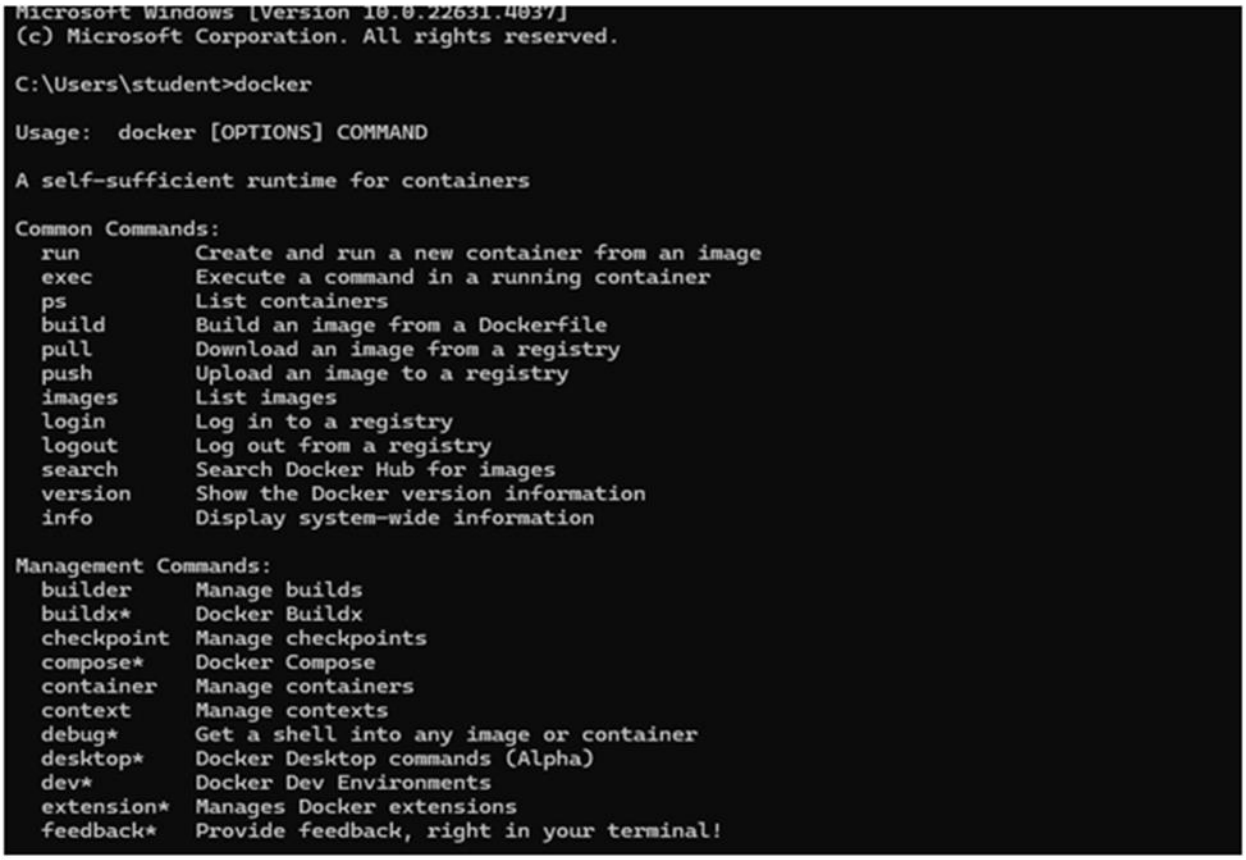
Anushka Shahane D15A 55

ADVANCE DEVOPS EXPERIMENT 6

Aim : To Build, change, and destroy AWS / GCP /Microsoft Azure/ DigitalOcean infrastructure Using Terraform. (S3 bucket or Docker) fdp.

Part A: Creating docker image using terraform

Step 1:Check Docker functionality



Check for the docker version with the following command.

```
C:\Users\student>docker --version
Docker version 27.1.1, build 6312585

C:\Users\student>
```

Create a folder named ‘Terraform Scripts’ in which we save our different types of scripts which will be further used in this experiment.

Step 2:

Creating a new folder named ‘Docker’ in the ‘TerraformScripts’ folder.
Creating a new docker.tf file using Atom editor and write the following contents into.

This will create a Ubuntu Linux container

docker.tf

```
terraform {
  required_providers {
    docker = {
      source  = "kreuzwerker/docker"
      version = "2.21.0"
    }
  }
}

provider "docker" {
  host = "npipe:////./pipe/docker_engine"
}

# Pull the image
resource "docker_image" "ubuntu" {
  name = "ubuntu:latest"
}

# Create a container
resource "docker_container" "foo" {
  image = docker_image.ubuntu.image_id
  name  = "foo"
  command = ["sleep", "3600"]
}
```

Step 3: Execute Terraform Init command to initialize the resources

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts> cd Docker
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding kreuzwerker/docker versions matching "2.21.0"...
- Installing kreuzwerker/docker v2.21.0...
- Installed kreuzwerker/docker v2.21.0 (self-signed, key ID BD080C4571C6104C)
Partner and community providers are signed by their developers.
If you'd like to know more about provider signing, you can read about it here:
https://www.terraform.io/docs/cli/plugins/signing.html
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider
selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see
any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
should now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.
```

Step 4: Execute Terraform plan to see the available resources

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform plan

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the fol
  + create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

  # docker_container.foo will be created
  + resource "docker_container" "foo" {
      + attach           = false
      + bridge           = (known after apply)
      + command          = [
          + "sleep",
          + "3600",
        ]
      + container_logs   = (known after apply)
      + entrypoint       = (known after apply)
      + env              = (known after apply)
      + exit_code        = (known after apply)
      + gateway          = (known after apply)
      + hostname         = (known after apply)
      + id               = (known after apply)
      + image            = (known after apply)
      + init             = (known after apply)
      + ip_address       = (known after apply)
      + ip_prefix_length = (known after apply)
      + ipc_mode         = (known after apply)
      + log_driver       = (known after apply)
      + logs             = false
      + must_run         = true
      + name             = "foo"
      + network_data     = (known after apply)
      + read_only        = false
      + remove_volumes   = true
      + restart          = "no"
      + rm               = false
```

```
      + runtime          = (known after apply)
      + security_opts    = (known after apply)
      + shm_size         = (known after apply)
      + start            = true
      + stdin_open       = false
      + stop_signal      = (known after apply)
      + stop_timeout     = (known after apply)
      + tty              = false

      + healthcheck (known after apply)

      + labels (known after apply)
    }

  # docker_image.ubuntu will be created
  + resource "docker_image" "ubuntu" {
      + id          = (known after apply)
      + image_id    = (known after apply)
      + latest      = (known after apply)
      + name        = "ubuntu:latest"
      + output      = (known after apply)
      + repo_digest = (known after apply)
    }

Plan: 2 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.
```

Step 5: Execute Terraform apply to apply the configuration, which will automatically create and run the Ubuntu Linux container based on our configuration. Using command : “terraform apply”

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform apply

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
  + create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

  # docker_container.foo will be created
  + resource "docker_container" "foo" {
      + attach           = false
      + bridge           = (known after apply)
      + command          = [
          + "sleep",
          + "3600",
        ]
      + container_logs   = (known after apply)
      + entrypoint       = (known after apply)
      + env              = (known after apply)
      + exit_code        = (known after apply)
      + gateway          = (known after apply)
      + hostname         = (known after apply)
      + id               = (known after apply)
      + image            = (known after apply)
      + init             = (known after apply)
      + ip_address       = (known after apply)
      + ip_prefix_length = (known after apply)
      + ipc_mode         = (known after apply)
      + log_driver       = (known after apply)
      + logs             = false
      + must_run         = true
      + name             = "foo"
      + network_data     = (known after apply)
      + read_only        = false
```

Anushka Shahane D15A 55

```
      + remove_volumes   = true
      + restart          = "no"
      + rm               = false
      + runtime          = (known after apply)
      + security_opts    = (known after apply)
      + shm_size         = (known after apply)
      + start            = true
      + stdin_open       = false
      + stop_signal      = (known after apply)
      + stop_timeout     = (known after apply)
      + tty              = false

      + healthcheck (known after apply)

      + labels (known after apply)
    }

  # docker_image.ubuntu will be created
  + resource "docker_image" "ubuntu" {
      + id          = (known after apply)
      + image_id    = (known after apply)
      + latest      = (known after apply)
      + name        = "ubuntu:latest"
      + output      = (known after apply)
      + repo_digest = (known after apply)
    }

Plan: 2 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.

Do you want to perform these actions?
  Terraform will perform the actions described above.
  Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.

  Enter a value: yes
```

```
docker_image.ubuntu: Creating...
docker_image.ubuntu: Creation complete after 9s [id=sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598aubuntu:latest]
docker_container.foo: Creating...
docker_container.foo: Creation complete after 2s [id=01adf07e5918931fee9b90073726a03671037923dd92032ce0e15bbb764a6f24]

Apply complete! Resources: 2 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.
```

Before Executing Apply step:

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> docker images
REPOSITORY                          TAG       IMAGE ID       CREATED         SIZE
```

After Executing Apply step:

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> docker images
REPOSITORY                          TAG       IMAGE ID       CREATED         SIZE
ubuntu                              latest    edbfe74c41f8   3 weeks ago     78.1MB
```

Step 6: Execute Terraform destroy to delete the configuration, which will automatically delete the Ubuntu Container.

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform destroy
docker_image.ubuntu: Refreshing state... [id=sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598aubuntu:latest]
docker_container.foo: Refreshing state... [id=01adf07e5918931fee9b90073726a03671037923dd92032ce0e15bbb764a6f24]

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated with the following symbols:
  - destroy

Terraform will perform the following actions:

  # docker_container.foo will be destroyed
  - resource "docker_container" "foo" {
      - attach           = false -> null
      - command          = [
          - "sleep",
          - "3600",
        ] -> null
      - cpu_shares       = 0 -> null
      - dns              = [] -> null
      - dns_opts         = [] -> null
      - dns_search       = [] -> null
      - entrypoint       = [] -> null
      - env              = [] -> null
      - gateway          = "172.17.0.1" -> null
      - group_add        = [] -> null
      - hostname         = "01adf07e5918" -> null
      - id               = "01adf07e5918931fee9b90073726a03671037923dd92032ce0e15bbb764a6f24" -> null
      - image            = "sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598a" -> null
      - init             = false -> null
      - ip_address       = "172.17.0.2" -> null
      - ip_prefix_length = 16 -> null
      - ipc_mode         = "private" -> null
      - links            = [] -> null
      - log_driver       = "json-file" -> null
      - log_opts         = {} -> null
      - logs             = false -> null
      - max_retry_count  = 0 -> null
```

```
      - memory           = 0 -> null
      - memory_swap      = 0 -> null
      - must_run         = true -> null
      - name             = "foo" -> null
      - network_data     = [
          - {
              - gateway                   = "172.17.0.1"
              - global_ipv6_prefix_length = 0
              - ip_address                = "172.17.0.2"
              - ip_prefix_length          = 16
              - network_name              = "bridge"
                # (2 unchanged attributes hidden)
            },
        ] -> null
      - network_mode     = "default" -> null
      - privileged       = false -> null
      - publish_all_ports = false -> null
      - read_only        = false -> null
      - remove_volumes   = true -> null
      - restart          = "no" -> null
      - rm               = false -> null
      - runtime          = "runc" -> null
      - security_opts    = [] -> null
      - shm_size         = 64 -> null
      - start            = true -> null
      - stdin_open       = false -> null
      - stop_timeout     = 0 -> null
      - storage_opts     = {} -> null
      - sysctls          = {} -> null
      - tmpfs            = {} -> null
      - tty              = false -> null
        # (8 unchanged attributes hidden)
    }
```

```
  # docker_image.ubuntu will be destroyed
  - resource "docker_image" "ubuntu" {
      - id          = "sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598aubuntu:latest" -> null
      - image_id    = "sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598a" -> null
      - latest      = "sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598a" -> null
      - name        = "ubuntu:latest" -> null
      - repo_digest = "ubuntu@sha256:8a37d68f4f73ebf3d4efafbcf66379bf3728902a8038616808f04e34a9ab63ee" -> null
    }

Plan: 0 to add, 0 to change, 2 to destroy.

Do you really want to destroy all resources?
  Terraform will destroy all your managed infrastructure, as shown above.
  There is no undo. Only 'yes' will be accepted to confirm.

  Enter a value: yes

docker_container.foo: Destroying... [id=01adf07e5918931fee9b90073726a03671037923dd92032ce0e15bbb764a6f24]
docker_container.foo: Destruction complete after 0s
docker_image.ubuntu: Destroying... [id=sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598aubuntu:latest]
docker_image.ubuntu: Destruction complete after 1s

Destroy complete! Resources: 2 destroyed.
```

Docker images After Executing Destroy step

```
PS C:\Users\Admin\TerraformScripts\Docker> docker images
REPOSITORY                          TAG       IMAGE ID       CREATED         SIZE
```