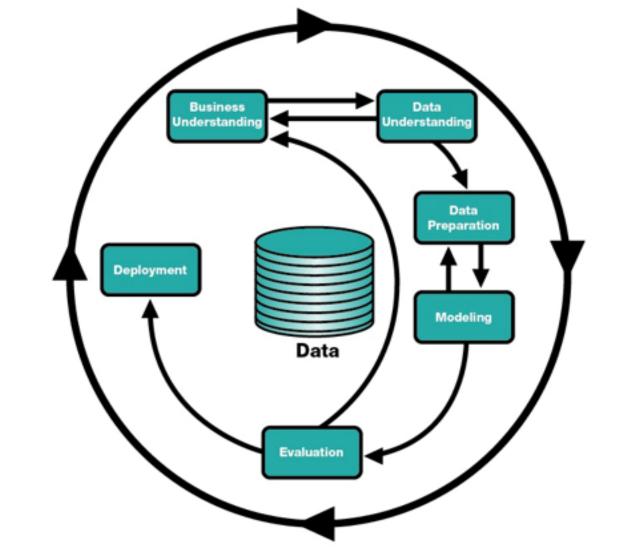
# DATA SCIENCE 11 WEEK PART TIME COURSE

Week 1 – Data Science & Git Wednesday 22nd March

- 1. What are the steps in a Data Science project?
- 2. What is Python and why is it Popular with Data Scientists?
- 3. Bit more Git
- 4. Git Lab
- 5. Discussion
- 6. Course Projects
- 7. Homework

# WHAT ARE THE STEPS IN A DATA SCIENCE PROJECT?



#### What is Data Science?



#### PROGRAMMING FOR DATA SCIENCE

"Data analysis projects today rely on databases, computer and network hardware, and computer and network software. A collection of models and methods for data analysis will be used only if the collection is implemented in a computing environment that makes the models and methods sufficiently efficient to use"



WHAT IS PYTHON 7

 Created by Guido Van Rossem in 1991 and emphasizes productivity and code readability

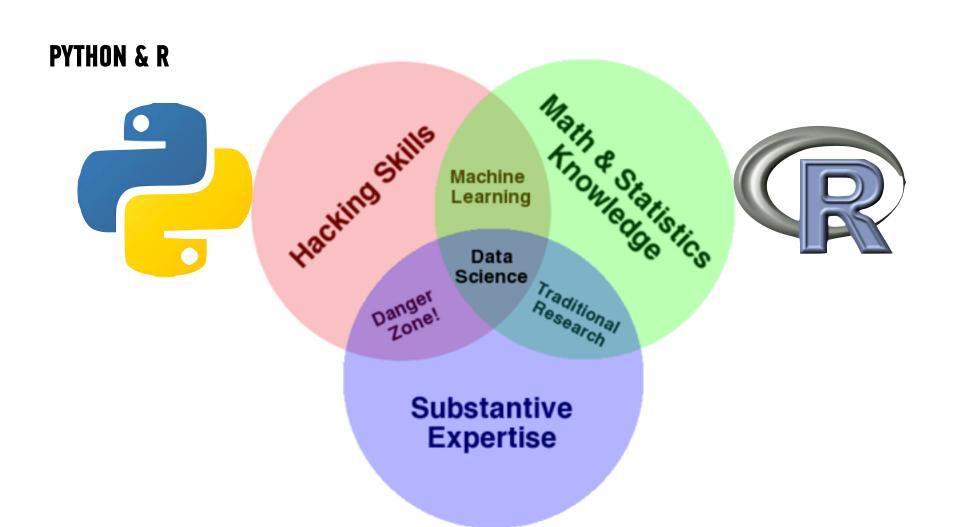
Version 3 (but 2.7 is still very popular)



 "Python is an interpreted, object-oriented, high-level programming language with dynamic semantics"

- Batteries Included: Large collection of built in libraries e.g. SciKit, Pandas, Theano, etc
- Simple and clean syntax
- General purpose language: lots of people outside of data science will be able to work with it





# USING DATA SCIENCE PACKAGES

- Packages are libraries of code written to solve a particular set of problems
- In Python there are many related to data science including Pandas, SciKit Learn, Numpy
- These are installed and managed with PIP (Pip Installs Packages)

pip install some-package-name

#### WHAT PACKAGES DO YOU NEED?

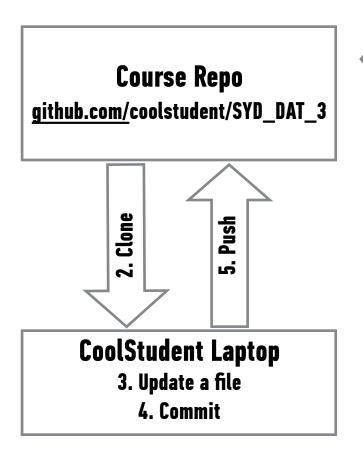
- pandas: manipulate data
- SciPy / NumPy: scientific computing and numerical calculations
- scikit-learn: use machine learning methods
- matplotlib: visualise data
- statsmodels: perform statistical tests
- Beautiful Soup: read in XML and HTML data
- iPython: interactive programming

## A BIT MORE GIT!



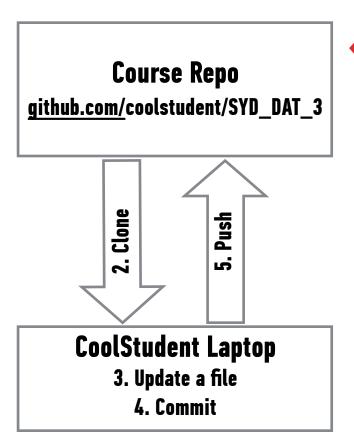
 Forking, making a copy of someone else's repository so you can work on it

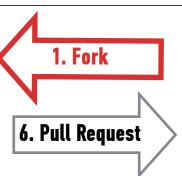




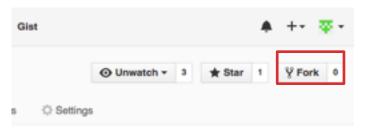
1. Fork
6. Pull Request

Course Repo github.com/ihansel/SYD\_DAT\_3

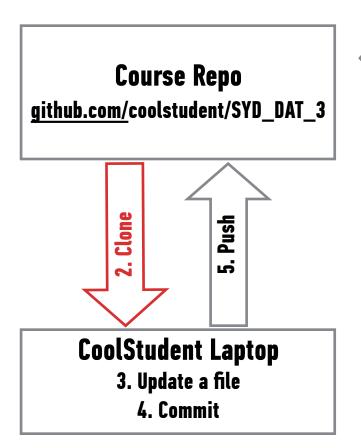




Course Repo
github.com/ihansel/SYD\_DAT\_3



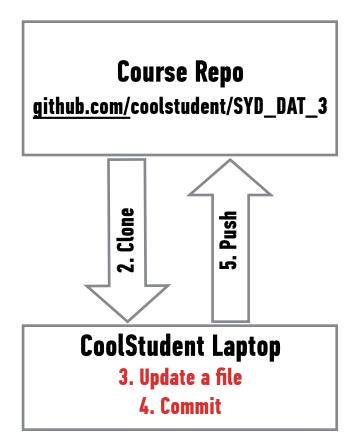
Forking, making a copy of someone else's repository so you can work on it



1. Fork
6. Pull Request

Course Repo
github.com/ihansel/SYD\_DAT\_3

Cloning is copying the repo to your local machine (like Monday's class)

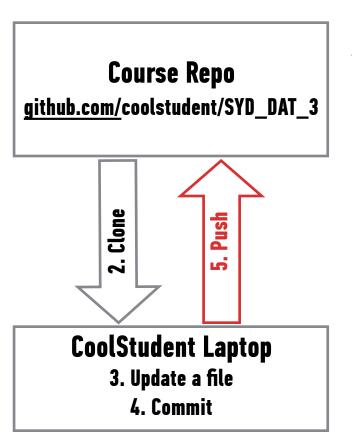


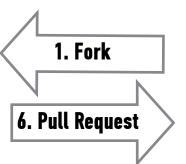
1. Fork

6. Pull Request

Course Repo
github.com/ihansel/SYD\_DAT\_3

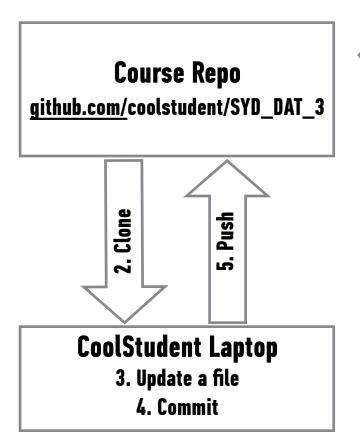
Update files and commit any changes you make (still only on your local machine)





Course Repo
github.com/ihansel/SYD\_DAT\_3

Push the changes from your local machine to your github account



1. Fork

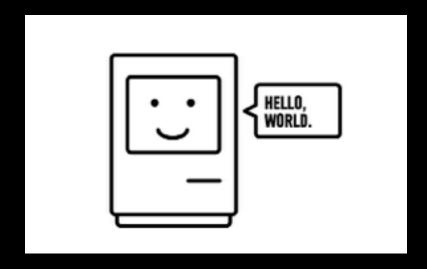
6. Pull Request

Course Repo
github.com/ihansel/SYD\_DAT\_3

Then submit those changes as a pull request so I can see them.

#### DATA SCIENCE PART TIME COURSE

## GIT LAB



## DISCUSSION TIME

## DISCUSSION TIME

#### **Prework**

- ▶ Readings
  - Metacademy Learning Plan
  - Data Science Handbook
  - → An Introduction to Statistical Learning

## DISCUSSION TIME

#### Homework

- ▶ Due next Friday
- ▶ I will review within 7 days
- Counts to letter of completion
- → (Will be easy)

