Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Department: I CSE FA

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_MCQ

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 15

Marks Obtained: 15

Section 1: MCQ

1. What is the main advantage of using lambda functions in Python?

Answer

They allow you to write shorter code than regular functions

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What will be the output of the following Python code?

multiply = lambda x, y: x * y print(multiply(2, 'Hello'))

Answer

HelloHello

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. What will be the output of the following Python code? def absolute_value(x) if x < 0: return -x return x result = absolute_value(-9) print(result, absolute_value(5)) **Answer** Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 4. What will be the output of the following code? number = 7result = abs(number) + pow(number, 2) print(result) Answer 56 Status: Correct Marks : 1/1 What will be the output of the following Python code? def maximum(x, y): if x > y: return x elif x == y: return 'The numbers are equal' else: return y print(maximum(2, 3)) Answer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What keyword is used to define a lambda function in Python?

Answer

lambda

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. What will be the output of the following code?

```
def display(*args):
for arg in args:
print(arg)
```

display(10, 20, 30)

Answer

102030

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
def display(b, n):
    while n > 0:
        print(b,end="")
        n=n-1
display('z',3)
```

Answer

ZZZ

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
def C2F(c):
      return c * 9/5 + 32
      print(C2F(100))
      print(C2F(0))
      Answer
      212.032.0
      Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
                                                                         2176240707042
      10. What will be the output of the following code?
      num = -5
      result = abs(num)
      print(result)
      Answer
      5
      Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
      11. What is the output of the following code snippet?
                                                                         2176240701042
      def add(a, b=2):
      return a - b
      result = add(3)
      print(result)
      Answer
      1
      Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
                                                                         2176240701042
      12. What is the output of the code shown?
global x
      def f1():
```

```
print(x)
     x=12
      print("x")
      Answer
      Χ
                                                                       Marks: 1/1
      Status: Correct
      13. What is the output of the following code snippet?
  -yuare(x):
return x ** 2
      def square(x):
      result = square(4)
      print(result)
      Answer
      16
      Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks: 1/1
      14. Which of the following functions can take a lambda function as a
      parameter in Python?
    Answer
      map()
                                                                       Marks: 1/1
      Status: Correct
      15. What is the output of the code shown below?
      def f1(x):
        x += 1
        print(x)
global_variable = 15
```

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_COD_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 50 Marks Obtained : 50

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Sneha is building a more advanced exponential calculator. She wants to implement a program that does the following:

Calculates the result of raising a given base to a specific exponent using Python's built-in pow() function. Displays all intermediate powers from base¹ to base^exponent as a list. Calculates and displays the sum of these intermediate powers.

Help her build this program to automate her calculations.

Input Format

The input consists of line-separated two integer values representing base and exponent.

The first line of the output prints the calculated result of raising the base to the exponent.

The second line prints a list of all powers from base^1 to base^exponent.

The third line prints the sum of all these powers.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 2
Output: 8
[2, 4, 8]
14
```

Answer

```
base=int(input())
exp=int(input())
res=pow(base,exp)
print(res)
pow=[pow(base,i) for i in range(1,exp+1)]
print(pow)
print(sum(pow))
```

Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct

2. Problem Statement

Imagine you are developing a text analysis tool for a cybersecurity company. Your task is to create a function that analyzes input strings to categorize and count the characters into four categories: uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and special characters. The company needs this tool to process log files and identify potential security threats.

Function Signature: analyze_string(input_string)

Input Format

The input consists of a single string (without space), which may include uppercase letters, lowercase letters, digits, and special characters.

Output Format

The first line contains an integer representing the count of uppercase letters in the format "Uppercase letters: [count]".

The second line contains an integer representing the count of lowercase letters in the format "Lowercase letters: [count]".

The third line contains an integer representing the count of digits in the format

The fourth line contains an integer representing the count of special characters in the format "Special characters: [count]".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Hello123

Output: Uppercase letters: 1

Lowercase letters: 4

Digits: 3

Special characters: 0

Answer

def analyze_string(input_string):

uppercase_count=0 lowercase_count=0 digit_count=0 special_count=0

for char in input_string: if char.isupper(): uppercase_count=uppercase_count+1 elif char.islower():

```
lowercase_count=lowercase_count+1
elif char.isdigit():
    digit_count=digit_count+1
else:
    special_count=special_count+1
return uppercase_count, lowercase_count, digit_count, special_count
input_string = input()
uppercase_count, lowercase_count, digit_count, special_count =
analyze_string(input_string)

print("Uppercase letters:", uppercase_count)
print("Lowercase letters:", lowercase_count)
print("Digits:", digit_count)
print("Special characters:", special_count)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Sara is developing a text-processing tool that checks if a given string starts with a specific character or substring. She needs to implement a function that accepts a string and a character (or substring), and returns True if the string starts with the provided character/substring, or False otherwise.

Write a program that uses a lambda function to help Sara perform this check.

Input Format

The first line contains a string `str` representing the main string to be checked.

The second line contains a string `n`, which is the character or substring to check if the main string starts with it.

Output Format

The first line of output prints "True" if the string starts with the given character/substring, otherwise prints "False".

Refer to the sample for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case
Input: Examly
e

Output: False

Answer

str=input().strip() n=input() starts = lambda s,sub : s.startswith(sub) print(starts(str, n))

Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct

Problem Statement

Imagine you are building a messaging application, and you want to know the length of the messages sent by the users. You need to create a program that calculates the length of a message using the built-in function len().

Input Format

The input consists of a string representing the message.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the length of the entered message.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: hello!! Output: 7 Answer

```
str=input().strip()
n=len(str)
print(n)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

5. Problem Statement

Implement a program that needs to identify Armstrong numbers.

Armstrong numbers are special numbers that are equal to the sum of their digits, each raised to the power of the number of digits in the number.

Write a function is_armstrong_number(number) that checks if a given number is an Armstrong number or not.

Function Signature: armstrong_number(number)

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of a single integer, n, representing the number to be checked.

Output Format

The output should consist of a single line that displays a message indicating whether the input number is an Armstrong number or not.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 153

Output: 153 is an Armstrong number.

Answer

```
def is_arm_num(num):
    num_str=str(num)
    num_digits=len(num_str)
    arm_sum=sum(int(digits)**num_digits for digits in num_str)
```

```
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         if arm_sum==num:
           return True
         else:
           return False
      def arm_num(num):
         if is_arm_num(num):
           print(f"{n} is an Armstrong number.")
         else:
           print(f"{n} is not an Armstrong number.")
      n=int(input())
      arm_num(n)
                        2176240707042
                                                                     Marks: 10/10 10/10
      Status : Correct
                                                                          2176240707042
2176240707042
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```

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_PAH_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 60 Marks Obtained : 60

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Sophia is developing a feature for her online banking application that calculates the total sum of digits in customers' account numbers. This sum is used to generate unique verification codes for secure transactions. She needs a program that takes an account number as input and outputs the sum of its digits.

Help Sophia to complete her task.

Function Specification: def sum_digits(num)

Input Format

The input consists of an integer, representing the customer's account number.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the sum of the digits of the account number.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 123245
Output: 17
Answer
num = int(input())
def sum_digits(num):
  tot=0
  for digit in str(abs(num)):
    tot=tot+int(digit)
  return tot
sum = sum_digits(num)
print(sum)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Alice works at a digital marketing company, where she analyzes large datasets. One day, she's tasked with processing customer ID numbers, which are long numeric sequences.

To simplify her task, Alice needs to calculate the digital root of each ID. The digital root is obtained by repeatedly summing the digits of a number until a single digit remains.

Help Alice write a program that reads a customer ID number, calculates its

For example, the sum of the digits of 98675 is 9 + 8 + 6 + 7 + 5 = 35, then 3 + 5 = 8, which is the digital root.

Function prototype: def digital_root(num)

Input Format

The input consists of an integer num.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the sum of digits for a given number until a single digit is obtained.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 451110
Output: 3

Answer

num = int(input())

def digital_root(num):
    while num>=10:
    tot=0
    while num>0:
    tot=tot+num%10
    num=num//10
    num=tot
    return num
```

print(digital_root(num))

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Hussain wants to create a program to calculate a person's BMI (Body Mass Index) based on their weight in kilograms and height in meters. The

Your program should take user input for weight and height, calculate the BMI, and display the result.

Function Signat

Function Signature: calculate_bmi(weight, height)

Formula: BMI = Weight/(Height)2

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a positive floating-point number, the person's weight in kilograms.

The second line of input consists of a positive floating-point number, the person's height in meters.

Output Format

The output displays "Your BMI is: [BM] followed by a float value representing the calculated BMI, rounded off two decimal points.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 70.0
1.75
```

Output: Your BMI is: 22.86

```
Answer
    weight = float(input())
    height = float(input())
    def calculate_bmi(weight,height):
       bmi=weight/(height*height)
       return round(bmi, 2)
    print("Your BMI is:",calculate_bmi(weight, height))
calculate_bmi(weight, height)
```

Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct

4. Problem Statement

Create a Python program to monitor temperatures in a greenhouse using two sensors. Calculate and display the absolute temperature difference between the two sensor readings to ensure proper temperature control.

Note: Use the abs() built-in function.

Input Format

The first line consists of a floating-point number, representing the temperature reading from Sensor 1.

The second line consists of a floating-point number, representing the temperature reading from Sensor 2.

Output Format

The output displays the absolute temperature difference between Sensor 1 and Sensor 2, rounded to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 33.2

26.7

Output: Temperature difference: 6.50 °C

Answer

s1=float(input()) s2=float(input())

diff=round(abs(s1-s2), 2) print("Temperature difference:", f"{diff:.2f} °C")

Marks: 10/10 Status : Correct

Ella is designing a messaging application that needs to handle long text messages efficiently. To optimize storage and transmission should implement a text compression feature the characters will characters with the character followed by its count, while leaving nonrepeated characters unchanged.

Help Ella create a recursive function to achieve this compression without altering the original message's meaning.

Function Specification: def compress_string(*args)

Input Format

The input consists of a single line containing the string to be compressed.

Output Format

The output consists of a single line containing the compressed string.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: aaaBBBccc
      Output: a3B3c3
      Answer
      def comp_str(*args):
         s=args[0]
         def recurse(i,c,res):
           if i>=len(s):
             return res
           if i+1 < len(s) and s[i] = s[i+1]:
nelse:
             return recurse(i+1,c+1,res)
             res=res+s[i]+(str(c) if c>1 else ")
             return recurse(i+1, 1, res)
```

return recurse(0, 1, ")

input_str=input() print(comp_str(input_str)

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

6. Problem Statement

Ravi is working on analyzing a set of integers to determine how many of them are divisible by 3 and how many are divisible by 5. He decides to use lambda functions to filter and count the numbers based on their divisibility.

Write a program that takes a list of integers, calculates how many numbers are divisible by 3, and how many are divisible by 5, and then prints the results.

Additionally, the program should calculate the total sum of all numbers divisible by 3 and divisible by 5 separately.

Input Format

The first line contains an integer n, representing the number of integers in the list

The second line contains n space-separated integers.

Output Format

The first line should print the count of numbers divisible by 3.

The second line should print the count of numbers divisible by 5.

The third line should print the sum of numbers divisible by 3.

The fourth line should print the sum of numbers divisible by 5.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

```
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                                                   2176240701042
      Sample Test Case
3 5 6 10 15 20
Ωμιτα
      4
      24
      50
      Answer
      n=int(input())
      nums=list(map(int,input().split()))
                                                                             2176240707042
      div3=list(filter(lambda x:x%3==0,nums))
      div5=list(filter(lambda x:x%5==0, nums))
      print(len(div3))
      print(len(div5))
      print(sum(div3))
      print(sum(div5))
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 4_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 40 Marks Obtained : 40

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Implement a program for a retail store that needs to find the highest even price in a list of product prices. Your goal is to efficiently determine the maximum even price from a series of product prices. Utilize the max() inbuilt function in the program.

For example, if the prices are 10 15 24 8 37 16, the even prices are 10 24 8 16. So, the maximum even price is 24.

Input Format

The input consists of a series of product prices separated by a space.

The prices should be entered as a space-separated string of numbers.

Output Format

If there are no even prices in the input, the output prints "No even prices were found".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 10 15 24 8 37 16

Output: The maximum even price is: 24

Answer

```
prices=input()
str=list(map(int,prices.split()))
even=[price for price in str if price%2==0]
if even:
  max=max(even)
  print("The maximum even price is:", max)
else:
  print("No even prices were found")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

Problem Statement

Develop a text analysis tool that needs to count the occurrences of a specific substring within a given text string.

Write a function count_substrings(text, substring) that takes two inputs: the text string and the substring to be counted. The function should count how many times the substring appears in the text string and return the count.

Function Signature: count_substrings(text, substring)

Input Format

The first line of the input consists of a string representing the text.

The second line consists of a string representing the substring.

Output Format

The output should display a single line of output containing the count of occurrences of the substring in the text string.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: programming is fun and programming is cool programming

Output: The substring 'programming' appears 2 times in the text.

Answer

```
def count_sstr(text,sstr):
    return text.count(sstr)
text=input()
sstr=input()
count=count_sstr(text,sstr)
print(f"The substring '{sstr}' appears {count} times in the text.")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Arjun is working on a mathematical tool to manipulate lists of numbers. He needs a program that reads a list of integers and generates two lists: one containing the squares of the input numbers, and another containing the cubes. Arjun wants to use lambda functions for both tasks.

Write a program that computes the square and cube of each number in the input list using lambda functions.

Input Format

2716240707042 The input consists of a single line of space-separated integers representing the list of input numbers.

Output Format

The first line contains a list of the squared values of the input numbers.

The second line contains a list of the cubed values of the input numbers.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1 2 3 Output: [1, 4, 9] [1, 8, 27]

Answer

nums=list(map(int,input().split())) square=lambda x:x*x cube=lambda x:x*x*x squares=list(map(square,nums)) cubes=list(map(cube,nums)) print(squares) print(cubes)

Marks: 10/10 Status: Correct

4. Problem Statement

Create a program for a mathematics competition where participants need to find the smallest positive divisor of a given integer n. Your program should efficiently determine this divisor using the min() function and display the result.

Input Format

The input consists of a single positive integer n, representing the number for 6

which the smallest positive divisor needs to be found.

Output Format

The output prints the smallest positive divisor of the input integer in the format: "The smallest positive divisor of [n] is: [smallest divisor]".

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

Sample Test Case

Input: 24

Output: The smallest positive divisor of 24 is: 2

Answer

```
n=int(input())
if n==1:
    sdiv=1
else:
    div=[i for i in range(2, n+1) if n%i==0]
    sdiv=min(div)
print(f"The smallest positive divisor of {n} is: {sdiv}")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

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