

Time: 3 Hrs

## PES University, Bengaluru (Established under Karnataka Act No. 16 of 2013)

**UE20CS254** 

Max Marks: 100

## MAY 2022: END SEMESTER ASSESSMENT (ESA) BTech 4th SEMESTER **UE20CS254 - Operating Systems**

Answer All Questions

	_			7 11 10 11 01 7 111 00 00	0.010			
1	a	Briefly exp	lain how a system ca	ll is executed by the	e operating system	4	_	
	b	What is a F	Process Control Block	<b>(?</b>		5	_	
	c	Explain the	e various execution st	ates of a process		5	_	
	d			•	nd burst time are given below	6	-	
		Process	Arrival Time (ms)	Burst Time (ms)				
		PI	3	4				
		P2	5	3				
		P3 P4	0	2				
		P5	5	3				
		turnaround	scheauling policy is time and draw the C	SRIF, calculate the	average waiting time, average			
		process id.		anii chari. In case (	of a tie, prioritize the process with a lower			
2	a	What is a <b>1</b>	Thread? What will be	the output of the be	elow code?	6		
		#include <st< td=""><td>tdio h&gt;</td><td></td><th></th><td></td><td></td></st<>	tdio h>					
		#include <stdio.h> #include <stdlib.h></stdlib.h></stdio.h>						
		#include <unistd.h></unistd.h>						
		#include <pthread.h></pthread.h>						
		int g = 0; void *myThreadFunction(void *vargp)						
		{	eadrunction(void vary	P)				
		int *myid :	= (int *)vargp;					
		static int s	s = 0;					
		int I = 0;						
		++1; ++s;						
			read ID: %d, Local: %d,	Static: %d, Global: %	od\n", *myid, I, s, g);			
		pthread_exit(NULL); }						
		,						
		int main()						
		{ int i;						
		pthread_t	tid;					
		for (i = 0; i	< 3; 1++)					
		t pthread	_create(&tid, NULL, my	ThreadFunction, (voi	d *)&tid):			
		pthread_join(tid, NULL);						
		} return 0;						
		}						
. 1	1					The state of the s		

		SRN						
	b	Briefly explain Semaphores	4					
	c	What is a Critical Section problem?						
	d	Explain solution for Critical Section problem using mutex locks						
3	a	Explain Paging memory management scheme						
	b	Briefly explain memory management scheme in Intel IA-32 architecture						
	c	Consider a reference string of 1,2,3,4,1,2,5,1,2 and 3 frames. How many page faults would occur if Optimal page replacement algorithm is used						
	d	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2						
4	a	Describe the most common schemes for defining the logical structure of a directory						
	b	Explain the in-memory file system structures provided by the OS to support a read operation on a file						
	c	Consider a file system with 4096-byte blocks. Assume a two level index allocation strategy and a 4 byte pointer. What is the maximum file size that can be supported by such a file system?						
	d	What is a File Allocation Table (FAT)? Explain how FAT is used for allocating disk space to the files.						
5	a	a Briefly describe the structure of a protection domain						
	b	Describe the characteristics of a RAID-5 disk volume						
	c	Explain the lock-key scheme of checking access rights						
	d	Consider a disk with 200 cylinders and disk queue with requests for I/O to blocks on cylinders 99, 180, 36, 126, 15 and the initial position of the head is at cylinder 100. Recommend the best algorithm (minimum seek time) among FCFS, Shortest Seek Time First and SCAN disk scheduling algorithms for this case. If needed, assume the initial direction will be towards the end such that maximum number of requests can be serviced						

