# If All Trees Were Bread & Cheese \*

**CONDITIONALS** 

- States that something will happen if a condition is fulfilled.
- Begins with if, unless, until etc.
  - \* If it rains tomorrow, we will stay indoors.
    - \* If we are late, we wont be allowed to enter the class.
  - \* Until the boss permits, you cannot go on a vacation.

### Types of Conditionals

- 1. Zero Conditional
- 2. First Conditional
- 3. Second Conditional
- 4. Third Conditional.

#### Zero Conditional

- Expresses general truths.
- The time referred to is "now/ always"
- The situation is real and possible, that is almost always true.
- If + Simple Present + Simple Present
- Eg. If you heat ice, it melts.
  - If people break the law, they get punished.
    - If it rains, the grass gets wet.

#### First Conditional

- Situations where the result is highly likely.
- A real possibility that the result will happen.
- If + Simple Present + Will (Simple Future)
- Eg. If you plan properly, you will succeed.
  - If people break the law, they will get punished.

#### Second Conditional

- Refers to an unreal condition.
- Situations where the result is highly unlikely.
- The condition itself is not real, hence the result may not happen at all
- If + Simple Past+ Would
- Eg. If I found some money on the road, I would give you a treat.
  - If we went a little farther, we would meet the monk.
  - If I had some spare money, I would go on a vacation.

#### Third Conditional

- Refers to an impossible condition.
- Situations where the result is not possible at all.
- The event and its result has already occurred, hence a new result is not possible.
- If + Past Perfect (Had + ed form of verb)+
  Would Have
- Eg. If we had played well, we would have won the game.
  - If you had studied well, you would have passed the exam.
    - If he had taken the 7.20 his he would

## Conditional Phrases other than 'IF'

#### Unless & Provided that

- gives a more exclusive meaning
- Eg Unless you pass the test, we will not buy the new bike for you
- You can play the game provided that you help your mother clear the table.

#### • If & Unless

- used with non finite/ verb-less clauses
- Eg You are to come to college unless otherwise informed.

- If Only
  - a stringer form of 'if'
  - expresses a wish fulfillment

Eg - If only someone had warned us, this would not have happened.

#### • In Case

- Indicates a precaution, not condition
- something we do in advance to be ready if there is a problem.
- Eg I packed some extra clothes in case if we decided to extend our stay.
- 'In case of means the same as 'ifexpresses a condition.