

H2O for Marketing/CRM Applications

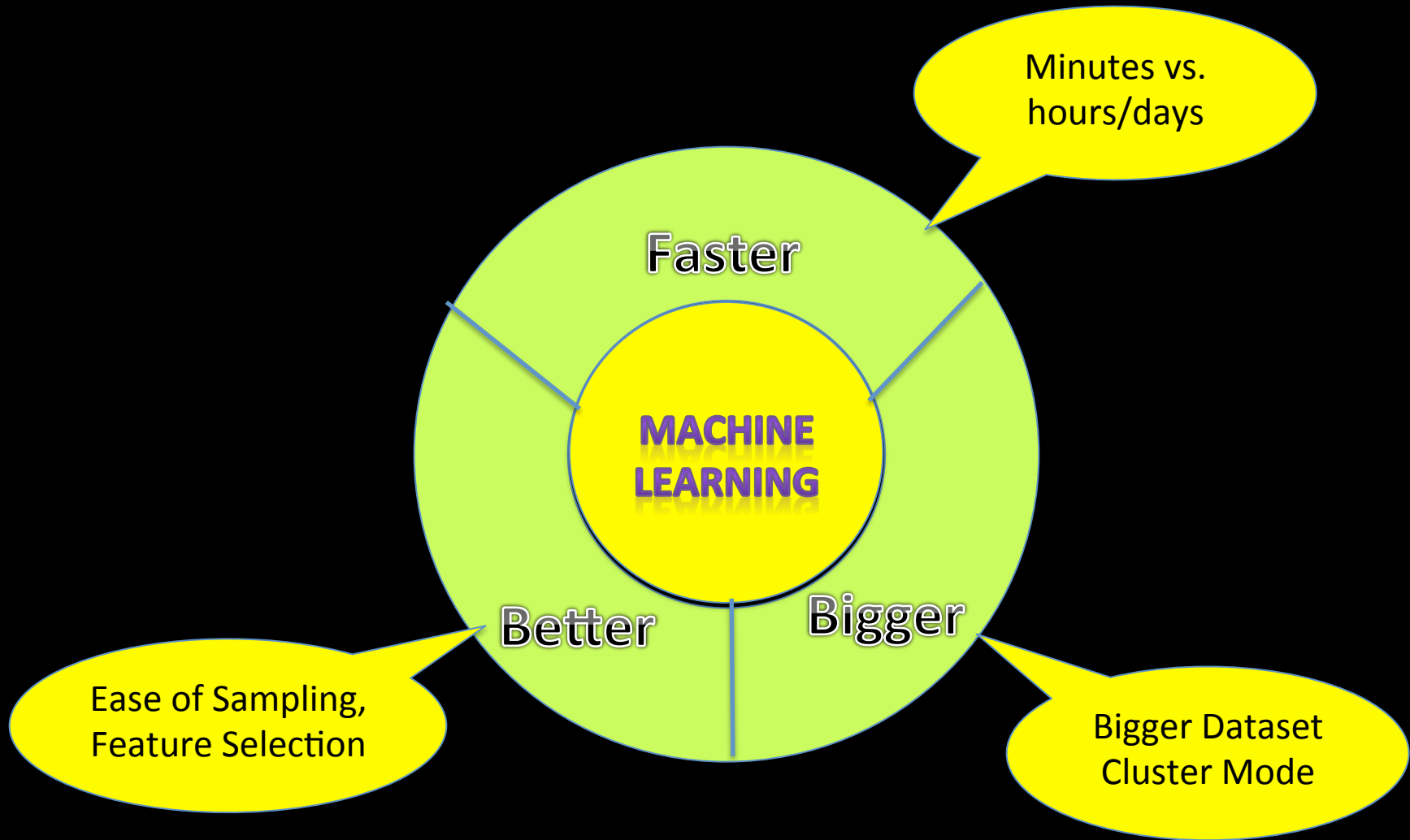
H2O: Faster, Bigger, Better

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Summary

- Why H2O?
- Marketing/CRM Applications
- KDDCup 1998
- Hands-on Training (R/H2O)
- Why H2O (Again)

H2O - Big Data Machine Learning Platform



Marketing/CRM Applications

- CRM (Marketing, Sales, and Support) is the customer journey
- Intelligent CRM apps dominate corporate IT spending on analytics products
- The frontier of ML is to decipher customer behavior data

Intelligent CRM Apps

Yahoo!

Awareness

Ad Targeting

Google

Discovery

Keyword Bidding

B2B, B2C eCommerce

Consideration

Lead Scoring

+

**Amazon, Ebay, Macy's
Salesforce**

Sales

**Recommendation
/ Forecast**

Support/
Retention

Churn Analysis

???

Loyalty

Cross-sell, Up-sell

Hands-on Example: KDDCup98

- Goal: to maximize the profit from fund-raising campaigns
- Dataset:
 - Training: 95412 samples, 481 attributes
 - 2 Target variables: TARGET_B and TARGET_D
 - Test: 96367 samples, 479 attributes
 - Cost per mail: \$0.68
- Pre-processing (for this training)
 - $ZIP = ZIP / 100$
 - Cardinality: 19938 \rightarrow 199

KDDCup98: Using R vs. H2O

- R
 - Read Data
 - Selected Features
 - randomForest (Oops, too many missing values)
 - cforest (Oops, out of memory)
 - ZIP fixed (Oops, cforest still does not return)
 - Score
- H2O
 - Read Data
 - Big data RF
 - Score
 - Profit: \$14,513 out-of-the-box
 - Ranked #3 in competition
 - #1: \$14,712

KDDCup98: R

```
setwd("$PATH_TO_KDDCUP98/data/")  
Kdd98 <- read.csv("cup98LRN_z.csv")
```

```
featureSet <- c("ODATEDW", "OSOURCE", "STATE", "ZIP", "PVASTATE", "DOB",  
"RECINHSE", "MDMAUD", "DOMAIN", "CLUSTER", "AGE", "HOMEOWNR", "CHILD03",  
"CHILD07", "CHILD12", "CHILD18", "NUMCHLD", "INCOME", "GENDER", "WEALTH1",  
"HIT", "COLLECT1", "VETERANS", "BIBLE", "CATLG", "HOMEE", "PETS", "CDPLAY",  
"STEREO", "PCOWNERS", "PHOTO", "CRAFTS", "FISHER", "GARDENIN", "BOATS",  
"WALKER", "KIDSTUFF", "CARDS", "PLATES", "PEPSTRFL", "CARDPROM", "MAXADATE",  
"NUMPROM", "CARDPM12", "NUMPRM12", "RAMNTALL", "NGIFTALL", "CARDGIFT",  
"MINRAMNT", "MAXRAMNT", "LASTGIFT", "LASTDATE", "FISTDATE", "TIMELAG",  
"AVGGIFT", "HPHONE_D", "RFA_2F", "RFA_2A", "MDMAUD_R", "MDMAUD_F",  
"MDMAUD_A", "CLUSTER2", "GEOCODE2", "TARGET_D")
```

```
kdd98 <- Kdd98[, setdiff(featureSet, c("CONTROLN", "TARGET_B"))]
```

```
library(randomForest)  
rf <- randomForest(TARGET_D ~ ., data=kdd98)
```

```
library(party)  
cf <- cforest(TARGET_D ~ ., data= kdd98, control = cforest_unbiased(mtry=2, ntree=50))
```


KDDCup98: H2O

- Training: (Web UI and R scripts)
- Scoring and Solution Evaluation

```
kdd98 <- read.csv("cup98VAL_z.csv")           # read data
kdd_pred <- read.csv("drf_predict.csv")         # read prediction value
kdd_pred_val <- apply(kdd_pred,1,function(row) if (row[1] > 0.68) 1 else 0 )
kdd98_withpred <- cbind(kdd98, kdd_pred_val)
kdd98_withpred$yield <- apply(kdd98_withpred,1,function(row)
                             (as.numeric(row['TARGET_D']) - 0.68) * as.numeric(row[483]))
sum(kdd98_withpred$yield)                      # profit
max(kdd98_withpred$yield)                     # max donation
sum(kdd_pred_val)                             # mails sent
```

H2O - Big Data Machine Learning Platform

