INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, DELHI

ASSIGNMENT DESIGN

Problem Statement

Write a MIPS Assembly Program for evaluating an expression in postfix format.

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COL216 - Assignment 1

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1 Approach and Design

1.1 Input - Output

- Source Code: assignment_2.asm takes input (postfix string) from the keyboard and prints the output
- on console.
- Tester Code: tester.asm takes input from the Test Input text file and prints output on console.
- Integer registers are used to store numbers and carry out arithmetic. Suitable overflow detection is
- done, whenever the computation exceeds the range of 32-bit signed integer. (error is generated by the code)
- Maximum size of character buffer is upper bounded at 159 characters. This also limits the total number
- of integers to 159. Hence, size of stack is initialized to 640 bytes (160 integers) as a safe upper bound.

1.2 Algorithm

- Input user string and store it in expression character buffer. Max length of buffer is, n=159
- Initialize Buffer_Counter and Array_Counter to 0.
- loop:
- If Buffer_Counter ≥ n then Display_Result, else load a character from buffer Buffer_Counter
- If the character is a **Line Feed**, then **Display_Result**, else check if it is a valid character.
- . If the character is a number, then store it in stack[4*Array_Counter], and add 1 to Array_Counter.
- If the character is an operator, then:
- If the **Array_Counter** < 2, then raise an error, as number of operators is more than or equal to the number of operands.
- Else pop top two elements of the stack, and perform the required calculation. Push the result onto the stack and reduce Array_Counter by 1.
- . If the character is some other character, then raise **invalid character** error.
- . Increment **Buffer_Counter** by 1.
- Jump back to loop
- Display_Result:
- . Check if the stack is containing a **single element** or not.
- . If the stack is **not** containing only one element, then **raise error** as number of operators and operands . are not balanced in the given expression.
- . Else access the **top** element (result of postfix expression) of the stack and display it on the **console**.
- Loop Invariant: Before iteration i: I have processed the first i 1 characters of the postfix expression.
 - $1 \le i \le \min(\text{length of expression} + 1, n + 1).$

1.3 Design

1.3.1 Register

Integer Registers:

 $v\theta$: used for making different syscalls

 $a\theta$: used in making syscalls (outputting/inputting strings and integers)

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a1: used in reading input string (buffer length)
t0: used to store the buffer counter (address of current character in buffer)
t1: used to store the number of elements in the array (stack)
t2: stores the integer counterpart of the character loaded from buffer (e.g. '0' ->0)
t3: stores the character (byte) loaded from the expression buffer
t4: stores the array memory offset (to read/write to a particular address in array)
t5: stores the right operand while carrying out any computation
t6: stores the left operand while carrying out any computation
t7: temporarily stores the result of computation, and it is also used for making trivial comparisons
t8: used to detect overflow in case of multiplication
s\theta: stores ASCII code of 0 (48)
s1: stores ASCII code of 9 (57)
s2: stores ASCII code of * (42)
s3: stores ASCII code of + (43)
s4: stores ASCII code of - (45)
s5: stores ASCII code of \n (10)
s6: stores the offset factor for integers (4)
1.3.2 Main Memory
ASCII:
# array used for implementing stack (max. 160 integers)
array: .space 640
# character buffer used to store the input string
expression: .space 160
# invalid character error
error_invalidChar: .asciiz "\nERROR: There is an invalid character present in the expression.\nMake sure
that the operands are in the range 0-9, and only +, - and * operators are used.\nProgram terminating!"
# illegal expression error
error_illegalExp: .asciiz "\nERROR: The number of operands and number of operators do not match.\nMake
sure that the operands are in the range 0-9, and that for each operator exactly 2 operands are pro-
vided.\nProgram terminating!"
# overflow error (integer overflow, over 32 bits)
error_overflow: .asciiz "\nERROR: Arithmetic Overflow"
# input message
msg_input: .asciiz "Enter the postfix expression that needs to be evaluated:"
# output message
msg_output: .asciiz "\nThe value of the postfix expression is: "
\# separator and newline string
msg_separator: .asciiz "\n \n_____\n\n"
msg_lf: asciiz "\n"
```

1.4 Raising Errors

- if **number of operators and operands** don't match we raise *Error: The number of operands and number of operators do not match. Make sure that the operands are in the range 0-9, and that for each operator exactly 2 operands are provided.*
- if an **invalid character** is entered we raise Error: There is an invalid character present in the expression. Make sure that the operands are in the range 0-9, and only +, and * operators are used.
- if **no input** is provided then we raise Error: The number of operands and number of operators do not

match. Make sure that the operands are in the range 0-9, and that for each operator exactly 2 operands are provided.

- if there is overflow in addition or subtraction MIPS raises the Error Arithmetic Overflow.
- if there is **overflow in multiplication** we raise Error: Arithmetic Overflow.

2 Testing Strategy

- Total of 245 test cases were generated and tested against as a part our extensive testing strategy
- use TestCaseGenerator.py to generate randomized test case files with correct output.
- tester.asm reads file and prints output on console. We then copy it into a text file and run Checker.py.
- Checker.py calculates the difference and stores it in "Difference.txt"
- We store count of cases with 0 difference and total number of cases to calculate **accuracy**.
- Types of Test Cases Used:
- . Single: 10 cases with only single digit is provided and no operator.
- . Add: only + operator is used. 10 test cases each of varying size- Small: 5, Medium: 25 and Large: 50
- . Sub: only operator is used. 10 test cases each of varying size Small: 5, Medium: 25 and Large: 50
- . Mul: only * operator is used. 10 test cases each of varying size Small: 5, Medium: 25 and Large: 50
- . AddSub: only + and operator are used. 10 test cases of sizes Small: 5, Medium: 25 and Large: 50
- . SubMul: only and * operator are used. 10 test cases of sizes Small: 5, Medium: 25 and Large: 50
- AddMul only + and * operator are used. 10 test cases of sizes Small: 5, Medium: 25 and Large: 50
- Mixed: all operators used. 10 test cases of sizes Small: 5, Medium: 25, Large: 50 and XLarge: 80
- Manual: 8 manually generated cases for extensive testing
- . Corner Cases: 1. No Input 2. Invalid Post-Order Input 3. Invalid Character 4. Overflow

3 Result

We achieved a 100% accuracy across all our test cases, with 0 difference in all outputs.

Console Interface -

Console Enter the postfix expression that needs to be evaluated: 5 The value of the postfix expression is: 5 Enter the postfix expression that needs to be evaluated: 23+56*-The value of the postfix expression is: -25 Enter the postfix expression that needs to be evaluated: 23&33*8++ ERROR: There is an invalid character present in the expression. Make sure that the operands are in the range 0-9, and only +, - and * operators are used. Program terminating! Enter the postfix expression that needs to be evaluated: 33+33* ERROR: The number of operands and number of operators do not match. Make sure that the operands are in the range $\tilde{0}-9$, and that for each operator exactly 2 operands are provided. Program terminating! Enter the postfix expression that needs to be evaluated: 34** ERROR: The number of operands and number of operators do not match. Make sure that the operands are in the range $\bar{0}$ -9, and that for each operator exactly 2 operands are provided. Program terminating! Enter the postfix expression that needs to be evaluated: ERROR: The number of operands and number of operators do not match. Make sure that the operands are in the range 0-9, and that for each operator exactly 2 operands are provided. Program terminating!