(OR)

ALTER TABLE test 1 DROP(pk, fk, coll) CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;

VIEWING CONSTRAINTS

Query the USER_CONSTRAINTS table to view all the constraints definition and names.

Example:

SELECT constraint_name, constraint_type, search_condition FROM user_constraints WHERE table_name='employees';

Viewing the columns associated with constraints

SELECT constraint_name, constraint_type, FROM user_cons_columns WHERE table_name='employees';

Find the Solution for the following:

1. Add a table-level PRIMARY KEY constraint to the EMP table on the ID column. The constraint should be named at creation. Name the constraint my_emp_id_pk.

After Table Emp ADD CONSTRAINT my-emp td-pk primary key (ID);

2. Create a PRIMAY KEY constraint to the DEPT table using the ID colum. The constraint should be named at creation. Name the constraint my_dept_id_pk.

Alter Table Dept ADD CONSTRAINT my-dept-id-PK primary key (ID);

3. Add a column DEPT_ID to the EMP table. Add a foreign key reference on the EMP table that ensures that the employee is not assigned to nonexistent department. Name the constraint my_emp_dept_id_fk.

Alter Table Emp ADD Dept_10 number;

Alter Table Emp ADD CONSTRAINT my_emp_dept_id-fk Foreign Key (Dept_id)
Requence Dept (ID);

 Modify the EMP table. Add a COMMISSION column of NUMBER data type, precision 2, scale 2. Add a constraint to the commission column that ensures that a commission value is greater than zero.

Alter Table Emp Add Lammilson Number (3,2);

Add Constraint commission_chk (HEAK (commission to);

Evaluation Procedure	Marks awarded
Query(5)	5
Execution (5)	5
Viva(5)	5
Total (15)	15
Faculty Signature	W/