# **Data Mining Project**

#### **Data Description**

This dataset contains comprehensive information on 2,392 high school students, detailing their demographics, study habits, parental involvement, extracurricular activities, and academic performance. The target variable, GradeClass, classifies students' grades into distinct categories.

#### Variables:

- StudentID: A unique identifier assigned to each student (1001 to 3392).
- Age: The age of the students ranges from 15 to 18 years.
- Gender: Gender of the students, where 0 represents Male and 1 represents Female.
- **Ethnicity**: The ethnicity of the students, coded as follows:
  - o 0: Caucasian
  - o 1: African American
  - o 2: Asian
  - 3: Other
- ParentalEducation: The education level of the parents, coded as follows:
  - o 0: None
  - o 1: High School
  - o 2: Some College
  - o 3: Bachelor's
  - o 4: Higher
- **StudyTimeWeekly**: Weekly study time in hours, ranging from 0 to 20.
- **Absences**: Number of absences during the school year, ranging from 0 to 30.
- Tutoring: Tutoring status, where 0 indicates No and 1 indicates Yes.

- ParentalSupport: The level of parental support, coded as follows:
  - o 0: None
  - o 1: Low
  - o 2: Moderate
  - o 3: High
  - o 4: Very High
- **Extracurricular**: Participation in extracurricular activities, where 0 indicates No and 1 indicates Yes.
- Sports: Participation in sports, where 0 indicates No and 1 indicates Yes.
- Music: Participation in music activities, where 0 indicates No and 1 indicates Yes.
- **Volunteering**: Participation in volunteering, where 0 indicates No and 1 indicates Yes.
- **GPA**: Grade Point Average on a scale from 2.0 to 4.0, influenced by study habits, parental involvement, and extracurricular activities.
- GradeClass: Classification of students' grades based on GPA:

```
\circ 0: 'A' (GPA >= 3.5)
```

- 1: 'B' (3.0 <= GPA < 3.5)
- o 2: 'C' (2.5 <= GPA < 3.0)
- o 3: 'D' (2.0 <= GPA < 2.5)
- 4: 'F' (GPA < 2.0)</p>

#### **Data Importing:**

```
## [1] 2392 13
Y=mydata[,"GradeClass"]
X=mydata[,-13]
```

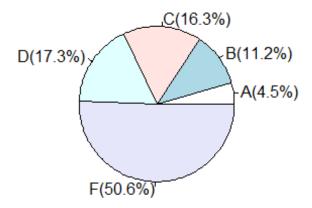
#### **Exploratory Data Analysis**

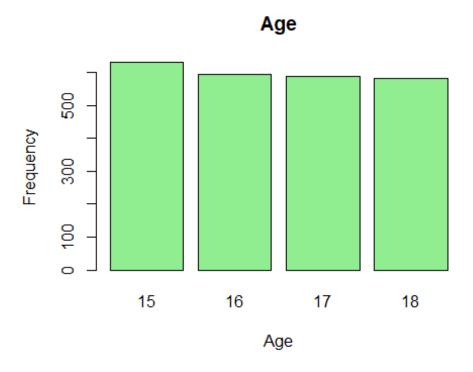
```
sum(is.na(mydata))
## [1] 0
```

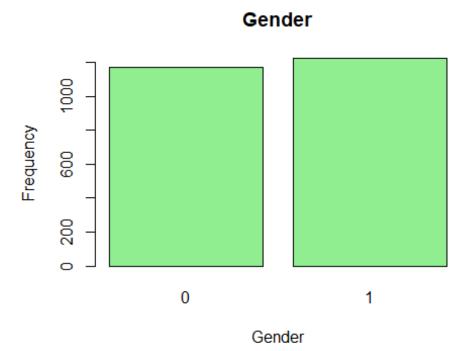
We confirm from the info that there are no nulls in this DataFrame.

```
a=table(mydata$GradeClass)
label=c("A","B","C","D","F")
pie(a,labels=paste0(label,"(",round(a/ sum(a)*100,1),"%)"),
    main = "Pie Chart of GradeClass")
```

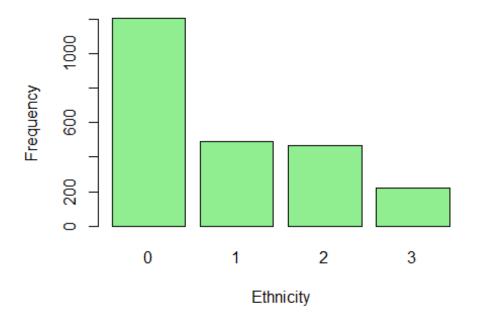
#### Pie Chart of GradeClass



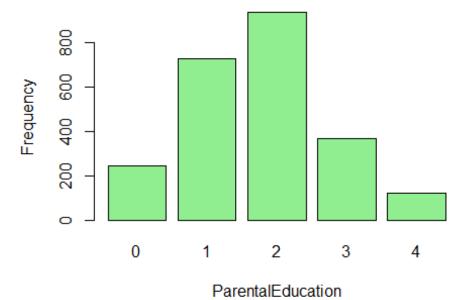




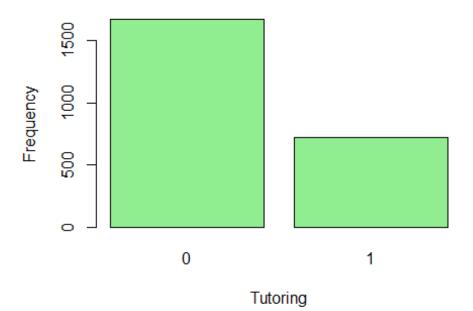
# Ethnicity



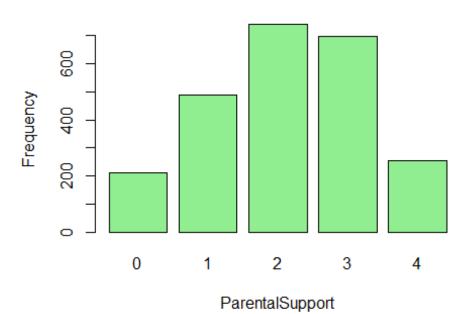
#### ParentalEducation



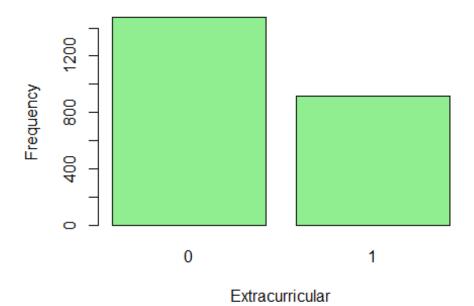




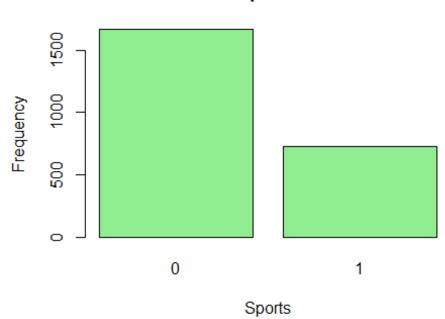
# **ParentalSupport**



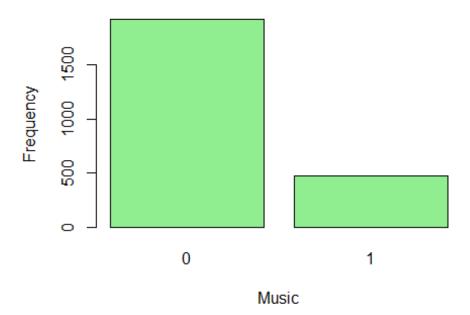
### Extracurricular



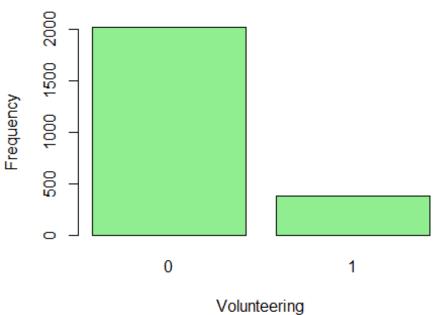
# Sports



#### Music



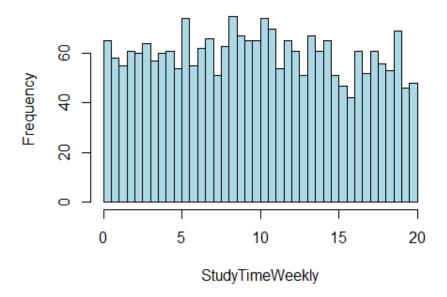
#### Volunteering



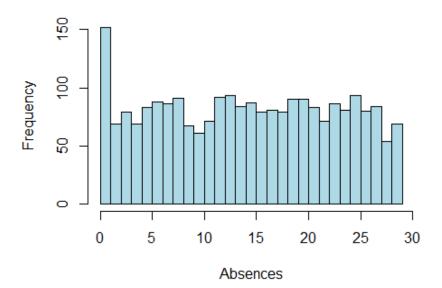
```
numerical=mydata0[,c(6,7,14)]
for(i in 1:ncol(numerical))
{
   hist(numerical[,i],main=colnames(numerical)[i],nclass=30,
```

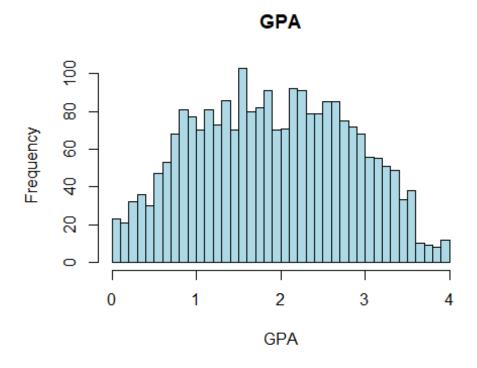
```
xlab=colnames(numerical)[i],
ylab="Frequency",col="lightblue")
```

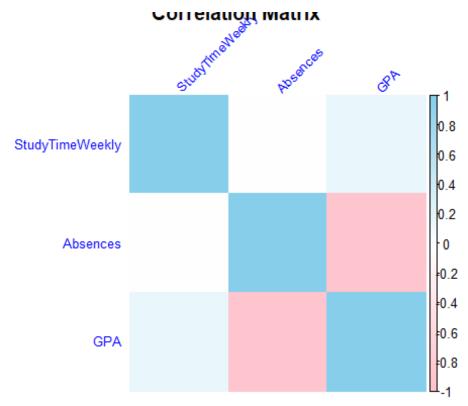
## StudyTimeWeekly



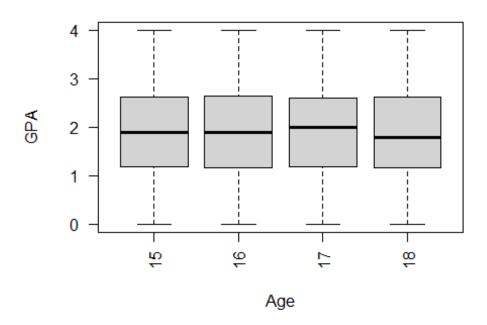
#### **Absences**



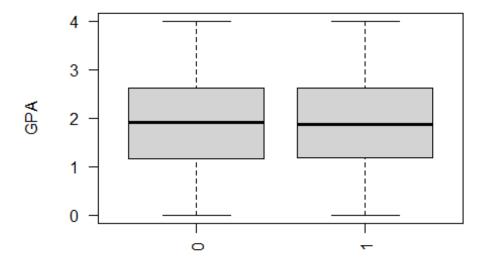




### **Boxplot of GPA vs Age**

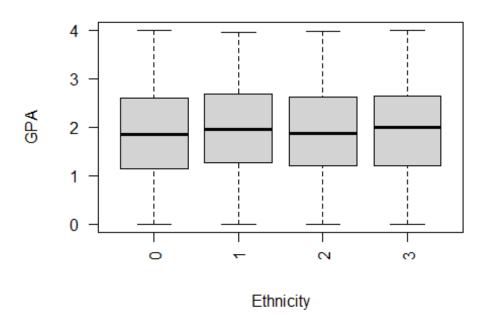


## **Boxplot of GPA vs Gender**

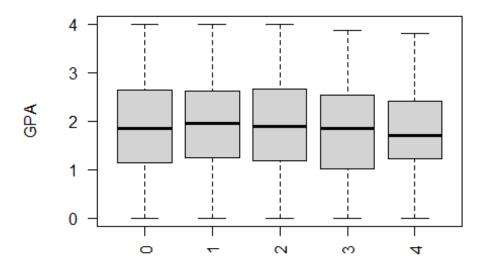


Gender

### **Boxplot of GPA vs Ethnicity**

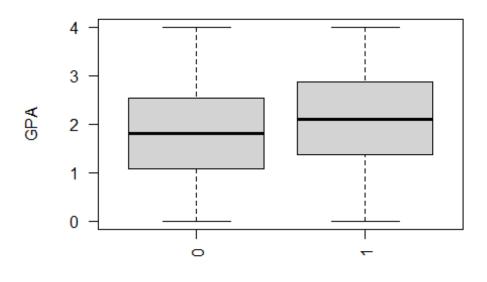


### **Boxplot of GPA vs ParentalEducation**



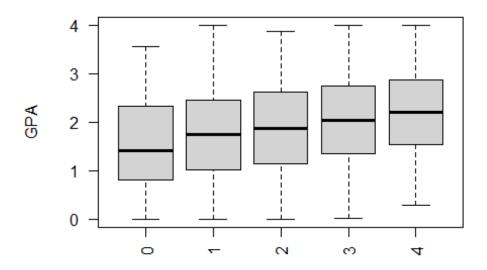
ParentalEducation

### **Boxplot of GPA vs Tutoring**



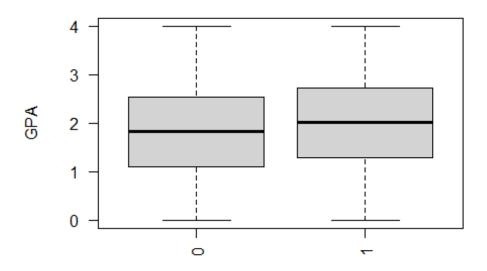
Tutoring

### **Boxplot of GPA vs ParentalSupport**



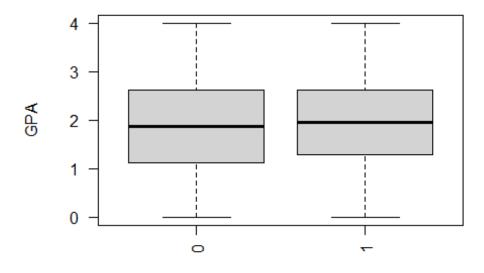
ParentalSupport

### **Boxplot of GPA vs Extracurricular**



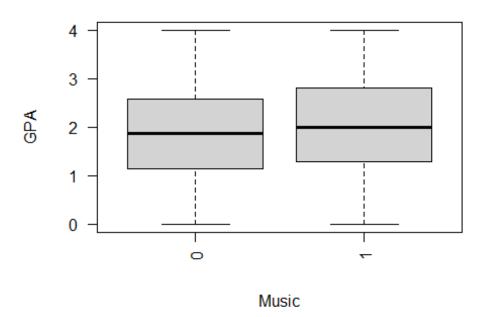
Extracurricular

### **Boxplot of GPA vs Sports**

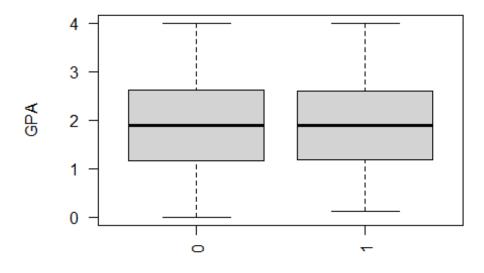


Sports

### **Boxplot of GPA vs Music**



### **Boxplot of GPA vs Volunteering**



Volunteering

# **Model Fitting**

#### 1. Multinomial Logistic Regression

Data Preparation: Creating dummy variables and splitting dataset as train and test.

```
data1=mydata
data1$eth caucasian=ifelse(data1$Ethnicity==0,1,0)
data1$eth African American=ifelse(data1$Ethnicity==1,1,0)
data1$eth_Asian=ifelse(data1$Ethnicity==2,1,0)
data1$par ed High school=ifelse(data1$ParentalEducation==1,1,0)
data1$par ed college=ifelse(data1$ParentalEducation==2,1,0)
data1$par ed bachelor=ifelse(data1$ParentalEducation==3,1,0)
data1$par_ed_higher=ifelse(data1$ParentalEducation==4,1,0)
data1$Par_sup_low=ifelse(data1$ParentalSupport==1,1,0)
data1$Par sup moderate=ifelse(data1$ParentalSupport==2,1,0)
data1$Par_sup_high=ifelse(data1$ParentalSupport==3,1,0)
data1$Par sup very high=ifelse(data1$ParentalSupport==4,1,0)
data2=data1[,-c(3,4,8)]
idx=sample(nrow(data2), size = 0.7*nrow(data2), replace = FALSE)
train=data2[idx,]
test=data2[-idx,]
```

Fitting model on train data set.

```
library(nnet)
logistic model = multinom(GradeClass ~ ., data =data.frame(train))
## # weights: 110 (84 variable)
## initial value 2694.199065
## iter 10 value 1722.430367
## iter 20 value 1521.268520
## iter 30 value 1379.307227
## iter 40 value 1352.495807
## iter 50 value 1342.955388
## iter 60 value 1340.478248
## iter 70 value 1339.823053
## iter 80 value 1339.676179
## iter 90 value 1339.643717
## final value 1339.643635
## converged
summary(logistic_model)
```

```
## Call:
## multinom(formula = GradeClass ~ ., data = data.frame(train))
##
## Coefficients:
                                  Gender StudyTimeWeekly
##
     (Intercept)
                          Age
                                                            Absences
                                                                       Tutori
ng
## B
        4.002384 -0.084482272 0.09350458
                                             -0.03530022 -0.04951313 -0.44952
46
## C
       4.791461 -0.010500704 0.16533453
                                             36
       4.546972 -0.051529922 0.13797502
## D
                                             -0.13920546   0.30682392   -1.56977
40
        2.051251 -0.009533597 0.13112417
## F
                                             -0.23082973   0.63605777   -2.19351
90
                                     Music Volunteering eth_caucasian
##
     Extracurricular
                         Sports
## B
         -0.07108413 0.1697829 0.2617197 -0.09002078
                                                           -0.7862314
## C
         -0.25228041 -0.1874577 -0.2074666 -0.14942263
                                                           -0.8118651
## D
         -0.79481638 -0.3136178 -0.4355552 -0.14661753
                                                           -0.8209159
## F
         -1.12212270 -0.7580979 -0.5016813
                                             0.02597506
                                                           -0.3164758
##
     eth_African_American eth_Asian par_ed_High_school par_ed_college
               -0.7693074 -1.4027435
## B
                                            0.032084705
                                                            0.08827789
## C
               -0.7683193 -1.2126765
                                            0.003273188
                                                           -0.03481707
## D
               -0.5564450 -0.9027420
                                            0.350282129
                                                            0.03850479
## F
               -0.4231849 -0.6325834
                                           -0.044366137
                                                           -0.20864999
     par ed bachelor par ed higher Par sup low Par sup moderate Par sup high
## B
         -0.33019108
                         0.8699894
                                     0.3384141
                                                      0.7484593
                                                                   -0.3003643
## C
         -0.26436657
                         0.6646912 -0.6398722
                                                     -0.7408678
                                                                  -2.1904080
                         1.2895607 -0.4163825
## D
         -0.04156643
                                                     -0.9736310
                                                                  -2.5452884
                         1.3801192 -1.1272261
## F
         -0.26916788
                                                     -2.1247821
                                                                  -4.2760893
##
     Par sup very high
## B
            -0.9464278
## C
            -2.8299110
## D
            -3.1116559
## F
            -5.2919763
##
## Std. Errors:
##
     (Intercept)
                       Age
                              Gender StudyTimeWeekly
                                                       Absences Tutoring
## B
        2.410577 0.1278449 0.2851014
                                          0.02653595 0.03308449 0.2887667
## C
        2.329792 0.1247437 0.2797657
                                          0.02625735 0.03134548 0.2875915
        2.414245 0.1299794 0.2927455
                                          0.02774533 0.03369122 0.3085216
## D
        2.603644 0.1413947 0.3180574
                                          0.03025997 0.03851930 0.3382356
     Extracurricular
                        Sports
                                   Music Volunteering eth caucasian
## B
           0.2878931 0.3111430 0.3404571
                                            0.3768517
                                                          0.5971815
           0.2825833 0.3086548 0.3408288
## C
                                            0.3727588
                                                          0.5914160
           0.2990582 0.3206466 0.3602217
## D
                                            0.3899449
                                                          0.6128225
## F
           0.3257401 0.3478853 0.3915714
                                            0.4252097
                                                          0.6601993
##
     eth_African_American eth_Asian par_ed_High_school par_ed_college
## B
                0.6455340 0.6392624
                                             0.5123817
                                                            0.4933839
## C
                0.6387088 0.6251921
                                             0.4956124
                                                            0.4786742
                0.6610988 0.6460518
## D
                                             0.5203162
                                                            0.5061917
```

```
## F
                0.7142868 0.6998570
                                             0.5591249
                                                            0.5417717
     par ed bachelor par ed higher Par sup low Par sup moderate Par sup high
##
## B
           0.5738513
                          1.180251
                                     0.9700283
                                                      0.9098058
                                                                   0.8818479
## C
           0.5530251
                          1.158186
                                     0.8763875
                                                      0.8204472
                                                                   0.7918183
## D
           0.5818256
                          1.162634
                                     0.9012985
                                                      0.8490933
                                                                   0.8223991
                          1.198893
## F
           0.6258513
                                     0.9335442
                                                      0.8822694
                                                                   0.8597359
     Par_sup_very_high
##
## B
             0.9117061
## C
             0.8266716
## D
             0.8612576
## F
             0.9127389
##
## Residual Deviance: 2679.287
## AIC: 2847,287
```

The objective of multinomial logistic regression model is to minimize negative log likelihood function which is attained at value 1410.87

```
training pred=predict(logistic model, newdata = train)
training conf matrix=table(Predicted = training pred, Actual = train$GradeCla
ss)
print(training_conf_matrix)
##
            Actual
## Predicted
               Α
                   В
                       C
                           D
                               F
##
           Α
               9
                   9
                       5
                           1
                               0
##
           В
             40 126 30
                           5
                               2
           C
                               4
##
              8
                  38 186
                         56
                     48 161
##
           D
              6
                   4
                              32
##
              12
                 16 13 72 791
training_accuracy = sum(diag(training_conf_matrix)) / sum(training_conf_matrix
training_error_rate=1-training_accuracy
print(paste("training Error Rate:", round(training_error_rate*100,2),"%"))
## [1] "training Error Rate: 23.95 %"
#training accuracy = mean(training pred == train$GradeClass)
cat("Training_Accuracy:", training_accuracy, "\n")
## Training Accuracy: 0.760454
# Make predictions
testing pred=predict(logistic model, newdata = test)
testing_conf_matrix=table(Predicted = testing_pred, Actual = test$GradeClass)
print(testing conf matrix)
##
            Actual
## Predicted
              Α
                   В
                       C
                           D
                               F
               0
                   5
                               0
##
           Α
                       2
                           1
##
           В
              21
                  34 12
                               3
```

```
##
               3 18 66 22 2
##
                 5 20 57 20
           D
               3
           F
                       9 38 357
##
               5 14
testing accuracy = sum(diag(testing conf matrix)) / sum(testing conf matrix)
testing error rate= 1-testing accuracy
print(paste("Testing Error Rate:", round(testing_error_rate*100,2),"%"))
## [1] "Testing Error Rate: 28.41 %"
#testing accuracy = mean(testing pred == test$GradeClass)
cat("Testing_Accuracy:", testing_accuracy, "\n")
## Testing Accuracy: 0.7158774
Variable selection:
library(MASS)
step=stepAIC(logistic model, direction="both")
summary(step)$call
       Tutoring + Extracurricular + Sports + Music + Par sup moderate +
       Par_sup_high + Par_sup_very_high, data = data.frame(train))
    Tutoring + Extracurricular + Sports + Music + par_ed_higher +
    Par sup low + Par sup moderate + Par sup high + Par sup very high,
    data = data.frame(train))
```

```
## multinom(formula = GradeClass ~ StudyTimeWeekly + Absences +
##
##
new logistic=multinom(formula = GradeClass ~ StudyTimeWeekly + Absences +
## # weights: 65 (48 variable)
## initial value 2694.199065
## iter 10 value 1591.913859
## iter 20 value 1373.516149
## iter 30 value 1352.901289
## iter 40 value 1349.899197
## iter 50 value 1349.208017
## final value 1349.194235
## converged
summary(new logistic)
## Call:
## multinom(formula = GradeClass ~ StudyTimeWeekly + Absences +
       Tutoring + Extracurricular + Sports + Music + par ed higher +
##
       Par_sup_low + Par_sup_moderate + Par_sup_high + Par_sup_very_high,
##
      data = data.frame(train))
##
## Coefficients:
     (Intercept) StudyTimeWeekly Absences Tutoring Extracurricular
                                                                           Sp
orts
```

```
## B
                     -0.02780384 -0.04833114 -0.449087 -0.07368919 0.108
        1.580843
0934
## C
        3.603522
                     -0.08462679 0.11611936 -1.032889
                                                           -0.24925407 -0.260
5872
                     -0.13404452 0.30641826 -1.557989
                                                          -0.77318497 -0.373
## D
       2.984008
5747
## F
       1.259938
                     -0.22623241 0.63495833 -2.184170
                                                           -1.11666009 -0.814
5800
##
          Music par_ed_higher Par_sup_low Par_sup_moderate Par_sup_high
## B 0.2742091
                    0.8763296
                               0.4542169
                                                 0.8384799
                                                             -0.1640848
## C -0.2119239
                    0.6776981 -0.5225228
                                                -0.6590190
                                                             -2.0686972
## D -0.4344324
                    1.1252143 -0.3154435
                                                -0.8974957
                                                             -2.4355269
                                                -2.0106828
                                                             -4.1347214
## F -0.5119093
                    1.4275320 -0.9682236
     Par_sup_very_high
## B
            -0.7770625
## C
            -2.6619055
## D
            -2.9579594
## F
            -5.0779217
##
## Std. Errors:
##
     (Intercept) StudyTimeWeekly Absences Tutoring Extracurricular
                                                                         Spor
ts
## B
       0.9318091
                      0.02601207 0.03276366 0.2842735
                                                            0.2845906 0.30642
62
                      0.02579585 0.03120948 0.2842015
                                                            0.2798943 0.30438
## C
       0.8413955
22
## D
                      0.02733678 0.03358725 0.3051598
                                                            0.2965241 0.31655
       0.8658642
37
## F
                      0.02987222 0.03838097 0.3349066
                                                            0.3229807 0.34380
       0.9075125
04
         Music par_ed_higher Par_sup_low Par_sup_moderate Par_sup_high
##
## B 0.3354433
                    1.092915
                               0.9594989
                                                0.9002224
                                                             0.8699449
## C 0.3373349
                    1.076004
                               0.8643480
                                                0.8090939
                                                             0.7783818
## D 0.3572102
                    1.070625
                               0.8888717
                                                0.8370161
                                                             0.8088038
## F 0.3888730
                    1.098757
                               0.9206762
                                                0.8697888
                                                             0.8460421
     Par sup very high
##
## B
             0.9005099
## C
             0.8137335
## D
             0.8481894
## F
             0.8980391
##
## Residual Deviance: 2698.388
## AIC: 2794.388
training_pred=predict(new_logistic, newdata = train)
training conf matrix=table(Predicted = training pred, Actual = train$GradeCla
print(training_conf_matrix)
```

```
##
            Actual
                               F
## Predicted
                       C
               Α
                   В
                           D
##
                   6
                       6
                           0
                               0
##
             43 127
                      30
                           5
                               2
           В
##
           C
               8
                  40 189
                          54
                               6
##
           D
               6
                   6
                      46 161
                              32
##
              12
                  14
                      11
                         75 789
training_accuracy = sum(diag(training_conf_matrix)) / sum(training_conf_matrix
training error rate=1-training accuracy
print(paste("training Error Rate:", round(training_error_rate*100,2),"%"))
## [1] "training Error Rate: 24.01 %"
#training_accuracy = mean(training_pred == train$GradeClass)
cat("Training_Accuracy:", training_accuracy, "\n")
## Training_Accuracy: 0.7598566
# Make predictions
testing_pred=predict(new_logistic, newdata = test)
testing_conf_matrix=table(Predicted = testing_pred, Actual = test$GradeClass)
print(testing_conf_matrix)
            Actual
##
## Predicted
               Α
                   В
                       C
                           D
                               F
                   2
##
                       2
                           1
##
           В
             20
                  37
                      12
                           1
                               3
##
           C
                  18
                          20
                               2
               4
                      66
               3
                   5
                          62
##
           D
                      20
                              16
##
           F
               5
                  14
                       9
                          35 361
testing_accuracy =sum(diag(testing_conf_matrix)) / sum(testing_conf_matrix)
testing_error_rate=1-testing_accuracy
print(paste("Testing Error Rate:", round(testing_error_rate*100,2),"%"))
## [1] "Testing Error Rate: 26.74 %"
#testing_accuracy = mean(testing_pred == test$GradeClass)
cat("Testing_Accuracy:", testing_accuracy, "\n")
## Testing_Accuracy: 0.7325905
summary(logistic_model)$AIC
## [1] 2847.287
summary(new_logistic)$AIC
## [1] 2794.388
```

Model	Training accuracy	Testing accuracy	AIC	Residual deviance
Logistic model	0.7605	0.7158	2847.287	2679.287
New Logistic model	0.7598	0.7325	2794.388	2698.388

#### Conclusion:

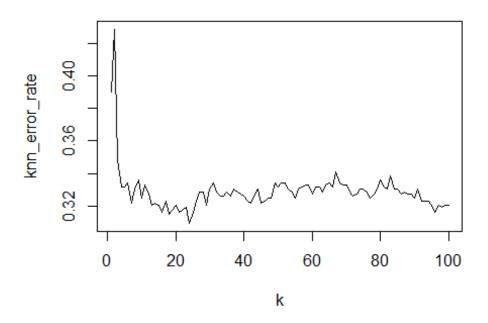
- AIC value of new model is less than model fitted using all variables. Hence the new model is better.
- Training and testing accuracy also increases for new model.

#### 2. K- nearest neighbor classifier

data preparation and splitting

fitting KNN model for different values of k

#### Plot of error rate vs k



#### Tuning for best value of k

```
library(e1071)
kn=1:100
tune_knn=tune.knn(train[,-13],as.factor(train[,13]),k=kn)
summary(tune_knn)
##
## Parameter tuning of 'knn.wrapper':
##
## - sampling method: 10-fold cross validation
##
## - best parameters:
##
     k
  22
##
##
## - best performance: 0.2943201
##
## - Detailed performance results:
##
         k
               error dispersion
## 1
         1 0.3879480 0.02753620
## 2
         2 0.3871130 0.02451922
## 3
         3 0.3411280 0.03593381
## 4
         4 0.3285983 0.04155377
## 5
         5 0.3135617 0.02625928
         6 0.3177563 0.03969032
## 6
## 7
         7 0.3156450 0.03362630
```

```
## 8
         8 0.3160739 0.03181845
## 9
         9 0.3160652 0.03037944
## 10
        10 0.3093759 0.02628831
## 11
        11 0.3093672 0.02400584
## 12
        12 0.3139592 0.02362528
## 13
        13 0.3152092 0.02633696
## 14
        14 0.3101953 0.02391954
## 15
        15 0.3118724 0.01659872
## 16
        16 0.3068654 0.02626206
## 17
        17 0.3051883 0.03155836
## 18
        18 0.3072891 0.03257256
## 19
        19 0.3022681 0.02682674
## 20
        20 0.3081224 0.02806074
## 21
        21 0.3014296 0.02713119
## 22
        22 0.2943201 0.02745624
## 23
        23 0.2943201 0.02766036
## 24
        24 0.3022577 0.02859997
        25 0.3005927 0.03241555
## 25
## 26
        26 0.3018445 0.03297950
## 27
        27 0.2993358 0.02567518
## 28
        28 0.2993515 0.03299333
## 29
        29 0.2989331 0.03029602
## 30
        30 0.3006084 0.02814749
## 31
        31 0.3014400 0.02843462
## 32
        32 0.3014400 0.02870696
## 33
        33 0.3043689 0.03468679
## 34
        34 0.3043602 0.03148821
## 35
        35 0.3077040 0.02979397
## 36
        36 0.3097960 0.03637566
## 37
        37 0.3064435 0.03832237
## 38
        38 0.3093759 0.03610164
## 39
        39 0.3102075 0.03566634
## 40
        40 0.3072821 0.03245561
## 41
        41 0.3093741 0.03055379
## 42
        42 0.3072856 0.03139352
## 43
        43 0.3047751 0.03272813
## 44
        44 0.3047751 0.03052203
## 45
        45 0.3064470 0.03386608
## 46
        46 0.3051953 0.03289509
## 47
        47 0.3102127 0.03270456
## 48
        48 0.3077092 0.03355284
## 49
        49 0.3056172 0.03378178
## 50
        50 0.3068706 0.03683568
## 51
        51 0.3093863 0.03574668
## 52
        52 0.3052057 0.03537916
        53 0.3110600 0.03647930
## 53
## 54
        54 0.3102249 0.03642444
## 55
        55 0.3089714 0.03806960
## 56
        56 0.3089679 0.04079832
## 57
        57 0.3072960 0.03695758
```

```
## 58
        58 0.3056224 0.03782423
## 59
        59 0.3068741 0.03573872
## 60
        60 0.3072943 0.03698451
## 61
        61 0.3068776 0.03741497
## 62
        62 0.3068776 0.03657368
## 63
        63 0.3077127 0.04006486
## 64
        64 0.3018602 0.03551804
## 65
        65 0.3031189 0.03569613
## 66
        66 0.3081311 0.03713742
## 67
        67 0.3110617 0.03425082
## 68
        68 0.3064575 0.03503136
## 69
        69 0.3072960 0.03673852
## 70
        70 0.3085495 0.03791314
## 71
        71 0.3064627 0.03695978
## 72
        72 0.3035356 0.03764228
## 73
        73 0.3089662 0.03421975
## 74
        74 0.3093846 0.03431098
## 75
        75 0.3089662 0.03329782
## 76
        76 0.3085478 0.03383634
## 77
        77 0.3064557 0.03290158
## 78
        78 0.3043654 0.03186833
## 79
        79 0.3085478 0.03337327
## 80
        80 0.3060321 0.03312588
## 81
        81 0.3047786 0.03287091
## 82
        82 0.3068724 0.03271590
## 83
        83 0.3081259 0.03415159
## 84
        84 0.3060356 0.03367267
## 85
        85 0.3077075 0.03443101
## 86
        86 0.3077040 0.03433289
## 87
        87 0.3072856 0.03394396
## 88
        88 0.3081224 0.03587928
## 89
        89 0.3081241 0.03717707
## 90
        90 0.3097978 0.03839372
## 91
        91 0.3102144 0.03834502
## 92
        92 0.3089575 0.03830882
## 93
        93 0.3077022 0.03680184
## 94
        94 0.3093759 0.03405876
## 95
        95 0.3077040 0.03379030
## 96
        96 0.3077022 0.03405667
## 97
        97 0.3072856 0.03563075
## 98
        98 0.3085391 0.03444624
## 99
        99 0.3110513 0.03210595
## 100 100 0.3093724 0.03372986
paste("Best value of k is", tune_knn$best.parameters)
## [1] "Best value of k is 22"
```

Prediction for test data

```
knn_pred_test=knn(train = train[,-13],test =test[,-13],
            cl=train$GradeClass,k=tune_knn$best.parameters$k)
conf_matrix_test=table(Predicted = knn_pred_test, Actual = test$GradeClass)
conf_matrix_test
           Actual
             A B
## Predicted
                     C
                         D
                             F
                2
##
             3
                     0
          Α
          B 13 39 20
                        2
##
                             1
##
          C 7 38 66 29
                           4
          D 1
##
                2 23 63 16
##
          F
              5 13
                     9 40 322
knn_test_accuracy=sum(diag(conf_matrix_test)) / sum(conf_matrix_test)
knn_test_error_rate=1-knn_test_accuracy
knn_test_error_rate
## [1] 0.3133705
```

Model	Best value of K	Testing Accuracy
KNN	22	0.6866

#### 3. Support Vector Machine

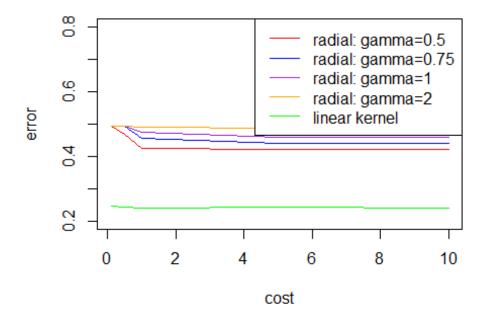
Finding optimum value of parameters (cost, gamma) for radial kernel

```
library(e1071)
### Tuning for radial kernel
set.seed(1)
tune.out_radial=tune(svm, as.factor(GradeClass)~., data = train,
                       kernel = "radial",
                       ranges = list(
                         cost = c(0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10),
                         gamma = c(0.5, 0.75, 1, 2)
                       )
summary(tune.out_radial)
## Parameter tuning of 'svm':
##
## - sampling method: 10-fold cross validation
##
## - best parameters:
## cost gamma
##
      5
          0.5
##
## - best performance: 0.4209571
##
## - Detailed performance results:
##
     cost gamma
                     error dispersion
## 1
      0.1 0.50 0.4937134 0.02800566
      0.5 0.50 0.4698815 0.03363581
## 2
## 3
      1.0 0.50 0.4238790 0.03582883
## 4
      5.0 0.50 0.4209571 0.03187642
## 5 10.0 0.50 0.4217974 0.02836011
      0.1 0.75 0.4937134 0.02800566
## 6
      0.5 0.75 0.4928783 0.02739753
## 7
      1.0 0.75 0.4564906 0.03565685
## 8
## 9
      5.0 0.75 0.4410303 0.02753332
## 10 10.0 0.75 0.4414487 0.02718091
## 11 0.1 1.00 0.4937134 0.02800566
## 12 0.5 1.00 0.4937134 0.02800566
## 13
      1.0 1.00 0.4748937 0.03089951
## 14 5.0 1.00 0.4602545 0.03191472
## 15 10.0 1.00 0.4602545 0.03129929
## 16 0.1 2.00 0.4937134 0.02800566
## 17 0.5 2.00 0.4937134 0.02800566
## 18 1.0 2.00 0.4899442 0.02885234
```

```
## 19 5.0 2.00 0.4857636 0.02831151
## 20 10.0 2.00 0.4857636 0.02831151
tune.out_radial$best.parameters
    cost gamma
## 4
       5
           0.5
tune.out radial$best.performance
## [1] 0.4209571
### Tuning for linear kernel
tune.out linear=tune(svm, as.factor(GradeClass)~., data = train,
                       kernel = "linear",
                       ranges = list(cost = c(0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10))
                     )
summary(tune.out_linear)
##
## Parameter tuning of 'svm':
## - sampling method: 10-fold cross validation
##
## - best parameters:
## cost
##
       1
##
## - best performance: 0.2399808
##
## - Detailed performance results:
##
   cost
             error dispersion
## 1 0.1 0.2462517 0.03300885
## 2 0.5 0.2429079 0.03763766
## 3 1.0 0.2399808 0.03322843
## 4 5.0 0.2433264 0.03047065
## 5 10.0 0.2416527 0.03020263
tune.out_linear$best.parameters
##
     cost
## 3
       1
tune.out_linear$best.performance
## [1] 0.2399808
### plots
plot(subset(tune.out_radial$performances,tune.out_radial$performances$gamma==
0.5)$cost, subset(tune.out_radial$performances, tune.out_radial$performances$ga
mma==0.5)$error,type="l",ylim=c(0.2,0.8),col="red",lwd=1.5,main="cost vs erro
```

```
r for SVM",xlab="cost",ylab="error")
lines(subset(tune.out_radial$performances,tune.out_radial$performances$gamma==0.75)$cost,subset(tune.out_radial$performances,tune.out_radial$performances$gamma==0.75)$error,type="1",col="blue",lwd=1.5)
lines(subset(tune.out_radial$performances,tune.out_radial$performances$gamma==1)$cost,subset(tune.out_radial$performances,tune.out_radial$performances$gamma==1)$error,type="1",col="purple",lwd=1.5)
lines(subset(tune.out_radial$performances,tune.out_radial$performances$gamma==2)$cost,subset(tune.out_radial$performances,tune.out_radial$performances$gamma==2)$error,type="1",col="orange",lwd=1.5)
lines(tune.out_linear$performances$cost,tune.out_linear$performances$error,type="1",col="green",lwd=1.5)
legend("topright",c("radial: gamma=0.5","radial: gamma=0.75","radial: gamma=1","radial: gamma=2","linear kernel"),col=c("red","blue","purple","orange","green"),lty=rep(1,4))
```

#### cost vs error for SVM



Kernel	Best Cost	Best Gamma	Performance (Error)
Radial	5	0.5	0.4209
Linear	1	-	0.23998

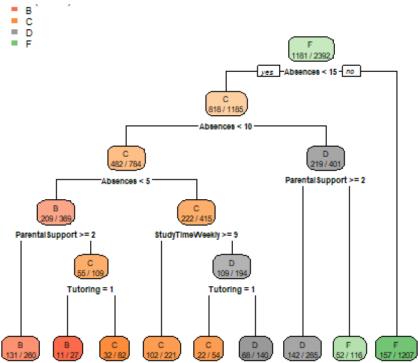
```
### svm for validation
svmfit=svm(as.factor(GradeClass)~., data = train,
           kernel = "linear",
           cost = 1)
summary(svmfit)
##
## Call:
## svm(formula = as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = train, kernel = "linear",
       cost = 1)
##
##
## Parameters:
      SVM-Type: C-classification
##
##
  SVM-Kernel: linear
##
          cost:
##
## Number of Support Vectors: 962
##
   ( 169 78 280 266 169 )
##
##
## Number of Classes: 5
##
## Levels:
## ABCDF
train_err=1-sum(diag(table(svmfit$fitted, train$GradeClass)))/sum(table(svmfi
t$fitted,train$GradeClass))
test conf matrix=table(predict(symfit,test),test$GradeClass)
test_err=1-sum(diag(test_conf_matrix))/sum(test_conf_matrix)
paste("training error:",train_err)
## [1] "training error: 0.228793309438471"
paste("testing error:",test_err)
## [1] "testing error: 0.268802228412256"
```

#### 4. Decision Tree Classifier

Fitting a decision tree

```
library(tree)
library(rpart)
library(rpart.plot)

tree=rpart(as.factor(mydata$GradeClass)~.,data=mydata)
rpart.plot(tree,extra=3)
```

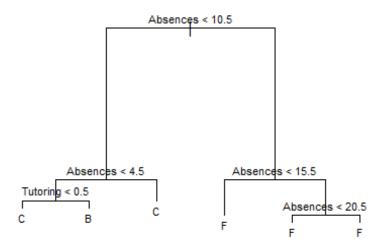


```
print(tree)
## n= 2392
##
## node), split, n, loss, yval, (yprob)
##
         * denotes terminal node
##
##
    1) root 2392 1181 F (0.045 0.11 0.16 0.17 0.51)
##
      2) Absences< 14.5 1185 818 C (0.077 0.21 0.31 0.27 0.14)
        4) Absences< 9.5 784 482 C (0.11 0.29 0.39 0.18 0.033)
##
          8) Absences< 4.5 369 209 B (0.19 0.43 0.3 0.06 0.019)
##
##
           16) ParentalSupport>=1.5 260 131 B (0.23 0.5 0.21 0.038 0.019) *
##
           17) ParentalSupport< 1.5 109
                                          55 C (0.092 0.28 0.5 0.11 0.018)
             34) Tutoring>=0.5 27
                                    11 B (0.26 0.59 0.15 0 0) *
##
##
             35) Tutoring< 0.5 82 32 C (0.037 0.18 0.61 0.15 0.024) *
```

```
##
          9) Absences>=4.5 415 222 C (0.031 0.17 0.47 0.29 0.046)
           18) StudyTimeWeekly>=8.957582 221 102 C (0.036 0.24 0.54 0.15 0.0
##
27) *
          19) StudyTimeWeekly< 8.957582 194 109 D (0.026 0.088 0.38 0.44 0.
##
067)
##
             38) Tutoring>=0.5 54
                                   22 C (0.019 0.15 0.59 0.24 0) *
##
             39) Tutoring< 0.5 140 68 D (0.029 0.064 0.3 0.51 0.093) *
##
        5) Absences>=9.5 401 219 D (0.017 0.03 0.16 0.45 0.34)
         10) ParentalSupport>=1.5 285 142 D (0.018 0.039 0.19 0.5 0.25) *
##
         11) ParentalSupport< 1.5 116 52 F (0.017 0.0086 0.086 0.34 0.55) *
##
##
      3) Absences>=14.5 1207 157 F (0.013 0.022 0.02 0.075 0.87) *
```

#### fitting decision tree on train data

```
#Training tree model
train_tree=tree(as.factor(train$GradeClass)~.,data = train)
plot(train_tree)
text(train_tree,cex=0.7)
```



#### prediction and accuracy:

```
#Tree prediction on test
pr_test_tree=predict(train_tree,newdata=test,type ='class')
pr_train_tree=predict(train_tree,newdata=train,type="class")
#confusion matrix
a=table(pr_test_tree,test$GradeClass)
```

```
test_accuracy=sum(diag(a))/sum(a)
paste("test accuracy:",test_accuracy)

## [1] "test accuracy: 0.61142061281337"

b=table(pr_train_tree,train$GradeClass)
train_accuracy=sum(diag(b))/sum(b)
paste("train accuracy:",train_accuracy)

## [1] "train accuracy: 0.663679808841099"
```

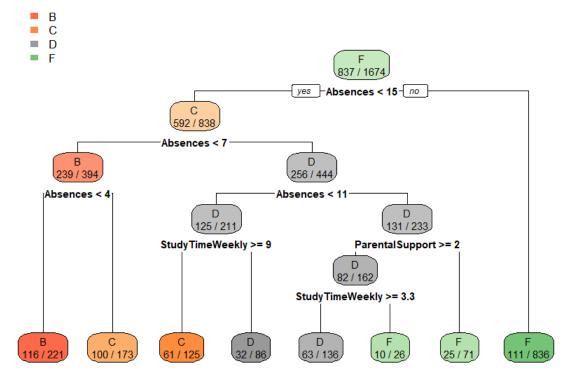
Fitting models using gini index and entropy as splitting criteria.

```
tree_model_gini=rpart(as.factor(mydata$GradeClass) ~ ., data = train, parms =
list(split = "gini"))

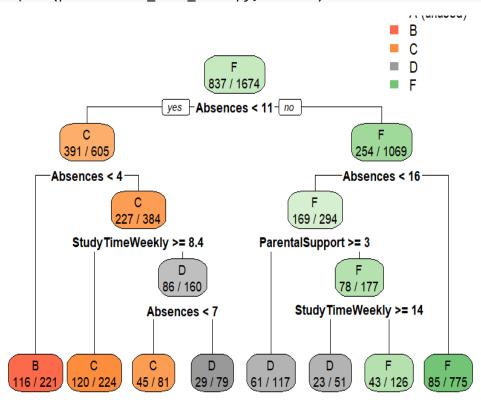
tree_model_entropy=rpart(as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = train, parms = lis
t(split = "information"))
```

#### Pruning tree

```
prune.train_tree_gini=prune(tree_model_gini,cp=0.010000)
rpart.plot(prune.train_tree_gini,extra=3)
```



prune.train\_tree\_entropy=prune(tree\_model\_entropy,cp=0.010000)
rpart.plot(prune.train\_tree\_entropy,extra=3)



prune.test\_tree\_gini=predict(prune.train\_tree\_gini,test,type ='class')
confusion\_matrix\_gini=as.matrix(table(prune.test\_tree\_gini,test\$GradeClass))
accuracy\_gini=sum(diag(confusion\_matrix\_gini))/sum(confusion\_matrix\_gini);acc
uracy\_gini

## [1] 0.6824513

prune.test\_tree\_entropy=predict(prune.train\_tree\_entropy,test,type ='class')
confusion\_matrix\_entropy=as.matrix(table(prune.test\_tree\_entropy,test\$GradeCl
ass))

accuracy\_entropy=sum(diag(confusion\_matrix\_entropy))/sum(confusion\_matrix\_entropy);accuracy\_entropy

## [1] 0.6713092

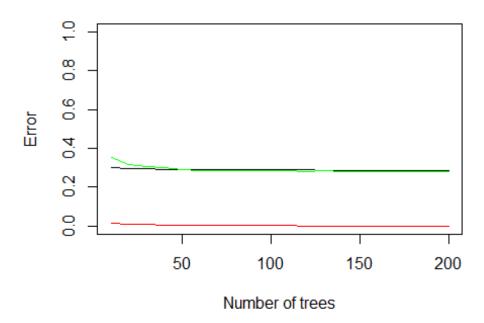
Splitting criterion	Cp for pruning	Accuracy
Gini index	0.01	0.6824
Entropy	0.01	0.6712

## 5.Bagging

K fold cv for bagging.

```
library(caret)
library(randomForest)
k = 10
set.seed(123)
folds=createFolds(mydata$GradeClass, k = k, list = TRUE, returnTrain = FALSE)
train error rates=test error rates=c()
Mean_train_Error_Rate=Mean_test_Error_Rate=c()
oob=c()
nseq=seq(10,200,by=10)
# Perform k-fold cross-validation
for (p in 1:length(nseq))
  for(i in 1:k )
    test indices = folds[[i]]
    x_train_cv = mydata[-test_indices, ]
    x_test_cv = mydata[test_indices, ]
    bag = randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = x_train_cv,
                      mtry = ncol(x_train_cv) - 1, ntree = nseq[p])
    #train
    train_pred_bag=predict(bag, newdata = x_train_cv)
    train_conf_matrix_bag=table(x_train_cv$GradeClass, train_pred_bag)
    train error rate=1 -sum(diag(train conf matrix bag)) / sum(train conf mat
rix_bag)
    train_error_rates=c(train_error_rates, train_error_rate)
    #test
    test_pred_bag=predict(bag, newdata = x_test_cv)
    test_conf_matrix_bag=table(x_test_cv$GradeClass, test_pred_bag)
    test error rate=1 -sum(diag(test conf matrix bag)) / sum(test conf matrix
_bag)
   test_error_rates=c(test_error_rates, test_error_rate)
  Mean train Error Rate[p]= mean(train error rates)
  Mean_test_Error_Rate[p] = mean(test_error_rates)
  bag_oob=randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = mydata,
                       mtry = ncol(mydata) - 1, ntree = nseq[p])
  oob[p]=bag_oob$err.rate[bag_oob$ntree,1]
}
plot(nseq,Mean_train_Error_Rate,type="l",col="red",ylim=c(0,1),lwd=1.5,xlab="
```

```
Number of trees",ylab="Error")
lines(nseq,Mean_test_Error_Rate,type="l",col="black",lwd=1.5)
lines(nseq,oob,type="l",col="green",lwd=1.5)
```



To get optimal number of trees.

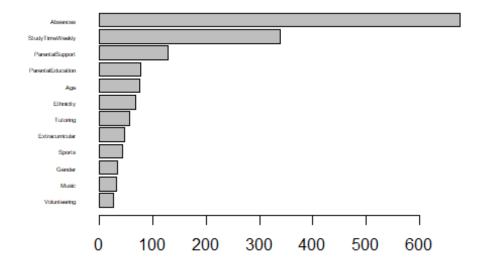
```
tune_bag=tune.randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass)~.,data=train,
                  ntree=seq(10,200,by=10),mtry=ncol(train)-1)
summary(tune_bag)
##
## Parameter tuning of 'randomForest':
## - sampling method: 10-fold cross validation
##
## - best parameters:
    mtry ntree
##
      12
##
           190
##
## - best performance: 0.2742591
##
## - Detailed performance results:
##
      mtry ntree
                     error dispersion
## 1
        12
              10 0.2993602 0.03424495
## 2
        12
              20 0.2847106 0.02783673
## 3
        12
              30 0.2813720 0.03362080
        12
              40 0.2847089 0.02897221
## 4
```

```
## 5
        12
              50 0.2822106 0.03433976
## 6
        12
              60 0.2817957 0.03486036
        12
## 7
              70 0.2792852 0.02869607
## 8
        12
              80 0.2863842 0.03180385
## 9
        12
              90 0.2788563 0.02329375
## 10
        12
             100 0.2830457 0.03464706
## 11
        12
             110 0.2817957 0.03445816
## 12
        12
             120 0.2838755 0.02940360
## 13
        12
             130 0.2801203 0.03322604
## 14
        12
             140 0.2830370 0.02820180
## 15
        12
             150 0.2817904 0.02787687
             160 0.2780230 0.02518271
## 16
        12
## 17
        12
             170 0.2809554 0.02784100
             180 0.2859693 0.02119490
## 18
        12
## 19
        12
             190 0.2742591 0.02855679
## 20
        12
             200 0.2801116 0.02468123
```

#### For validation

```
bag final train=randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass)~.,data=train,
                            mtry=12,ntree=tune bag$best.parameters$ntree)
print(bag_final_train)
##
## Call:
## randomForest(formula = as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = train,
                                                                         mtry
= 12, ntree = tune bag$best.parameters$ntree)
                  Type of random forest: classification
##
##
                        Number of trees: 190
## No. of variables tried at each split: 12
##
           OOB estimate of error rate: 27.78%
##
## Confusion matrix:
      A B
            C
                     F class.error
##
                 D
## A 22 32
                 7
            4
                    13 0.71794872
## B 13 85 52
                 9
                        0.51428571
                    16
## C 0 28 164
                   15
                        0.39926740
               66
## D 1 8
           63 137
                   71
                        0.51071429
                        0.07718894
## F
      2
        3
            6
               56 801
test_pred_bag_final=predict(bag_final_train, newdata =test)
test conf matrix bag final=table(test$GradeClass, test pred bag final)
test error rate bag final=1 -sum(diag(test conf matrix bag final)) / sum(test
_conf_matrix_bag_final)
test_error_rate_bag_final
## [1] 0.2980501
barplot(sort(importance(bag_final)[,1]),horiz=T,
        las=1,cex.names = 0.4,main = "Variable Importance Plot")
```

# Variable Importance Plot



Method	Best n tree	OOB error	Testing error
Bagging	190	0.2778	0.2980

#### 6.Random Forest

For different number of trees, plot of error rate of random forest model with different mtry values.

```
k = 5
set.seed(123)
folds=createFolds(mydata$GradeClass, k = k, list = TRUE, returnTrain = FALSE)
train error rates rf1=train error rates rf2=train error rates rf3=train error
rates rf4=c()
test_error_rates_rf1=test_error_rates_rf2=test_error_rates_rf3=test_error_rat
es rf4=c()
Mean train Error Rate rf1=Mean train Error Rate rf2=Mean train Error Rate rf3
=Mean train Error Rate rf4=c()
Mean test Error Rate rf1=Mean test Error Rate rf2=Mean test Error Rate rf3=Me
an test Error Rate rf4=c()
oob_rf1=oob_rf2=oob_rf3=oob_rf4=c()
nseq=seq(10,200,by=10)
# Perform k-fold cross-validation
for (p in 1:length(nseq))
{
  for(i in 1:k )
    test indices = folds[[i]]
    x train cv = mydata[-test indices, ]
    x test cv = mydata[test indices, ]
    #*** modeL1
    rf1 = randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = x train cv,
                       mtry = (ncol(x train cv)-1)/2, ntree = nseq[p])
    #train
    train pred rf1=predict(rf1, newdata = x train cv)
    train_conf_matrix_rf1=table(x_train_cv$GradeClass, train_pred_rf1)
    train error rate rf1=1 -sum(diag(train conf matrix rf1)) / sum(train conf
matrix rf1)
    train error rates rf1=c(train error rates rf1, train error rate rf1)
    #test
    test pred rf1=predict(rf1, newdata = x test cv)
    test conf matrix rf1=table(x test cv$GradeClass, test pred rf1)
    test error rate rf1=1 -sum(diag(test conf matrix rf1)) / sum(test conf ma
trix rf1)
    test_error_rates_rf1=c(test_error_rates_rf1, test_error_rate_rf1)
    #*** modeL2
    rf2 = randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = x_train_cv,
                       mtry = sqrt(ncol(x train cv)-1), ntree = nseq[p])
    #train
   train pred rf2=predict(rf2, newdata = x train cv)
```

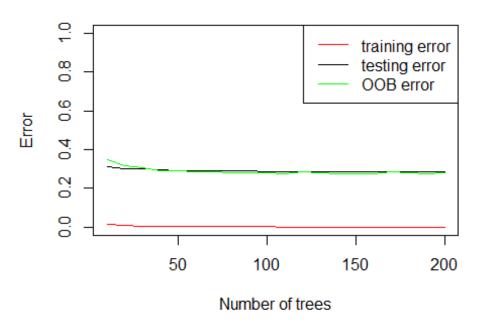
```
train conf matrix rf2=table(x train cv$GradeClass, train pred rf2)
    train error rate rf2=1 -sum(diag(train conf matrix rf2)) / sum(train conf
matrix rf2)
    train error rates rf2=c(train error rates rf2, train error rate rf2)
    #test
    test_pred_rf2=predict(rf2, newdata = x_test_cv)
    test conf matrix rf2=table(x test cv$GradeClass, test pred rf2)
    test error rate rf2=1 -sum(diag(test conf matrix rf2)) / sum(test conf ma
trix rf2)
    test error rates rf2=c(test error rates rf2, test error rate rf2)
    #*** model3
    rf3 = randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = x train cv,
                       mtry = sqrt(ncol(x train cv)-1)+2, ntree = nseq[p])
    #train
    train_pred_rf3=predict(rf3, newdata = x_train_cv)
    train_conf_matrix_rf3=table(x_train_cv$GradeClass, train_pred_rf3)
    train error rate rf3=1 -sum(diag(train conf matrix rf3)) / sum(train conf
matrix rf3)
    train error rates rf3=c(train error rates rf3, train error rate rf3)
    #test
    test_pred_rf3=predict(rf3, newdata = x_test_cv)
    test conf matrix rf3=table(x test cv$GradeClass, test pred rf3)
    test error rate rf3=1 -sum(diag(test conf matrix rf3)) / sum(test conf ma
trix rf3)
    test error rates rf3=c(test error rates rf3, test error rate rf3)
    #*** modeL4
    rf4 = randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = x_train_cv,
                       mtry = sqrt(ncol(x_train_cv)-1)-2, ntree = nseq[p])
    #train
    train_pred_rf4=predict(rf4, newdata = x_train_cv)
    train conf matrix rf4=table(x train cv$GradeClass, train pred rf4)
    train_error_rate_rf4=1 -sum(diag(train_conf_matrix_rf4)) / sum(train_conf_
_matrix_rf4)
    train error rates rf4=c(train error rates rf4, train error rate rf4)
    #test
    test_pred_rf4=predict(rf4, newdata = x_test_cv)
    test conf matrix rf4=table(x test cv$GradeClass, test pred rf4)
    test_error_rate_rf4=1 -sum(diag(test_conf_matrix_rf4)) / sum(test_conf_ma
trix rf4)
    test error rates rf4=c(test error rates rf4, test error rate rf4)
  }
  Mean_train_Error_Rate_rf1[p]= mean(train_error_rates_rf1)
  Mean_train_Error_Rate_rf2[p] = mean(train_error_rates_rf2)
```

```
Mean train Error Rate rf3[p] = mean(train error rates rf3)
Mean train Error Rate rf4[p] = mean(train error rates rf4)
Mean test Error Rate rf1[p] = mean(test error rates rf1)
Mean_test_Error_Rate_rf2[p]= mean(test_error_rates_rf2)
Mean test Error Rate rf3[p]= mean(test error rates rf3)
Mean test Error Rate rf4[p] = mean(test error rates rf4)
### full data models for oob
rf1 oob=randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = mydata,
                     mtry =(ncol(x_train_cv)-1)/2, ntree = nseq[p])
oob rf1[p]=rf1 oob$err.rate[rf1 oob$ntree,1]
rf2 oob=randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = mydata,
                     mtry =sqrt(ncol(x train cv)-1), ntree = nseq[p])
oob_rf2[p]=rf2_oob$err.rate[rf2_oob$ntree,1]
rf3 oob=randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = mydata,
                     mtry =sqrt(ncol(x train cv)-1)+2, ntree = nseq[p])
oob rf3[p]=rf3 oob$err.rate[rf3 oob$ntree,1]
rf4_oob=randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = mydata,
                     mtry =sqrt(ncol(x train cv)-1)-2, ntree = nseq[p])
oob rf4[p]=rf4 oob$err.rate[rf4 oob$ntree,1]
```

Plots of error rates of random forests with different mtry values.

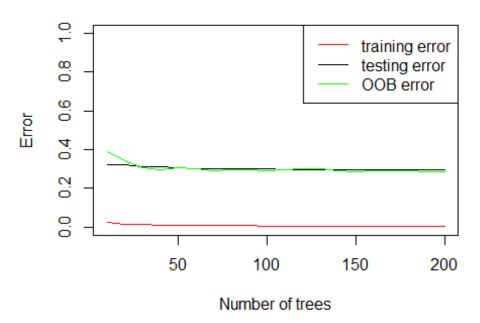
```
plot(nseq,Mean_train_Error_Rate_rf1,type="l",col="red",ylim=c(0,1),lwd=1.5,ma
in="Error vs number of trees for m=p/2 predictors",xlab="Number of trees",yla
b="Error")
lines(nseq,Mean_test_Error_Rate_rf1,type="l",col="black",lwd=1.5)
lines(nseq,oob_rf1,type="l",col="green",lwd=1.5)
legend("topright",c("training error","testing error","00B error"),col=c("red"
,"black","green"),lty=c(1,1,1))
```

### Error vs number of trees for m=p/2 predictors



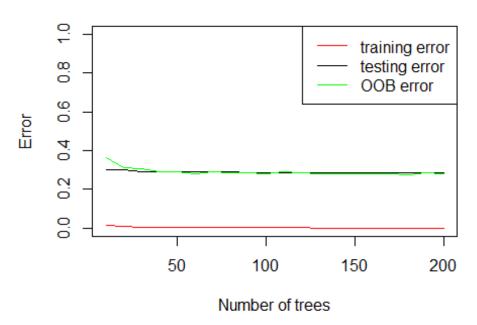
```
plot(nseq,Mean_train_Error_Rate_rf2,type="l",col="red",ylim=c(0,1),lwd=1.5,ma
in="Error vs number of trees for m=sqrt(p) predictors",xlab="Number of trees"
,ylab="Error")
lines(nseq,Mean_test_Error_Rate_rf2,type="l",col="black",lwd=1.5)
lines(nseq,oob_rf2,type="l",col="green",lwd=1.5)
legend("topright",c("training error","testing error","00B error"),col=c("red"
,"black","green"),lty=c(1,1,1))
```

### Error vs number of trees for m=sqrt(p) predictors



```
plot(nseq,Mean_train_Error_Rate_rf3,type="l",col="red",ylim=c(0,1),lwd=1.5,ma
in="Error vs number of trees for m=sqrt(p)+2 predictors",xlab="Number of tree
s",ylab="Error")
lines(nseq,Mean_test_Error_Rate_rf3,type="l",col="black",lwd=1.5)
lines(nseq,oob_rf3,type="l",col="green",lwd=1.5)
legend("topright",c("training error","testing error","00B error"),col=c("red"
,"black","green"),lty=c(1,1,1))
```

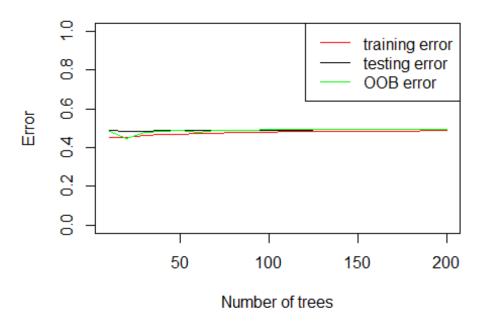
### Error vs number of trees for m=sqrt(p)+2 predicto



```
plot(nseq,Mean_train_Error_Rate_rf4,type="l",col="red",ylim=c(0,1),lwd=1.5,ma
in="Error vs number of trees for m=sqrt(p)-2 predictors",xlab="Number of tree
s",ylab="Error")
lines(nseq,Mean_test_Error_Rate_rf4,type="l",col="black",lwd=1.5)
lines(nseq,oob_rf4,type="l",col="green",lwd=1.5)

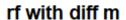
legend("topright",c("training error","testing error","00B error"),col=c("red"
,"black","green"),lty=c(1,1,1))
```

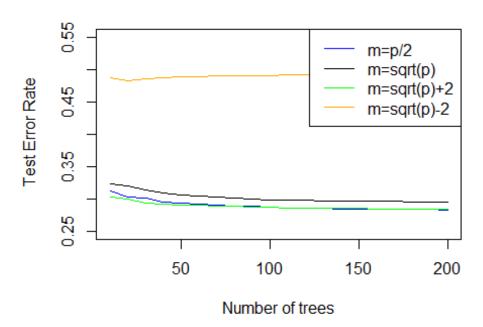
#### Error vs number of trees for m=sqrt(p)-2 predictor



Plot for test error rate of various random forest models.

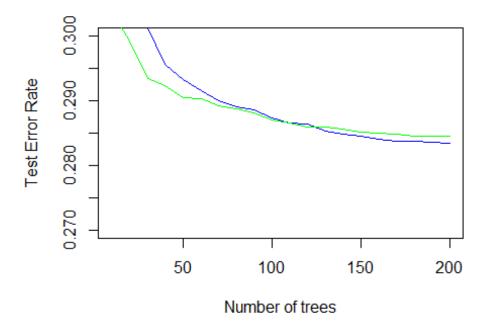
```
plot(nseq,Mean_test_Error_Rate_rf1,type="l",col="blue",lwd=1.5,ylim=c(0.25,0.
55),main="rf with diff m",xlab="Number of trees",ylab=" Test Error Rate")
lines(nseq,Mean_test_Error_Rate_rf2,type="l",col="black",lwd=1.5)
lines(nseq,Mean_test_Error_Rate_rf3,type="l",col="green",lwd=1.5)
lines(nseq,Mean_test_Error_Rate_rf4,type="l",col="orange",lwd=1.5)
legend("topright",c("m=p/2","m=sqrt(p)","m=sqrt(p)+2","m=sqrt(p)-2"),col=c("blue","black","green","orange"),lty=rep(1,4))
```





plot(nseq,Mean\_test\_Error\_Rate\_rf1,type="l",col="blue",lwd=1.5,ylim=c(0.27,0.
3),main="rf with diff m",xlab="Number of trees",ylab="Test Error Rate")
lines(nseq,Mean\_test\_Error\_Rate\_rf3,type="l",col="green",lwd=1.5)

#### rf with diff m



#### To get optimal number of trees

```
tune_rf=tune.randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass)~.,data=train,
                  ntree = seq(10, 200, by = 10),
                  mtry=c((ncol(train)-1)/2, sqrt(ncol(train)-1),
                          sqrt(ncol(train)-1)+2,sqrt(ncol(train)-1)-2))
summary(tune_rf)
##
## Parameter tuning of 'randomForest':
## - sampling method: 10-fold cross validation
##
##
  - best parameters:
   mtry ntree
##
##
       6
           190
##
##
  - best performance: 0.2733961
##
  - Detailed performance results:
##
          mtry ntree
                         error dispersion
## 1
      6.000000
                  10 0.2959745 0.02625807
## 2 3.464102
                  10 0.3268985 0.04120148
                  10 0.3089418 0.02294025
## 3
     5.464102
## 4 1.464102
                  10 0.4757165 0.04288541
## 5
      6.000000
                  20 0.3001447 0.02024327
## 6
                  20 0.2955439 0.03206686
     3.464102
                  20 0.2934467 0.04041309
## 7
      5.464102
## 8
     1.464102
                  20 0.4920171 0.03655764
## 9 6.000000
                  30 0.2880300 0.02492813
## 10 3.464102
                  30 0.2922071 0.02858565
## 11 5.464102
                  30 0.2926151 0.04133638
## 12 1.464102
                  30 0.4920153 0.03959334
## 13 6.000000
                  40 0.2834153 0.03613240
## 14 3.464102
                  40 0.2901046 0.03040444
## 15 5.464102
                  40 0.2825785 0.03458402
## 16 1.464102
                  40 0.4936890 0.03720399
## 17 6.000000
                  50 0.2817381 0.03141690
## 18 3.464102
                  50 0.2947089 0.02412825
## 19 5.464102
                  50 0.2792503 0.03129301
## 20 1.464102
                  50 0.4928539 0.03669745
## 21 6.000000
                  60 0.2754759 0.03164478
## 22 3.464102
                  60 0.2901168 0.02549357
## 23 5.464102
                  60 0.2809205 0.02509367
## 24 1.464102
                  60 0.4932706 0.03712242
## 25 6.000000
                  70 0.2805056 0.02731655
## 26 3.464102
                  70 0.2989017 0.03306396
## 27 5.464102
                  70 0.2788302 0.03016615
## 28 1.464102
                  70 0.4936890 0.03720399
## 29 6.000000
                  80 0.2779934 0.02966311
```

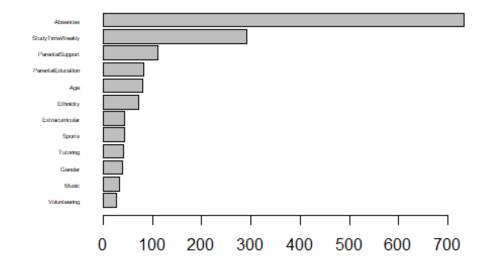
```
## 30 3.464102
                  80 0.2876046 0.03665327
## 31 5.464102
                  80 0.2784083 0.02985490
## 32 1.464102
                  80 0.4932706 0.03790026
                  90 0.2758996 0.03537375
## 33 6.000000
## 34 3.464102
                  90 0.2917870 0.02719662
## 35 5.464102
                  90 0.2800819 0.02728760
## 36 1.464102
                  90 0.4936890 0.03720399
## 37 6.000000
                 100 0.2742225 0.03095104
## 38 3.464102
                 100 0.2942992 0.02692673
## 39 5.464102
                 100 0.2842591 0.02930796
## 40 1.464102
                 100 0.4936890 0.03720399
                 110 0.2767277 0.02927252
## 41 6.000000
## 42 3.464102
                 110 0.2846810 0.03161181
## 43 5.464102
                 110 0.2759066 0.03283934
## 44 1.464102
                 110 0.4936890 0.03720399
## 45 6.000000
                 120 0.2767347 0.02923655
## 46 3.464102
                 120 0.2880160 0.02699396
## 47 5.464102
                 120 0.2775732 0.03291637
## 48 1.464102
                 120 0.4936890 0.03720399
## 49 6.000000
                 130 0.2742225 0.03650623
## 50 3.464102
                 130 0.2951360 0.03055609
## 51 5.464102
                 130 0.2738075 0.03108318
## 52 1.464102
                 130 0.4936890 0.03720399
## 53 6.000000
                 140 0.2746496 0.02836638
## 54 3.464102
                 140 0.2855265 0.02285123
## 55 5.464102
                 140 0.2746409 0.03219766
## 56 1.464102
                 140 0.4936890 0.03720399
## 57 6.000000
                 150 0.2821653 0.03005785
## 58 3.464102
                 150 0.2813476 0.02772553
## 59 5.464102
                 150 0.2784170 0.02802461
## 60 1.464102
                 150 0.4936890 0.03720399
## 61 6.000000
                 160 0.2750662 0.02679088
## 62 3.464102
                 160 0.2821775 0.02501423
## 63 5.464102
                 160 0.2738128 0.02580860
## 64 1.464102
                 160 0.4936890 0.03720399
## 65 6.000000
                 170 0.2742242 0.02717717
## 66 3.464102
                 170 0.2813389 0.02489467
## 67 5.464102
                 170 0.2742347 0.02629716
## 68 1.464102
                 170 0.4936890 0.03720399
## 69 6.000000
                 180 0.2763145 0.02624992
## 70 3.464102
                 180 0.2905370 0.02671991
## 71 5.464102
                 180 0.2788337 0.02461305
## 72 1.464102
                 180 0.4936890 0.03720399
                 190 0.2733961 0.02319444
## 73 6.000000
## 74 3.464102
                 190 0.2855143 0.03017368
## 75 5.464102
                 190 0.2800837 0.02995617
## 76 1.464102
                 190 0.4936890 0.03720399
## 77 6.000000
                 200 0.2763128 0.02688728
## 78 3.464102
                 200 0.2834222 0.02873554
```

```
## 79 5.464102 200 0.2754881 0.02738155
## 80 1.464102 200 0.4936890 0.03720399
```

Fitting model based on tuned parameters.

```
rf final train=randomForest(as.factor(GradeClass)~.,data=train,
                     mtry=6,ntree=190)
print(rf_final_train)
##
## Call:
## randomForest(formula = as.factor(GradeClass) ~ ., data = train,
                                                                        mtry
= 6, ntree = 190)
                 Type of random forest: classification
##
##
                       Number of trees: 190
## No. of variables tried at each split: 6
##
          OOB estimate of error rate: 27.96%
##
## Confusion matrix:
     A B
           C
                D
                    F class.error
## A 20 32
           6
                8 12
                        0.7435897
## B 16 85 52
               7 15
                        0.5142857
## C 0 34 157 66 16
                        0.4249084
## D 1 8 58 137 76
                        0.5107143
## F 1
        5
            5 50 807
                        0.0702765
test_pred_rf_final=predict(rf_final_train, newdata =test)
test conf matrix rf final=table(test$GradeClass, test pred rf final)
test_error_rate_rf_final=1 -sum(diag(test_conf_matrix_rf_final)) / sum(test_c
onf matrix rf final)
test_error_rate_rf_final
## [1] 0.2952646
barplot(sort(importance(rf_final)[,1]),horiz=T,
        las=1,cex.names = 0.4,main="Variable Importance Plot")
```

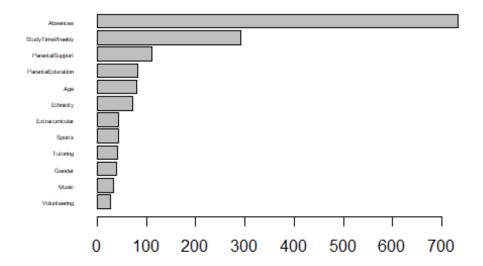
# Variable Importance Plot



Method	m	Best n tree	OOB error	Testing error
Random forest	p/2=6	150	0.2796	0.2952

# 7.Boosting

#### Variable Importance Plot



Train and Test error rate.

```
train_conf_mat=table(train$GradeClass,train_pred_class)
test_conf_mat=table(test$GradeClass,test_pred_class)
test_accuracy=sum(diag(test_conf_mat))/sum(test_conf_mat)
```

```
test_err_rate_boosting=1-test_accuracy
paste("test error:",test_err_rate_boosting)

## [1] "test error: 0.309192200557103"

train_accuracy=sum(diag(train_conf_mat))/sum(train_conf_mat)
train_err_rate_boosting=1-train_accuracy
paste("train error:",train_err_rate_boosting)

## [1] "train error: 0.241935483870968"
```

# Conclusion:

Method	<b>Testing Accuracy</b>
Multinomial Logistic Regression	0.7325905
KNN	0.6866295
SVM	0.7311977
Decision tree	0.6824512
Bagging	0.7019499
Random Forest	0.7047354
Boosting	0.6908078