

EVOLUTION OF DEEP LEARNING

1943-1960 •

Foundation of Neural Networks

1943: Threshold Logic Unit

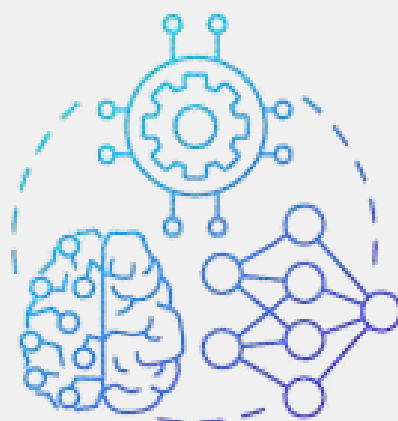
Warren McCulloch & Walter Pitts proposed the first neuron model.

1958: Perceptron

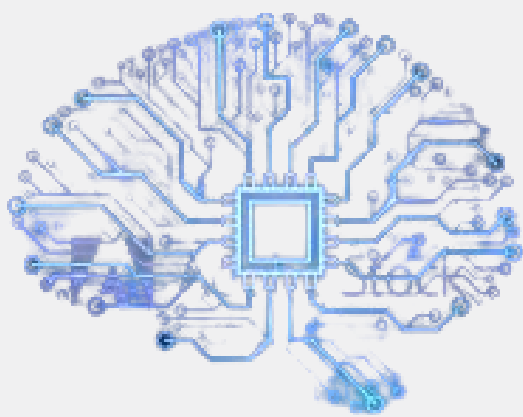
Frank Rosenblatt designed the first trainable neural network.

1960: Adaline

Widrow & Hoff created an early adaptive model using linear neurons.



NEURAL NETWORKS



1969

First Neural Winter Trigger

XOR Problem

- Minsky & Papert proved single-layer perceptrons can't solve XOR.
- Funding and interest in neural networks declined.

1982-1987 •

Rise of Deep Learning Concepts

1982: Multilayer Perceptrons

Introduced deeper networks with hidden layers.

1986: Backpropagation Algorithm

Rumelhart, Hinton, Williams made training feasible.

1989: CNNs (LeNet)

Yann LeCun applied CNNs to digit recognition.

1997: LSTM (Long Short-Term Memory)

Hochreiter & Schmidhuber improved RNNs for long-sequence learning.



1995-2005

Second Neural Winter & Pre-Deep Learning Era

1995: Support Vector Machines (SVMs)

Dominated machine learning due to better generalization.

2006: Deep Belief Networks

Geoffrey Hinton reintroduced deep networks via layer-wise pretraining.



2012-2017

Deep Learning Revolution

2012: AlexNet + GPUs

Krizhevsky, Hinton, Sutskever achieved breakthrough on ImageNet.

2014: GANs

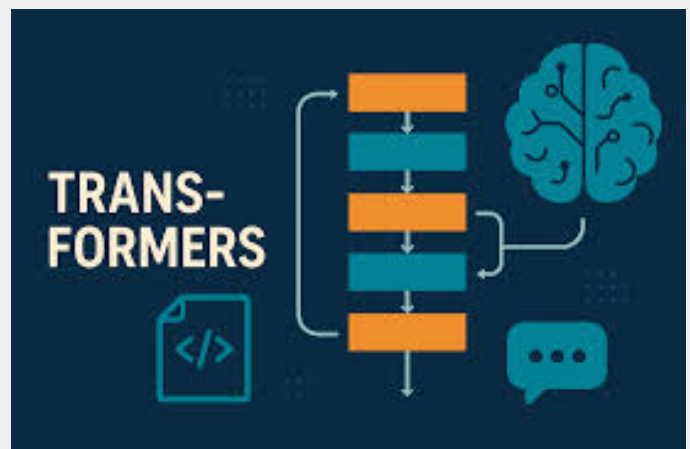
Ian Goodfellow introduced a new way to generate data.

2015: ResNet

Enabled training of ultra-deep networks via skip connections.

2017: Transformers

"Attention is All You Need" revolutionized NLP.



2018-Present

Foundation Models & Multimodal AI

2018-2024:

BERT, GPT-2/3/4, DALL-E, CLIP, Whisper, SAM, Sora

Companies: OpenAI, Google, Meta, Anthropic

