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$$\vec{\nabla}(h^Tx) = \vec{\nabla} \Biggl(\sum_{j=1}^n h_j \ x_j \Biggr) = h$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^TRx = \frac{1}{2}x^T\sum_{j=1}^n \left[\begin{array}{c} R_{1j} \ x_j \\ R_{2j} \ x_j \\ \vdots \\ R_{nj} \ x_j \end{array} \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left(x_1\sum_{j=1}^n R_{1j} \ x_j + x_2\sum_{j=1}^n R_{2j} \ x_j + \dots + x_n\sum_{j=1}^n \ x_j \right) \tag{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\vec{\nabla}(x^TRx) = \frac{1}{2} \left[\begin{array}{c} x_1R_{11} + \sum\limits_{j=1}^n R_{1j} \ x_j + \sum\limits_{j=2}^n R_{j1} \ x_j \\ x_1R_{12} + x_2R_{22} + \sum\limits_{j=1}^n R_{2j} \ x_j + \sum\limits_{j=3}^n R_{j2} \ x_j \\ \vdots \\ \sum\limits_{j=1}^n R_{nj} \ x_j + \sum\limits_{j=1}^n R_{jn} \ x_j \end{array} \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left(\sum\limits_{j=1}^n \left[\begin{array}{c} R_{1j} \ x_j \\ R_{2j} \ x_j \\ \vdots \\ R_{nj} \ x_j \end{array} \right] + \sum\limits_{j=1}^n \left[\begin{array}{c} R_{j1} \ x_j \\ R_{j2} \ x_j \\ \vdots \\ R_{jn} \ x_j \end{array} \right] \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (Rx + R^T x) = \frac{1}{2} (R + R^T) x = Rx.$$

So, $\vec{\nabla}F(x) = h + Rx$.

$$\mathbf{H}_h = 0 : h(x_i^1), \text{ and } \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x_i \partial x_i} = 0.$$

From (1):

$$\mathbf{H}_{\frac{1}{2}x^TRx} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^2(x_1R_{11}x_1)}{\partial x_1^2} & \frac{\partial^2(x_1R_{12}x_2 + x_2R_{21}x_1)}{\partial x_1\partial x_2} & \dots & \frac{\partial^2(x_1R_{1n}x_n + x_nR_{n1}x_1)}{\partial x_1\partial x_n} \\ \frac{\partial^2(x_1R_{12}x_2 + x_2R_{21}x_1)}{\partial x_2\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial^2(x_2R_{22}x_2)}{\partial x_2^2} & \dots & \frac{\partial^2(x_2R_{2n}x_n + x_nR_{n2}x_2)}{\partial x_2\partial x_n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial^2(x_1R_{1n}x_n + x_nR_{n1}x_1)}{\partial x_n\partial x_1} & \frac{\partial^2(x_2R_{2n}x_n + x_nR_{n2}x_2)}{\partial x_n\partial x_2} & \dots & \frac{\partial^2(x_nR_{nn}x_n)}{\partial x_n^2} \end{bmatrix} = R$$

Hence, $\mathbf{H}_{F(x)} = R$.