



## Experiment 07

\* Title : Write a program to implement planning programming

\* Objectives :

1. To understand the basics of planning programming
2. To implement the goal stack planning programming

\* Theory :

Goal stack planning is one of the earliest methods in AI in which we work backwards from goal state to initial state.

We start from goal state & we try fulfilling the pre-conditions required to achieve the initial state. These pre-conditions in turn have their own set of preconditions, which are required to be satisfied first. We keep solving these "goals" & "sub-goals" until we finally arrive at the initial state. We make use of a stack to hold these goals that need to be fulfilled as well the actions that we need to perform for the same.

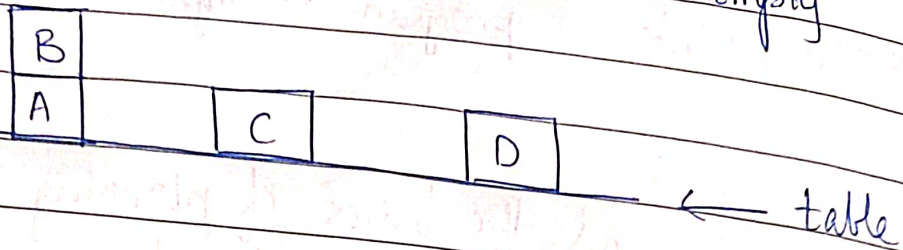
Predicates can be thought of as a statement in which helps us convey the information about a configuration in Blocks world. Given below are the list of predicate as well as their intended meaning

1. On (A, B) : Block A is on B
2. ontable (A) : Block A is on table
3. clear (A) : Nothing is on top of A
4. Holding (A) : Arm is holding A
5. ArmEmpty : Arm is holding nothing

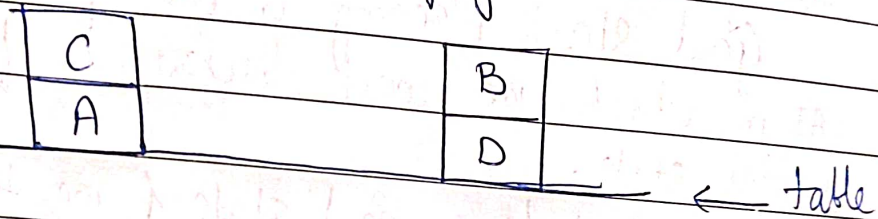
Using these predicates, we can represent initial & goal state



Initial state:  $\text{On}(B, A) \wedge \text{OnTable}(A) \wedge \text{OnTable}(C) \wedge \text{OnTable}(D) \wedge \text{Clear}(B) \wedge \text{Clear}(C) \wedge \text{Clear}(D) \wedge \text{ArmEmpty}$



Goal state:  $\text{On}(C, A) \wedge \text{On}(B, D) \wedge \text{OnTable}(A) \wedge \text{OnTable}(D) \wedge \text{Clear}(C) \wedge \text{Clear}(B) \wedge \text{ArmEmpty}$



Operations can be performed by robot arm such as

1.  $\text{Stack}(x, y)$ : Move block  $x$  on  $y$
2.  $\text{unstack}(x, y)$ : Move block  $x$  which is on top of  $y$
3.  $\text{Pickup}(x)$ : Pick up  $x$  which is on top of table
4.  $\text{Putdown}(x)$ : Put Block  $x$  on table

The effect of these operations is represented using two lists ADD & DELETE. DELETE list contains the predicates which will cease to be true once performed. ADD list on the other hand contains the predicates which will become true once performed. The Pre-condition, Add & Delete list for each operation is rather intuitive. It contains a combination of various predicates

Conclusion: Thus we have studied & implemented goal stack planning programming method

Table (c) ^ On Table (d)

Empty

table

(A) ^ On Table (D) ^