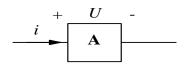


厦门大学《电路原理》课程 期中试题·答案

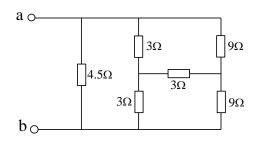


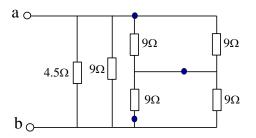
考试日期: 2011 信息学院自律督导部整理

1、判断元件 \mathbf{A} 是消耗功率还是发出功率,参考方向如图所示,其中 U < 0,i > 0[发出功率]

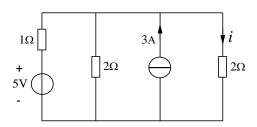


2、求端口 a、b 端的等效电阻[2.25Ω]

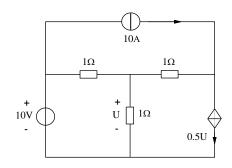




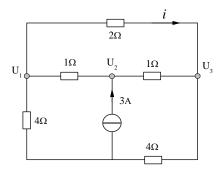
3、采用电源的等效变换原理求 *i*[2A]



4、采用回路电流法求电压 U [8V]

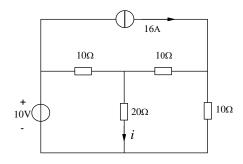


5、采用节点电压法求 i

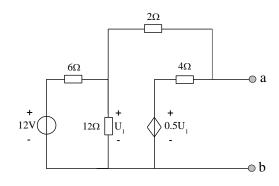


$$\begin{cases} \frac{U_1}{4} + \frac{U_1 - U_3}{2} + \frac{U_1 - U_2}{1} = 0 \\ \frac{U_1 - U_2}{1} + \frac{U_3 - U_2}{1} + 3 = 0 \implies \begin{cases} U_1 = 6 \\ U_2 = 7.5 \Rightarrow i = 0 \\ U_3 = 6 \end{cases} \\ \frac{U_1 - U_3}{2} + \frac{U_2 - U_3}{1} - \frac{U_3}{4} = 0 \end{cases}$$

6、采用叠加定理求 *i*=2.25A



7、求 ab 一端口电路的戴唯宁等效电路



$$U_{oc} = 5V, R = 3\Omega$$

8、用输入电压 U_i 表示输出电压 U_o ,其中运算放大器为理想运算放大器

