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Bit-wise Operators:

Formula: 2^{**n}

n is the number of bits

Binary digits if it is one bit: only two combinations are possible (1,0)

if it is 2 bits: four combinations are possible - 00 01 10 11(0-3)

if it is 3 bits: eight combinations- 000 001 010 011 100 101 110 111(0-7)

if it is 4 bits: 16 combinations (0-15)

if it is 5 bits: 0-31

Binary representation of decimal numbers:

0-000

1-001

2-010

3-011

4-100

5-101

6-110

7-111

9-1001

12-1100

15-1111

Bit wise operators in python: $\&$ $|$ \sim \gg \ll

Bitwise and,or

1 1 1 1 \Rightarrow 15

0 1 1 0 \Rightarrow 6

and

0 1 1 0 \Rightarrow 6

or

1 1 1 1 \Rightarrow 15

Examples:

15 **&** 6

6

15 **|** 6

15

1 1 0 0 \Rightarrow 12

0 0 1 1 \Rightarrow 3

and

0 0 0 0 \Rightarrow 0

#or

1 1 1 1 \Rightarrow 15

12 **&** 3

0

$12 \mid 3$

15

$3 \& 12$

0

$3 \mid 12$

15

left shift and right shift:

right shift 13 by 2 times

$13 \gg 2$

$1\ 1\ 0\ 1 \Rightarrow 13$

after one left shift:

$0\ 1\ 1\ 0$

after two shifts:

$0\ 0\ 1\ 1$

$13 \gg 2 = 3$

left shift 13 by 2 places

$13 \ll 2$

$1\ 1\ 0\ 1 \Rightarrow 13$

after one left shift:

$1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0 \Rightarrow 26$

after two shifts:

$1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0 \Rightarrow 52$

$13 \ll 2 = 52$

$13 \gg 2$

3

$13 \ll 2$

52

Nested if Statements:

- one if inside another if is considered as nested if statements.
- we should write two if statements one after the other.
- Both statements are dependent and have some relation.
- The computational time is comparatively less than the if...elif...else statements.

Syntax:

if(condition1):#outer if

 if(condition2):#inner if

 statements of condition2

 else:

 statements of inner else

else:

 statements of outer else

Example:

Write a program to print if the given number is positive,negative or zero

```
n = int(input("enter a number : "))
```

```
if(n >= 0):
```

```
    if(n > 0 ):
```

```
        print("The number is +ve")
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("The number is -ve")
```

```
enter a number : -2
```

```
The number is -ve
```