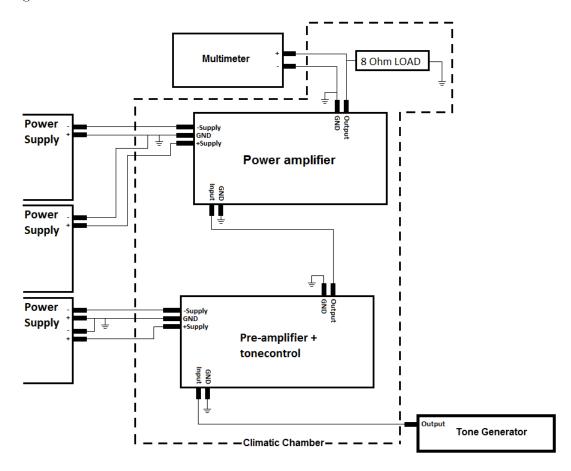
FIGURE SAMPLE 1

Figure Sample

Figure 0.1: CAPTION¹



SOURCE

figure 0.1 Figure 0.1

This reference only represents this line since it is before the punctuation mark[1]. This next reference however represents the entire section. That is all of the preceding sentences in the entire section. This is due to the fact that it is now after the punctuation mark in the end of the section (this is not used in the middle of a section!).[1]

Table Sample

Table 0.1: This Is a Table

No.	Description	Min	Max	Requirements			
1	Some Text	Some Text	me Text Some Text Some Text				
				Some More Text			
				Text Text			
				Text Text Text			
2	Some Text	Some Text	Some Text	Some Text			
3	By specifying the width of a	Some Text	Some Text	Some Text			
	$column (p{5cm}) the cells$						
	in that column will not ex-						
	ceed the specified width but						
	instead expand downward.						
4	Some Text	Some Text	Some Text	Some Text			
Some Text		Some Text					
Text Text		Text = Text					
		Text = Text					
		Text = Text					
		Text = Text					
		Text = Text					
Some Text		Teeeexxtt					
		LATEX					

table 0.1 Table 0.1

Equation Sample

Ohms Law:

$$U = I \times R \tag{1}$$

Some explanation:

$$[Equation] = [Number]$$
 [Unit] (2)

Some explanation:

$$[Equation] = [Number]$$
 [Unit] (3)

Some explanation:

$$[Equation] = [Number]$$
 [Unit] (4)

Some explanation:

$$[ShortEquation] = [Number]$$
 [Unit] (5)

$$[SomewhatLongerEquation] = [Number]$$
 [Unit] (6)

[SomewhatQuiteaLotLongerEquation] = [Number] [Unit] (7)

```
equation (1)
equation (1) and (2)
equation (1), (2) and (3)
equation (1), (2), (3) and (4)
equation (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5)
equation (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6)
equation (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7)
Equation (1)
Equation (1) and (2)
Equation (1), (2) and (3)
Equation (1), (2), (3) and (4)
Equation (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5)
Equation (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6)
```

Equation (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6) and (7)

Design & implementation

Design Consideration

In this chapter the system will be designed with a top-down approach. First a use-case of the overall functionalities in the system is described, in order to give an overall view of what the system must be able to do. Furthermore ..

Use case design

To give an overall view of what the system should be able to do, a UML use-case diagram is used to consider and describe the main functionalities and operators in the system, see figure ??.

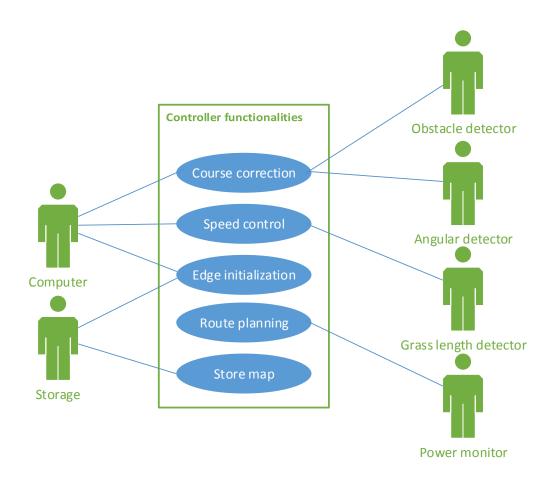


Figure 0.2: Use Case Diagram

The main purpose of the system is to automatically navigate in a specific area. In which area to navigate is decided by the Edge initialization functionality, which uses the Store map functionality to store the information in storage.

The route to navigate, in the specific area, is provided by the functionality Route planning. Route planning uses the information, about the specific area, provided by Edge initialization to plan the most optimal route in which to follow. Furthermore the Route planning needs information about the systems power level to insure the Route planning takes into consideration if the system needs charging.

To insure the system is moving with a constant speed or a speed which is fitted to the height of the grass, detected with the Grass length detector, a Speed control functionality is necessary in the system.

The last functionality, Course correction,

Bibliography

[1]	Yongwang Ding a Circuits. 2006.	and Ramesh	Harjani.	$High ext{-}Linearity$	CMOS	RF	Front-	End				
List of Corrections												
Not	e: Remember sour	ce						1				