# **Two Sum**

Given an array of integers nums and an integer target, return *indices of the two numbers* such that they add up to target.

You may assume that each input would have *exactly* one solution, and you may not use the *same* element twice.

You can return the answer in any order.

### Example 1:

Input: nums = [2,7,11,15], target = 9

Output: [0,1]

Output: Because nums[0] + nums[1] == 9, we return [0, 1].

#### Example 2:

Input: nums = [3,2,4], target = 6

Output: [1,2]

## Example 3:

Input: nums = [3,3], target = 6

Output: [0,1]

#### Constraints:

- $2 \le \text{nums.length} \le 10^4$
- $-10^9 \le \text{nums}[i] \le 10^9$
- $-10^9 \le \text{target} \le 10^9$
- Only one valid answer exists.

Follow-up: Can you come up with an algorithm that is less than O(n2) time complexity?