

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
REGULATION – R - 13
III YEAR – II SEMESTER

COMPILER DESIGN LAB MANUAL



PREPARED BY

ANIL KUMAR PRATHIPATI
NARASARAOPETA ENGINEERING COLLEGE
NARASARAOPETA.

Lexical Analyzer implimentation by using C program

```
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<stdio.h>

void keyword(char[]);

void main()
{
    FILE *f1,*f2,*f3;
    char c,str[10],st1[10];
    int num[100],lineno=0,tokenvalue=0,i=0,j=0,k=0;
    clrscr();
    printf("\nEnter the c program\n");
    f1=fopen("input.txt","w");
    while((c=getchar())!=EOF)
        putc(c,f1);
    fclose(f1);
    f1=fopen("input.txt","r");
    f2=fopen("identifier.txt","w");
    f3=fopen("specialchar.txt","w");
    while((c=getc(f1))!=EOF)
    {
        if(isdigit(c))
        {
            tokenvalue=c-48;
            c=getc(f1);
            while(isdigit(c))
            {
                tokenvalue=tokenvalue*10+(c-48);
                c=getc(f1);
            }
            num[i++]=tokenvalue;
            ungetc(c,f1);
        }
        else if(isalpha(c))
        {
            putc(c,f2);
            c=getc(f1);
            while((isdigit(c)||isalpha(c)||c=='_'||c=='$'))
            {
                putc(c,f2);
                c=getc(f1);
            }
            putc(' ',f2);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        ungetc(c,f1);
    }
    else if(c==' '||c=='\t')
        printf(" ");
    else if(c=='\n')
        lineno++;
    else putc(c,f3);
}
fclose(f2);
fclose(f3);
fclose(f1);
printf("\nThe numbers in the program are:");
for(j=0;j<i;j++)
    printf(" %d ",num[j]);
printf("\n");
f2=fopen("identifier.txt","r");
k=0;
printf("The keywords and identifiers are:");
while((c=getc(f2))!=EOF)
{
    if(c!=' ')
        str[k++]=c;
    else
    {
        str[k]='\0';
        keyword(str);
        k=0;
    }
}
fclose(f2);
f3=fopen("specialchar.txt","r");
printf("\nSpecial characters are");
while((c=getc(f3))!=EOF)
    printf(" %c",c);
printf("\n");
fclose(f3);
printf("Total no. of lines are:%d",lineno);
getch();
}

void keyword(char str[10])
{
    if(strcmp("for",str)==0||strcmp("while",str)==0||strcmp("do",str)==0||
        strcmp("int",str)==0||strcmp("float",str)==0||strcmp("char",str)==0||
        strcmp("double",str)==0||strcmp("static",str)==0||
        strcmp("switch",str)==0||strcmp("case",str)==0) // TYPE 32 KEYWORDS

```

```

    printf("\n%s is a keyword",str);
else
    printf("\n%s is an identifier",str);
}

```

OUTPUT

Enter the c program

```

int main()
{
int a=10,20;
char ch;
float f;
}^Z

```

The numbers in the program are: 10 20

The keywords and identifiers are:

```

int is a keyword
main is an identifier
int is a keyword
a is an identifier
char is a keyword
ch is an identifier
float is a keyword
f is an identifier

```

Special characters are () { = , ; ; ; }

Total no. of lines are:5

Lexical Analyzer implementation by using LEX tool

// Program name as "lexicalfile.l"

```
% {
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
% }
```

```
delim [\t]
```

```
ws {delim}+
```

```
letter [A-Za-z]
```

```
digit [0-9]
```

```
id {letter}({letter}|{digit})*
```

```
num {digit}+(\.{digit}+)?(E[+/-]?{digit}+)?
```

```
% %
```

```
ws {printf("no action");}
```

```
if|else|then { {printf("%s is a keyword",yytext); } // TYPE 32 KEYWORDS
```

```
{id} {printf("%s is an identifier",yytext);}
```

```

{num} {printf(" it is a number");}
"<" {printf("it is a relational operator less than");}
"<=" {printf("it is a relational operator less than or equal");}
">" {printf("it is a relational operator greater than");}
">=" {printf("it is a relational operator greater than");}
"==" {printf("it is a relational operator equal");}
"<>" {printf("it is a relational operator not equal");}
%%

```

```

main()
{
    yylex();
}

```

OUTPUT

```

lex lexicalfile.l
cc lex.yy.c -ll
if
if is a keyword
number
number is a identifier
254
It is a number
<>
it is a relational operator not equal
^Z

```

SHIFT REDUCE PARSER

```

#include"stdio.h"
#include"conio.h"
#include"string.h"
char ip_sym[15],stack[15];
int ip_ptr=0,st_ptr=0,len,i;
char temp[2],temp2[2];
char act[15];
void check();

void main()
{
    clrscr();
    printf("\n\t\t SHIFT REDUCE PARSER\n");
    printf("\n GRAMMER\n");
    printf("\n E->E+E\n E->E/E");
    printf("\n E->E*E\n E->E-E\n E->id");
    printf("\n enter the input symbol:\t");
}

```

```

gets(ip_sym);
printf("\n\t stack implementation table");
printf("\n stack\t\t input symbol\t\t action");
printf("\n_____ \t\t _____ \t\t _____ \n");
printf("\n $ \t\t %s $ \t\t --", ip_sym);
strcpy(act, "shift ");
temp[0]=ip_sym[ip_ptr];
temp[1]='\0';
strcat(act,temp);
len=strlen(ip_sym);
for(i=0;i<=len-1;i++)
{
stack[st_ptr]=ip_sym[ip_ptr];
stack[st_ptr+1]='\0';
ip_sym[ip_ptr]=' ';
ip_ptr++;
printf("\n $ %s \t\t %s $ \t\t %s", stack, ip_sym, act);
strcpy(act, "shift ");
temp[0]=ip_sym[ip_ptr];
temp[1]='\0';
strcat(act,temp);
check();
st_ptr++;
}
st_ptr++;
check();
}
void check()
{
int flag=0;
temp2[0]=stack[st_ptr];
temp2[1]='\0';
if(islower(temp2[0]))
{
stack[st_ptr]='E';
flag=1;
}
if((!strcmp(temp2,"+"))||(!strcmp(temp2,"*"))
||(!strcmp(temp2,"/"))||(!strcmp(temp2,"-")))
{
flag=1;
}
if((!strcmp(stack,"E+E"))||(!strcmp(stack,"E/E"))
||(!strcmp(stack,"E*E"))||(!strcmp(stack,"E-E")))
{
if(!strcmp(stack,"E+E"))

```

```

{
strcpy(stack,"E");
printf("\n $%s\t\t%s\t\tE->E+E",stack,ip_sym);
}
else
if(!strcmp(stack,"E/E"))
{
strcpy(stack,"E");
printf("\n $%s\t\t %s\t\tE->E/E",stack,ip_sym);
}
else
if(!strcmp(stack,"E-E"))
{
strcpy(stack,"E");
printf("\n $%s\t\t %s\t\tE->E-E",stack,ip_sym);
}

else
{
strcpy(stack,"E");
printf("\n $%s\t\t%s\t\tE->E*E",stack,ip_sym);
}
flag=1;
st_ptr=0;
}
if(!strcmp(stack,"E")&&ip_ptr==len)
{
printf("\n $%s\t\t%s\t\tACCEPT",stack,ip_sym);
getch();
exit(0);
}
if(flag==0)
{
printf("\n $%s\t\t%s\t\t reject",stack,ip_sym);
exit(0);
}
return;
}

```

OUTPUT:

1)

SHIFT REDUCE PARSER

GRAMMER

E->E+E

E->E/E

E->E*E

E->E-E

E->id

enter the input symbol: a+b*c

stack implementation table

| stack | input symbol | action |
|-------|--------------|---------|
| \$ | a+b*c\$ | -- |
| \$a | +b*c\$ | shift a |
| \$E | +b*c\$ | E->a |
| \$E+ | b*c\$ | shift + |
| \$E+b | *c\$ | shift b |
| \$E+E | *c\$ | E->b |
| \$E | *c\$ | E->E+E |
| \$E* | c\$ | shift * |
| \$E*c | \$ | shift c |
| \$E*c | \$ | E->c |
| \$E | \$ | E->E*c |
| \$E | \$ | ACCEPT |

2)

SHIFT REDUCE PARSER

GRAMMER

E->E+E

E->E/E

E->E*E

E->E-E

E->id

enter the input symbol: a+b*+c

stack implementation table

| stack | input symbol | action |
|-------|--------------|---------|
| \$ | a+b*+c\$ | -- |
| \$a | +b*+c\$ | shift a |
| \$E | +b*+c\$ | E->a |
| \$E+ | b*+c\$ | shift + |
| \$E+b | *+c\$ | shift b |
| \$E+E | *+c\$ | E->b |

| | | |
|--------|-------|---------|
| \$E | *+c\$ | E->E+E |
| \$E* | +c\$ | shift * |
| \$E*+ | c\$ | shift + |
| \$E*+c | \$ | shift c |
| \$E*+E | \$ | E->c |
| \$E*+E | | reject |

Recursive Descent Parser of a given grammar

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>

char input[10];
int i=0,error=0;
void E();
void T();
void Eprime();
void Tprime();
void F();

void main()
{
    clrscr();
    printf("Enter an arithmetic expression : \n");
    gets(input);
    E();
    if(strlen(input)==i&&error==0)
        printf("\nAccepted..!!!");
    else
        printf("\nRejected..!!!");
    getch();
}
/*if(input[i]=='i')
{
    i++;
    if(input[i]=='d')
        i++;
}
else if(input[i]=='(')
{
    i++;
    E();
    if(input[i]==')')
        i++;
}
```

```
    }  
    else  
        error=1;*/
```

```
void E()  
{  
    T();  
    Eprime();  
}
```

```
void Eprime()  
{  
    if(input[i]=='+')  
    {  
        i++;  
        T();  
        Eprime();  
    }  
}
```

```
void T()  
{  
    F();  
    Tprime();  
}
```

```
void Tprime()  
{  
    if(input[i]=='*')  
    {  
        i++;  
        F();  
        Tprime();  
    }  
}
```

```
void F()  
{  
    if(input[i]=='(')  
    {  
        i++;  
        E();  
        if(input[i]==')')  
            i++;  
    }  
}
```

```

    }
    else if(isalpha(input[i]))
    {
        i++;
        while(isalnum(input[i])||input[i]=='_')
            i++;
    }
    else
        error=1;
}

```

OUTPUT

1)

Enter an arithmetic expression :
sum+month*interest

Accepted...!!!

2)

Enter an arithmetic expression :
sum+avg*+interest

Rejected...!!!

Find the FIRST of a given grammar

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>

void FIRST(char[],char );
void result(char[],char);
int nop;
char prod[10][10];

void main()
{
    int i;
    char choice;
    char c;
    char res1[20];
    clrscr();
    printf("How many number of productions ? :");
    scanf(" %d",&nop);
    printf("enter the production string like E=E+T\n");
    for(i=0;i<nop;i++)
    {
        printf("Enter productions Number %d : ",i+1);
        scanf(" %s",prod[i]);
    }
}

```

```

    }
do
{
    printf("\n Find the FIRST of :");
    scanf(" %c",&c);
    FIRST(res1,c);
    printf("\n FIRST(%c)= { ",c);
    for(i=0;res1[i]!='\0';i++)
        printf(" %c ",res1[i]);
    printf("}\n");
    printf("press 'y' to continue : ");
    scanf(" %c",&choice);
}
while(choice=='y'||choice=='Y');
}

void FIRST(char res[],char c)
{
    int i,j,k;
    char subres[5];
    int eps;
    subres[0]='\0';
    res[0]='\0';

    if(!(isupper(c)))
    {
        result(res,c);
        return ;
    }
    for(i=0;i<nop;i++)
    {
        if(prod[i][0]==c)
        {
            if(prod[i][2]=='$')
                result(res,'$');
            else
            {
                j=2;
                while(prod[i][j]!='\0')
                {
                    eps=0;
                    FIRST(subres,prod[i][j]);
                    for(k=0;subres[k]!='\0';k++)
                        result(res,subres[k]);
                    for(k=0;subres[k]!='\0';k++)
                        if(subres[k]=='$')

```

```

        {
            eps=1;
            break;
        }
        if(!eps)
            break;
        j++;
    }
}
}
return ;
}
void result(char res[],char val)
{
    int k;
    for(k=0 ;res[k]!='\0';k++)
        if(res[k]==val)
            return;
    res[k]=val;
    res[k+1]='\0';
}

```

OUTPUT

How many number of productions ? :8
 enter the production string like E=E+T
 Enter productions Number 1 : E=TX
 Enter productions Number 2 : X=+TX
 Enter productions Number 3 : X=\$
 Enter productions Number 4 : T=FY
 Enter productions Number 5 : Y=*FY
 Enter productions Number 6 : Y=\$
 Enter productions Number 7 : F=(E)
 Enter productions Number 8 : F=i

Find the FIRST of :X

FIRST(X)= { + \$ }
 press 'y' to continue : Y

Find the FIRST of :F

FIRST(F)= { (i }
 press 'y' to continue : Y

Find the FIRST of :Y

FIRST(Y)= { * \$ }
press 'y' to continue : Y

Find the FIRST of :E

FIRST(E)= { (i }
press 'y' to continue : Y

Find the FIRST of :T

FIRST(T)= { (i }
press 'y' to continue : N

Find the FOLLOW of a given grammar

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>

int nop,m=0,p,i=0,j=0;
char prod[10][10],res[10];

void FOLLOW(char c);
void first(char c);
void result(char);

void main()
{
    int i;
    int choice;
    char c,ch;
    printf("Enter the no.of productions: ");
    scanf("%d", &nop);
    printf("enter the production string like E=E+T\n");
    for(i=0;i<nop;i++)
    {
        printf("Enter productions Number %d : ",i+1);
        scanf("%s",prod[i]);
    }
    do
    {
        m=0;
        printf("Find FOLLOW of -->");
        scanf(" %c",&c);
        FOLLOW(c);
        printf("FOLLOW(%c) = { ",c);
        for(i=0;i<m;i++)
```

```

    printf("%c ",res[i]);
    printf(" }\n");
    printf("Do you want to continue(Press 1 to continue....)?");
    scanf("%d%c",&choice,&ch);
}
while(choice==1);
}

```

```

void FOLLOW(char c)
{
    if(prod[0][0]==c)
        result('$');
    for(i=0;i<nop;i++)
    {
        for(j=2;j<strlen(prod[i]);j++)
        {
            if(prod[i][j]==c)
            {
                if(prod[i][j+1]!='\0')
                    first(prod[i][j+1]);
                if(prod[i][j+1]=='\0'&&c!=prod[i][0])
                    FOLLOW(prod[i][0]);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

void first(char c)
{
    int k;
    if(!(isupper(c)))
        result(c);
    for(k=0;k<nop;k++)
    {
        if(prod[k][0]==c)
        {
            if(prod[k][2]=='$')
                FOLLOW(prod[i][0]);
            else if(islower(prod[k][2]))
                result(prod[k][2]);
            else
                first(prod[k][2]);
        }
    }
}

```

```

void result(char c)
{
    int i;
    for( i=0;i<=m;i++)
        if(res[i]==c)
            return;
    res[m++]=c;
}

```

OUTPUT

Enter the no.of productions: 8
 enter the production string like E=E+T
 Enter productions Number 1 : E=TX
 Enter productions Number 2 : X=+TX
 Enter productions Number 3 : X=\$
 Enter productions Number 4 : T=FY
 Enter productions Number 5 : Y=*FY
 Enter productions Number 6 : Y=\$
 Enter productions Number 7 : F=(E)
 Enter productions Number 8 : F=i
 Find FOLLOW of -->X
 FOLLOW(X) = { \$) }
 Do you want to continue(Press 1 to continue....)?1
 Find FOLLOW of -->E
 FOLLOW(E) = { \$) }
 Do you want to continue(Press 1 to continue....)?1
 Find FOLLOW of -->Y
 FOLLOW(Y) = { + \$) }
 Do you want to continue(Press 1 to continue....)?1
 Find FOLLOW of -->T
 FOLLOW(T) = { + \$) }
 Do you want to continue(Press 1 to continue....)?1
 Find FOLLOW of -->F
 FOLLOW(F) = { * + \$) }
 Do you want to continue(Press 1 to continue....)?2

LL(1) Parser of a given grammer

```

#include<string.h>
#include<conio.h>
char a[10];
int top=-1,i;

void error()
{
    printf("Syntax Error");
}

```



```
}

void push(char k[])
{
    for(i=0;k[i]!='\0';i++)
    {
        if(top<9)
            a[++top]=k[i];
    }
}

char TOS()
{
    return a[top];
}

void pop()
{
    if(top>=0)
        a[top--]='\0';
}

void display()
{
    for(i=0;i<=top;i++)
        printf("%c",a[i]);
}

void display1(char p[],int m)
{
    int l;
    printf("\t");
    for(l=m;p[l]!='\0';l++)
        printf("%c",p[l]);
}

char* stack()
{
    return a;
}

void main()
{
    char ip[20],r[20],nt,cin;
    int ir,ic,j=0,k;
    char t[5][6][10]={"$","$","TH","$","TH","$",
```

```

        "+TH", "$", "$", "e", "$", "e",
        "$", "$", "FU", "$", "FU", "$",
        "e", "*FU", "$", "e", "$", "e",
        "$", "$", "(E)", "$", "i", "$");

clrscr();
printf("\nEnter any String(Append with $)");
gets(ip);
printf("Stack\tInput\tOutput\n\n");
push("$E");
display();
printf("\t%s\n", ip);
for(j=0; ip[j]!='\0';)
{
    if(TOS()==cin)
    {
        pop();
        display();
        display1(ip, j+1);
        printf("\tPOP\n");
        j++;
    }
    cin=ip[j];
    nt=TOS();
    if(nt=='E')ir=0;
    else if(nt=='H')ir=1;
    else if(nt=='T')ir=2;
    else if(nt=='U')ir=3;
    else if(nt=='F')ir=4;
    else {
        error();
        break;
    }
    if(cin=='+')ic=0;
    else if(cin=='*')ic=1;
    else if(cin=='(')ic=2;
    else if(cin==')')ic=3;
    else if(isalpha(cin)){ ic=4; cin='i'; }
    else if(cin=='$')ic=5;
    strcpy(r, strrev(t[ir][ic]));
    strrev(t[ir][ic]);
    pop();
    push(r);
    if(TOS()=='e')
    {
        pop();
        display();
    }
}

```

```

        display1(ip,j);
        printf("\t%c->%c\n",nt,238);
    }
    else{
        display();
        display1(ip,j);
        printf("\t%c->%s\n",nt,t[ir][ic]);
    }
    if(TOS()=='$' && cin=='$')
        break;
    if(TOS()=='$'){
        error();
        break;
    }
}
k=strcmp(stack(),"$");
if(k==0)
    printf("\n Given String is accepted");
else
    printf("\n Given String is not accepted");
getch();
}

```

OUTPUT

1)

Enter any String(Append with \$)i+i*i\$
 Stack Input Output

```

$E   i+i*i$
$HT  i+i*i$ E->TH
$HUF i+i*i$ T->FU
$HUi i+i*i$ F->i
$HU  +i*i$ POP
$H   +i*i$ U->ε
$HT+ +i*i$ H->+TH
$HT  i*i$ POP
$HUF i*i$ T->FU
$HUi i*i$ F->i
$HU  *i$ POP
$HUF* *i$ U->*FU
$HUF i$ POP
$HUi i$ F->i
$HU  $ POP
$H   $ U->ε
$    $ H->ε

```

Given String is accepted

2)

Enter any String(Append with \$)i+i**i\$

Stack Input Output

\$E i+i**i\$

\$HT i+i**i\$ E->TH

\$HUF i+i**i\$ T->FU

\$HUi i+i**i\$ F->i

\$HU +i**i\$ POP

\$H +i**i\$ U-> ϵ

\$HT+ +i**i\$ H->+TH

\$HT i**i\$ POP

\$HUF i**i\$ T->FU

\$HUi i**i\$ F->i

\$HU **i\$ POP

\$HUF* **i\$ U->*FU

\$HUF *i\$ POP

\$HUS *i\$ F->\$

Syntax Error

Given String is not accepted