


```
# loading the data to a data frame
data_frame = pd.DataFrame(breast_cancer_dataset.data, columns = breast_cancer_dataset.feature_names)
```

```
#print the first 5 rows of the data frame
data_frame.head()
```

	mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	mean compactness	co
0	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0	0.11840	0.27760	
1	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0	0.08474	0.07864	
2	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0	0.10960	0.15990	
3	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1	0.14250	0.28390	
4	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0	0.10030	0.13280	

```
# adding the 'target' column to the data frame
data_frame['label'] = breast_cancer_dataset.target
```

```
# print last 5 rows of the dataframe
data_frame.tail()
```

	mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	mean compactness	
564	21.56	22.39	142.00	1479.0	0.11100	0.11590	
565	20.13	28.25	131.20	1261.0	0.09780	0.10340	
566	16.60	28.08	108.30	858.1	0.08455	0.10230	
567	20.60	29.33	140.10	1265.0	0.11780	0.27700	
568	7.76	24.54	47.92	181.0	0.05263	0.04362	

```
# number of rows and columns in the dataset
data_frame.shape
```

```
(569, 31)
```

```
# getting some information about the data
data_frame.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 569 entries, 0 to 568
Data columns (total 31 columns):
#   Column              Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   mean radius          569 non-null    float64
1   mean texture          569 non-null    float64
2   mean perimeter        569 non-null    float64
3   mean area             569 non-null    float64
4   mean smoothness       569 non-null    float64
```

```

5   mean compactness      569 non-null   float64
6   mean concavity        569 non-null   float64
7   mean concave points   569 non-null   float64
8   mean symmetry          569 non-null   float64
9   mean fractal dimension 569 non-null   float64
10  radius error           569 non-null   float64
11  texture error          569 non-null   float64
12  perimeter error        569 non-null   float64
13  area error             569 non-null   float64
14  smoothness error       569 non-null   float64
15  compactness error      569 non-null   float64
16  concavity error        569 non-null   float64
17  concave points error   569 non-null   float64
18  symmetry error         569 non-null   float64
19  fractal dimension error 569 non-null   float64
20  worst radius           569 non-null   float64
21  worst texture          569 non-null   float64
22  worst perimeter        569 non-null   float64
23  worst area             569 non-null   float64
24  worst smoothness       569 non-null   float64
25  worst compactness      569 non-null   float64
26  worst concavity        569 non-null   float64
27  worst concave points   569 non-null   float64
28  worst symmetry         569 non-null   float64
29  worst fractal dimension 569 non-null   float64
30  label                  569 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(30), int64(1)
memory usage: 137.9 KB

```

```

# checking for missing values
data_frame.isnull().sum()

```

```

mean radius      0
mean texture     0
mean perimeter   0
mean area        0
mean smoothness  0
mean compactness 0
mean concavity   0
mean concave points 0
mean symmetry    0
mean fractal dimension 0
radius error     0
texture error    0
perimeter error  0
area error       0
smoothness error 0
compactness error 0
concavity error  0
concave points error 0
symmetry error   0
fractal dimension error 0
worst radius     0
worst texture    0
worst perimeter  0
worst area       0
worst smoothness 0
worst compactness 0
worst concavity  0
worst concave points 0
worst symmetry   0
worst fractal dimension 0
label           0
dtype: int64

```

```

# statistical measures about the data
data_frame.describe()

```

	mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness
count	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000	569.000000
mean	14.127292	19.289649	91.969033	654.889104	0.096360
std	3.524049	4.301036	24.298981	351.914129	0.014064
min	6.981000	9.710000	43.790000	143.500000	0.052630
25%	11.700000	16.170000	75.170000	420.300000	0.086370
50%	13.370000	18.840000	86.240000	551.100000	0.095870
75%	15.780000	21.800000	104.100000	782.700000	0.105300

```
# checking the distribution of Target Varibale
data_frame['label'].value_counts()
```

```
1    357
0    212
Name: label, dtype: int64
```

1 --> Benign

0 --> Malignant

```
data_frame.groupby('label').mean()
```

	mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	coi
label						
0	17.462830	21.604906	115.365377	978.376415	0.102898	
1	12.146524	17.914762	78.075406	462.790196	0.092478	

Separating the features and target

```
X = data_frame.drop(columns='label', axis=1)
Y = data_frame['label']
```

```
print(X)
```

```

      mean radius  mean texture  mean perimeter  mean area  mean smoothness \
0             17.99          10.38          122.80        1001.0         0.11840
1             20.57          17.77          132.90        1326.0         0.08474
2             19.69          21.25          130.00        1203.0         0.10960
3             11.42          20.38           77.58         386.1         0.14250
4             20.29          14.34          135.10        1297.0         0.10030
..            ...           ...           ...           ...           ...
564           21.56          22.39          142.00        1479.0         0.11100
565           20.13          28.25          131.20        1261.0         0.09780
566           16.60          28.08          108.30         858.1         0.08455
567           20.60          29.33          140.10        1265.0         0.11780
568            7.76          24.54           47.92         181.0         0.05263

```

	mean compactness	mean concavity	mean concave points	mean symmetry \
0	0.27760	0.30010	0.14710	0.2419
1	0.07864	0.08690	0.07017	0.1812
2	0.15990	0.19740	0.12790	0.2069
3	0.28390	0.24140	0.10520	0.2597
4	0.13280	0.19800	0.10430	0.1809
..
564	0.11590	0.24390	0.13890	0.1726
565	0.10340	0.14400	0.09791	0.1752
566	0.10230	0.09251	0.05302	0.1590
567	0.27700	0.35140	0.15200	0.2397
568	0.04362	0.00000	0.00000	0.1587

	mean fractal dimension	... worst radius	worst texture \
0	0.07871	25.380	17.33
1	0.05667	24.990	23.41
2	0.05999	23.570	25.53
3	0.09744	14.910	26.50
4	0.05883	22.540	16.67
..
564	0.05623	25.450	26.40
565	0.05533	23.690	38.25
566	0.05648	18.980	34.12
567	0.07016	25.740	39.42
568	0.05884	9.456	30.37

	worst perimeter	worst area	worst smoothness	worst compactness \
0	184.60	2019.0	0.16220	0.66560
1	158.80	1956.0	0.12380	0.18660
2	152.50	1709.0	0.14440	0.42450
3	98.87	567.7	0.20980	0.86630
4	152.20	1575.0	0.13740	0.20500
..
564	166.10	2027.0	0.14100	0.21130
565	155.00	1731.0	0.11660	0.19220
566	126.70	1124.0	0.11390	0.30940
567	184.60	1821.0	0.16500	0.86810
568	59.16	268.6	0.08996	0.06444

	worst concavity	worst concave points	worst symmetry \
0	0.7119	0.2654	0.4601
1	0.2416	0.1860	0.2750
2	0.4504	0.2430	0.3613
3	0.6869	0.2575	0.6638
4	0.4000	0.1625	0.2364

```
print(Y)
```

```

0      0
1      0
2      0
3      0
4      0
..
564    0
565    0
566    0
567    0
568    1
Name: label, Length: 569, dtype: int64
```

Splitting the data into training data & Testing data

```
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, random_state=2)
```

```
print(X.shape, X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
```

```
(569, 30) (455, 30) (114, 30)
```

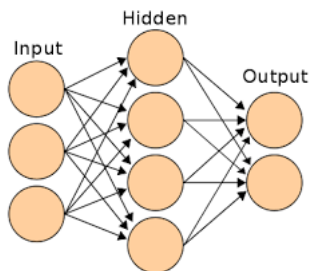
Standardize the data

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

```
scaler = StandardScaler()
```

```
X_train_std = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
```

```
X_test_std = scaler.transform(X_test)
```

Building the Neural Network

```
# importing tensorflow and Keras
import tensorflow as tf
tf.random.set_seed(3)
from tensorflow import keras
```

```
# setting up the layers of Neural Network
```

```
model = keras.Sequential([
    keras.layers.Flatten(input_shape=(30,)),
    keras.layers.Dense(20, activation='relu'),
    keras.layers.Dense(2, activation='sigmoid')
])
```

```
# compiling the Neural Network
```

```
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
# training the Neural Network
```

```
history = model.fit(X_train_std, Y_train, validation_split=0.1, epochs=10)
```

```

Epoch 1/10
13/13 [=====] - 1s 20ms/step - loss: 0.5694 - accuracy: 0.7139 - val_loss: 0.3319 - val_
Epoch 2/10
13/13 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 0.3568 - accuracy: 0.8729 - val_loss: 0.2213 - val_a
Epoch 3/10
13/13 [=====] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.2602 - accuracy: 0.9218 - val_loss: 0.1736 - val_a
Epoch 4/10
13/13 [=====] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.2154 - accuracy: 0.9291 - val_loss: 0.1468 - val_a
Epoch 5/10
13/13 [=====] - 0s 6ms/step - loss: 0.1844 - accuracy: 0.9438 - val_loss: 0.1301 - val_a
Epoch 6/10
13/13 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1638 - accuracy: 0.9535 - val_loss: 0.1182 - val_a
Epoch 7/10
13/13 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1477 - accuracy: 0.9609 - val_loss: 0.1091 - val_a
Epoch 8/10

```

```

13/13 [=====] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 0.1348 - accuracy: 0.9707 - val_loss: 0.1016 - val_a
Epoch 9/10
13/13 [=====] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.1242 - accuracy: 0.9731 - val_loss: 0.0950 - val_a
Epoch 10/10
13/13 [=====] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.1147 - accuracy: 0.9780 - val_loss: 0.0904 - val_a

```

Visualizing accuracy and loss

```

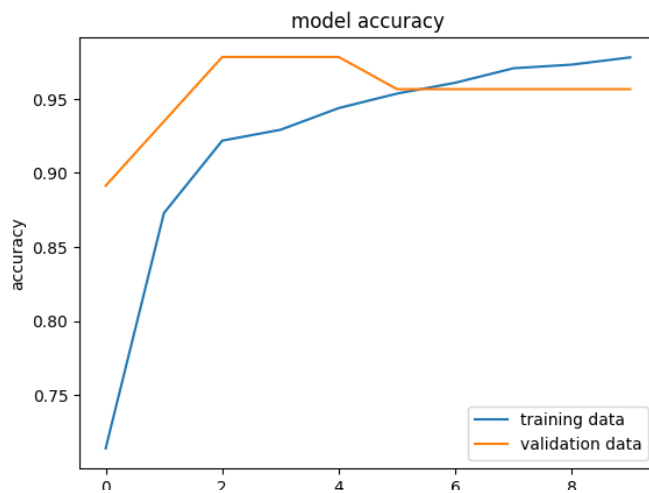
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])

plt.title('model accuracy')
plt.ylabel('accuracy')
plt.xlabel('epoch')

plt.legend(['training data', 'validation data'], loc = 'lower right')

```

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x786b214ebd90>



```

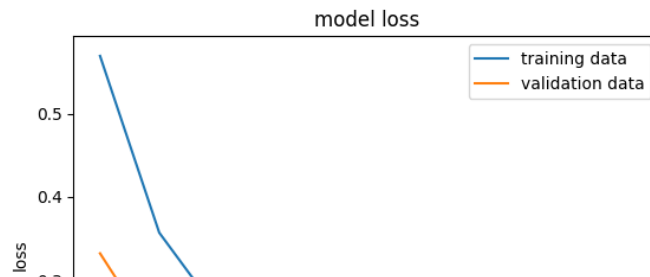
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])

plt.title('model loss')
plt.ylabel('loss')
plt.xlabel('epoch')

plt.legend(['training data', 'validation data'], loc = 'upper right')

```

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x786b214e85b0>



Accuracy of the model on test data

```
loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test_std, Y_test)
print(accuracy)
```

```
4/4 [=====] - 0s 3ms/step - loss: 0.1206 - accuracy: 0.9649
0.9649122953414917
```

```
print(X_test_std.shape)
print(X_test_std[0])
```

```
(114, 30)
[-0.04462793 -1.41612656 -0.05903514 -0.16234067  2.0202457  -0.11323672
 0.18500609  0.47102419  0.63336386  0.26335737  0.53209124  2.62763999
 0.62351167  0.11405261  1.01246781  0.41126289  0.63848593  2.88971815
-0.41675911  0.74270853 -0.32983699 -1.67435595 -0.36854552 -0.38767294
 0.32655007 -0.74858917 -0.54689089 -0.18278004 -1.23064515 -0.6268286 ]
```

```
Y_pred = model.predict(X_test_std)
```

```
4/4 [=====] - 0s 2ms/step
```

```
print(Y_pred.shape)
print(Y_pred[0])
```

```
(114, 2)
[0.5910623  0.64777416]
```

```
print(X_test_std)
```

```
[[-0.04462793 -1.41612656 -0.05903514 ... -0.18278004 -1.23064515
 -0.6268286 ]
 [ 0.24583601 -0.06219797  0.21802678 ...  0.54129749  0.11047691
 0.0483572 ]
 [-1.26115925 -0.29051645 -1.26499659 ... -1.35138617  0.269338
 -0.28231213]
 ...
 [ 0.72709489  0.45836817  0.75277276 ...  1.46701686  1.19909344
 0.65319961]
 [ 0.25437907  1.33054477  0.15659489 ... -1.29043534 -2.22561725
 -1.59557344]
 [ 0.84100232 -0.06676434  0.8929529 ...  2.15137705  0.35629355
 0.37459546]]
```

```
print(Y_pred)
```

```
[[0.5910623  0.64777416]
 [0.57262623  0.53137416]
 [0.08178474  0.92251354]
 [0.99999636  0.8754512 ]
 [0.6494268  0.6795414 ]
 [0.9978378  0.73924863]
 [0.35568988  0.65768343]
 [0.06551942  0.89959633]]
```



```
[0.1704827 0.8185148 ]
[0.11982249 0.89849025]
[0.5166799 0.47550526]
[0.2432145 0.73547703]
[0.3054033 0.73301727]
[0.32677945 0.6794893 ]
[0.11260096 0.8842174 ]
[0.9769998 0.47413704]
[0.08762719 0.8973993 ]
[0.16068268 0.94328135]
[0.14915735 0.7968978 ]
[0.99748766 0.70721126]
[0.94598246 0.8555197 ]
[0.066418 0.9159178 ]
[0.11691153 0.8489473 ]
[0.07170216 0.93611085]
[0.19703601 0.7964921 ]
[0.9919995 0.5575889 ]
[0.15023275 0.7869088 ]
[0.26323164 0.7787339 ]
[0.9899322 0.44185722]
[0.9872928 0.408697 ]
[0.20459795 0.849198 ]
[0.19734438 0.8272765 ]
[0.14040704 0.87954384]
[0.99972373 0.14902125]
[0.9964441 0.6718576 ]
[0.18507044 0.8106896 ]
[0.02255836 0.8897489 ]
[0.23570876 0.5984493 ]
[0.05192166 0.92064077]
[0.22142278 0.8514634 ]
[0.9999666 0.88097465]
[0.87940365 0.48971888]
[0.00588301 0.69957805]
[0.21378544 0.89768004]
[0.94594187 0.6020921 ]
[0.11570267 0.8739163 ]
[0.09937078 0.9309568 ]
[0.08318587 0.90201384]
[0.9996934 0.2658929 ]
[0.97562253 0.5196244 ]
[0.13347326 0.90047187]
[0.9149535 0.7256508 ]
[0.36942926 0.5317479 ]
[0.08153431 0.87005514]
[0.10065925 0.9040531 ]
[0.7661681 0.70631254]
[0.07776804 0.7460908 ]
[0.14298692 0.8882097 ]
```

model.predict() gives the prediction probability of each class for that data point

```
# argmax function

my_list = [0.25, 0.56]

index_of_max_value = np.argmax(my_list)
print(my_list)
print(index_of_max_value)
```

```
[0.25, 0.56]
1
```

```
# converting the prediction probability to class labels
```

```
Y_pred_labels = [np.argmax(i) for i in Y_pred]
print(Y_pred_labels)
```

```
[1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1]
```

Building the predictive system

```

input_data = (11.76,21.6,74.72,427.9,0.08637,0.04966,0.01657,0.01115,0.1495,0.05888,0.4062,1.21,2.635,28.47,0.005857,0.

# change the input_data to a numpy array
input_data_as_numpy_array = np.asarray(input_data)

# reshape the numpy array as we are predicting for one data point
input_data_resaped = input_data_as_numpy_array.reshape(1,-1)

# standardizing the input data
input_data_std = scaler.transform(input_data_resaped)

prediction = model.predict(input_data_std)
print(prediction)

prediction_label = [np.argmax(prediction)]
print(prediction_label)

if(prediction_label[0] == 0):
    print('The tumor is Malignant')

else:
    print('The tumor is Benign')

1/1 [=====] - 0s 54ms/step
[[0.03737957 0.8517287 ]]
[1]
The tumor is Benign
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/base.py:439: UserWarning: X does not have valid feature names, bu
warnings.warn(

```

```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import sklearn.datasets
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

```

```

# loading the data from sklearn
breast_cancer_dataset = sklearn.datasets.load_breast_cancer()

```

```

# loading the data to a data frame
data_frame = pd.DataFrame(breast_cancer_dataset.data, columns=breast_cancer_dataset.feature_names)

```

```

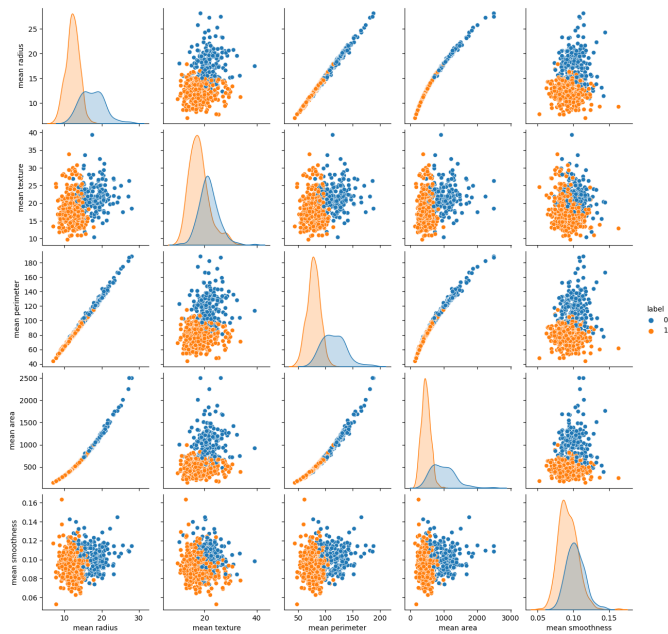
# adding the 'target' column to the data frame
data_frame['label'] = breast_cancer_dataset.target

```

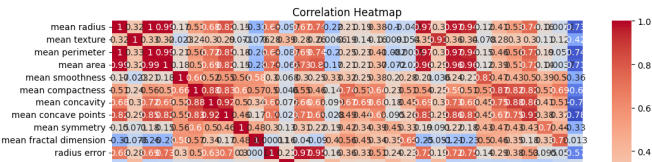
```

# Visualization: Pairplot
sns.pairplot(data_frame, hue='label', vars=breast_cancer_dataset.feature_names[:5])
plt.show()

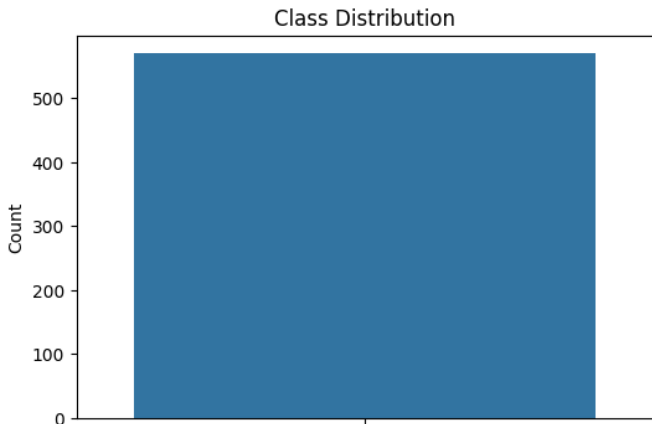
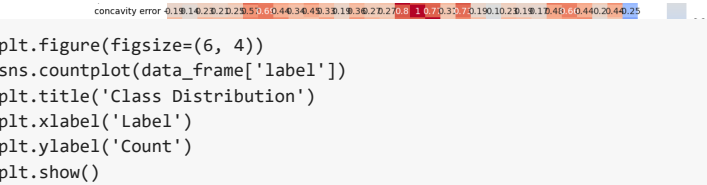
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
sns.heatmap(data_frame.corr(), annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap')
plt.show()
```



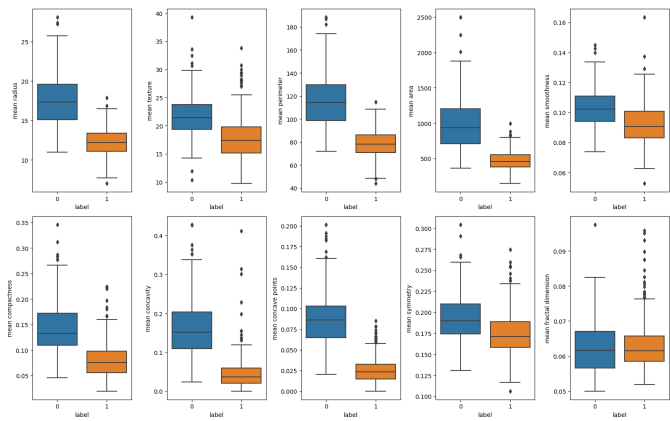
Data analysis - Class distribution



Data analysis - Mean feature comparison between classes

Double-click (or enter) to edit

```
mean_features = breast_cancer_dataset.feature_names[:10]
plt.figure(figsize=(16, 10))
for i, feature in enumerate(mean_features):
    plt.subplot(2, 5, i + 1)
    sns.boxplot(x='label', y=feature, data=data_frame)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Double-click (or enter) to edit

Double-click (or enter) to edit

Double-click (or enter) to edit

Double-click (or enter) to edit

Double-click (or enter) to edit

