

# CSC 2720: Data Structures

## Lab 8

Instructor: Shiraj Pokharel

Due : @ 11:00 PM ET , Next Day after release

Answer the below questions. You may use whatever IDEs / editors you like, but you must submit your responses on iCollege as .java files. Failure to comply with this simple requirement will result in a score of Zero. Please, be careful not to be assigned a Zero score this way.

*Few Rules to be followed, else will receive a score of ZERO*

- (1) Your submissions will work exactly as required.
- (2) Your files shall not be incomplete or worse corrupted such that the file does not compile at all. Make sure you submit a file that compiles.
- (3) Your submission will show an output. Should you receive a Zero for no output shown do not bother to email me with "but the logic is perfect" !

Note that your program's output must **exactly** match the specs(design , style) given here for each problem to pass the instructor's test cases .

*Design* refers to how well your code is written (i.e. is it clear, efficient, and elegant), while *Style* refers to the readability of your code (commented, correct indentation, good variable names).

In today's Lab we will explore on ways to design a simple calculator that simplifies calculations and returns an answer to the expression.

Below is how the expression is represented. This expression is also known as an "in-fix" expression

$10 * ( 2 + 15 ) / 17$

Here you have to remember that parentheses and operators have precedence, where some sub-expressions need to be calculated earlier than other sub-expressions. Further, there are space(s) between operands/operators in the expression. So

your solution needs to think of these aspects.

You will solve the problem as stated below:-

- (1) [90 points] Design a simple calculator that helps you solve the expression given. For your assistance you can use the Stack class provided in java. URL reference here:

**<https://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/util/Stack.html>**

Please be reminded that you need to design the calculator and not use in-built math methods from the Java library to solve the expression. Doing So would lead to a straight score of Zero ! Also at the end of the program as a comment mention the time and space complexity of your solution. Time and space complexity is worth 15 points each !

- (2) [10 points] In the form of sentences, as a comment in your code (at the bottom of your program), you are required to suggest how will *Solution1* be affected by using the ArrayDeque class from the Deque **interface** instead of Java's Stack class. URL reference here:

**<https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/util/Deque.html>**

Your suggestion should be no more than 5 sentences. If you think there is no meaningful improvement in time and space complexity and Deque interface is just a programming best practice, then kindly state so by your affirmation of use of which is better. :)

P.S : I know I have not taught you the Deque interface in class. This exercise is mainly to persuade you into self-studying Java's API Docs.

**Very Very Important :**

- (1) Your code should be well commented which explains all the steps you are performing to solve the problem. **A submission without code comments will immediately be deducted 15 points !**
- (2) As a comment in your code, please write your test-cases on how you would test your solution assumptions and hence your code.  
**A submission without test cases (as comments) will immediately be deducted 15 points !** Please Remember : Although, written as comments - You will address your test cases in the form of code and not prose :)