## **DATA SUMMARY:**

The three provided data sets were used in the study to determine which Victoria, Australia, suburb would be the greatest place to invest in real estate:

- The data in the Apartment\_prices.csv shows the median price of houses in various suburbs in 2023.
- Historical\_demographics.csv contains data from the previous year's priority growth areas, median income, unemployment rate, and population growth rate.
- Data on the unemployment rate, population growth rate, median income, and priority growth area for the upcoming year are provided by projected\_demographics.csv.

```
Apartment Prices Dataset:
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 458 entries, 0 to 457
Data columns (total 2 columns):
                      Non-Null Count Dtype
# Column
    Suburb_name
                      458 non-null object
0
    Median price 2023 458 non-null
                                       object
dtypes: object(2)
memory usage: 7.3+ KB
None
Historical Demographic Dataset:
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 458 entries, 0 to 457
Data columns (total 5 columns):
 # Column
                                     Non-Null Count Dtype
 0 Suburb_name
                                     458 non-null object
1 Historical_population_growth 458 non-null float64
 2 Historical_median_income 457 non-null 3 Historical_unemployment_rate 458 non-null
                                    457 non-null float64
                                                    float64
    Historical_priority_growth_area 458 non-null
                                                    int64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 18.0+ KB
None
```

```
Projected Demographic Dataset:
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 458 entries, 0 to 457
Data columns (total 5 columns):
    Column
                                   Non-Null Count Dtype
0
    Suburb name
                                   458 non-null
                                                  object
    Projected_population_growth
                                   458 non-null
                                                  float64
1
2 Projected median income
                                   458 non-null
                                                  float64
    Projected_unemployment rate 458 non-null
                                                   float64
    Projected_priority_growth_area 458 non-null
                                                   float64
dtypes: float64(4), object(1)
memory usage: 18.0+ KB
None
```

The three data sets were first combined on "**Suburb\_name**," after which the data was cleaned and processed.

• **Historical\_median\_income** had one missing value, and Median\_price\_2023 had one incorrect value, which was changed to the column mean.

```
Summary of merged data after conversion:
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 458 entries, 0 to 457
Data columns (total 9 columns):
    Column
                                     Non-Null Count Dtype
    -----
0
    Median_price_2023
                                     457 non-null
                                                    float64
                                     458 non-null float64
457 non-null float64
    Historical population growth
    Historical_median_income
2
    Historical_unemployment_rate 458 non-null float64
3
    Historical priority growth area 458 non-null int64
4
    Projected_population_growth
                                     458 non-null float64
    Projected median income
                                     458 non-null
                                                    float64
    Projected_unemployment_rate
                                     458 non-null
                                                     float64
    Projected_priority_growth_area
                                     458 non-null
                                                     float64
dtypes: float64(8), int64(1)
memory usage: 32.3 KB
None
```

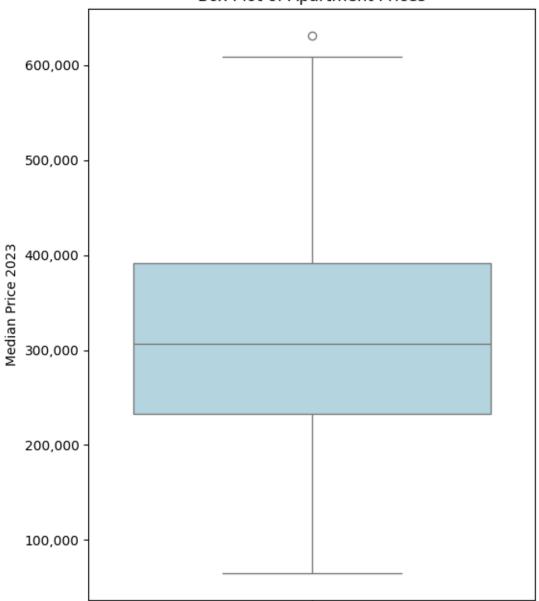
 $\bullet$  Outliers were identified using boxplots and handled by excluding the outliers using IQR

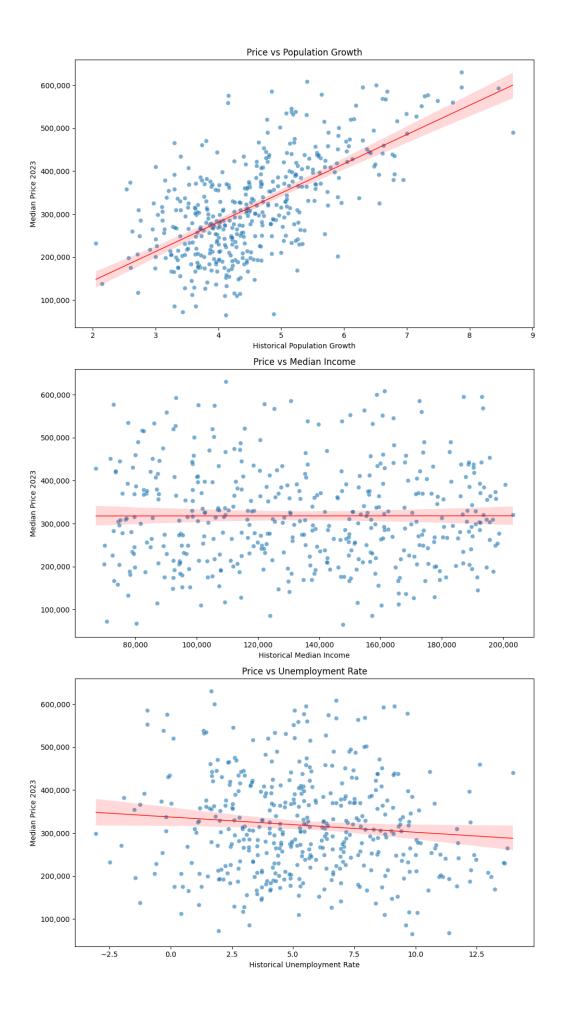
method.

After cleaning the data, it is found that the majority of the suburbs have median prices between 200k and 400k, furthermore, the median price of the apartments has no correlation between Historical median income and very slight negative correlation (-0.1) with Historical unemployment rate.









# **MODEL ESTIMATION:**

Using the cleaned data, the correlation between the variables was analysed and it was noted that 'Median\_price\_2023' had the highest positive correlation of 0.63 between 'Historical\_population\_growth' and 'Projected\_population\_growth' among other variables.

A linear regression model was selected for its simplicity and interpretability. The independent variables selected were:

- Historical population growth
- Historical unemployment rate
- Historical priority growth area

Historical median income has been excluded from the model as it has no correlation with median prices.

These variables were selected because these are some of the key factors which influence the ROI of an apartment.

The formula for the regression model is:

*Median price* =  $\beta$ 0 +  $\beta$ 1 \* Historical\_population\_growth +  $\beta$ 2

\* Historical\_unemployment\_rate + \( \beta 3 \) \* Historical\_priority\_growth\_area

#### Where:

 $\beta$ 0 = -67585 (Intercept)

 $\beta 1 = 93795$ 

 $\beta 2 = -11063$ 

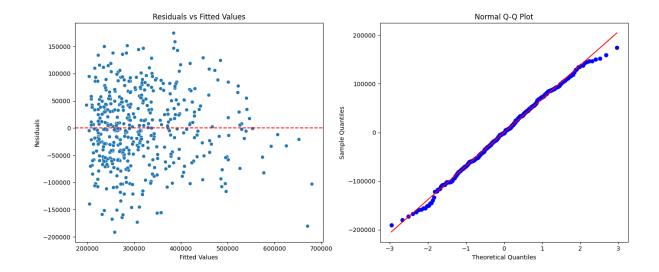
 $\beta 3 = 122622$ 

# **MODEL INTERPRETATION:**

Based on the model summary, it is evident that **Historical\_population\_growth**, **Historical\_unemployment\_rate** and **Historical\_priority\_growth\_area** are significant independent variables.

```
OLS Regression Results
                                OLS Adj. R-squared:
Least Squares F-statistic:
i, 24 Jan 2025 Prob (F-statistic):
07:15:06 Log-Likelihood:
Date:
No. Observations:
Df Residuals:
                                                      AIC
                                                       BIC:
Df Model:
Historical_population_growth
Historical_unemployment_rate
                                                                                                 0.000
0.000
Historical_priority_growth_area 1.226e+05
                                                              9007.828
                                                                                13.613
                                                                                                 0.000
Omnibus:
                                                       Durbin-Watson
 Prob(Omnibus):
                                                        Jarque-Bera (JB):
                                                      Prob(JB):
[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
Historical_population_growth
Historical_unemployment_rate
Historical_priority_growth_area
dtype: float64
                                                122621.622913
```

The suburbs with higher historical rates of population growth and median income are expected to have higher median apartment prices, according to the positive coefficients for both variables. On the other hand, the negative correlation for unemployment rate suggests that lower apartment prices are related to higher unemployment rates. The multiple R- squared value 0.6342 suggests that this model can interpret 63.42% changes in the median prices based on the used independent variables.



- The lack of a clear pattern suggests that the linear model adequately explains the relationship between the independent variables and the dependent variable. The residuals are evenly scattered along the horizontal axis suggesting that the variance of the residuals is consistent across all levels of fitted values.
- The Q—Q plot depicts that majority of the residual follow the 45 degree line suggesting a near normal distribution, validating the assumption required for linear regression.

## **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

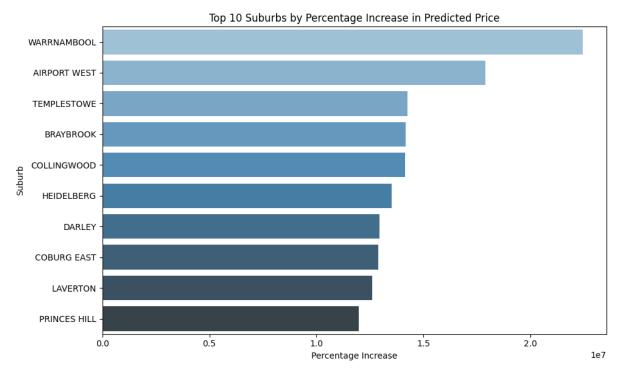
This model is used to find the predicted median price of the apartments in the next year, which are:

	Suburb	Predicted_Price
229	QUARRY HILL	1.969580e+10
341	BALLAN	1.965513e+10
6	CAPEL SOUND	1.950018e+10
249	SHEPPARTON	1.948676e+10
380	HAWTHORN	1.937202e+10
254	CAMPBELLFIELD	1.933138e+10
168	NEWTOWN (GREATER GEELONG)	1.914511e+10
212	Rosanna	1.912743e+10
332	ALTONA EAST	1.912035e+10
288	HAMPTON	1.905614e+10

Then the percentage increase in the median prices is calculate using the formula

$$percentage\ increase = \left(\frac{\textit{Predicted median price-Original median price}}{\textit{Original median price}}\right) * 100$$

As an investor, the company should invest in the suburb which had the highest percentage increase in the median price



Based on these observations, it is evident **WARRNAMBOOL** is the suburb which had the highest percentage increase in the median price of 297.66%. If this trend continues, investing in Montrose will give the highest ROI for the company.