### Genba Sopanrao Moze College of Engineering, Balewadi, Pune-45

## **Department of Electronics And Telecommunication**

## Academic year 2022\_23

Roll No:	Subject: Control System Lab

Date: Staff Sign:

## **Experiment no:-6**

**AIM:** Configure servers like HTTP/FTP and understand packet sequence and data flowing between client-server using packet analysis tools

#### **REQUIREMENT:**

WINDOWS 10 with LAN Connectivity.

**Software**: Cisco Packet Tracer

#### **Theory:**

## FILE TRANSFER PROTOCOL

- File Transfer Protocol (FTP) is a standard network protocol used to transfer files from one host to another host over a TCP-based network, such as the Internet.
- FTP is built on a client\_server architecture and uses separate control and data connections between the client and the server.
- FTP users may authenticate themselves using a <u>clear-text</u> sign-in protocol, normally in the form of a username and password, but can connect anonymously if the server is configured to allow it.
- FTP may run in *active* or *passive* mode, which determines how the data connection is established.

- In active mode, the client creates a TCP control connection to the server and sends the server the client's IP address and an arbitrary client port number, and then waits until the server initiates the data connection over TCP to that client IP address and client port number.
- In situations where the client is behind a <u>firewall</u> and unable to accept incoming TCP connections, *passive mode* may be used.
- In this mode, the client uses the control connection to send a PASV command to the server and then receives a server IP address and server port number from the server, which the client then uses to open a data connection from an arbitrary client port to the server IP address and server port number received.
- In a typical FTP session, the user is sitting in front of one host (the local host) and wants to transfer files to or from a remote host. In order for the user to access the remote account, the user must provide a user identification and a password.
- After providing this authorization information, the user can transfer files from the local file system to the remote file system and vice versa.
- The user first provides the hostname of the remote host, which causes the FTP client process in the local host to establish a TCP connection with the FTP server process in the remote host.
- The user then provides the user identification and password, which get sent over the TCP connection as part of FTP commands. Once the server has authorized the user, the user copies one or more files stored in the local file system into the remote file system.

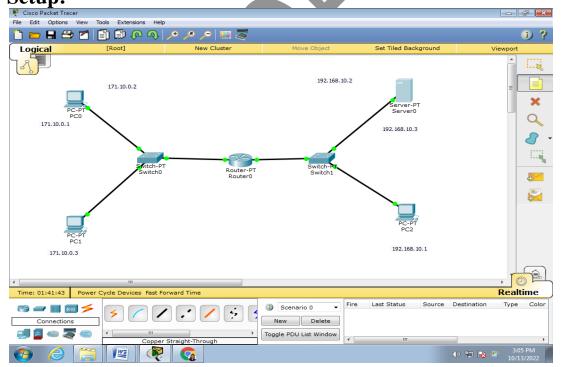
#### **Procedure:**

- a. Design network by using router, computer, switch and server
- b. Then assign IP address and gateway address to each PC
- c. Assign IP address, gateway address to server
- d. Click on server and select services, click on FTP then set Username and password>add
- e. Click on server and then text editor type some text and save it
- f. Click on server >command prompt>login in server and check dir and upload text file

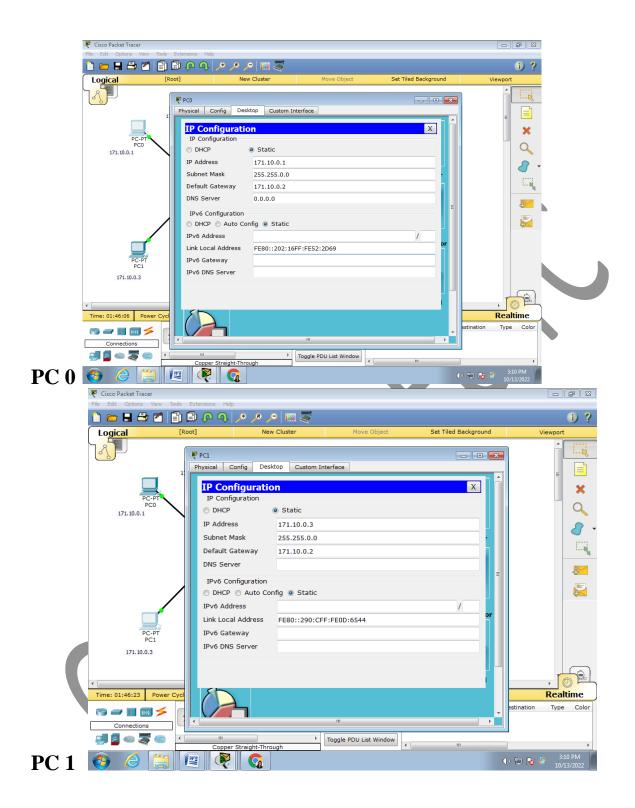
Syntax;1) <u>ftp 192.168.10.3</u>
2) dir
3) put test1.txt

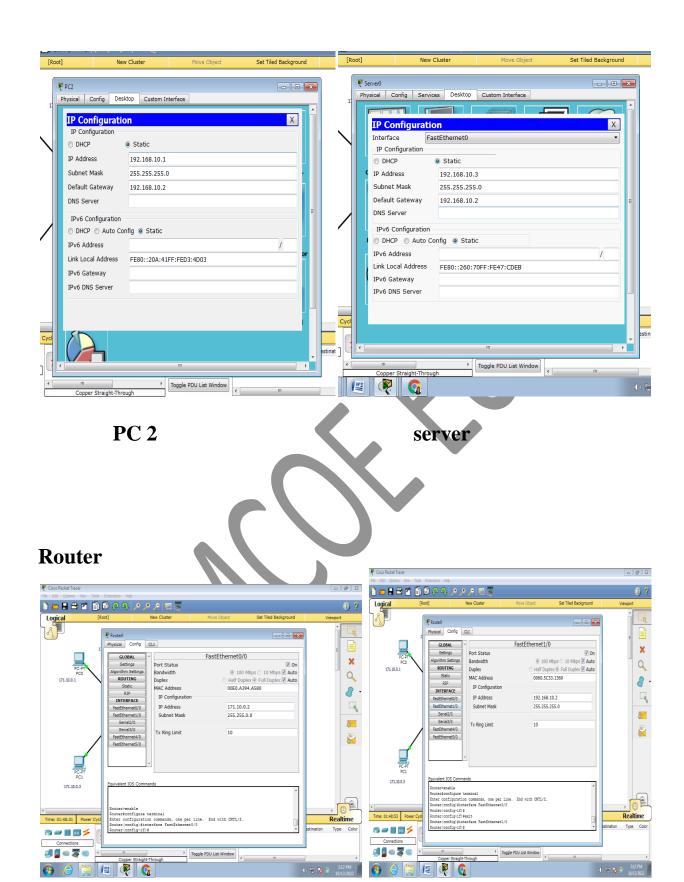
g. Click on any PC first login>dir. Check uploaded text file

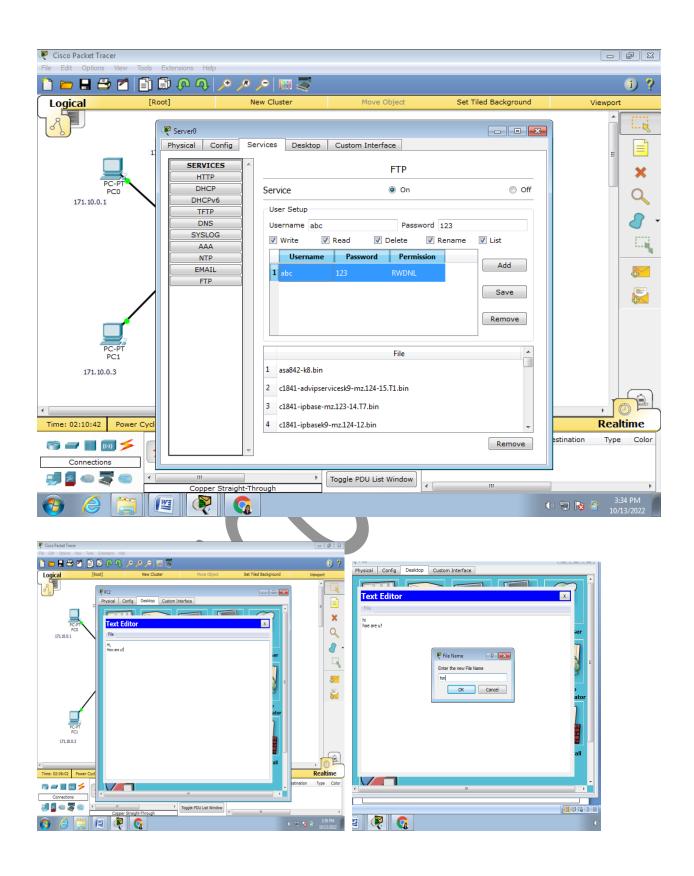
# CONGIURATION USING PACKET TRACER:

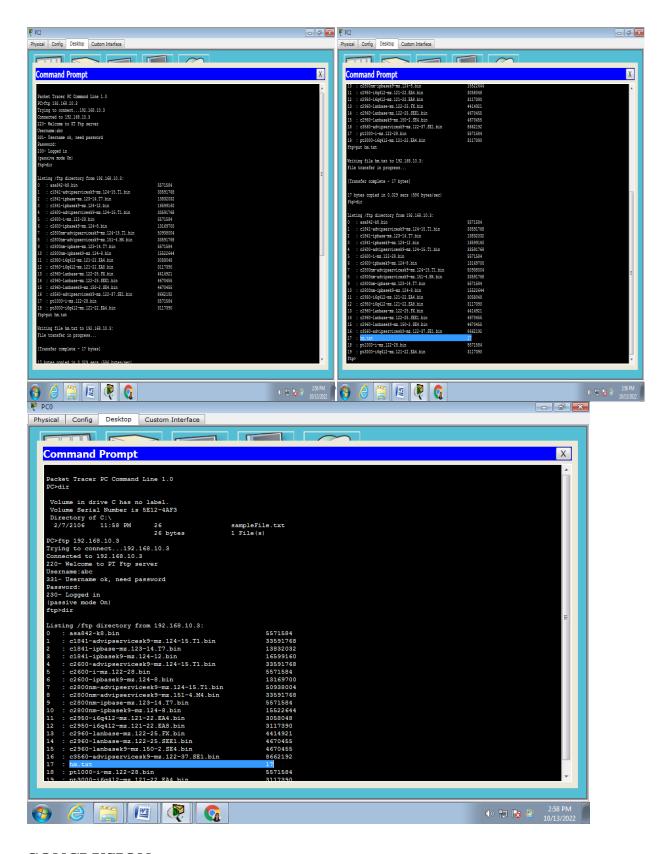


#### **Result Printouts:**









#### **CONCLUSION:**