```
#Make necessary imports:
In [2]:
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import itertools
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
         from sklearn.linear_model import PassiveAggressiveClassifier
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix
        #Now, let's read the data into a DataFrame, and get the shape of the data and the first 5 record.
In [ ]:
In [5]: # Read the data
         df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\KIIT\Downloads\news.csv")
         # Get shape and head
         print(df.shape)
         print(df.head())
        (6335, 4)
           Unnamed: 0
                                                                    title \
                 8476
                                            You Can Smell Hillary's Fear
        1
                10294 Watch The Exact Moment Paul Ryan Committed Pol...
                3608
                             Kerry to go to Paris in gesture of sympathy
        3
                10142 Bernie supporters on Twitter erupt in anger ag...
                       The Battle of New York: Why This Primary Matters
                  875
                                                         text label
        O Daniel Greenfield, a Shillman Journalism Fello... FAKE
        1 Google Pinterest Digg Linkedin Reddit Stumbleu... FAKE
        2 U.S. Secretary of State John F. Kerry said Mon... REAL
        3 - Kaydee King (@KaydeeKing) November 9, 2016 T... FAKE
        4 It's primary day in New York and front-runners... REAL
In [ ]: #And get the labels from the DataFrame.
        #DataFlair - Get the labels
In [6]:
         labels=df.label
         labels.head()
             FAKE
Out[6]:
        1
             FAKE
        2
             REAL
        3
             FAKE
             REAL
        Name: label, dtype: object
        #Split the dataset into training and testing sets.
In [ ]:
        #DataFlair - Split the dataset
In [8]:
         x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(df['text'], labels, test_size=0.2, random_state=7
        #DataFlair - Initialize a TfidfVectorizer
In [9]:
        tfidf_vectorizer=TfidfVectorizer(stop_words='english', max_df=0.7)
         #DataFlair - Fit and transform train set, transform test set
         tfidf_train=tfidf_vectorizer.fit_transform(x_train)
         tfidf_test=tfidf_vectorizer.transform(x_test)
        #Next, we'll initialize a PassiveAggressiveClassifier. This is. We'll fit this on tfidf_train an
```

```
In [11]:
         #DataFlair - Initialize a PassiveAggressiveClassifier
         pac=PassiveAggressiveClassifier(max_iter=50)
         pac.fit(tfidf_train,y_train)
         #DataFlair - Predict on the test set and calculate accuracy
         y_pred=pac.predict(tfidf_test)
         score=accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
         print(f'Accuracy: {round(score*100,2)}%')
         Accuracy: 92.5%
         #We got an accuracy of 92.5% with this model. Finally, let's print out a confusion matrix to gail
In [ ]:
In [12]: |
         #DataFlair - Build confusion matrix
         confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred, labels=['FAKE','REAL'])
         array([[586, 52],
Out[12]:
                [ 43, 586]], dtype=int64)
         #So with this model, we have 586 true positives, 586 true negatives, 43 false positives, and 52
```