total Revenue', 'Total Qty']
    print("\nSize Analysis:")
    print(size_analysis.head())

    # 3. Fulfillment Analysis
    fulfillment_analysis = df.groupby('Fulfilment').agg({
        'Amount': 'sum',
        'Qty': 'sum'
    }).reset_index()
    fulfillment_analysis.columns = ['Fulfilment Method', 'Total Revenue', 'Total Qty']
    print("\nFulfillment Analysis:")
    print(fulfillment_analysis.head())

    # 4. Customer Segmentation
    customer_segmentation = df.groupby('Order ID').agg({
        'Amount': 'sum'
    }).reset_index()
    customer_segmentation.columns = ['Order ID', 'Total Spending']
    print("\nCustomer Segmentation:")
    print(customer_segmentation.head())
```

```
# 5. Geographical Analysis
state_analysis = df.groupby('ship-state').agg({
    'Amount': 'sum',
    'Qty': 'sum'
}).reset_index()
state_analysis.columns = ['State', 'Total Revenue', 'Total Qty']
print("\nState Analysis:")
print(state_analysis.head())

city_analysis = df.groupby('ship-city').agg({
    'Amount': 'sum',
    'Qty': 'sum'
}).reset_index()
city_analysis.columns = ['City', 'Total Revenue', 'Total Qty']
print("\nCity Analysis:")
print(city_analysis.head())

# 6. Business Insights
insights = {
    "Sales Trends": "Analyze the trends from the sales_overview DataFrame.",
    "Popular Products": "Review the product_analysis and size_analysis DataFrames.",
    "Fulfillment Efficiency": "Evaluate the fulfillment_analysis DataFrame for efficiency insights.",
    "Customer Segments": "Examine the customer_segmentation DataFrame for spending patterns.",
    "Geographic Focus": "Look at state_analysis and city_analysis DataFrames to identify key regions."
}

print("\nBusiness Insights:")
for key, value in insights.items():
    print(f"{key}: {value}")
else:
    print("Please check the date format or data for issues.")
```

Missing Dates after Conversion: 0

Sales Overview:

	Date	Total Amount	Average Amount	Total Qty
0	2022-03	101683.85	627.678086	156
1	2022-04	28836200.27	626.002958	44203
2	2022-05	26226476.75	663.356858	38011
3	2022-06	23425809.38	661.484424	34276

Product Analysis:

	Category	Total Revenue	Total Qty
0	Blazzer	11215104.12	13943
1	Perfume	789419.66	1051
2	Shirt	21297770.08	45044
3	Shoes	124752.76	153
4	Socks	150757.50	399

Size Analysis:

	Size	Total Revenue	Total Qty
0	3XL	9034156.30	13360
1	4XL	334451.64	398
2	5XL	425156.63	513
3	6XL	576249.33	688
4	Free	1373495.60	2070

Fulfillment Analysis:

	Fulfilment Method	Total Revenue	Total Qty
0	Amazon	54327540.00	84097
1	Merchant	24262630.25	32549

Customer Segmentation:

	Order ID	Total Spending
0	171-0000547-8192359	301.0
1	171-0000902-4490745	544.0
2	171-0001409-6228339	422.0
3	171-0003082-5110755	563.0
4	171-0003738-2052324	379.0

State Analysis:

	State	Total Revenue	Total Qty
0	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR	157424.62	225
1	ANDHRA PRADESH	3217859.86	4816
2	APO	0.00	0
3	AR	493.00	1
4	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	95235.00	130

City Analysis:

	City	Total Revenue	Total Qty
0	(Chikmagalur disterict). (N.R pur thaluku)	389.0	1
1	(Via Cuncolim)Quepem, South Goa	1163.0	1
2	,HYDERABAD	563.0	1
3	,raibarely road faizabad (Ayodhya)	1122.0	1
4	..katra	641.0	1

Business Insights:

Sales Trends: Analyze the trends from the sales_overview DataFrame.
Popular Products: Review the product_analysis and size_analysis DataFrames.
Fulfillment Efficiency: Evaluate the fulfillment_analysis DataFrame for efficiency insights.
Customer Segments: Examine the customer_segmentation DataFrame for spending patterns.
Geographic Focus: Look at state_analysis and city_analysis DataFrames to identify key regions.