

EXPERIMENT 7

Write a program to demonstrate the compile time polymorphism (function overloading and operator overloading)

- ① WAP using function overloading to calculate the area of a laboratory (which is rectangular) & area of classroom (which is square)
- ② WAP using function overloading to calculate the sum of 5 float values and sum of 10 integers values
- ③ WAP to implement unary \dagger operator when used with the object so that the numeric data member of the class is negated.
- ④ WAP to implement the unary \dagger operator (for pre increment & post increment) when used with the object so that the numeric data member of the class is incremented.

① ~~#include <iostream>~~

using namespace std;

float area (float length , float breadth)
{

 return length * breadth ;
}

float area (float side)
{

return length * side;
g

int main()

{

float length, breadth, side;

cout << "Enter length & breadth of the laboratory :";

:

cin >> length >> breadth;

cout << "Area of laboratory : " << area (length, breadth) << endl;

cout << "Area of laboratory : ";

cout << "Enter side of classroom : ";

cin >> side;

cout << "area of classroom : " << area (size)
<< endl;

g

Output - Enter length and breadth of the laboratory :

5 2

Area of laboratory : 10

Enter side of classroom : 5

Area of classroom : 25

② #include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class Sum

{

public:

float calculate (float a, float b, float c, float d,
float e)

g

```
return a+b+c+d+e;
```

{

```
int calculate (int a1,int a2,int a3,int a4,int a5  
,int a6,int a7,int a8,int a9,int a10)
```

{

```
return a1+a2+a3+a4+a5+a6+a7+a8+a9+  
a10;
```

}

y;

```
int main()
```

{

```
Sum s;
```

```
cout << "Sum of 5 float values: " << s.calculate  
(1.1, 2.2, 3.3, 4.4, 5.5) << endl;
```

```
cout << "Sum of 10 integers: " << s.calculate  
(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10) << endl;
```

```
return 0;
```

y

③

~~#include <iostream>~~~~using namespace std;~~~~class num~~

{

```
int i;
```

```
public:
```

```
void accept()
```

{

```
cout << "Enter the value: ";
```

```
cin >> i;
```

{

```
void display()
{
    cout << "Value is :" << i;
}

void operator ++()
{
    i = i + 1;
}

int main()
{
    num n;
    n.accept();
    ++n;
    n.display();
    return 0;
}
```

Output - Enter the value : 8
Value is : 9

(4)

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Num
{
    int i;
public:
    void accept()
    {
        cout << "Enter the value : ";
        cin >> i;
    }
```

{

void display()

{

cout << " value is :" << i << endl;

{

void operator ++()

{

++i;

{

void operator --()

{

--i;

{

void operator ++(int)

{

i++;

{

void operator --(int)

{

i--;

{

{,

int main()

{

Num n, n1;

n.accept();

++n;

cout << "After prefix increment";

n.display();

n1.accept();

n1 --;

```
cout << "After postfix decrement";  
n1.display();  
g
```

Output - Enter the value : 10

After prefix increment value is : 11

Enter the value : 10

After postfix increment value is : 9

x —— x —— x

QV

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