

# => to be discussed (Option - Validating Neural Network Packages in R with NNbenchmark)

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**Abstract** An abstract of less than 150 words. Possible format: 1) the overall purpose of the study and the research problem(s) you investigated; 2) the basic design of the study; 3) major findings or trends found as a result of your analysis; and, 4) a brief summary of your interpretations and conclusions.

## Introduction

R Statistical Software, as any opensource platform, has relied on its contributors to keep it up to date with the latest developments. Neural networks is one of these advancements pertaining to a particular class of models in machine learning. Formerly a theory with not much practical implementation due to the complicated calculations of its algorithms, neural networks are now one of the most actively explored in its field. The reason it used to be so demanding is because neural networks use the gradient of the cost to step into the direction of the optimal solution. It updates the parameters of neurons accordingly to make better predictions until a certain number of iterations. Manually computing gradients for large, or even small datasets, was simply too hard. With the help of computers, neural network algorithms can be calculated through a few lines of code.

However, this capability of computers is often not used to the greatest extent. Instead of calculating first order derivatives, and moving incrementally forward by a predetermined learning rate, it is faster to adjust the size of each step according to its curvature. Curvature can be learned about through calculating the second order derivative. Some algorithms take this further by numerical methods. The Hessian, a matrix of the second derivatives, is approximated. Such methods are called Quasi-Newton. Broyden-Fletcher-Goldfarb-Shanno (BFGS) is a popular example of an algorithm from this class. We believed that these second order algorithms are also better than first order algorithms in terms of finding the optimal solution. Regardless of our belief, it was important to conduct a thorough examination to assess the quality of these training algorithms in R. There is much code, but barely enough comparison. At the very least our research may be used as a framework for future research.

In R, code for new neural network algorithms, better code for existing ones, or code to import algorithms from other platforms/languages is submitted and shared in the form of packages. As of August the 25th, 2019, there were 77 packages in CRAN with this keyword. Those are:

**AMORE** (Limas et al., 2014), **ANN2** (Lammers, 2019), **appnn** (Família et al., 2015), **autoencoder** (Dubossarsky and Tyshetskiy, 2015), **automl** (Boulangé, 2019), **BNN** (Jia, 2018), **brnn** (Rodriguez and Gianola, 2018), **Buddle** (Kim, 2018), **CaDENCE** (Cannon, 2017a), **cld2** (Ooms, 2018), **cld3** (Ooms, 2019), **condmixt** (Carreau, 2012), **DALEX2** (Biecek, 2018), **DamiaNN** (Siniakowicz, 2016), **DChaos** (Sandubete and Escot, 2019), **deepnet** (Rong, 2014), **deepNN** (Taylor, 2019), **DNMF** (Jia and Zhang, 2015), **elmNNRcpp** (Mouselimis and Gosso, 2018), **ELMR** (Petrozziello, 2015), **EnsembleBase** (Mahani and Sharabiani, 2016), **evclass** (Denoeux, 2017), **gamlss.add** (Stasinopoulos et al., 2016), **gcForest** (Jing, 2018), **GMDH** (Dag and Yozgatligil, 2016), **GMDH2** (Dag et al., 2019), **GMDHreg** (Tilve, 2019), **grnn** (Chasset, 2013a), **h2o** (LeDell et al., 2019), **hybridEnsemble** (Ballings et al., 2015), **isingLenzMC** (Suzen, 2016), **keras** (Allaire and Chollet, 2019), **kerasformula** (Mohanty, 2018), **kerasR** (Arnold, 2017), **leabRa** (Titz, 2017), **learNN** (Quast, 2015), **LilRhino** (Barton, 2019), **minpack.lm** (Elzhov et al., 2016), **MachineShop** (Smith, 2019), **monmlp** (Cannon, 2017b), **neural** (Nagy, 2014), **neuralnet** (Fritsch et al., 2019), **NeuralNetTools** (Beck, 2018), **NeuralSens** (Portela González and Muñoz San Roque, 2019), **NlinTS** (Hmamouche, 2019), **nlsr** (Nash and Murdoch, 2018), **nnet** (Ripley, 2016), **nnetpredint** (Ding, 2015), **nnfor** (Kourentzes, 2019), **onnx** (Tang and ONNX Authors, 2018), **OptimClassifier** (Pérez-Martín et al., 2018), **OSTSC** (Dixon et al., 2017), **pnn** (Chasset, 2013b), **polyreg** (Matloff et al., 2019), **predictorR** (with contributions from Diego Jimenez A. and D., 2019), **qrnn** (Cannon, 2019), **QuantumOps** (Resch, 2019), **quarint** (Barthelemy et al., 2016), **radiant.model** (Nijs, 2019), **rasclass** (Wiesmann and Quinn, 2016), **rcane** (Suresh et al., 2018), **regressoR** (Rodriguez R., 2019), **rminer** (Cortez, 2016), **rnn** (Quast and Fichou, 2019), **RSNNS** (Bergmeir, 2018), **ruta** (Charte et al., 2019), **simpleNeural** (Dernoncourt, 2015), **snnR** (Wang et al., 2017), **softmaxreg** (Ding, 2016), **Sojourn.Data** (Hibbing and Lyden, 2019), **spnn** (Ebrahimi, 2018), **TeachNet** (Steinbuss, 2018), **tensorflow** (Allaire and Tang, 2019), **tfestimators** (Allaire et al., 2018), **trackdem** (Bruijning et al., 2019), **TrafficBDE** (Chatzopoulou et al., 2018), **tsensemler** (Cerqueira, 2019), **validann** (Humphrey, 2017), **zFactor** (Reyes, 2019).

In particular, packages that provide neural network of the perceptron type (one input layer, one normalized layer, one hidden layer with a nonlinear activation function that is usually  $\tanh()$ , one normalized layer, one output layer) for regression purpose (i.e.  $NN(X_1, \dots, X_n) = E[Y]$ ) were the focus of this research.

## Methodology

Our research process can be divided into 3 phases: preparation, exploration, and results. In practice, these three phases overlapped as in any other research.

### Phase 1 - Preparation

#### Datasets

All the datasets used were nonlinear. Linear data sets are more simple and can even be solved with OLS regression. This is why we believe to truly set apart the ability of neural networks we needed to go beyond linear regression. Varying difficulties between data sets helped to classify further package's algorithms accuracy. One site was used for 3 of the multivariate data sets. Sonja Surjanovic and Derek Bingham of Simon Fraser University created this resourceful website to evaluate the design and analysis of computer models. Links to each dataset and their level of difficulty:

- <http://www.sfu.ca/~ssurjano/fried.html> (Friedman - average)
- <http://www.sfu.ca/~ssurjano/detpep10curv.html> (Dette - medium)
- <http://www.sfu.ca/~ssurjano/ishigami.html> (Ishigami - high)

The other multivariate dataset, Ref153, was taken from ... 3 of the univariate datasets were taken from NIST at [https://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/strd/nls/nls\\_main.shtml](https://www.itl.nist.gov/div898/strd/nls/nls_main.shtml). Gauss1 and Gauss2 have a low level of difficulty to solve. Gauss3 is average. Dmod1, Dmod2 Dreyfus1, Dreyfus2 NeuroOne from ...

#### Packages

Searching manually through the thousands of packages title or the package description of thousands packages would have taken a long time. With [RWsearch](#) (Kiener, 2019) we were able to automate the process. All packages that have "neural network" as a keyword in the package title or in the package description, that are mentioned in the introduction, were included.

### Phase 2 - Exploration of each package and development of template

#### Exploration

However, not all packages that had the keyword were fit for the scope of our research. Some didn't have any functions to make neural networks. They were simply meta-packages. Others were not regression neural networks of the perceptron type or were only made for specific purposes. We learned this through reading documentation and trying out example code. **Template**

As we inspected the packages, we developed a template for benchmarking. This template's structure is as follows:

- (1) Set up of environment - loading packages, setting directory, options;
- (2) Summary of datasets;
- (3) A loop over datasets which contained (a) setting parameters for a specific dataset (b) selecting benchmark options (c) the training of a neural network with a package's tuned functions (d) calculation of RMSE and MAE (e) plot each training over one initial graph, then plot the best result (f) adding results to the appropriate \*.csv file and (g) clearing up environment for next loop; and
- (4) Clearing up the environment for the next package. (5) It is optional to print warnings.

This process was made easier with tools from the NNbenchmark package. It is not on CRAN yet and can instead be found at <https://github.com/pkR-pkR/NNbenchmark>. Our templates for each package can be found in the companion repository, <https://github.com/pkR-pkR/NNbenchmarkTemplates>.

### Phase 3 - Collection of and analysis of results

**Collection** After the templates were finished, the packages were looped on all datasets. Results were collected in the directory of the templates repository. **Analysis** We manipulated the results with the following rating scheme:

## Results

The following is the final table of results. Further components of the rating can be found at the end.

Table 1: Results of Benchmarking

No	Name (package::algorithm)	Rating	Comment
1	<b>AMORE::train.ADAPTgd</b>	*	
	<b>AMORE::train.ADAPTgdwm</b>	*	
	<b>AMORE::train.BATCHgd</b>	rating	
	<b>AMORE::train.BATCHgdwm</b>	rating	
2	<b>automl</b>	rating	
3	<b>ANN2::neuralnetwork.sgd</b>	rating	
	<b>ANN2::neuralnetwork.adam</b>	rating	
	<b>ANN2::neuralnetwork.rmsprop</b>	rating	
4	<b>brnn</b>	***	
5	<b>CaDENCE</b>	rating	
6	<b>deepnet::gradientdescent</b>	rating	
7	<b>elmNNRcpp</b>	rating	
8	<b>ELMR</b>	rating	
9	<b>h2o::deeplearning</b>	rating	bad on univariate datasets
10	<b>keras</b>	rating	high level API for tensorflow
11	<b>kerasformula</b>	rating	
12	<b>kerasR</b>	rating	
13	<b>minpack.lm::nlsLM</b>	**	Requires hand-made formulas + scaling
14	<b>MachineShop::fit.NNetModel()</b>	rating	uses nnet
15	<b>monmlp::fit.BFGS</b>	rating	optimx, 200 iterations
	<b>monmlp::fit.Nelder-Mead</b>	rating	optimx, 10000 iterations
16	<b>neural::mlptrain</b>	rating	more appropriate for classification
17	<b>neuralnet::backprop</b>	rating	not good, most NA's
	<b>neuralnet::rprop+</b>	rating	100,000 iter
	<b>neuralnet::rprop-</b>	rating	above
	<b>neuralnet::sag</b>	rating	above
	<b>neuralnet::slr</b>	rating	above
18	<b>nlsr::nlxb</b>	**	Requires hand-made formulas + scaling
19	<b>nnet::nnet.BFGS</b>	rating	optim, 250 iterations, good
20	<b>qrnn::qrnn.fit</b>	rating	might be the best, 2000 iters?
21	<b>radiant.model::radiant.model</b>	rating	uses nnet, 10000 iters
22	<b>rcane::rlm</b>	rating?	linear, not appropriate
23	<b>rminer::fit</b>	rating	uses nnet
24	<b>RSNNS::BackpropBatch</b>	rating	
	<b>RSNNS::BackpropChunk</b>	rating	
	<b>RSNNS::BackpropMomentum</b>	rating	
	<b>RSNNS::BackpropWeightDecay</b>	rating	
	<b>RSNNS::Quickprop</b>	rating	
	<b>RSNNS::Rprop</b>	rating	
	<b>RSNNS::SCG</b>	rating	
	<b>RSNNS::Std-Backpropagation</b>	rating	
25	<b>ruta</b>	rating	
26	<b>simpleNeural::sN.MLPtrain</b>	rating	NA's, works for Ref153-NeuroOne
27	<b>snnR</b>	rating	classification
28	<b>softmaxreg</b>	rating	linear
29	<b>tensorflow::AdadelataOptimizer</b>	rating	
	<b>tensorflow::AdagradOptimizer</b>	rating	
	<b>tensorflow::AdamOptimizer</b>	rating	
	<b>tensorflow::FtrlOptimizer</b>	rating	
	<b>tensorflow::GradientDescent</b>	rating	
	<b>tensorflow::MomentumOptimizer</b>	rating	
30	<b>tfestimators</b>	rating	
31	<b>tsensembler</b>	rating	uses nnet, chooses "optimal" weights
32	<b>validann::Nelder-Mead</b>	rating	10000 iter
	<b>validann::BFGS</b>	rating	good
	<b>validann::CG</b>	rating	good BUT slow, sys hangs
	<b>validann::L-BFGS-B</b>	rating	good
	<b>validann::SANN</b>	rating	10000 iter
	<b>validann::Brent</b>	rating	for one dimension, not looped

Table 2: Review of Ommitted Packages

No	Name (package)	Category	Comment
1	<b>appnn</b>	-	
2	<b>autoencoder</b>	-	
3	<b>BNN</b>	-	
4	<b>Buddle</b>	-	
5	<b>cld2</b>	-	
6	<b>cld3</b>	-	
7	<b>condmixt</b>	-	
8	<b>DALEX2</b>	-	
9	<b>DamiaNN</b>	-	
10	<b>DChaos</b>	-	
11	<b>deepNN</b>	-	
12	<b>DNMF</b>	-	
13	<b>EnsembleBase</b>	-	
14	<b>evclass</b>	-	
15	<b>gamlss.add</b>	-	
16	<b>gcForest</b>	-	
17	<b>GMDH</b>	-	
18	<b>GMDH2</b>	-	
19	<b>GMDHreg</b>	-	
20	<b>grnn</b>	-	
21	<b>hybridEnsemble</b>	-	
22	<b>isingLenzMC</b>	-	
23	<b>leabRa</b>	-	
24	<b>learNN</b>	-	
25	<b>LilRhino</b>	-	
26	<b>NeuralNetTools</b>	-	tools for neural networks
27	<b>NeuralSens</b>	-	tools for neural networks
28	<b>NlinTS</b>	NA	Time Series
29	<b>nnetpredint</b>	-	confidence intervals for NN
30	<b>nnfor</b>	NA	Times Series, uses neuralnet
31	<b>onnx</b>	-	provides an open source format
32	<b>OptimClassifier</b>	NA	choose classifier parameters, nnet
33	<b>OSTSC</b>	-	solving oversampling classification
34	<b>pnn</b>	NA	Probabilistic
35	<b>polyreg</b>	-	polyregression ALT to NN
36	<b>predictoR</b>	NA	shiny interface, neuralnet
37	<b>QuantumOps</b>	NA	classifies MNIST, Schuld (2018)
38	<b>quarrint</b>	NA	specified classifier for quarry data
39	<b>rasclass</b>	NA	classifier for raster images, nnet?
40	<b>regressoR</b>	NA	a manual rich version of predictoR
41	<b>rnn</b>	NA	Recurrent
42	<b>Sojourn.Data</b>	NA	sojourn Accelerometer methods, nnet?
43	<b>spnn</b>	NA	classifier, probabilistic
44	<b>TeachNet</b>	NA	classifier, selfbuilt, slow
45	<b>trackdem</b>	NA	classifier for particle tracking
46	<b>TrafficBDE</b>	NA	specific reg, predicting traffic
47	<b>zFactor</b>	NA	'compressibility' of hydrocarbon gas

Possible things to talk about: What is running under the packages? Dependencies, base functions / optimization algorithms nnet, neuralnet optim() | [optimx](#) (Nash and Varadhan, 2018)

## Conclusion

### Future work

As the algorithms for neural networks continue to grow, there will always be more to validate. For current algorithms in R, our research should be extended to encompass more types of neural networks and their data formats (classifiers NN's, recurrent NN's, and so on). Different rating schemes and tunings of package functions can also be tried out.

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## Supplementary Materials

Table 3: Value of Components from Each Rating

No	Name (package::algorithm)	Docs	UF	CQ	Time	Final
1	AMORE::train.ADAPTgd AMORE::train.ADAPTgdwm AMORE::train.BATCHgd AMORE::train.BATCHgdwm					
2	automl					
3	ANN2::neuralnetwork.sgd ANN2::neuralnetwork.adam ANN2::neuralnetwork.rmsprop					
4	brnn					
5	CaDENCE					
6	deepnet::gradientdescent					
7	elmNNRcpp					
8	ELMR					
9	h2o::deeplearning					
10	keras					
11	kerasformula					
12	kerasR					
13	minpack.lm::nlsLM					
14	MachineShop::fit.NNetModel()					
15	monmlp::fit.BFGS monmlp::fit.Nelder-Mead					
16	neural::mlptrain					
17	neuralnet::backprop neuralnet::rprop+ neuralnet::rprop- neuralnet::sag neuralnet::slr					
18	nlsr::nlxb					
19	nnet::nnet.BFGS					
20	qrnn::qrnn.fit					
21	radiant.model::radiant.model					
22	rcane::rlm					
23	rminer::fit					
24	RSNNS::BackpropBatch RSNNS::BackpropChunk RSNNS::BackpropMomentum RSNNS::BackpropWeightDecay RSNNS::Quickprop RSNNS::Rprop RSNNS::SCG RSNNS::Std-Backpropagation					
25	ruta					
26	simpleNeural::sN.MLPtrain					
27	snnR					
28	softmaxreg					
29	tensorflow::AdadelataOptmizer tensorflow::AdagradOptmizer tensorflow::AdamOptmizer tensorflow::FtrlOptmizer tensorflow::GradientDescent tensorflow::MomentumOptmizer					
30	tfestimators					
31	tsensembler					
32	validann::Nelder-Mead validann::BFGS validann::CG validann::L-BFGS-B validann::SANN validann::Brent					

note: Documentation = Docs, Utility Functions = UF, Convergence Quality = CQ, Convergence Time = Time, Final Rating = Final.

*Author One*

*line 1*

*line 2*

*Author Two*

*Affiliation*

*line 1*

*line 2*