Scan Report

December 26, 2024

${\bf Summary}$

This document reports on the results of an automatic security scan. All dates are displayed using the timezone "Coordinated Universal Time", which is abbreviated "UTC". The task was "New Quick Task". The scan started at Thu Dec 26 05:45:30 2024 UTC and ended at Thu Dec 26 08:00:32 2024 UTC. The report first summarises the results found. Then, for each host, the report describes every issue found. Please consider the advice given in each description, in order to rectify the issue.

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1 Result Overview

Host	High	Medium	Low	Log	False Positive		
192.168.135.35	18	18 33		91	0		
Total: 1	18	33	6	91	0		

Vendor security updates are not trusted.

Overrides are off. Even when a result has an override, this report uses the actual threat of the result.

Information on overrides is included in the report.

Notes are included in the report.

This report might not show details of all issues that were found.

Issues with the threat level "High" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Medium" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Low" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Log" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "Debug" are not shown.

Issues with the threat level "False Positive" are not shown.

Only results with a minimum QoD of 70 are shown.

This report contains all 148 results selected by the filtering described above. Before filtering there were 596 results.

1.1 Host Authentications

Host	Protocol	Result	Port/User			
192.168.135.35	SMB	Success	Protocol SMB, Port 445, User			

2 Results per Host

$2.1\quad 192.168.135.35$

Host scan start Thu Dec 26 05:49:04 2024 UTC Host scan end Thu Dec 26 08:00:21 2024 UTC

Service (Port)	Threat Level
$5432/{ m tcp}$	High
$3632/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
$514/{ m tcp}$	High
$6697/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
$8787/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
$512/\mathrm{tcp}$	High
$1099/\mathrm{tcp}$	High

 $[\]dots$ (continues) \dots

 \dots (continued) \dots

Service (Port)	Threat Level
21/tcp	High
5900/tcp	High
6200/tcp	High
general/tcp	High
80/tcp	High
513/tcp	High
1524/tcp	High
3306/tcp	High
2121/tcp	High
5432/tcp	Medium
445/tcp	Medium
21/tcp	Medium
5900/tcp	Medium
$23/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
22/tcp	Medium
80/tcp	Medium
2121/tcp	Medium
$25/\mathrm{tcp}$	Medium
$5432/\mathrm{tcp}$	Low
general/tcp	Low
$22/\mathrm{tcp}$	Low
$25/\mathrm{tcp}$	Low
general/icmp	Low
$5432/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$3632/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$445/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$514/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
8009/tcp	Log
$139/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
6697/tcp	Log
8787/tcp	Log
$512/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
1099/tcp	Log
$21/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
111/tcp	Log
$5900/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$23/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
53/tcp	Log
general/tcp	Log
$22/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
80/tcp	Log
513/tcp	Log
$1524/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
$3306/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log

...(continues) ...

\dots (continued) \dots

Service (Port)	Threat Level
$2121/\mathrm{tcp}$	Log
general/CPE-T	Log
$25/{ m tcp}$	Log

2.1.1 High 5432/tcp

High (CVSS: 9.0)

NVT: PostgreSQL Default Credentials (PostgreSQL Protocol)

Product detection result

cpe:/a:postgresql:postgresql:8.3.1

Detected by PostgreSQL Detection Consolidation (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.12802

Summary

It was possible to login into the remote PostgreSQL as user postgres using weak credentials.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 99%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to login as user postgres with password "postgres".

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Change the password as soon as possible.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: PostgreSQL Default Credentials (PostgreSQL Protocol)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103552 Version used: 2024-07-19T15:39:06Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:postgresql:postgresql:8.3.1 Method: PostgreSQL Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.128025)

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.2 High 3632/tcp

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High (CVSS: 9.3)

NVT: DistCC RCE Vulnerability (CVE-2004-2687)

Summary

Dist CC is prone to a remote code execution (RCE) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 99%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to execute the "id" command.

Result: uid=1(daemon) gid=1(daemon)

Impact

DistCC by default trusts its clients completely that in turn could allow a malicious client to execute arbitrary commands on the server.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

Vendor updates are available. Please see the references for more information.

For more information about DistCC's security see the references.

Vulnerability Insight

DistCC 2.x, as used in XCode 1.5 and others, when not configured to restrict access to the server port, allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary commands via compilation jobs, which are executed by the server without authorization checks.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: DistCC RCE Vulnerability (CVE-2004-2687)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103553Version used: 2022-07-07T10:16:06Z

References

cve: CVE-2004-2687

url: https://distcc.github.io/security.html

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20150511045306/http://archives.neohapsis.com:80

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-0381

 $[\ {\rm return\ to\ 192.168.135.35}\]$

2.1.3 High 514/tcp

High (CVSS: 7.5)

NVT: rsh Unencrypted Cleartext Login

Summary

This remote host is running a rsh service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The rsh service is misconfigured so it is allowing connections without a passwor \hookrightarrow d or with default root:root credentials.

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Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the rsh service and use alternatives like SSH instead.

Vulnerability Insight

rsh (remote shell) is a command line computer program which can execute shell commands as another user, and on another computer across a computer network.

Remark: NIST don't see 'configuration issues' as software flaws so the referenced CVE has a severity of 0.0. The severity of this VT has been raised by Greenbone to still report a configuration issue on the target.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: rsh Unencrypted Cleartext Login

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100080 Version used: 2021-10-20T09:03:29Z

References

cve: CVE-1999-0651

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.4 High 6697/tcp

High (CVSS: 8.1)

NVT: UnrealIRCd Authentication Spoofing Vulnerability

Product detection result

cpe:/a:unrealircd:unrealircd:3.2.8.1

Detected by UnrealIRCd Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.809884)

Summary

UnrealIRCd is prone to authentication spoofing vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 3.2.8.1
Fixed version: 3.2.10.7

Impact

Successful exploitation of this vulnerability will allows remote attackers to spoof certificate fingerprints and consequently log in as another user.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

Upgrade to UnrealIRCd 3.2.10.7, or 4.0.6, or later.

Affected Software/OS

UnrealIRCd before 3.2.10.7 and 4.x before 4.0.6.

Vulnerability Insight

The flaw exists due to an error in the 'm authenticate' function in 'modules/m sasl.c' script.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: UnrealIRCd Authentication Spoofing Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.809883 Version used: 2023-07-14T16:09:27Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:unrealircd:unrealircd:3.2.8.1

Method: UnrealIRCd Detection OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.809884)

References

cve: CVE-2016-7144

url: http://seclists.org/oss-sec/2016/q3/420
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/92763

url: http://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2016/09/05/8

url: https://github.com/unrealircd/unrealircd/commit/f473e355e1dc422c4f019dbf86b

 \hookrightarrow c50ba1a34a766

url: https://bugs.unrealircd.org/main_page.php

2.1.5 High 8787/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)

NVT: Distributed Ruby (dRuby/DRb) Multiple RCE Vulnerabilities

Summary

Systems using Distributed Ruby (dRuby/DRb), which is available in Ruby versions 1.6 and later, may permit unauthorized systems to execute distributed commands.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 99%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The service is running in SAFE >= 1 mode. However it is still possible to run a \hookrightarrow rbitrary syscall commands on the remote host. Sending an invalid syscall the s \hookrightarrow ervice returned the following response:

Flo:Errno::ENOSYS:bt["3/usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1555:in 'syscall'"0/usr/lib/ \hookrightarrow ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1555:in 'send'"4/usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1555:in '__se \hookrightarrow nd__'"A/usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1555:in 'perform_without_block'"3/usr/lib/ \hookrightarrow ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1515:in 'perform'"5/usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1589:in 'm \hookrightarrow ain_loop'"0/usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1585:in 'loop'"5/usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb/ \hookrightarrow drb.rb:1585:in 'main_loop'"1/usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1581:in 'start'"5/usr \hookrightarrow /lib/ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1581:in 'main_loop'"//usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:143 \hookrightarrow 0:in 'run'"1/usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1427:in 'start'"//usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb \hookrightarrow b/drb.rb:1427:in 'run'"6/usr/lib/ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1347:in 'initialize'"//us \hookrightarrow r/lib/ruby/1.8/drb/drb.rb:1627:in \hookrightarrow rstart_service'"%/usr/sbin/druby_timeserver.rb:12:errnoi+:mesg"Function not im \hookrightarrow plemented

Impact

By default, Distributed Ruby does not impose restrictions on allowed hosts or set the \$SAFE environment variable to prevent privileged activities. If other controls are not in place, especially if the Distributed Ruby process runs with elevated privileges, an attacker could execute arbitrary system commands or Ruby scripts on the Distributed Ruby server. An attacker may need to know only the URI of the listening Distributed Ruby server to submit Ruby commands.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Administrators of environments that rely on Distributed Ruby should ensure that appropriate controls are in place. Code-level controls may include:

- Implementing taint on untrusted input
- Setting SAFE levels appropriately (>=2 is recommended if untrusted hosts are allowed to submit Ruby commands, and >=3 may be appropriate)
- Including drb/acl.rb to set ACLEntry to restrict access to trusted hosts

Vulnerability Detection Method

Send a crafted command to the service and check for a remote command execution via the instance eval or syscall requests.

Details: Distributed Ruby (dRuby/DRb) Multiple RCE Vulnerabilities

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108010 Version used: 2024-06-28T05:05:33Z

References

url: https://tools.cisco.com/security/center/viewAlert.x?alertId=22750

url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/47071

url: http://blog.recurity-labs.com/archives/2011/05/12/druby_for_penetration_tes

 \hookrightarrow ters/

url: http://www.ruby-doc.org/stdlib-1.9.3/libdoc/drb/rdoc/DRb.html

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.6 High 512/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)

NVT: The rexec service is running

Summary

This remote host is running a rexec service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The rexec service was detected on the target system.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the rexec service and use alternatives like SSH instead.

Vulnerability Insight

rexec (remote execution client for an exec server) has the same kind of functionality that rsh has: you can execute shell commands on a remote computer.

The main difference is that rexec authenticate by reading the username and password *unencrypted* from the socket.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks whether an rexec service is exposed on the target host.

Details: The rexec service is running

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100111 Version used: 2023-09-12T05:05:19Z

References

cve: CVE-1999-0618

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.7 High 1099/tcp

High (CVSS: 7.5)

NVT: Java RMI Server Insecure Default Configuration RCE Vulnerability - Active Check

Summary

Multiple Java products that implement the RMI Server contain a vulnerability that could allow an unauthenticated, remote attacker to execute arbitrary code (remote code execution/RCE) on a targeted system with elevated privileges.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%

Vulnerability Detection Result

By doing an RMI request it was possible to trigger the vulnerability and make th \hookrightarrow e remote host sending a request back to the scanner host (Details on the recei \hookrightarrow ved packet follows).

Destination IP: 192.168.135.65 (receiving IP on scanner host side)
Destination port: 23802/tcp (receiving port on scanner host side)
Originating IP: 192.168.135.35 (originating IP from target host side)

Impact

An unauthenticated, remote attacker could exploit the vulnerability by transmitting crafted packets to the affected software. When the packets are processed, the attacker could execute arbitrary code on the system with elevated privileges.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Disable class-loading. Please contact the vendor of the affected system for additional guidance.

Vulnerability Insight

The vulnerability exists because of an incorrect default configuration of the Remote Method Invocation (RMI) Server in the affected software.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends a crafted JRMI request and checks if the target is connecting back to the scanner host.

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Note: For a successful detection of this flaw the target host needs to be able to reach the scanner
host on a TCP port randomly generated during the runtime of the VT (currently in the range
of 10000-32000).
Details: Java RMI Server Insecure Default Configuration RCE Vulnerability - Active Check
OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.140051
Version used: 2024-11-08T15:39:48Z
References
cve: CVE-2011-3556
url: https://web.archive.org/web/20211208040855/http://www.securitytracker.com/i
url: https://web.archive.org/web/20110824060234/http://download.oracle.com/javas
⇔e/1.3/docs/guide/rmi/spec/rmi-protocol.html
url: https://tools.cisco.com/security/center/viewAlert.x?alertId=23665
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1829
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1380
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1377
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1156
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1155
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0956
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0828
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0815
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0638
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0451
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0418
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0354
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0146
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0142
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0126
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0095
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0047
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1826
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1804
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1743
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1738
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1706
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1628
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1627
```

 $[\ {\rm return\ to\ 192.168.135.35}\]$

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619

2.1.8 High 21/tcp

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High (CVSS: 9.8)

NVT: vsftpd Compromised Source Packages Backdoor Vulnerability

Product detection result

cpe:/a:beasts:vsftpd:2.3.4

Detected by vsFTPd FTP Server Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111050)

Summary

vsftpd is prone to a backdoor vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 99%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

Attackers can exploit this issue to execute arbitrary commands in the context of the application. Successful attacks will compromise the affected application.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

The repaired package can be downloaded from the referenced vendor homepage. Please validate the package with its signature.

Affected Software/OS

The vsftpd 2.3.4 source package downloaded between 20110630 and 20110703 is affected.

Vulnerability Insight

The tainted source package contains a backdoor which opens a shell on port 6200/tcp.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: vsftpd Compromised Source Packages Backdoor Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103185Version used: 2023-12-07T05:05:41Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:beasts:vsftpd:2.3.4 Method: vsFTPd FTP Server Detection

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111050)

References

cve: CVE-2011-2523

url: https://scarybeastsecurity.blogspot.com/2011/07/alert-vsftpd-download-backd

 \hookrightarrow oored.html

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20210127090551/https://www.securityfocus.com/bi

→d/48539/

url: https://security.appspot.com/vsftpd.html

High (CVSS: 7.5)

NVT: FTP Brute Force Logins Reporting

Summary

It was possible to login into the remote FTP server using weak/known credentials.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to login with the following credentials <User>:<Password>

msfadmin:msfadmin postgres:postgres service:service user:user

Impact

This issue may be exploited by a remote attacker to e.g. gain access to sensitive information or modify system configuration.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Change the password as soon as possible.

Vulnerability Insight

The following devices are / software is known to be affected:

- CVE-2001-1594: Codonics printer FTP service as used in GE Healthcare eNTEGRA P&R
- CVE-2013-7404: GE Healthcare Discovery NM 750b
- CVE-2014-9198: Schneider Electric ETG3000 Factory Cast HMI gateways
- CVE-2015-7261: QNAP iArtist Lite distributed with QNAP Signage Station
- CVE-2016-8731: Foscam C1 devices
- CVE-2017-8218: vsftpd on TP-Link C2 and C20i devices
- CVE-2018-9068: IMM2 for IBM and Lenovo System $\mathbf x$
- CVE-2018-17771: Ingenico Telium 2 PoS terminals
- CVE-2018-19063, CVE-2018-19064: Foscam C2 and Opticam i5 devices

Note: As the VT 'FTP Brute Force Logins' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108717) might run into a timeout the actual reporting of this vulnerability takes place in this VT instead.

Vulnerability Detection Method

... continued from previous page ... Reports weak/known credentials detected by the VT 'FTP Brute Force Logins' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108717). Details: FTP Brute Force Logins Reporting OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108718 Version used: 2024-12-17T05:05:41Z References cve: CVE-1999-0501 cve: CVE-1999-0502 cve: CVE-1999-0507 cve: CVE-1999-0508 cve: CVE-2001-1594 cve: CVE-2013-7404 cve: CVE-2014-9198 cve: CVE-2015-7261 cve: CVE-2016-8731 cve: CVE-2017-8218 cve: CVE-2018-9068 cve: CVE-2018-17771 cve: CVE-2018-19063

[return to 192.168.135.35]

cve: CVE-2018-19064

2.1.9 High 5900/tcp

High (CVSS: 9.0)

NVT: VNC Brute Force Login

Summary

Try to log in with given passwords via VNC protocol.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to connect to the VNC server with the password: password

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Change the password to something hard to guess or enable password protection at all.

Vulnerability Insight

This script tries to authenticate to a VNC server with the passwords set in the password preference. It will also test and report if no authentication / password is required at all.

Note: Some VNC servers have a blacklisting scheme that blocks IP addresses after five unsuccessful connection attempts for a period of time. The script will abort the brute force attack if it encounters that it gets blocked.

Note as well that passwords can be max. 8 characters long.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: VNC Brute Force Login OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.106056 Version used: 2021-07-23T07:56:26Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.10 High 6200/tcp

High (CVSS: 9.8)

NVT: vsftpd Compromised Source Packages Backdoor Vulnerability

Summary

vsftpd is prone to a backdoor vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 99%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

Attackers can exploit this issue to execute arbitrary commands in the context of the application. Successful attacks will compromise the affected application.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

The repaired package can be downloaded from the referenced vendor homepage. Please validate the package with its signature.

Affected Software/OS

The vsftpd 2.3.4 source package downloaded between 20110630 and 20110703 is affected.

Vulnerability Insight

The tainted source package contains a backdoor which opens a shell on port 6200/tcp.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: vsftpd Compromised Source Packages Backdoor Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103185 Version used: 2023-12-07T05:05:41Z

References

cve: CVE-2011-2523

url: https://scarybeastsecurity.blogspot.com/2011/07/alert-vsftpd-download-backd

 \hookrightarrow oored.html

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20210127090551/https://www.securityfocus.com/bi

→d/48539/

url: https://security.appspot.com/vsftpd.html

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.11 High general/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)

NVT: Operating System (OS) End of Life (EOL) Detection

Product detection result

cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04

Detected by OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0 \hookrightarrow .105937)

Summary

The Operating System (OS) on the remote host has reached the end of life (EOL) and should not be used anymore.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The "Ubuntu" Operating System on the remote host has reached the end of life.

CPE: cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04

Installed version,

build or SP: 8.04

EOL date: 2013-05-09

EOL info: https://wiki.ubuntu.com/Releases

Impact

An EOL version of an OS is not receiving any security updates from the vendor. Unfixed security vulnerabilities might be leveraged by an attacker to compromise the security of this host.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Upgrade the OS on the remote host to a version which is still supported and receiving security updates by the vendor.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if an EOL version of an OS is present on the target host. Details: Operating System (OS) End of Life (EOL) Detection

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103674 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2024\text{-}02\text{-}28\text{T}14\text{:}37\text{:}42\text{Z} \end{aligned}$

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04 Method: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937)

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.12 High 80/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)

NVT: TWiki XSS and Command Execution Vulnerabilities

Summary

TWiki is prone to Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) and Command Execution Vulnerabilities.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 01.Feb.2003
Fixed version: 4.2.4

Impact

Successful exploitation could allow execution of arbitrary script code or commands. This could let attackers steal cookie-based authentication credentials or compromise the affected application.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

Upgrade to version 4.2.4 or later.

Affected Software/OS

TWiki, TWiki version prior to 4.2.4.

Vulnerability Insight

The flaws are due to:

- %URLPARAM}}% variable is not properly sanitized which lets attackers conduct cross-site scripting attack.
- %SEARCH}}% variable is not properly sanitised before being used in an eval() call which lets the attackers execute perl code through eval injection attack.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: TWiki XSS and Command Execution Vulnerabilities

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.800320 Version used: 2024-03-01T14:37:10Z

References

cve: CVE-2008-5304 cve: CVE-2008-5305

url: http://twiki.org/cgi-bin/view/Codev.SecurityAlert-CVE-2008-5304

url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/32668 url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/32669

url: http://twiki.org/cgi-bin/view/Codev/SecurityAlert-CVE-2008-5305

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.13 High 513/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)

NVT: rlogin Passwordless Login

Summary

The rlogin service allows root access without a password.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to gain root access without a password.

Impact

This vulnerability allows an attacker to gain complete control over the target system.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the rlogin service and use alternatives like SSH instead.

Vulnerability Detection Method

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... continued from previous page ...

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: rlogin Passwordless Login OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.113766 Version used: 2020-09-30T09:30:12Z

High (CVSS: 7.5)

NVT: The rlogin service is running

Summary

This remote host is running a rlogin service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The rlogin service is running on the target system.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the rlogin service and use alternatives like SSH instead.

Vulnerability Insight

rlogin has several serious security problems,

- all information, including passwords, is transmitted unencrypted.
- .rlogin (or .rhosts) file is easy to misuse (potentially allowing anyone to login without a password)

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: The rlogin service is running

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.901202Version used: 2021-09-01T07:45:06Z

${\bf References}$

cve: CVE-1999-0651

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.14 High 1524/tcp

High (CVSS: 10.0)

NVT: Possible Backdoor: Ingreslock

Summary

A backdoor is installed on the remote host.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 99%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The service is answering to an 'id;' command with the following response: uid=0(\hookrightarrow root) gid=0(root)

Impact

Attackers can exploit this issue to execute arbitrary commands in the context of the application. Successful attacks will compromise the affected isystem.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

A whole cleanup of the infected system is recommended.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: Possible Backdoor: Ingreslock

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103549 Version used: 2023-07-25T05:05:58Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.15 High 3306/tcp

High (CVSS: 9.8)

NVT: MySQL / MariaDB Default Credentials (MySQL Protocol)

Product detection result

cpe:/a:mysql:mysql:5.0.51a

Detected by MariaDB / Oracle MySQL Detection (MySQL Protocol) (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1. $\hookrightarrow 25623.1.0.100152)$

Summary

It was possible to login into the remote MySQL as root using weak credentials.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to login as root with an empty password.

... continued from previous page ...

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

- Change the password as soon as possible
- Contact the vendor for other possible fixes / updates

Affected Software/OS

The following products are know to use such weak credentials:

- CVE-2001-0645: Symantec/AXENT NetProwler 3.5.x
- CVE-2004-2357: Proofpoint Protection Server
- CVE-2006-1451: MySQL Manager in Apple Mac OS X 10.3.9 and 10.4.6
- CVE-2007-2554: Associated Press (AP) Newspower 4.0.1 and earlier
- CVE-2007-6081: AdventNet EventLog Analyzer build 4030
- CVE-2009-0919: XAMPP
- CVE-2014-3419: Infoblox NetMRI before 6.8.5
- CVE-2015-4669: Xsuite 2.x
- CVE-2016-6531, CVE-2018-15719: Open Dental before version 18.4

Other products might be affected as well.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: MySQL / MariaDB Default Credentials (MySQL Protocol)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103551Version used: 2023-11-02T05:05:26Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:mysql:mysql:5.0.51a

Method: MariaDB / Oracle MySQL Detection (MySQL Protocol)

 $OID\colon 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100152)$

References

cve: CVE-2001-0645
cve: CVE-2004-2357
cve: CVE-2006-1451
cve: CVE-2007-2554
cve: CVE-2007-6081
cve: CVE-2009-0919
cve: CVE-2014-3419
cve: CVE-2015-4669
cve: CVE-2016-6531
cve: CVE-2018-15719

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.16 High 2121/tcp

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High (CVSS: 7.5)

NVT: FTP Brute Force Logins Reporting

Summary

It was possible to login into the remote FTP server using weak/known credentials.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to login with the following credentials <User>:<Password>

msfadmin:msfadmin
postgres:postgres
service:service
user:user

Impact

This issue may be exploited by a remote attacker to e.g. gain access to sensitive information or modify system configuration.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Change the password as soon as possible.

Vulnerability Insight

The following devices are / software is known to be affected:

- CVE-2001-1594: Codonics printer FTP service as used in GE Healthcare eNTEGRA P&R
- CVE-2013-7404: GE Healthcare Discovery NM 750b
- CVE-2014-9198: Schneider Electric ETG3000 FactoryCast HMI gateways
- CVE-2015-7261: QNAP iArtist Lite distributed with QNAP Signage Station
- CVE-2016-8731: Foscam C1 devices
- CVE-2017-8218: vsftpd on TP-Link C2 and C20i devices
- CVE-2018-9068: IMM2 for IBM and Lenovo System x
- CVE-2018-17771: Ingenico Telium 2 PoS terminals
- CVE-2018-19063, CVE-2018-19064: Foscam C2 and Opticam i5 devices

Note: As the VT 'FTP Brute Force Logins' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108717) might run into a timeout the actual reporting of this vulnerability takes place in this VT instead.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Reports weak/known credentials detected by the VT 'FTP Brute Force Logins' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108717).

 $\operatorname{Details}$: FTP Brute Force Logins Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108718 Version used: 2024-12-17T05:05:41Z

References

```
Cve: CVE-1999-0501
cve: CVE-1999-0502
cve: CVE-1999-0507
cve: CVE-1999-0508
cve: CVE-2001-1594
cve: CVE-2013-7404
cve: CVE-2014-9198
cve: CVE-2016-8731
cve: CVE-2017-8218
cve: CVE-2017-8218
cve: CVE-2018-9068
cve: CVE-2018-17771
cve: CVE-2018-19063
cve: CVE-2018-19064
```

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.17 Medium 5432/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.9)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Deprecated SSLv2 and SSLv3 Protocol Detection

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security:1.0

Detected by SSL/TLS: Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782)

Summary

It was possible to detect the usage of the deprecated SSLv2 and/or SSLv3 protocol on this system

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

In addition to TLSv1.0+ the service is also providing the deprecated SSLv3 proto \hookrightarrow col and supports one or more ciphers. Those supported ciphers can be found in \hookrightarrow the 'SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.8020 \hookrightarrow 67) VT.

Impact

An attacker might be able to use the known cryptographic flaws to eavesdrop the connection between clients and the service to get access to sensitive data transferred within the secured connection.

Furthermore newly uncovered vulnerabilities in this protocols won't receive security updates anymore.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

It is recommended to disable the deprecated SSLv2 and/or SSLv3 protocols in favor of the TLSv1.2+ protocols. Please see the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

All services providing an encrypted communication using the SSLv2 and/or SSLv3 protocols.

Vulnerability Insight

The SSLv2 and SSLv3 protocols contain known cryptographic flaws like:

- CVE-2014-3566: Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption (POODLE)
- CVE-2016-0800: Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption (DROWN)

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check the used SSL protocols of the services provided by this system.

Details: SSL/TLS: Deprecated SSLv2 and SSLv3 Protocol Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111012 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security:1.0

Method: SSL/TLS: Version Detection OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782)

References

cve: CVE-2016-0800

cve: CVE-2014-3566

url: https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

url: https://bettercrypto.org/
url: https://drownattack.com/

url: https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

url: https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters

 \hookrightarrow -report-2014

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0431 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0427

cert-bund: CB-K18/0094 cert-bund: CB-K17/1198 cert-bund: CB-K17/1196 cert-bund: CB-K16/1828 cert-bund: CB-K16/1438 cert-bund: CB-K16/1384 cert-bund: CB-K16/1141

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cert-bund: CB-K16/1107
cert-bund: CB-K16/1102
cert-bund: CB-K16/0792
cert-bund: CB-K16/0599
cert-bund: CB-K16/0597
cert-bund: CB-K16/0459
cert-bund: CB-K16/0456
cert-bund: CB-K16/0433
cert-bund: CB-K16/0424
cert-bund: CB-K16/0415
cert-bund: CB-K16/0413
cert-bund: CB-K16/0374
cert-bund: CB-K16/0367
cert-bund: CB-K16/0331
cert-bund: CB-K16/0329
cert-bund: CB-K16/0328
cert-bund: CB-K16/0156
cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
cert-bund: CB-K15/1358
cert-bund: CB-K15/1021
cert-bund: CB-K15/0972
cert-bund: CB-K15/0637
cert-bund: CB-K15/0590
cert-bund: CB-K15/0525
cert-bund: CB-K15/0393
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0287
cert-bund: CB-K15/0252
cert-bund: CB-K15/0246
cert-bund: CB-K15/0237
cert-bund: CB-K15/0118
cert-bund: CB-K15/0110
cert-bund: CB-K15/0108
cert-bund: CB-K15/0080
cert-bund: CB-K15/0078
cert-bund: CB-K15/0077
cert-bund: CB-K15/0075
cert-bund: CB-K14/1617
cert-bund: CB-K14/1581
cert-bund: CB-K14/1537
cert-bund: CB-K14/1479
cert-bund: CB-K14/1458
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/1314
cert-bund: CB-K14/1313
cert-bund: CB-K14/1311
cert-bund: CB-K14/1304
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... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K14/1296
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-0096
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1238
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1236
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1929
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1527
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1468
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1216
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1174
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1168
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0841
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0644
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0642
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0496
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0495
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0465
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0459
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0453
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0451
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0415
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0403
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0360
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0359
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0357
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0171
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1431
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1075
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1026
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0664
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0548
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0404
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0259
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0254
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0245
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0118
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0114
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0083
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0082
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0081
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0076
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1717
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1680
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1632
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1564
... continues on next page ...
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1542 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1366 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1354

Medium (CVSS: 5.9)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Weak Cipher Suites

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.

→802067)

Summary

This routine reports all Weak SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

NOTE: No severity for SMTP services with 'Opportunistic TLS' and weak cipher suites on port 25/tcp is reported. If too strong cipher suites are configured for this service the alternative would be to fall back to an even more insecure clear text communication.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol: ${\tt TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA}$

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

The configuration of this services should be changed so that it does not accept the listed weak cipher suites anymore.

Please see the references for more resources supporting you with this task.

Vulnerability Insight

These rules are applied for the evaluation of the cryptographic strength:

- RC4 is considered to be weak (CVE-2013-2566, CVE-2015-2808)
- Ciphers using 64 bit or less are considered to be vulnerable to brute force methods and therefore considered as weak (CVE-2015-4000)
- 1024 bit RSA authentication is considered to be insecure and therefore as weak
- Any cipher considered to be secure for only the next 10 years is considered as medium
- Any other cipher is considered as strong

Vulnerability Detection Method

```
... continued from previous page ...
Details: SSL/TLS: Report Weak Cipher Suites
OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103440
Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z
Product Detection Result
Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security
Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites
OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)
References
cve: CVE-2013-2566
cve: CVE-2015-2808
cve: CVE-2015-4000
url: https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Warnmeldungen/DE/CB/warnmeldung_cb-k16-1
\hookrightarrow465_update_6.html
url: https://bettercrypto.org/
url: https://mozilla.github.io/server-side-tls/ssl-config-generator/
cert-bund: CB-K21/0067
cert-bund: CB-K19/0812
cert-bund: CB-K17/1750
cert-bund: CB-K16/1593
cert-bund: CB-K16/1552
cert-bund: CB-K16/1102
cert-bund: CB-K16/0617
cert-bund: CB-K16/0599
cert-bund: CB-K16/0168
cert-bund: CB-K16/0121
cert-bund: CB-K16/0090
cert-bund: CB-K16/0030
cert-bund: CB-K15/1751
cert-bund: CB-K15/1591
cert-bund: CB-K15/1550
cert-bund: CB-K15/1517
cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
cert-bund: CB-K15/1464
cert-bund: CB-K15/1442
cert-bund: CB-K15/1334
cert-bund: CB-K15/1269
cert-bund: CB-K15/1136
cert-bund: CB-K15/1090
cert-bund: CB-K15/1059
cert-bund: CB-K15/1022
cert-bund: CB-K15/1015
cert-bund: CB-K15/0986
cert-bund: CB-K15/0964
cert-bund: CB-K15/0962
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... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K15/0932
cert-bund: CB-K15/0927
cert-bund: CB-K15/0926
cert-bund: CB-K15/0907
cert-bund: CB-K15/0901
cert-bund: CB-K15/0896
cert-bund: CB-K15/0889
cert-bund: CB-K15/0877
cert-bund: CB-K15/0850
cert-bund: CB-K15/0849
cert-bund: CB-K15/0834
cert-bund: CB-K15/0827
cert-bund: CB-K15/0802
cert-bund: CB-K15/0764
cert-bund: CB-K15/0733
cert-bund: CB-K15/0667
cert-bund: CB-K14/0935
cert-bund: CB-K13/0942
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-2939
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-0775
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-1561
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-1276
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1821
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1692
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1648
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1168
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0665
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0642
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0184
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0135
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0101
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0035
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1679
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1632
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1608
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1542
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1518
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1406
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1341
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1194
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1144
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1113
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1078
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1067
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1038
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1016
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... continued from previous page ... dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1012 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0980 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0977 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0976 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0960 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0956 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0944 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0937 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0925 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0884 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0881 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0879 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0866 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0844 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0737 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0696 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0977

Medium (CVSS: 5.3)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Server Certificate / Certificate in Chain with RSA kevs less than 2048 bits

Summary

The remote SSL/TLS server certificate and/or any of the certificates in the certificate chain is using a RSA key with less than 2048 bits.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSL/TLS server is using the following certificate(s) with a RSA key w with less than 2048 bits (public-key-size:public-key-algorithm:serial:issuer): 1024:RSA:00FAF93A4C7FB6B9CC:1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E74753830342D
\$\iff 626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E,CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,OU=Office for C
\$\iff \text{omplication of Otherwise Simple Affairs,O=OCOSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is no su } \iff \text{ch thing outside US,C=XX (Server certificate)} \$\$

Impact

Using certificates with weak RSA key size can lead to unauthorized exposure of sensitive information.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Replace the certificate with a stronger key and reissue the certificates it signed.

Vulnerability Insight

SSL/TLS certificates using RSA keys with less than 2048 bits are considered unsafe.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the RSA keys size of the server certificate and all certificates in chain for a size < 2048 bit.

 ${
m Details:}$ SSL/TLS: Server Certificate / Certificate in Chain with RSA keys less than 2048.

 \hookrightarrow .

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150710Version used: 2021-12-10T12:48:00Z

References

url: https://www.cabforum.org/wp-content/uploads/Baseline_Requirements_V1.pdf

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Certificate Expired

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25

 \hookrightarrow 623.1.0.103692)

Summary

The remote server's SSL/TLS certificate has already expired.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 99%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The certificate of the remote service expired on 2010-04-16 14:07:45.

Certificate details:

fingerprint (SHA-1) | ED093088706603BFD5DC237399B498DA2D4D31C6

 \hookrightarrow F1E32DEE436DE813CC

issued by | 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538

 \hookrightarrow 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E,CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,OU=Office \hookrightarrow for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs,O=OCOSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is

 \hookrightarrow no such thing outside US,C=XX

serial | 00FAF93A4C7FB6B9CC signature algorithm | sha1WithRSAEncryption

subject | 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538

 \hookrightarrow 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E,CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,OU=Office \hookrightarrow for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs,O=OCOSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is

→ no such thing outside US,C=XX
 subject alternative names (SAN) | None

valid from | 2010-03-17 14:07:45 UTC valid until | 2010-04-16 14:07:45 UTC

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Replace the SSL/TLS certificate by a new one.

Vulnerability Insight

This script checks expiry dates of certificates associated with SSL/TLS-enabled services on the target and reports whether any have already expired.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Certificate Expired

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103955 Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Method: SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103692)

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security:1.0
Detected by SSL/TLS: Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782)

Summary

It was possible to detect the usage of the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocol on this system.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The service is only providing the deprecated TLSv1.0 protocol and supports one o \hookrightarrow r more ciphers. Those supported ciphers can be found in the 'SSL/TLS: Report S \hookrightarrow upported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067) VT.

Impact

An attacker might be able to use the known cryptographic flaws to eavesdrop the connection between clients and the service to get access to sensitive data transferred within the secured connection.

Furthermore newly uncovered vulnerabilities in this protocols won't receive security updates anymore.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

It is recommended to disable the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols in favor of the TLSv1.2+ protocols. Please see the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

All services providing an encrypted communication using the TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols.

Vulnerability Insight

The TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 protocols contain known cryptographic flaws like:

- CVE-2011-3389: Browser Exploit Against SSL/TLS (BEAST)
- CVE-2015-0204: Factoring Attack on RSA-EXPORT Keys Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption (FREAK)

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check the used TLS protocols of the services provided by this system.

Details: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117274 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security:1.0

Method: SSL/TLS: Version Detection

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782)

References

cve: CVE-2011-3389

cve: CVE-2015-0204

url: https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

url: https://bettercrypto.org/

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc8996/

url: https://vnhacker.blogspot.com/2011/09/beast.html

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20201108095603/https://censys.io/blog/freak

url: https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters

 \hookrightarrow -report-2014

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1435

cert-bund: CB-K18/0799 cert-bund: CB-K16/1289 cert-bund: CB-K16/1096

```
... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K15/1751
cert-bund: CB-K15/1266
cert-bund: CB-K15/0850
cert-bund: CB-K15/0764
cert-bund: CB-K15/0720
cert-bund: CB-K15/0548
cert-bund: CB-K15/0526
cert-bund: CB-K15/0509
cert-bund: CB-K15/0493
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0365
cert-bund: CB-K15/0364
cert-bund: CB-K15/0302
cert-bund: CB-K15/0192
cert-bund: CB-K15/0079
cert-bund: CB-K15/0016
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/0231
cert-bund: CB-K13/0845
cert-bund: CB-K13/0796
cert-bund: CB-K13/0790
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0111
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-0068
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1441
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1408
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1372
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1164
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1332
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0758
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0567
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0544
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0375
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0374
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0305
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0199
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0079
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1847
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1792
... continues on next page ...
```

```
... continued from previous page ...
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1979
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1829
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1380
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1377
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1292
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1214
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1213
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1180
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1156
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1155
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1039
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0956
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0908
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0868
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0867
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0848
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0838
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0776
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0722
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0638
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0627
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0451
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0418
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0354
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0234
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0221
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0170
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0146
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0142
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0126
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0123
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0095
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0051
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0047
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1953
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1946
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1826
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1774
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1743
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1738
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1706
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1628
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1627
... continues on next page ...
```

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1482

Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerability

Summary

The SSL/TLS service uses Diffie-Hellman groups with insufficient strength (key size < 2048).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Server Temporary Key Size: 1024 bits

Impact

An attacker might be able to decrypt the SSL/TLS communication offline.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Deploy (Ephemeral) Elliptic-Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDHE) or use a 2048-bit or stronger Diffie-Hellman group (see the references).

For Apache Web Servers: Beginning with version 2.4.7, mod_ssl will use DH parameters which include primes with lengths of more than 1024 bits.

Vulnerability Insight

The Diffie-Hellman group are some big numbers that are used as base for the DH computations. They can be, and often are, fixed. The security of the final secret depends on the size of these parameters. It was found that 512 and 768 bits to be weak, 1024 bits to be breakable by really powerful attackers like governments.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the DHE temporary public key size.

Details: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerabili.

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.106223 Version used: 2024-09-30T08:38:05Z

References

url: https://weakdh.org/

url: https://weakdh.org/sysadmin.html

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Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Certificate Signed Using A Weak Signature Algorithm

Summary

The remote service is using a SSL/TLS certificate in the certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following certificates are part of the certificate chain but using insecure \hookrightarrow signature algorithms:

Subject:

1.2.840.113549.1.9.1 = #726F6F74407562756E74753830342D626173

 $\hookrightarrow 652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, OU=Office for Complic \\ \hookrightarrow ation of Otherwise Simple Affairs, O=OCOSA, L=Everywhere, ST=There is no such thing the complex of the complex$

 \hookrightarrow ng outside US,C=XX

Signature Algorithm: sha1WithRSAEncryption

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Servers that use SSL/TLS certificates signed with a weak SHA-1, MD5, MD4 or MD2 hashing algorithm will need to obtain new SHA-2 signed SSL/TLS certificates to avoid web browser SSL/TLS certificate warnings.

Vulnerability Insight

The following hashing algorithms used for signing SSL/TLS certificates are considered cryptographically weak and not secure enough for ongoing use:

- Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA-1)
- Message Digest 5 (MD5)
- Message Digest 4 (MD4)
- Message Digest 2 (MD2)

Beginning as late as January 2017 and as early as June 2016, browser developers such as Microsoft and Google will begin warning users when visiting web sites that use SHA-1 signed Secure Socket Layer (SSL) certificates.

NOTE: The script preference allows to set one or more custom SHA-1 fingerprints of CA certificates which are trusted by this routine. The fingerprints needs to be passed comma-separated and case-insensitive:

Fingerprint1

or

 $fingerprint 1, \ Fingerprint 2$

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check which hashing algorithm was used to sign the remote SSL/TLS certificate. Details: SSL/TLS: Certificate Signed Using A Weak Signature Algorithm OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105880

 \dots continues on next page \dots

Version used: 2021-10-15T11:13:32Z

References

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.18 Medium 445/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 6.0)

NVT: Samba MS-RPC Remote Shell Command Execution Vulnerability - Active Check

Product detection result

cpe:/a:samba:samba:3.0.20

Detected by SMB NativeLanMan (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011)

Summary

Samba is prone to a vulnerability that allows attackers to execute arbitrary shell commands because the software fails to sanitize user-supplied input.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 99%

Vulnerability Detection Result

By sending a special crafted SMB request it was possible to execute ''ping -p 5f \hookrightarrow 4f70656e564153565431353031345f -c50 192.168.135.65'' on the remote host. Received answer (ICMP "Data" field):

 0x00:
 B9
 F7
 6C
 67
 69
 36
 00
 00
 56
 54
 31
 35
 30
 31
 34
 5F
 ..lgi6..VT15014_

 0x10:
 5F
 4F
 70
 65
 6E
 56
 41
 53
 56
 54
 31
 35
 30
 31
 34
 5F
 OpenVASVT15014

 0x30:
 5F
 4F
 70
 65
 6E
 56
 41
 53
 58
 43
 35
 30
 31
 34
 5F
 OpenVASVT15014

 0x30:
 5F
 4F
 70
 65
 6E
 56
 41
 53
 58
 54
 31
 35
 30
 31
 34
 5F
 _OpenVAS

Impact

An attacker may leverage this issue to execute arbitrary shell commands on an affected system with the privileges of the application.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

Updates are available. Please see the referenced vendor advisory.

Affected Software/OS

This issue affects Samba 3.0.0 through 3.0.25rc3.

... continued from previous page ...

Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends a crafted SMB request and checks if the target is connecting back to the scanner host. Note: For a successful detection of this flaw the scanner host needs to be able to directly receive ICMP echo requests from the target.

 ${\rm Details:} \ {\tt Samba} \ {\tt MS-RPC} \ {\tt Remote Shell Command Execution Vulnerability - Active Check}$

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108011Version used: 2024-11-13T05:05:39Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:samba:samba:3.0.20

Method: SMB NativeLanMan OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011)

References

cve: CVE-2007-2447

url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/23972

url: https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2007-2447.html

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.19 Medium 21/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 6.4)

NVT: Anonymous FTP Login Reporting

Summary

Reports if the remote FTP Server allows anonymous logins.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to login to the remote FTP service with the following anonymous \hookrightarrow account(s):

 $\verb"anonymous": \verb"anonymous"@example.com"$

ftp:anonymous@example.com

Impact

Based on the files accessible via this anonymous FTP login and the permissions of this account an attacker might be able to:

- gain access to sensitive files
- upload or delete files.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

If you do not want to share files, you should disable anonymous logins.

Vulnerability Insight

A host that provides an FTP service may additionally provide Anonymous FTP access as well. Under this arrangement, users do not strictly need an account on the host. Instead the user typically enters 'anonymous' or 'ftp' when prompted for username. Although users are commonly asked to send their email address as their password, little to no verification is actually performed on the supplied data.

Remark: NIST don't see 'configuration issues' as software flaws so the referenced CVE has a severity of 0.0. The severity of this VT has been raised by Greenbone to still report a configuration issue on the target.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: Anonymous FTP Login Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900600 Version used: 2021-10-20T09:03:29Z

References

cve: CVE-1999-0497

Medium (CVSS: 4.8)

NVT: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login

Summary

The remote host is running a FTP service that allows cleartext logins over unencrypted connections

Quality of Detection (QoD): 70%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote FTP service accepts logins without a previous sent 'AUTH TLS' command \hookrightarrow . Response(s):

Non-anonymous sessions: 331 Please specify the password. Anonymous sessions: 331 Please specify the password.

Impact

An attacker can uncover login names and passwords by sniffing traffic to the FTP service.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Enable FTPS or enforce the connection via the 'AUTH TLS' command. Please see the manual of the FTP service for more information.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Tries to login to a non FTPS enabled FTP service without sending a 'AUTH TLS' command first and checks if the service is accepting the login without enforcing the use of the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Details: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108528 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2023\text{-}12\text{-}20T05\text{:}05\text{:}58Z \end{aligned}$

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.20 Medium 5900/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.8)

NVT: VNC Server Unencrypted Data Transmission

Summary

The remote host is running a VNC server providing one or more insecure or cryptographically weak Security Type(s) not intended for use on untrusted networks.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 70%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The VNC server provides the following insecure or cryptographically weak Securit \hookrightarrow y Type(s):

2 (VNC authentication)

Impact

An attacker can uncover sensitive data by sniffing traffic to the VNC server.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Run the session over an encrypted channel provided by IPsec [RFC4301] or SSH [RFC4254]. Some VNC server vendors are also providing more secure Security Types within their products.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: VNC Server Unencrypted Data Transmission

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108529 Version used: 2023-07-12T05:05:04Z

References

url: https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6143#page-10

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[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.21 Medium 23/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 4.8)

NVT: Telnet Unencrypted Cleartext Login

Summary

The remote host is running a Telnet service that allows cleartext logins over unencrypted connections

Quality of Detection (QoD): 70%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

An attacker can uncover login names and passwords by sniffing traffic to the Telnet service.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Replace Telnet with a protocol like SSH which supports encrypted connections.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: Telnet Unencrypted Cleartext Login

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108522Version used: 2023-10-13T05:06:09Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.22 Medium 22/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.3)

NVT: Weak Host Key Algorithm(s) (SSH)

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol

Detected by SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565 \hookrightarrow)

 \dots continued from previous page \dots

Summary

The remote SSH server is configured to allow / support weak host key algorithm(s).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSH server supports the following weak host key algorithm(s): host key algorithm \mid Description

 \hookrightarrow -----

ssh-dss | Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) / Digital Signature Stand

→ard (DSS)

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the reported weak host key algorithm(s).

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the supported host key algorithms of the remote SSH server.

Currently weak host key algorithms are defined as the following:

- ssh-dss: Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) / Digital Signature Standard (DSS)

Details: Weak Host Key Algorithm(s) (SSH)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117687 Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol Method: SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565)

References

url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8332
url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8709

url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.6

Medium (CVSS: 5.3)

NVT: Weak Key Exchange (KEX) Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol

Detected by SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565

Summary

The remote SSH server is configured to allow / support weak key exchange (KEX) algorithm(s).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSH server supports the following weak KEX algorithm(s):

KEX algorithm Reason

 \hookrightarrow -----

diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1 | Using SHA-1

diffie-hellman-group1-sha1 | Using Oakley Group 2 (a 1024-bit MODP group

 \hookrightarrow) and SHA-1

Impact

An attacker can quickly break individual connections.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the reported weak KEX algorithm(s)

- 1024-bit MODP group / prime KEX algorithms:

Alternatively use elliptic-curve Diffie-Hellmann in general, e.g. Curve 25519.

Vulnerability Insight

- 1024-bit MODP group / prime KEX algorithms:

Millions of HTTPS, SSH, and VPN servers all use the same prime numbers for Diffie-Hellman key exchange. Practitioners believed this was safe as long as new key exchange messages were generated for every connection. However, the first step in the number field sieve-the most efficient algorithm for breaking a Diffie-Hellman connection-is dependent only on this prime.

A nation-state can break a 1024-bit prime.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the supported KEX algorithms of the remote SSH server.

Currently weak KEX algorithms are defined as the following:

- non-elliptic-curve Diffie-Hellmann (DH) KEX algorithms with 1024-bit MODP group / prime
- ephemerally generated key exchange groups uses SHA-1
- using RSA 1024-bit modulus key

Details: Weak Key Exchange (KEX) Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150713 Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol Method: SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported

```
... continued from previous page ...
OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565)
References
url: https://weakdh.org/sysadmin.html
url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc9142
url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc9142#name-summary-guidance-for-implem
url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6194
url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.5
```

Product detection result

```
cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol
Detected by SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565
\hookrightarrow)
```

Summary

The remote SSH server is configured to allow / support weak encryption algorithm(s).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

```
The remote SSH server supports the following weak client-to-server encryption al
\hookrightarrowgorithm(s):
3des-cbc
aes128-cbc
aes192-cbc
aes256-cbc
arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour256
blowfish-cbc
cast128-cbc
rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The remote SSH server supports the following weak server-to-client encryption al
\hookrightarrowgorithm(s):
3des-cbc
aes128-cbc
aes192-cbc
aes256-cbc
arcfour
arcfour128
... continues on next page ...
```

arcfour256 blowfish-cbc cast128-cbc

rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the reported weak encryption algorithm(s).

Vulnerability Insight

- The 'arcfour' cipher is the Arcfour stream cipher with 128-bit keys. The Arcfour cipher is believed to be compatible with the RC4 cipher [SCHNEIER]. Arcfour (and RC4) has problems with weak keys, and should not be used anymore.
- The 'none' algorithm specifies that no encryption is to be done. Note that this method provides no confidentiality protection, and it is NOT RECOMMENDED to use it.
- A vulnerability exists in SSH messages that employ CBC mode that may allow an attacker to recover plaintext from a block of ciphertext.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the supported encryption algorithms (client-to-server and server-to-client) of the remote SSH server

Currently weak encryption algorithms are defined as the following:

- Arcfour (RC4) cipher based algorithms
- 'none' algorithm
- CBC mode cipher based algorithms

Details: Weak Encryption Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105611 Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol Method: SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565)

References

url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc8758
url: https://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/958563

url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.3

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.23 Medium 80/tcp

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Medium (CVSS: 6.8)

NVT: TWiki Cross-Site Request Forgery Vulnerability (Sep 2010)

Summary

TWiki is prone to a cross-site request forgery (CSRF) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result Installed version: 01.Feb.2003

Fixed version: 4.3.2

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow attacker to gain administrative privileges on the target application and can cause CSRF attack.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

Upgrade to TWiki version 4.3.2 or later.

Affected Software/OS

TWiki version prior to 4.3.2

Vulnerability Insight

Attack can be done by tricking an authenticated TWiki user into visiting a static HTML page on another side, where a Javascript enabled browser will send an HTTP POST request to TWiki, which in turn will process the request as the TWiki user.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: TWiki Cross-Site Request Forgery Vulnerability (Sep 2010)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.801281 Version used: 2024-03-01T14:37:10Z

References

cve: CVE-2009-4898

url: http://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2010/08/03/8
url: http://www.openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2010/08/02/17

url: http://twiki.org/cgi-bin/view/Codev/SecurityAuditTokenBasedCsrfFix

url: http://twiki.org/cgi-bin/view/Codev/DownloadTWiki

Medium (CVSS: 6.1)

NVT: TWiki < 6.1.0 XSS Vulnerability

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... continued from previous page ...

Summary

bin/statistics in TWiki 6.0.2 allows XSS via the webs parameter.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 01.Feb.2003

Fixed version: 6.1.0

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix Update to version 6.1.0 or later.

Affected Software/OS

TWiki version 6.0.2 and probably prior.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: TWiki < 6.1.0 XSS Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141830 Version used: 2023-07-14T16:09:27Z

References

cve: CVE-2018-20212

url: https://seclists.org/fulldisclosure/2019/Jan/7 url: http://twiki.org/cgi-bin/view/Codev/DownloadTWiki

Medium (CVSS: 6.1)

NVT: jQuery < 1.9.0 XSS Vulnerability

Summary

jQuery is prone to a cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.3.2
Fixed version: 1.9.0

Installation

path / port: /mutillidae/javascript/ddsmoothmenu/jquery.min.js
Detection info (see OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150658 for more info):

- Identified file: http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/javascript/ddsmoothmenu/jque

 \hookrightarrow ry.min.js

- Referenced at: http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix Update to version 1.9.0 or later.

Affected Software/OS

jQuery prior to version 1.9.0.

Vulnerability Insight

The jQuery(strInput) function does not differentiate selectors from HTML in a reliable fashion. In vulnerable versions, jQuery determined whether the input was HTML by looking for the '<' character anywhere in the string, giving attackers more flexibility when attempting to construct a malicious payload. In fixed versions, jQuery only deems the input to be HTML if it explicitly starts with the '<' character, limiting exploitability only to attackers who can control the beginning of a string, which is far less common.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: jQuery < 1.9.0 XSS Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141636 Version used: 2023-07-14T05:06:08Z

References

cve: CVE-2012-6708

url: https://bugs.jquery.com/ticket/11290

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2022-0673

cert-bund: CB-K22/0045
cert-bund: CB-K18/1131
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-1197
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0590

Medium (CVSS: 6.0)

NVT: TWiki CSRF Vulnerability

Summary

TWiki is prone to a cross-site request forgery (CSRF) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 01.Feb.2003

Fixed version: 4.3.1

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow attacker to gain administrative privileges on the target application and can cause CSRF attack.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix Upgrade to version 4.3.1 or later.

Affected Software/OS

TWiki version prior to 4.3.1

Vulnerability Insight

Remote authenticated user can create a specially crafted image tag that, when viewed by the target user, will update pages on the target system with the privileges of the target user via HTTP requests.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: TWiki CSRF Vulnerability OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.800400 Version used: 2024-06-28T05:05:33Z

References

cve: CVE-2009-1339

url: http://secunia.com/advisories/34880

url: http://bugs.debian.org/cgi-bin/bugreport.cgi?bug=526258

url: http://twiki.org/p/pub/Codev/SecurityAlert-CVE-2009-1339/TWiki-4.3.0-c-diff

 \hookrightarrow -cve-2009-1339.txt

Medium (CVSS: 5.8)

NVT. HTTP Debugging Methods (TRACE/TRACK) Enabled

Summary

The remote web server supports the TRACE and/or TRACK methods. TRACE and TRACK are HTTP methods which are used to debug web server connections.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 99%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The web server has the following HTTP methods enabled: TRACE

Impact

An attacker may use this flaw to trick your legitimate web users to give him their credentials.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the TRACE and TRACK methods in your web server configuration.

Please see the manual of your web server or the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

Web servers with enabled TRACE and/or TRACK methods.

Vulnerability Insight

It has been shown that web servers supporting this methods are subject to cross-site-scripting attacks, dubbed XST for Cross-Site-Tracing, when used in conjunction with various weaknesses in browsers.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if HTTP methods such as TRACE and TRACK are enabled and can be used.

Details: HTTP Debugging Methods (TRACE/TRACK) Enabled

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11213 Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z

References

```
cve: CVE-2003-1567
cve: CVE-2004-2320
cve: CVE-2004-2763
cve: CVE-2005-3398
cve: CVE-2006-4683
cve: CVE-2007-3008
cve: CVE-2008-7253
cve: CVE-2009-2823
cve: CVE-2010-0386
cve: CVE-2012-2223
cve: CVE-2014-7883
url: http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/288308
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/11604
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/15222
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/19915
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/24456
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/33374
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/36956
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/36990
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/37995
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/9506
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/9561
url: http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/id/867593
url: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/en/mod/core.html#traceenable
```

url: https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/iis-support-blog/http-track-and-trac \hookrightarrow e-verbs/ba-p/784482

url: https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Cross_Site_Tracing

cert-bund: CB-K14/0981 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-1825 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1018 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2010-0020

Medium (CVSS: 5.3)

NVT: phpinfo() Output Reporting (HTTP)

Summary

Reporting of files containing the output of the phpinfo() PHP function previously detected via HTTP.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following files are calling the function phpinfo() which disclose potentiall \hookrightarrow y sensitive information:

http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/phpinfo.php

Concluded from:

 $\label{local_content} $$ \begin{array}{ll} \text{\content="NOINDEX,NOFOLLOW,NOARCHIV} \\ \hookrightarrow & \text{\content="NOINDEX,NOFOLLOW,NOARCHIV} \\ \end{array} $$$

Configuration File (php.ini) Path /etc/ph \hookrightarrow p5/cgi

<h2>PHP Variables</h2>

http://192.168.135.35/phpinfo.php

Concluded from:

 $\label{local-content} $$ \begin{array}{ll} \text{\content="NOINDEX,NOFOLLOW,NOARCHIV} \\ \hookrightarrow & \text{\content="NOINDEX,NOFOLLOW,NOARCHIV} \\ \end{array} $$$

Configuration File (php.ini) Path /etc/ph $\hookrightarrow p5/cgi$

<h2>PHP Variables</h2>

Impact

Some of the information that can be gathered from this file includes:

The username of the user running the PHP process, if it is a sudo user, the IP address of the host, the web server version, the system version (Unix, Linux, Windows, ...), and the root directory of the web server.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Delete the listed files or restrict access to them.

Affected Software/OS

All systems exposing a file containing the output of the phpinfo() PHP function.

 \dots continues on next page \dots

This VT is also reporting if an affected endpoint for the following products have been identified:

- CVE-2008-0149: TUTOS
- CVE-2023-49282, CVE-2023-49283: Microsoft Graph PHP SDK

Vulnerability Insight

Many PHP installation tutorials instruct the user to create a file called phpinfo.php or similar containing the phpinfo() statement. Such a file is often left back in the webserver directory.

Vulnerability Detection Method

This script reports files identified by the following separate VT: 'phpinfo() Output Detection (HTTP)' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108474).

Details: phpinfo() Output Reporting (HTTP)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11229

Version used: 2024-12-17T05:05:41Z

References

cve: CVE-2008-0149 cve: CVE-2023-49282 cve: CVE-2023-49283

url: https://www.php.net/manual/en/function.phpinfo.php

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: /doc directory browsable

Summary

The /doc directory is browsable. /doc shows the content of the /usr/doc directory and therefore it shows which programs and - important! - the version of the installed programs.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerable URL: http://192.168.135.35/doc/

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Use access restrictions for the /doc directory. If you use Apache you might use this in your access.conf:

 $<\!$ Directory /usr/doc> Allow Override None order deny, allow deny from all allow from local host $<\!$ /Directory>

Vulnerability Detection Method

... continued from previous page ...

Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z

References

cve: CVE-1999-0678

url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/318

Medium (CVSS: 4.8)

NVT: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP

Summary

The host / application transmits sensitive information (username, passwords) in cleartext via HTTP.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following input fields were identified (URL:input name):

http://192.168.135.35/dvwa/login.php:password

http://192.168.135.35/phpMyAdmin/:pma_password

http://192.168.135.35/phpMyAdmin/?D=A:pma_password

http://192.168.135.35/tikiwiki/tiki-install.php:pass

http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/view/TWiki/TWikiUserAuthentication:oldpassword

Impact

An attacker could use this situation to compromise or eavesdrop on the HTTP communication between the client and the server using a man-in-the-middle attack to get access to sensitive data like usernames or passwords.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection. Additionally make sure the host / application is redirecting all users to the secured SSL/TLS connection before allowing to input sensitive data into the mentioned functions.

Affected Software/OS

Hosts / applications which doesn't enforce the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Evaluate previous collected information and check if the host / application is not enforcing the transmission of sensitive data via an encrypted SSL/TLS connection.

The script is currently checking the following:

- HTTP Basic Authentication (Basic Auth)
- HTTP Forms (e.g. Login) with input field of type 'password'
- ... continues on next page ...

Details: Cleartext Transmission of Sensitive Information via HTTP

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108440 Version used: 2023-09-07T05:05:21Z

References

url: https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A2-Broken_Authentication_and_Se \hookrightarrow ssion_Management

url: https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A6-Sensitive_Data_Exposure

url: https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/319.html

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: jQuery < 1.6.3 XSS Vulnerability

Summary

jQuery is prone to a cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Installed version: 1.3.2
Fixed version: 1.6.3

Installation

path / port: /mutillidae/javascript/ddsmoothmenu/jquery.min.js
Detection info (see OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150658 for more info):

- Identified file: http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/javascript/ddsmoothmenu/jque

 \hookrightarrow ry.min.js

- Referenced at: http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix Update to version 1.6.3 or later.

Affected Software/OS

jQuery prior to version 1.6.3.

Vulnerability Insight

Cross-site scripting (XSS) vulnerability in jQuery before 1.6.3, when using location.hash to select elements, allows remote attackers to inject arbitrary web script or HTML via a crafted tag.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks if a vulnerable version is present on the target host.

Details: jQuery < 1.6.3 XSS Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.141637

Version used: 2023-07-14T05:06:08Z

References

cve: CVE-2011-4969

url: https://blog.jquery.com/2011/09/01/jquery-1-6-3-released/

cert-bund: CB-K17/0195 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-0199 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0890

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.24 Medium 2121/tcp

3.5 N (GT700 (6)

NVT: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login

Summary

The remote host is running a FTP service that allows cleartext logins over unencrypted connections.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 70%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote FTP service accepts logins without a previous sent 'AUTH TLS' command \hookrightarrow . Response(s):

Non-anonymous sessions: 331 Password required for openvasvt Anonymous sessions: 331 Password required for anonymous

Impact

An attacker can uncover login names and passwords by sniffing traffic to the FTP service.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Enable FTPS or enforce the connection via the 'AUTH TLS' command. Please see the manual of the FTP service for more information.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Tries to login to a non FTPS enabled FTP service without sending a 'AUTH TLS' command first and checks if the service is accepting the login without enforcing the use of the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Details: FTP Unencrypted Cleartext Login

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108528 Version used: 2023-12-20T05:05:58Z [return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.25 Medium 25/tcp

Medium (CVSS: 5.9)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Deprecated SSLv2 and SSLv3 Protocol Detection

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security:1.0

Detected by SSL/TLS: Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782)

Summary

It was possible to detect the usage of the deprecated SSLv2 and/or SSLv3 protocol on this system.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

In addition to TLSv1.0+ the service is also providing the deprecated SSLv2 and S \hookrightarrow SLv3 protocols and supports one or more ciphers. Those supported ciphers can b \hookrightarrow e found in the 'SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.256 \hookrightarrow 23.1.0.802067) VT.

Impact

An attacker might be able to use the known cryptographic flaws to eavesdrop the connection between clients and the service to get access to sensitive data transferred within the secured connection.

Furthermore newly uncovered vulnerabilities in this protocols won't receive security updates anymore.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

It is recommended to disable the deprecated SSLv2 and/or SSLv3 protocols in favor of the TLSv1.2+ protocols. Please see the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

All services providing an encrypted communication using the SSLv2 and/or SSLv3 protocols.

Vulnerability Insight

The SSLv2 and SSLv3 protocols contain known cryptographic flaws like:

- CVE-2014-3566: Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption (POODLE)
- CVE-2016-0800: Decrypting RSA with Obsolete and Weakened eNcryption (DROWN)

Vulnerability Detection Method

cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
...continues on next page ...

... continued from previous page ... Check the used SSL protocols of the services provided by this system. Details: SSL/TLS: Deprecated SSLv2 and SSLv3 Protocol Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111012Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z **Product Detection Result** Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security:1.0 Method: SSL/TLS: Version Detection OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782) References cve: CVE-2016-0800 cve: CVE-2014-3566 url: https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/ url: https://bettercrypto.org/ url: https://drownattack.com/ url: https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html url: https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters \hookrightarrow -report-2014 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0431 cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0427 cert-bund: CB-K18/0094 cert-bund: CB-K17/1198 cert-bund: CB-K17/1196 cert-bund: CB-K16/1828 cert-bund: CB-K16/1438 cert-bund: CB-K16/1384 cert-bund: CB-K16/1141 cert-bund: CB-K16/1107 cert-bund: CB-K16/1102 cert-bund: CB-K16/0792 cert-bund: CB-K16/0599 cert-bund: CB-K16/0597 cert-bund: CB-K16/0459 cert-bund: CB-K16/0456 cert-bund: CB-K16/0433 cert-bund: CB-K16/0424 cert-bund: CB-K16/0415 cert-bund: CB-K16/0413 cert-bund: CB-K16/0374 cert-bund: CB-K16/0367 cert-bund: CB-K16/0331 cert-bund: CB-K16/0329 cert-bund: CB-K16/0328 cert-bund: CB-K16/0156

```
... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K15/1358
cert-bund: CB-K15/1021
cert-bund: CB-K15/0972
cert-bund: CB-K15/0637
cert-bund: CB-K15/0590
cert-bund: CB-K15/0525
cert-bund: CB-K15/0393
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0287
cert-bund: CB-K15/0252
cert-bund: CB-K15/0246
cert-bund: CB-K15/0237
cert-bund: CB-K15/0118
cert-bund: CB-K15/0110
cert-bund: CB-K15/0108
cert-bund: CB-K15/0080
cert-bund: CB-K15/0078
cert-bund: CB-K15/0077
cert-bund: CB-K15/0075
cert-bund: CB-K14/1617
cert-bund: CB-K14/1581
cert-bund: CB-K14/1537
cert-bund: CB-K14/1479
cert-bund: CB-K14/1458
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/1314
cert-bund: CB-K14/1313
cert-bund: CB-K14/1311
cert-bund: CB-K14/1304
cert-bund: CB-K14/1296
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-0096
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1238
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1236
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1929
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1527
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1468
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1216
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1174
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1168
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0841
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0644
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0642
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0496
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0495
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0465
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0459
... continues on next page ...
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dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0453 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0451 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0415 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0403 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0360 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0359 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0357 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0171 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1431 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1075 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1026 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0664 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0548 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0404 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0259 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0254 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0245 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0118 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0114 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0083 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0082 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0081 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0076 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1717 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1680 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1632 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1564 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1542 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1366 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1354 ... continued from previous page ...

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Modium (CVSS: 5.3)
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NVT: SSL/TLS: Server Certificate / Certificate in Chain with RSA keys less than 2048 bits

Summary

The remote SSL/TLS server certificate and/or any of the certificates in the certificate chain is using a RSA key with less than 2048 bits.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSL/TLS server is using the following certificate(s) with a RSA key w ... continues on next page ...

→ith less than 2048 bits (public-key-size:public-key-algorithm:serial:issuer): 1024:RSA:00FAF93A4C7FB6B9CC:1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E74753830342D
→626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E,CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,OU=Office for C
→omplication of Otherwise Simple Affairs,O=OCOSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is no su
→ch thing outside US,C=XX (Server certificate)

Impact

Using certificates with weak RSA key size can lead to unauthorized exposure of sensitive information.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Replace the certificate with a stronger key and reissue the certificates it signed.

Vulnerability Insight

SSL/TLS certificates using RSA keys with less than 2048 bits are considered unsafe.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the RSA keys size of the server certificate and all certificates in chain for a size < 2048 bit

Details: SSL/TLS: Server Certificate / Certificate in Chain with RSA keys less than 2048. \hookrightarrow ..

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150710 Version used: 2021-12-10T12:48:00Z

References

url: https://www.cabforum.org/wp-content/uploads/Baseline_Requirements_V1.pdf

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: Check if Mailserver answer to VRFY and EXPN requests

Summary

The Mailserver on this host answers to VRFY and/or EXPN requests.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 99%

Vulnerability Detection Result

'VRFY root' produces the following answer: 252 2.0.0 root

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Disable VRFY and/or EXPN on your Mailserver.

For postfix add 'disable_vrfy_command=yes' in 'main.cf'.

For Sendmail add the option 'O PrivacyOptions=goaway'.

It is suggested that, if you really want to publish this type of information, you use a mechanism that legitimate users actually know about, such as Finger or HTTP.

Vulnerability Insight

VRFY and EXPN ask the server for information about an address. They are inherently unusable through firewalls, gateways, mail exchangers for part-time hosts, etc.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: Check if Mailserver answer to VRFY and EXPN requests

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100072 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2023\text{-}10\text{-}31\text{T}05\text{:}06\text{:}37\text{Z} \end{aligned}$

References

url: http://cr.yp.to/smtp/vrfy.html

Medium (CVSS: 5.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Certificate Expired

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25

 \hookrightarrow 623.1.0.103692)

Summary

The remote server's SSL/TLS certificate has already expired.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 99%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The certificate of the remote service expired on 2010-04-16 14:07:45.

Certificate details:

fingerprint (SHA-1) | ED093088706603BFD5DC237399B498DA2D4D31C6

fingerprint (SHA-256) | E7A7FA0D63E457C7C4A59B38B70849C6A70BDA6F830C7A

 \hookrightarrow F1E32DEE436DE813CC

issued by | 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538

 ${\leftarrow} 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E, \texttt{CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,0U=Office}$

 \hookrightarrow for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs,0=0COSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is

 \hookrightarrow no such thing outside US,C=XX

serial | 00FAF93A4C7FB6B9CC signature algorithm | sha1WithRSAEncryption

subject | 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538

... continued from previous page ...

 $\hookrightarrow 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, OU=Office \\ \hookrightarrow for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, O=OCOSA, L=Everywhere, ST=There is$

 \hookrightarrow no such thing outside US,C=XX

subject alternative names (SAN) | None

valid from | 2010-03-17 14:07:45 UTC valid until | 2010-04-16 14:07:45 UTC

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Replace the SSL/TLS certificate by a new one.

Vulnerability Insight

This script checks expiry dates of certificates associated with SSL/TLS-enabled services on the target and reports whether any have already expired.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Certificate Expired

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103955 Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Method: SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103692)

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1 0 and TLSv1 1 Protocol Detection

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security:1.0

Detected by SSL/TLS: Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782)

Summary

It was possible to detect the usage of the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocol on this system.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The service is only providing the deprecated TLSv1.0 protocol and supports one o \hookrightarrow r more ciphers. Those supported ciphers can be found in the 'SSL/TLS: Report S \hookrightarrow upported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067) VT.

Impact

An attacker might be able to use the known cryptographic flaws to eavesdrop the connection between clients and the service to get access to sensitive data transferred within the secured connection.

Furthermore newly uncovered vulnerabilities in this protocols won't receive security updates anymore.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

It is recommended to disable the deprecated TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols in favor of the TLSv1.2+ protocols. Please see the references for more information.

Affected Software/OS

All services providing an encrypted communication using the TLSv1.0 and/or TLSv1.1 protocols.

Vulnerability Insight

The TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 protocols contain known cryptographic flaws like:

- CVE-2011-3389: Browser Exploit Against SSL/TLS (BEAST)
- CVE-2015-0204: Factoring Attack on RSA-EXPORT Keys Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption (FREAK)

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check the used TLS protocols of the services provided by this system.

Details: SSL/TLS: Deprecated TLSv1.0 and TLSv1.1 Protocol Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117274 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security:1.0

Method: SSL/TLS: Version Detection OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782)

References

cve: CVE-2011-3389 cve: CVE-2015-0204

url: https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

url: https://bettercrypto.org/

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc8996/

url: https://vnhacker.blogspot.com/2011/09/beast.html

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20201108095603/https://censys.io/blog/freak

url: https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/algorithms-key-size-and-parameters

 \hookrightarrow -report-2014

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-1435

cert-bund: CB-K18/0799 cert-bund: CB-K16/1289

```
... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K16/1096
cert-bund: CB-K15/1751
cert-bund: CB-K15/1266
cert-bund: CB-K15/0850
cert-bund: CB-K15/0764
cert-bund: CB-K15/0720
cert-bund: CB-K15/0548
cert-bund: CB-K15/0526
cert-bund: CB-K15/0509
cert-bund: CB-K15/0493
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0365
cert-bund: CB-K15/0364
cert-bund: CB-K15/0302
cert-bund: CB-K15/0192
cert-bund: CB-K15/0079
cert-bund: CB-K15/0016
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/0231
cert-bund: CB-K13/0845
cert-bund: CB-K13/0796
cert-bund: CB-K13/0790
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-0111
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2019-0068
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1441
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1408
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1372
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1164
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1332
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0758
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0567
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0544
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0375
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0374
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0305
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0199
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0079
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1847
... continues on next page ...
```

```
... continued from previous page ...
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2013-1792
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1979
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1829
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1380
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1377
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1292
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1214
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1213
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1180
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1156
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1155
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-1039
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0956
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0908
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0868
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0867
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0848
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0838
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0776
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0722
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0638
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0627
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0451
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0418
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0354
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0234
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0221
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0177
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0170
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0146
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0142
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0126
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0123
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0095
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0051
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0047
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2012-0021
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1953
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1946
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1826
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1774
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1743
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1738
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1706
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1628
... continues on next page ...
```

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1627 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1619 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2011-1482

Medium (CVSS: 4.3)

NVT: SSL/TLS: RSA Temporary Key Handling 'RSA EXPORT' Downgrade Issue (FREAK)

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.

→802067)

Summary

This host is accepting 'RSA EXPORT' cipher suites and is prone to man in the middle attack.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

'RSA_EXPORT' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC2_CBC_40_MD5

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5

'RSA_EXPORT' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC2_CBC_40_MD5

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow remote attacker to downgrade the security of a session to use 'RSA_EXPORT' cipher suites, which are significantly weaker than non-export cipher suites. This may allow a man-in-the-middle attacker to more easily break the encryption and monitor or tamper with the encrypted stream.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

- Remove support for 'RSA EXPORT' cipher suites from the service.
- If running OpenSSL update to version 0.9.8zd or 1.0.0p or 1.0.1k or later.

Affected Software/OS

- Hosts accepting 'RSA EXPORT' cipher suites
- ... continues on next page ...

... continued from previous page ...

- OpenSSL version before 0.9.8zd, 1.0.0 before 1.0.0p, and 1.0.1 before 1.0.1k.

Vulnerability Insight

Flaw is due to improper handling RSA temporary keys in a non-export RSA key exchange cipher suite.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check previous collected cipher suites saved in the KB.

Details: SSL/TLS: RSA Temporary Key Handling 'RSA_EXPORT' Downgrade Issue (FREAK)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.805142 Version used: 2024-09-30T08:38:05Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)

References

cve: CVE-2015-0204

url: https://freakattack.com

url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/71936

url: http://secpod.org/blog/?p=3818

url: http://blog.cryptographyengineering.com/2015/03/attack-of-week-freak-or-fac

 \hookrightarrow toring-nsa.html

cert-bund: CB-K18/0799 cert-bund: CB-K16/1289

cert-bund: CB-K16/1096 cert-bund: CB-K15/1751

cert-bund: CB-K15/1266

cert-bund: CB-K15/0850 cert-bund: CB-K15/0764

cert-bund: CB-K15/0720

cert-bund: CB-K15/0548 cert-bund: CB-K15/0526

cert-bund: CB-K15/0509

cert-bund: CB-K15/0493 cert-bund: CB-K15/0384

cert-bund: CB-K15/0365

cert-bund: CB-K15/0364 cert-bund: CB-K15/0302

cert-bund: CB-K15/0302

cert-bund: CB-K15/0016 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2018-1408

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1372 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1164 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0758
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0567
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0544
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0530
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0375
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0375
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0374
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0305
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0305
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0199
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0021

Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Certificate Signed Using A Weak Signature Algorithm

Summary

The remote service is using a SSL/TLS certificate in the certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following certificates are part of the certificate chain but using insecure \hookrightarrow signature algorithms:

Subject: 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E74753830342D626173 \hookrightarrow 652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E,CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,OU=Office for Complic \hookrightarrow ation of Otherwise Simple Affairs,O=OCOSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is no such thi \hookrightarrow ng outside US,C=XX

Signature Algorithm: sha1WithRSAEncryption

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Servers that use SSL/TLS certificates signed with a weak SHA-1, MD5, MD4 or MD2 hashing algorithm will need to obtain new SHA-2 signed SSL/TLS certificates to avoid web browser SSL/TLS certificate warnings.

Vulnerability Insight

The following hashing algorithms used for signing SSL/TLS certificates are considered cryptographically weak and not secure enough for ongoing use:

- Secure Hash Algorithm 1 (SHA-1)
- Message Digest 5 (MD5)
- ... continues on next page ...

- Message Digest 4 (MD4)
- Message Digest 2 (MD2)

Beginning as late as January 2017 and as early as June 2016, browser developers such as Microsoft and Google will begin warning users when visiting web sites that use SHA-1 signed Secure Socket Layer (SSL) certificates.

NOTE: The script preference allows to set one or more custom SHA-1 fingerprints of CA certificates which are trusted by this routine. The fingerprints needs to be passed comma-separated and case-insensitive:

Fingerprint1

or

fingerprint1, Fingerprint2

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check which hashing algorithm was used to sign the remote ${\rm SSL/TLS}$ certificate. Details: ${\rm SSL/TLS}$: Certificate Signed Using A Weak Signature Algorithm

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105880 Version used: 2021-10-15T11:13:32Z

References

url: https://blog.mozilla.org/security/2014/09/23/phasing-out-certificates-with-⇔sha-1-based-signature-algorithms/

Medium (CVSS: 4.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerability

Summary

The SSL/TLS service uses Diffie-Hellman groups with insufficient strength (key size < 2048).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Server Temporary Key Size: 1024 bits

Impact

An attacker might be able to decrypt the SSL/TLS communication offline.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Deploy (Ephemeral) Elliptic-Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDHE) or use a 2048-bit or stronger Diffie-Hellman group (see the references).

For Apache Web Servers: Beginning with version 2.4.7, mod_ssl will use DH parameters which include primes with lengths of more than 1024 bits.

Vulnerability Insight

The Diffie-Hellman group are some big numbers that are used as base for the DH computations. They can be, and often are, fixed. The security of the final secret depends on the size of these parameters. It was found that 512 and 768 bits to be weak, 1024 bits to be breakable by really powerful attackers like governments.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the DHE temporary public key size.

 ${
m Details:}$ SSL/TLS: Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient DH Group Strength Vulnerabili.

 \hookrightarrow . .

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.106223 Version used: 2024-09-30T08:38:05Z

References

url: https://weakdh.org/

url: https://weakdh.org/sysadmin.html

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.26 Low 5432/tcp

Low (CVSS: 34)

NVT: SSL/TLS: SSLv3 Protocol CBC Cipher Suites Information Disclosure Vulnerability (POODLE)

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.

→802067)

Summary

This host is prone to an information disclosure vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow a man-in-the-middle attackers gain access to the plain text data stream.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Possible Mitigations are:

- Disable SSLv3
- Disable cipher suites supporting CBC cipher modes
- Enable TLS FALLBACK SCSV if the service is providing TLSv1.0+

Vulnerability Insight

The flaw is due to the block cipher padding not being deterministic and not covered by the Message Authentication Code

Vulnerability Detection Method

Evaluate previous collected information about this service.

Details: SSL/TLS: SSLv3 Protocol CBC Cipher Suites Information Disclosure Vulnerability .

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802087 Version used: 2024-09-30T08:38:05Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)

References

```
cve: CVE-2014-3566
url: https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf
url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/70574
url: https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html
url: https://www.dfranke.us/posts/2014-10-14-how-poodle-happened.html
url: http://googleonlinesecurity.blogspot.in/2014/10/this-poodle-bites-exploitin
\hookrightarrowg-ssl-30.html
cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0431
cert-bund: CB-K17/1198
cert-bund: CB-K17/1196
cert-bund: CB-K16/1828
cert-bund: CB-K16/1438
cert-bund: CB-K16/1384
cert-bund: CB-K16/1102
cert-bund: CB-K16/0599
cert-bund: CB-K16/0156
cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
cert-bund: CB-K15/1358
cert-bund: CB-K15/1021
cert-bund: CB-K15/0972
cert-bund: CB-K15/0637
```

cert-bund: CB-K15/0525 ... continues on next page ...

cert-bund: CB-K15/0590

```
... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K15/0393
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0287
cert-bund: CB-K15/0252
cert-bund: CB-K15/0246
cert-bund: CB-K15/0237
cert-bund: CB-K15/0118
cert-bund: CB-K15/0110
cert-bund: CB-K15/0108
cert-bund: CB-K15/0080
cert-bund: CB-K15/0078
cert-bund: CB-K15/0077
cert-bund: CB-K15/0075
cert-bund: CB-K14/1617
cert-bund: CB-K14/1581
cert-bund: CB-K14/1537
cert-bund: CB-K14/1479
cert-bund: CB-K14/1458
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/1314
cert-bund: CB-K14/1313
cert-bund: CB-K14/1311
cert-bund: CB-K14/1304
cert-bund: CB-K14/1296
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1238
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1236
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1929
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1527
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1468
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1168
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0642
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0171
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1431
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1075
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1026
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0664
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0548
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0404
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0259
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0254
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0245
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0118
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0114
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0083
... continues on next page ...
```

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0082

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0081

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0076

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1717

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1680

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1632

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1564

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1542

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1366

dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1354

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.27 Low general/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

NVT: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure

Summary

The remote host implements TCP timestamps and therefore allows to compute the uptime.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was detected that the host implements RFC1323/RFC7323.

The following timestamps were retrieved with a delay of 1 seconds in-between:

Packet 1: 246799 Packet 2: 246909

Impact

A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

To disable TCP timestamps on linux add the line 'net.ipv4.tcp_timestamps = 0' to /etc/sysctl.conf. Execute 'sysctl-p' to apply the settings at runtime.

To disable TCP timestamps on Windows execute 'netsh int tcp set global timestamps=disabled' Starting with Windows Server 2008 and Vista, the timestamp can not be completely disabled. The default behavior of the TCP/IP stack on this Systems is to not use the Timestamp options when initiating TCP connections, but use them if the TCP peer that is initiating communication includes them in their synchronize (SYN) segment.

See the references for more information.

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... continued from previous page ...

${\bf Affected\ Software/OS}$

TCP implementations that implement RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Insight

The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323/RFC7323.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Special IP packets are forged and sent with a little delay in between to the target IP. The responses are searched for a timestamps. If found, the timestamps are reported.

Details: TCP Timestamps Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.80091 Version used: 2023-12-15T16:10:08Z

References

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1323
url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7323

url: https://web.archive.org/web/20151213072445/http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/d

 \hookrightarrow ownload/details.aspx?id=9152

url: https://www.fortiguard.com/psirt/FG-IR-16-090

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.28 Low 22/tcp

Low (CVSS: 2.6)

NVT: Weak MAC Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol

Detected by SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565 \hookrightarrow)

Summary

The remote SSH server is configured to allow / support weak MAC algorithm(s).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSH server supports the following weak client-to-server MAC algorithm \hookrightarrow (s):

hmac-md5

hmac-md5-96

hmac-sha1-96

umac-64@openssh.com

The remote SSH server supports the following weak server-to-client MAC algorithm \hookrightarrow (s):

hmac-md5

hmac-md5-96

hmac-sha1-96

umac-64@openssh.com

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Disable the reported weak MAC algorithm(s).

Vulnerability Detection Method

Checks the supported MAC algorithms (client-to-server and server-to-client) of the remote SSH server.

Currently weak MAC algorithms are defined as the following:

- MD5 based algorithms
- 96-bit based algorithms
- 64-bit based algorithms
- 'none' algorithm

Details: Weak MAC Algorithm(s) Supported (SSH)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105610 Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol Method: SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565)

References

url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc6668

url: https://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4253#section-6.4

[return to 192.168.135.35]

$2.1.29 \quad Low \ 25/tcp$

Low (CVSS: 3.7)

NVT: SSL/TLS: 'DHE EXPORT' Man in the Middle Security Bypass Vulnerability (LogJam)

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0. $\hookrightarrow 802067$)

Summary

This host is accepting 'DHE EXPORT' cipher suites and is prone to man in the middle attack.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

'DHE_EXPORT' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5

'DHE_EXPORT' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow a man-in-the-middle attacker to downgrade the security of a TLS session to 512-bit export-grade cryptography, which is significantly weaker, allowing the attacker to more easily break the encryption and monitor or tamper with the encrypted stream.

Solution:

Solution type: VendorFix

- Remove support for 'DHE EXPORT' cipher suites from the service
- If running OpenSSL update to version $1.0.2\mathrm{b}$ or $1.0.1\mathrm{n}$ or later.

Affected Software/OS

- Hosts accepting 'DHE EXPORT' cipher suites
- OpenSSL version before 1.0.2b and 1.0.1n

Vulnerability Insight

Flaw is triggered when handling Diffie-Hellman key exchanges defined in the 'DHE_EXPORT' cipher suites.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Check previous collected cipher suites saved in the KB.

Details: SSL/TLS: 'DHE_EXPORT' Man in the Middle Security Bypass Vulnerability (LogJam)

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.805188

Version used: 2024-09-30T08:38:05Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

... continues on next page ...

... continued from previous page ... Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067) References cve: CVE-2015-4000 url: https://weakdh.org url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/74733 url: https://weakdh.org/imperfect-forward-secrecy.pdf url: http://openwall.com/lists/oss-security/2015/05/20/8 url: https://blog.cloudflare.com/logjam-the-latest-tls-vulnerability-explained url: https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2015/05/20/logjam-freak-upcoming-changes cert-bund: CB-K21/0067 cert-bund: CB-K19/0812 cert-bund: CB-K16/1593 cert-bund: CB-K16/1552 cert-bund: CB-K16/0617 cert-bund: CB-K16/0599 cert-bund: CB-K16/0168 cert-bund: CB-K16/0121 cert-bund: CB-K16/0090 cert-bund: CB-K16/0030 cert-bund: CB-K15/1591 cert-bund: CB-K15/1550 cert-bund: CB-K15/1517 cert-bund: CB-K15/1464 cert-bund: CB-K15/1442 cert-bund: CB-K15/1334 cert-bund: CB-K15/1269 cert-bund: CB-K15/1136 cert-bund: CB-K15/1090 cert-bund: CB-K15/1059 cert-bund: CB-K15/1022 cert-bund: CB-K15/1015 cert-bund: CB-K15/0964 cert-bund: CB-K15/0932 cert-bund: CB-K15/0927 cert-bund: CB-K15/0926 cert-bund: CB-K15/0907 cert-bund: CB-K15/0901 cert-bund: CB-K15/0896 cert-bund: CB-K15/0877 cert-bund: CB-K15/0834 cert-bund: CB-K15/0802 cert-bund: CB-K15/0733 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-2939 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-0775

```
... continued from previous page ...
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-1561
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-1276
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1692
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1648
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0665
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0642
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0184
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0135
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0101
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0035
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1679
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1632
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1608
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1542
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1518
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1406
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1341
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1194
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1144
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1113
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1078
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1067
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1016
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0980
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0977
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0976
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0960
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0956
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0944
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0925
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0879
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0737
```

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```
Low (CVSS: 3.4)
```

NVT: SSL/TLS: SSLv3 Protocol CBC Cipher Suites Information Disclosure Vulnerability (POO-DLE)

Product detection result

```
cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security
```

Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0. $\hookrightarrow 802067$)

~

Summary

This host is prone to an information disclosure vulnerability.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Impact

Successful exploitation will allow a man-in-the-middle attackers gain access to the plain text data stream.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation Possible Mitigations are:

- Disable SSLv3
- Disable cipher suites supporting CBC cipher modes
- Enable TLS FALLBACK SCSV if the service is providing TLSv1.0+

Vulnerability Insight

The flaw is due to the block cipher padding not being deterministic and not covered by the Message Authentication Code

Vulnerability Detection Method

Evaluate previous collected information about this service.

Details: SSL/TLS: SSLv3 Protocol CBC Cipher Suites Information Disclosure Vulnerability . \hookrightarrow . .

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802087 Version used: 2024-09-30T08:38:05Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)

References

cve: CVE-2014-3566

url: https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

url: http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/70574

url: https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

url: https://www.dfranke.us/posts/2014-10-14-how-poodle-happened.html

url: http://googleonlinesecurity.blogspot.in/2014/10/this-poodle-bites-exploitin

 \hookrightarrow g-ssl-30.html

cert-bund: WID-SEC-2023-0431

cert-bund: CB-K17/1198 cert-bund: CB-K17/1196

```
... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K16/1828
cert-bund: CB-K16/1438
cert-bund: CB-K16/1384
cert-bund: CB-K16/1102
cert-bund: CB-K16/0599
cert-bund: CB-K16/0156
cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
cert-bund: CB-K15/1358
cert-bund: CB-K15/1021
cert-bund: CB-K15/0972
cert-bund: CB-K15/0637
cert-bund: CB-K15/0590
cert-bund: CB-K15/0525
cert-bund: CB-K15/0393
cert-bund: CB-K15/0384
cert-bund: CB-K15/0287
cert-bund: CB-K15/0252
cert-bund: CB-K15/0246
cert-bund: CB-K15/0237
cert-bund: CB-K15/0118
cert-bund: CB-K15/0110
cert-bund: CB-K15/0108
cert-bund: CB-K15/0080
cert-bund: CB-K15/0078
cert-bund: CB-K15/0077
cert-bund: CB-K15/0075
cert-bund: CB-K14/1617
cert-bund: CB-K14/1581
cert-bund: CB-K14/1537
cert-bund: CB-K14/1479
cert-bund: CB-K14/1458
cert-bund: CB-K14/1342
cert-bund: CB-K14/1314
cert-bund: CB-K14/1313
cert-bund: CB-K14/1311
cert-bund: CB-K14/1304
cert-bund: CB-K14/1296
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1238
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1236
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1929
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1527
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1468
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1168
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0642
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0388
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0171
... continues on next page ...
```

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```
... continued from previous page ...
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1431
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1075
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1026
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0664
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0548
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0404
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0396
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0259
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0254
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0245
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0118
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0114
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0083
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0082
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0081
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0076
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1717
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1680
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1632
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1564
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1542
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1414
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1366
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-1354
```

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.30 Low general/icmp

```
Low (CVSS: 2.1)

NVT: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

Summary
The remote host responded to an ICMP timestamp request.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result
The following response / ICMP packet has been received:
- ICMP Type: 14
- ICMP Code: 0

Impact
... continues on next page...
```

This information could theoretically be used to exploit weak time-based random number generators in other services.

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

Various mitigations are possible:

- Disable the support for ICMP timestamp on the remote host completely
- Protect the remote host by a firewall, and block ICMP packets passing through the firewall in either direction (either completely or only for untrusted networks)

Vulnerability Insight

The Timestamp Reply is an ICMP message which replies to a Timestamp message. It consists of the originating timestamp sent by the sender of the Timestamp as well as a receive timestamp and a transmit timestamp.

Vulnerability Detection Method

Sends an ICMP Timestamp (Type 13) request and checks if a Timestamp Reply (Type 14) is received.

Details: ICMP Timestamp Reply Information Disclosure

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103190 Version used: 2023-05-11T09:09:33Z

References

cve: CVE-1999-0524

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc792
url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc2780

cert-bund: CB-K15/1514 cert-bund: CB-K14/0632 dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0658

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.31 Log 5432/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Certificate - Self-Signed Certificate Detection

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25

 \hookrightarrow 623.1.0.103692)

Summary

The SSL/TLS certificate on this port is self-signed.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The certificate of the remote service is self signed.

Certificate details:

fingerprint (SHA-1) | ED093088706603BFD5DC237399B498DA2D4D31C6

fingerprint (SHA-256) | E7A7FA0D63E457C7C4A59B38B70849C6A70BDA6F830C7A

←F1E32DEE436DE813CC

issued by | 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538

 $\hookrightarrow 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E, \texttt{CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,0U=Office}$

 $\hookrightarrow \text{ for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, 0=0COSA, L=Everywhere, ST=There is}$

 \hookrightarrow no such thing outside US,C=XX

public key algorithm | RSA public key size (bits) | 1024

serial | OOFAF93A4C7FB6B9CC signature algorithm | sha1WithRSAEncryption

subject | 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538

 \hookrightarrow 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E, CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain, OU=Office

 \hookrightarrow for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, 0=0COSA, L=Everywhere, ST=There is

 \hookrightarrow no such thing outside US,C=XX

subject alternative names (SAN) | None

valid from | 2010-03-17 14:07:45 UTC valid until | 2010-04-16 14:07:45 UTC

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Certificate - Self-Signed Certificate Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103140 Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Method: SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103692)

References

url: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Self-signed_certificate

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) Cipher Suites

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.

86

→802067)

Summary

This routine reports all SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service which are supporting Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Cipher suites supporting Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) are accepted by this serv

 \hookrightarrow ice via the SSLv3 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

Cipher suites supporting Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) are accepted by this serv

 \hookrightarrow ice via the TLSv1.0 protocol: TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) Cipher Suites

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105018 Version used: 2024-09-30T08:38:05Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Medium Cipher Suites

Product detection result

... continued from previous page ... cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.

Summary

 \hookrightarrow 802067)

This routine reports all Medium SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol: TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

Any cipher suite considered to be secure for only the next 10 years is considered as medium.

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Medium Cipher Suites

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902816Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Non Weak Cipher Suites

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.4802067)

Summary

This routine reports all Non Weak SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA

'Non Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA

'Non Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Non Weak Cipher Suites

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103441 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

Summary

This routine reports all SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

```
'Strong' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:
```

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA

No 'Null' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol.

No 'Anonymous' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol.

'Strong' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol: $\tt TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA$

'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA

No 'Null' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol.

No 'Anonymous' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol.

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

Notes:

- As the VT 'SSL/TLS: Check Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900234) might run into a timeout the actual reporting of all accepted cipher suites takes place in this VT instead
- SSLv2 ciphers are not getting reported as the protocol itself is deprecated, needs to be considered as weak and is reported separately as deprecated.

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Untrusted Certificate Detection

Summary

Checks and reports if a remote SSL/TLS service is using a certificate which is untrusted / the verification against the system wide trust store has failed.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSL/TLS server is using the following certificate(s) which failed the \hookrightarrow verification against the system wide trust store (serial:issuer): 00FAF93A4C7FB6B9CC:1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E74753830342D626173652 \hookrightarrow E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E,CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,OU=Office for Complicati \hookrightarrow on of Otherwise Simple Affairs,O=OCOSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is no such thing \hookrightarrow outside US,C=XX (Server certificate)

Solution:

Log Method

 $\operatorname{Details:}$ SSL/TLS: Untrusted Certificate Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117764 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Safe/Secure Renegotiation Support Status

Summary

Checks and reports if a remote SSL/TLS service supports safe/secure renegotiation.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Protocol Version | Safe/Secure Renegotiation Support Status

←→-----

 \hookrightarrow -----

... continued from previous page ... SSLv3 | Unknown, Reason: Scanner failed to negotiate an SSL/TLS conne ⇒ction (Either the scanner or the remote host is probably not supporting / acce →pting this SSL/TLS protocol version). Enabled, Note: While the remote service announces the support \hookrightarrow of safe/secure renegotiation it still might not support / accept renegotiatio \hookrightarrow n at all. TLSv1.1 | Unknown, Reason: Scanner failed to negotiate an SSL/TLS conne ⇒ction (Either the scanner or the remote host is probably not supporting / acce \hookrightarrow pting this SSL/TLS protocol version). Unknown, Reason: Scanner failed to negotiate an SSL/TLS conne ⇒ction (Either the scanner or the remote host is probably not supporting / acce \hookrightarrow pting this SSL/TLS protocol version). | Unknown, Reason: Scanner failed to negotiate an SSL/TLS conne \hookrightarrow ction (Either the scanner or the remote host is probably not supporting / acce \hookrightarrow pting this SSL/TLS protocol version).

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Safe/Secure Renegotiation Support Status

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117757 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

References

url: https://www.gnutls.org/manual/html_node/Safe-renegotiation.html

url: https://wiki.openssl.org/index.php/TLS1.3#Renegotiation

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc5746

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Services

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

An unknown service is running on this port.

It is usually reserved for Postgres

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin attempts to guess which service is running on the remote port(s). For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330Version used: 2023-06-14T05:05:19Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: PostgreSQL Detection (TCP)

Summary

TCP based detection of PostgreSQL.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A PostgreSQL service has been identified on this port.

Solution:

Log Method

The script sends a connection request to the server (user:postgres, DB:postgres) and attempts to extract the version number from the reply.

Details: PostgreSQL Detection (TCP)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100151 Version used: 2024-07-22T05:05:40Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: PostgreSQL SSL/TLS Support Detection (PostgreSQL Protocol)

Product detection result

cpe:/a:postgresql:postgresql:8.3.1

Detected by PostgreSQL Detection Consolidation (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.12802 \hookrightarrow 5)

Summary

Checks if the remote PostgreSQL server supports SSL/TLS.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote PostgreSQL server supports SSL/TLS.

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: PostgreSQL SSL/TLS Support Detection (PostgreSQL Protocol)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105013 Version used: 2024-07-24T05:06:37Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:postgresql:postgresql:8.3.1 Method: PostgreSQL Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.128025)

References

url: https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/static/ssl-tcp.html

$\overline{\text{Log}}$ (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Version Detection

Summary

Enumeration and reporting of SSL/TLS protocol versions supported by a remote service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSL/TLS service supports the following SSL/TLS protocol version(s): $\ensuremath{\text{SSLv3}}$

TLSv1.0

Solution:

Log Method

Sends multiple connection requests to the remote service and attempts to determine the SSL/TLS protocol versions supported by the service from the replies.

Note: The supported SSL/TLS protocol versions included in the report of this VT are reported independently from the allowed / supported SSL/TLS ciphers.

Details: SSL/TLS: Version Detection

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782

... continued from previous page ...

Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details

Summary

This script collects and reports the details of all SSL/TLS certificates.

This data will be used by other tests to verify server certificates.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following certificate details of the remote service were collected.

Certificate details:

fingerprint (SHA-1) | ED093088706603BFD5DC237399B498DA2D4D31C6

fingerprint (SHA-256) | E7A7FA0D63E457C7C4A59B38B70849C6A70BDA6F830C7A

 \hookrightarrow F1E32DEE436DE813CC

issued by | 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538

 $\hookrightarrow 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E, \texttt{CN=ubuntu}804-\texttt{base.localdomain,} \texttt{OU=Office}$

 \hookrightarrow for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs,0=0COSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is

 \hookrightarrow no such thing outside US,C=XX

serial | OOFAF93A4C7FB6B9CC

signature algorithm | sha1WithRSAEncryption

subject | 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538

 ${\leftarrow} 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E, \texttt{CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,0U=Office}$

 $\hookrightarrow \text{ for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs,0=OCOSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is}$

 \hookrightarrow no such thing outside US,C=XX

subject alternative names (SAN) | None

valid from | 2010-03-17 14:07:45 UTC valid until | 2010-04-16 14:07:45 UTC

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103692 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.32 Log 3632/tcp

95

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: DistCC Detection

Summary

Tries to detect if the remote host is running a DistCC service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A DistCC service is running at this port.

Solution:

Log Method

 $\begin{array}{cccc} Details: \ DistCC \ Detection \\ OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.12638 \end{array}$

Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

$\mathbf{2.1.33}\quad \mathbf{Log}\ \mathbf{445/tcp}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMBv1 Enabled - Active Check

Summary

The host has enabled SMBv1 for the SMB Server.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

SMBv1 is enabled for the SMB Server

Solution:

Log Method

Checks if SMBv1 is enabled for the SMB Server based on the information provided by the following VT:

- SMB Remote Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.807830).

Details: SMBv1 Enabled - Active Check

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.140151

Version used: 2024-01-09T05:06:46Z

References

url: https://www.us-cert.gov/ncas/current-activity/2017/01/16/SMB-Security-Best-

 $\hookrightarrow \! \mathtt{Practices}$

url: https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/2696547 url: https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/204279

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Microsoft Windows SMB Accessible Shares

Summary

The script detects the Windows SMB Accessible Shares and sets the result into KB.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following shares were found

IPC\$

Solution:

Log Method

Details: Microsoft Windows SMB Accessible Shares

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902425 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2023-01-31T10:08:41Z \end{aligned}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Microsoft SMB Signing Disabled

Summary

Checks if SMB Signing is disabled at the remote SMB server.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

SMB Signing is disabled at the server.

Solution:

Log Method

Details: Microsoft SMB Signing Disabled

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802726 Version used: 2023-07-25T05:05:58Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB Login Successful For Authenticated Checks

Summary

It was possible to login using the provided SMB credentials. Hence authenticated checks are enabled.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Vulnerability was detected according to the Vulnerability Detection Method.

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SMB Login Successful For Authenticated Checks

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108539 Version used: 2023-07-28T16:09:07Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

Summary

This script detects whether port 445 and 139 are open and if they are running a CIFS/SMB server.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A CIFS server is running on this port

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11011 Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB NativeLanMan

Summary

It is possible to extract OS, domain and SMB server information from the Session Setup AndX Response packet which is generated during NTLM authentication.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected Samba

Version: 3.0.20 Location: 445/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:samba:3.0.20

Concluded from version/product identification result:

Samba 3.0.20-Debian Extra information:

Detected SMB workgroup: WORKGROUP

Detected SMB server: Samba 3.0.20-Debian

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SMB NativeLanMan OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011 Version used: 2024-06-25T05:05:27Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB NativeLanMan

Summary

It is possible to extract OS, domain and SMB server information from the Session Setup AndX Response packet which is generated during NTLM authentication.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected SMB workgroup: WORKGROUP

Detected SMB server: Samba 3.0.20-Debian

Detected OS: Debian GNU/Linux

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SMB NativeLanMan OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011 Version used: 2024-06-25T05:05:27Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB log in

Summary

This script attempts to logon into the remote host using login/password credentials.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 97%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to log into the remote host using the SMB protocol.

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SMB log in

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10394 Version used: 2023-11-28T05:05:32Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB Remote Version Detection

Summary

Detection of Server Message Block(SMB).

This script sends SMB Negotiation request and try to get the version from the response.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Only SMBv1 is enabled on remote target

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SMB Remote Version Detection

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.807830 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2023\text{-}07\text{-}26\text{T}05\text{:}05\text{:}09\text{Z} \end{aligned}$

[return to 192.168.135.35]

$\mathbf{2.1.34}\quad \mathbf{Log}\ \mathbf{514/tcp}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: rsh Service Detection

Summary

Checks if the remote host is running a rsh service.

Note: The reporting takes place in a separate VT 'rsh Unencrypted Cleartext Login' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100080).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A rsh service is running at this port.

Solution:

Log Method

Details: rsh Service Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108478 Version used: 2024-06-26T05:05:39Z

 $[\ \mathrm{return\ to\ }192.168.135.35\]$

2.1.35 Log 8009/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Unknown OS and Service Banner Reporting

Summary

This VT consolidates and reports the information collected by the following VTs:

- Collect banner of unknown services (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11154)
- Service Detection (unknown) with nmap (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.66286)
- Service Detection (wrapped) with nmap (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108525)
- OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937)

If you know any of the information reported here, please send the full output to the referenced community forum.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Nmap service detection (unknown) result for this port: ajp13

This is a guess. A confident identification of the service was not possible.

Hint: If you're running a recent nmap version try to run nmap with the following \hookrightarrow command: 'nmap -sV -Pn -p 8009 192.168.135.35' and submit a possible collecte \hookrightarrow d fingerprint to the nmap database.

Solution:

Log Method

Details: Unknown OS and Service Banner Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108441 Version used: 2023-06-22T10:34:15Z

References

url: https://forum.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests/7

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.36 Log 139/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMB/CIFS Server Detection

Summary

This script detects whether port 445 and 139 are open and if they are running a CIFS/SMB server.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A SMB server is running on this port

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SMB/CIFS Server Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11011 Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.37 Log 6697/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.<u>0</u>)

NVT: IRC Server Banner Detection

Summary

This script tries to detect the banner of an IRC server.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The IRC server banner is:

:irc.Metasploitable.LAN 351 FGAGACDIE Unreal3.2.8.1. irc.Metasploitable.LAN :Fhi \hookrightarrow X0oE [*=2309]

Solution:

Log Method

Details: IRC Server Banner Detection

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11156 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z \end{aligned}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: UnrealIRCd Detection

Summary

Detection of UnrealIRCd Daemon. This script sends a request to the server and gets the version from the response.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected UnrealIRCd
Version: 3.2.8.1
Location: 6697/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:unrealircd:unrealircd:3.2.8.1 Concluded from version/product identification result:

Unreal3.2.8.1

Solution:

Log Method

Details: UnrealIRCd Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.809884 Version used: 2022-06-01T21:00:42Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Service Detection with 'GET' Request

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

An IRC server seems to be running on this port.

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin is a complement of the plugin 'Services' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330). It sends a HTTP 'GET' request to the remaining unknown services and tries to identify them.

Log Method

Details: Service Detection with 'GET' Request

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.17975

Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.38 Log 8787/tcp

104

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Service Detection with 'GET' Request

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A Distributed Ruby (dRuby/DRb) service seems to be running on this port.

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin is a complement of the plugin 'Services' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330). It sends a HTTP 'GET' request to the remaining unknown services and tries to identify them.

Log Method

Details: Service Detection with 'GET' Request

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.17975

Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

 $[\ {\rm return\ to\ 192.168.135.35}\]$

$2.1.39 \quad \text{Log } 512/\text{tcp}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Service Detection with 'BINARY' Request

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A rexec service seems to be running on this port.

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

 \dots continues on next page \dots

... continued from previous page ...

This plugin is a complement of the plugin 'Services' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330). It sends a 'BINARY' request to the remaining unknown services and tries to identify them.

Log Method

Details: Service Detection with 'BINARY' Request

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108204 Version used: 2024-12-06T05:05:38Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: rexec Detection

Summary

This remote host is running a rexec service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The rexec service is not allowing connections from this host.

Solution:

Log Method

Details: rexec Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.113763 Version used: 2023-07-28T16:09:07Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.40 Log 1099/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: RMI Registry Service Detection

Summary

Detection of a Remote Method Invocation (RMI) registry service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A RMI registry service is running at this port

Solution:

Log Method

Details: RMI Registry Service Detection

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105839 \\ & \text{Version used: } \textbf{2022-12-21T10:} \textbf{12:} \textbf{09Z} \end{aligned}$

 $[\ {\rm return\ to\ 192.168.135.35}\]$

2.1.41 Log 21/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: vsFTPd FTP Server Detection

Summary

The script is grabbing the banner of a FTP server and attempts to identify a vsFTPd FTP Server and its version from the reply.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected vsFTPd

Version: 2.3.4 Location: 21/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:beasts:vsftpd:2.3.4

Concluded from version/product identification result:

220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)

Solution:

Log Method

Details: vsFTPd FTP Server Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111050 Version used: 2023-07-26T05:05:09Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: FTP Missing Support For AUTH TLS

Summary

The remote FTP server does not support the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote FTP server does not support the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: FTP Missing Support For AUTH TLS

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108553} \\ & \text{Version used: } & \text{2021-03-19T08:} \\ & \text{13:38Z} \end{aligned}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Services

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

An FTP server is running on this port.

Here is its banner :
220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin attempts to guess which service is running on the remote port(s). For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 Version used: 2023-06-14T05:05:19Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: FTP Banner Detection

Summary

This script detects and reports a FTP Server Banner.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Remote FTP server banner:

220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)

This is probably (a):

- vsFTPd

Server operating system information collected via "SYST" command:

215 UNIX Type: L8

Server status information collected via "STAT" command:

211-FTP server status:

Connected to 192.168.135.65

Logged in as ftp

TYPE: ASCII

No session bandwidth limit

Session timeout in seconds is 300 Control connection is plain text Data connections will be plain text

vsFTPd 2.3.4 - secure, fast, stable

211 End of status

Solution:

Log Method

Details: FTP Banner Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10092 Version used: 2024-06-07T15:38:39Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

$2.1.42 \quad \text{Log } 111/\text{tcp}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: RPC Portmapper Service Detection (TCP)

Summary

... continued from previous page ...

TCP based detection of a RPC portmapper service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected RPC Portmapper Location: 111/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:portmap:portmap

Extra information:

Possible known aliases / names for this product are 'port mapper', 'rpc.portmap' \hookrightarrow , 'portmap' or 'rpcbind'

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

The RPC portmapper service is an unsecured protocol for Internet facing systems and should only be used on a trusted network segment, otherwise disabled. The software should be patched and configured properly.

Log Method

Details: RPC Portmapper Service Detection (TCP)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108090 Version used: 2023-09-12T05:05:19Z

References

cve: CVE-1999-0632

url: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Portmap

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc1833

$\overline{\text{Log (CVSS: 0.0)}}$

NVT: Obtain list of all port mapper registered programs via RPC

Summary

This script calls the DUMP RPC on the port mapper, to obtain the list of all registered programs.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

These are the registered RPC programs:

RPC program #100000 version 2 'portmapper' (portmap sunrpc rpcbind) on port 111/ \hookrightarrow TCP

RPC program #100003 version 2 'nfs' (nfsprog) on port 2049/TCP RPC program #100003 version 3 'nfs' (nfsprog) on port 2049/TCP RPC program #100003 version 4 'nfs' (nfsprog) on port 2049/TCP

```
... continued from previous page ...
RPC program #100024 version 1 'status' on port 38083/TCP
RPC program #100005 version 1 'mountd' (mount showmount) on port 43746/TCP
RPC program #100005 version 2 'mountd' (mount showmount) on port 43746/TCP
RPC program #100005 version 3 'mountd' (mount showmount) on port 43746/TCP
RPC program #100021 version 1 'nlockmgr' on port 51018/TCP
RPC program #100021 version 3 'nlockmgr' on port 51018/TCP
RPC program #100021 version 4 'nlockmgr' on port 51018/TCP
RPC program #100000 version 2 'portmapper' (portmap sunrpc rpcbind) on port 111/
\hookrightarrowUDP
RPC program #100003 version 2 'nfs' (nfsprog) on port 2049/UDP
RPC program #100003 version 3 'nfs' (nfsprog) on port 2049/UDP
RPC program #100003 version 4 'nfs' (nfsprog) on port 2049/UDP
RPC program #100005 version 1 'mountd' (mount showmount) on port 35133/UDP
RPC program #100005 version 2 'mountd' (mount showmount) on port 35133/UDP
RPC program #100005 version 3 'mountd' (mount showmount) on port 35133/UDP
RPC program #100021 version 1 'nlockmgr' on port 42995/UDP
RPC program #100021 version 3 'nlockmgr' on port 42995/UDP
RPC program #100021 version 4 'nlockmgr' on port 42995/UDP
RPC program #100024 version 1 'status' on port 46078/UDP
```

Solution:

Log Method

Details: Obtain list of all port mapper registered programs via RPC

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11111 Version used: 2023-09-08T05:06:21Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.43 Log 5900/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: VNC Server and Protocol Version Detection

Summary

The remote host is running a remote display software (VNC) which permits a console to be displayed remotely.

This allows authenticated users of the remote host to take its control remotely.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A VNC server seems to be running on this port.

111

... continued from previous page ...

The version of the VNC protocol is: RFB 003.003

Solution:

Make sure the use of this software is done in accordance with your corporate security policy, filter incoming traffic to this port.

Log Method

Details: VNC Server and Protocol Version Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10342 Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: VNC Supported 'security types' Detection (Remote)

Summary

This script checks the remote VNC protocol version and the available 'security types'.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote VNC server chose security type #2 (VNC authentication)

Solution:

Log Method

Details: VNC Supported 'security types' Detection (Remote)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.19288Version used: 2023-07-12T05:05:05Z

 $[\ {\rm return\ to\ 192.168.135.35}\]$

2.1.44 Log 23/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Services

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A telnet server seems to be running on this port

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin attempts to guess which service is running on the remote port(s). For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

Log Method

Details: Services

 $OID\!:\!1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330$

Version used: 2023-06-14T05:05:19Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Telnet Service Detection

Summary

This scripts tries to detect a Telnet service running at the remote host.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A Telnet server seems to be running on this port

Solution:

Log Method

Details: Telnet Service Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100074 Version used: 2023-07-28T16:09:08Z

References

url: https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc854

113

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Telnet Banner Reporting

Summary

This scripts reports the received banner of a Telnet service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Remote Telnet banner:



Warning: Never expose this VM to an untrusted network!

Contact: msfdev[at]metasploit.com

Login with msfadmin/msfadmin to get started

metasploitable login:

Solution:

Log Method

Details: Telnet Banner Reporting OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10281 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.45 Log 53/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: DNS Server Detection (TCP)

Summary

TCP based detection of a DNS server.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote DNS server banner is:

9.4.2

Solution:

Log Method

Details: DNS Server Detection (TCP) OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108018 Version used: 2021-11-30T08:05:58Z

 $[\ {\rm return\ to\ 192.168.135.35}\]$

2.1.46 Log general/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: jQuery Detection Consolidation

Summary

Consolidation of jQuery detections.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected jQuery

Version: 1.3.2

 ${\tt Location:} \qquad {\tt /mutillidae/javascript/ddsmoothmenu/jquery.min.js}$

CPE: cpe:/a:jquery:jquery:1.3.2

Concluded from version/product identification result:

src="./javascript/ddsmoothmenu/jquery.min.js

jQuery JavaScript Library v1.3.2

Concluded from version/product identification location:

 \hookrightarrow ry.min.js

- Referenced at: http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/

Solution:

Log Method

Details: jQuery Detection Consolidation

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.150658 Version used: 2023-07-14T05:06:08Z

References

url: https://jquery.com/

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Check open ports

Summary

This plugin checks if the port scanners did not kill a service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The scanner cannot reach any of the previously open ports of the remote host at the end of its scan.

This might be an availability problem related which might be due to the following reasons :

- The remote host is now down, either because a user turned it off during the $\ensuremath{\operatorname{scan}}$
- A network outage has been experienced during the scan, and the remote network cannot be reached from the scanner server any more
- The scanner has been blacklisted by the system administrator or by automatic intrusion detection/prevention systems which have detected the vulnerability assessment.

In any case, the audit of the remote host might be incomplete and may need to be done again

Solution:

Log Method

Details: Check open ports OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10919 Version used: 2023-08-03T05:05:16Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Hostname Determination Reporting

Summary

The script reports information on how the hostname of the target was determined.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Hostname determination for IP 192.168.135.35:

Hostname | Source

192.168.135.35 | IP-address

Solution:

Log Method

Details: Hostname Determination Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108449Version used: 2022-07-27T10:11:28Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: PostgreSQL Detection Consolidation

Summary

Consolidation of PostgreSQL detections.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected PostgreSQL Version: 8.3.1 Location: 5432/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:postgresql:postgresql:8.3.1 Concluded from version/product identification result:

select version(); query result: T versionDg]PostgreSQL 8.3.1 on i486-pc-linux-gn \hookrightarrow u, compiled by GCC cc (GCC) 4.2.3 (Ubuntu 4.2.3-2ubuntu4)CSELECTZI

Solution:

Log Method

Details: PostgreSQL Detection Consolidation

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.128025 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2024\text{-}07\text{-}19\text{T05:}05\text{:}32\text{Z} \end{aligned}$

References

url: https://www.postgresql.org/

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Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: ISC BIND Detection Consolidation

Summary

Consolidation of ISC BIND detections.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected ISC BIND
Version: 9.4.2
Location: 53/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4.2

Concluded from version/product identification result:

9.4.2

Solution:

Log Method

Details: ISC BIND Detection Consolidation

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.145294 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2022\text{-}03\text{-}28\text{T}10\text{:}48\text{:}38\text{Z} \end{aligned}$

References

url: https://www.isc.org/bind/

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: OpenSSH Detection Consolidation

Summary

Consolidation of OpenSSH detections.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected OpenSSH Server Version: 4.7p1 Location: 22/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:4.7p1

Concluded from version/product identification result:

 ${\tt SSH-2.0-0penSSH_4.7p1~Debian-8ubuntu1}$

Solution:

Log Method

Details: OpenSSH Detection Consolidation

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108577Version used: 2024-12-13T05:05:32Z

References

url: https://www.openssh.com/

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

Summary

This script consolidates the OS information detected by several VTs and tries to find the best matching OS.

Furthermore it reports all previously collected information leading to this best matching OS. It also reports possible additional information which might help to improve the OS detection. If any of this information is wrong or could be improved please consider to report these to the referenced community forum.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Best matching OS:

OS: Ubuntu 8.04

Version: 8.04

CPE: cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04

Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105586 (Operating System (OS) Detection (SSH

 \hookrightarrow Banner))

Concluded from SSH banner on port 22/tcp: SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_4.7p1 Debian-8ubuntu1 Setting key "Host/runs_unixoide" based on this information

Other OS detections (in order of reliability):

OS: Linux/Unix

CPE: cpe:/o:linux:kernel

Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105355 (Operating System (OS) Detection (FTP

Concluded from FTP banner on port 21/tcp: 220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)

Debian GNU/Linux OS:

CPE: cpe:/o:debian:debian_linux

Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105355 (Operating System (OS) Detection (FTP

Concluded from FTP banner on port 2121/tcp: 220 ProFTPD 1.3.1 Server (Debian) [: \hookrightarrow :ffff:192.168.135.35]

Debian GNU/Linux

```
... continued from previous page ...
CPE:
              cpe:/o:debian:debian_linux
Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.102011 (SMB NativeLanMan)
Concluded from SMB/Samba banner on port 445/tcp:
OS String: Unix
SMB String: Samba 3.0.20-Debian
OS:
             Ubuntu 8.04
Version:
             8.04
             cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04
Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111067 (Operating System (OS) Detection (HTT
Concluded from PHP Server banner on port 80/tcp: X-Powered-By: PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu
\hookrightarrow5.10
OS:
             Ubuntu 8.04
            8.04
Version:
CPE:
             cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04
Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111067 (Operating System (OS) Detection (HTT
Concluded from HTTP Server banner on port 80/tcp: Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu)
\hookrightarrowDAV/2
OS:
             Ubuntu
             cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux
Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111068 (Operating System (OS) Detection (SMT
\hookrightarrowP/POP3/IMAP))
Concluded from SMTP banner on port 25/tcp: 220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP
\hookrightarrowPostfix (Ubuntu)
             Ubuntu 8.04
OS:
            8.04
Version:
CPE:
             cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04
Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111069 (Operating System (OS) Detection (Tel
Concluded from Telnet banner on port 23/tcp:
|_| |_| |_|\__,_|__/ .__/|_|\___,
                           1_1
Warning: Never expose this VM to an untrusted network!
Contact: msfdev[at]metasploit.com
Login with msfadmin/msfadmin to get started
metasploitable login:
OS:
             Ubuntu
              cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux
Found by VT: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108192 (Operating System (OS) Detection (MyS
\hookrightarrowQL/MariaDB))
Concluded from MySQL/MariaDB server banner on port 3306/tcp: 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
... continues on next page ...
```

Solution:

Log Method

Details: OS Detection Consolidation and Reporting

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105937 Version used: 2024-12-24T05:05:31Z

References

url: https://forum.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests/7

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Hostname discovery from server certificate

Summary

It was possible to discover an additional hostname of this server from its certificate Common or Subject Alt Name.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following additional but not resolvable hostnames were detected: ubuntu804-base.localdomain

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Hostname discovery from server certificate

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111010 Version used: 2021-11-22T15:32:39Z

$\overline{\text{Log (CVSS: 0.0)}}$

NVT: Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

Summary

Consolidation of Apache HTTP Server detections.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected Apache HTTP Server

Version: 2.2.8 Location: 80/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.8

Concluded from version/product identification result:

Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2

Solution:

Log Method

Details: Apache HTTP Server Detection Consolidation

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117232 Version used: 2024-03-08T15:37:10Z

References

url: https://httpd.apache.org

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Traceroute

Summary

Collect information about the network route and network distance between the scanner host and the target host.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Network route from scanner (192.168.135.65) to target (192.168.135.35):

192.168.135.65 192.168.135.35

Network distance between scanner and target: 2

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

For internal networks, the distances are usually small, often less than 4 hosts between scanner and target. For public targets the distance is greater and might be 10 hosts or more.

Log Method

A combination of the protocols ICMP and TCP is used to determine the route. This method is applicable for IPv4 only and it is also known as 'traceroute'.

Details: Traceroute

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.51662

Version used: 2022-10-17T11:13:19Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.47 Log 22/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Services

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

An ssh server is running on this port

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin attempts to guess which service is running on the remote port(s). For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

Log Method

Details: Services

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2023\text{-}06\text{-}14\text{T}05\text{:}05\text{:}19\text{Z} \end{aligned}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSH Server type and version

Summary

This detects the SSH Server's type and version by connecting to the server and processing the buffer received.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Remote SSH server banner: SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_4.7p1 Debian-8ubuntu1

Remote SSH supported authentication: none,password,publickey,hostbased,keyboard-

 \hookrightarrow interactive

Remote SSH text/login banner: (not available)

This is probably:

- OpenSSH

Concluded from remote connection attempt with credentials:

Login: OpenVASVT Password: OpenVASVT

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This information gives potential attackers additional information about the system they are attacking. Versions and Types should be omitted where possible.

Log Method

Details: SSH Server type and version OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10267 Version used: 2024-08-02T05:05:39Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported

Summary

This script detects which algorithms are supported by the remote SSH service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following options are supported by the remote SSH service:

kex_algorithms:

 $\label{limin-group-exchange-sha256,diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1,diffie-hellman-group1-sha1, diffie-hellman-group1-sha1} \\ \hookrightarrow \text{ellman-group1-sha1,diffie-hellman-group1-sha1}$

server_host_key_algorithms:

ssh-rsa,ssh-dss

encryption_algorithms_client_to_server:

aes128-cbc,3des-cbc,blowfish-cbc,cast128-cbc,arcfour128,arcfour256,arcfour,aes19 \$\times 2\$-cbc,aes256-cbc,rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se,aes128-ctr,aes192-ctr,aes256-ctr
encryption_algorithms_server_to_client:

aes128-cbc,3des-cbc,blowfish-cbc,cast128-cbc,arcfour128,arcfour256,arcfour,aes19 \hookrightarrow 2-cbc,aes256-cbc,rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se,aes128-ctr,aes192-ctr,aes256-ctr mac_algorithms_client_to_server:

 $\label{local-mac-md5} hmac-sha1, umac-64@openssh.com, hmac-ripemd160, hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com \\ \hookrightarrow, hmac-sha1-96, hmac-md5-96$

mac_algorithms_server_to_client:

hmac-md5,hmac-sha1,umac-64@openssh.com,hmac-ripemd160,hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com \hookrightarrow ,hmac-sha1-96,hmac-md5-96

compression_algorithms_client_to_server:

 \dots continues on next page \dots

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... continued from previous page ...

none,zlib@openssh.com

compression_algorithms_server_to_client:

none,zlib@openssh.com

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSH Protocol Algorithms Supported

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105565 Version used: 2024-06-17T08:31:37Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSH Protocol Versions Supported

Summary

Identification of SSH protocol versions supported by the remote SSH Server. Also reads the corresponding fingerprints from the service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 95%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSH Server supports the following SSH Protocol Versions:

1.99

2.0

Solution:

Log Method

The following versions are tried: 1.33, 1.5, 1.99 and 2.0.

 $\label{eq:Details: SSH Protocol Versions Supported} Details: {\tt SSH Protocol Versions Supported}$

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100259Version used: 2024-06-17T08:31:37Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.48 Log 80/tcp

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Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: HTTP Server Banner Enumeration

Summary

This script tries to detect / enumerate different HTTP server banner (e.g. from a frontend, backend or proxy server) by sending various different HTTP requests (valid and invalid ones).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

It was possible to enumerate the following HTTP server banner(s):

Server banner

| Enumeration technique _____

→----

Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2 | Invalid HTTP 00.5 GET request (non-existen

 \hookrightarrow t HTTP version) to '/'

X-Powered-By: PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10 | Invalid HTTP 00.5 GET request (non-existen \hookrightarrow t HTTP version) to '/'

Solution:

Log Method

Details: HTTP Server Banner Enumeration

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108708 Version used: 2022-06-28T10:11:01Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: HTTP Server type and version

This script detects and reports the HTTP Server's banner which might provide the type and version of it.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote HTTP Server banner is: Server: Apache/2.2.8 (Ubuntu) DAV/2

Solution:

Log Method

... continued from previous page ...

Details: HTTP Server type and version

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10107

Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: 'favicon.ico' Based Fingerprinting (HTTP)

Summary

HTTP based fingerprinting of web applications based on an exposed 'favicon.ico' file.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The following apps/services were identified:

"phpmyadmin (2.11.8.1 - 4.2.x)" fingerprinted by the file: "http://192.168.135.3 \hookrightarrow 5/phpMyAdmin/favicon.ico"

Solution:

Log Method

Details: 'favicon.ico' Based Fingerprinting (HTTP)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.20108 Version used: 2023-08-01T13:29:10Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: HTTP Security Headers Detection

Summary

All known security headers are being checked on the remote web server.

On completion a report will hand back whether a specific security header has been implemented (including its value and if it is deprecated) or is missing on the target.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Missing Headers | More Information

 \hookrightarrow

Content-Security-Policy | https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers

 \hookrightarrow /#content-security-policy

... continued from previous page ... Cross-Origin-Embedder-Policy | https://scotthelme.co.uk/coop-and-coep/, Not \hookrightarrow e: This is an upcoming header | https://scotthelme.co.uk/coop-and-coep/, Not Cross-Origin-Opener-Policy \hookrightarrow e: This is an upcoming header Cross-Origin-Resource-Policy | https://scotthelme.co.uk/coop-and-coep/, Not \hookrightarrow e: This is an upcoming header | https://w3c.github.io/webappsec-feature-poli Document-Policy \hookrightarrow cy/document-policy#document-policy-http-header Feature-Policy | https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers \hookrightarrow /#feature-policy, Note: The Feature Policy header has been renamed to Permissi \hookrightarrow ons Policy Permissions-Policy | https://w3c.github.io/webappsec-feature-poli \hookrightarrow cy/#permissions-policy-http-header-field Referrer-Policy | https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers \hookrightarrow /#referrer-policy Sec-Fetch-Dest | https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web \hookrightarrow /HTTP/Headers#fetch_metadata_request_headers, Note: This is a new header suppo \hookrightarrow rted only in newer browsers like e.g. Firefox 90 | https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web \hookrightarrow /HTTP/Headers#fetch_metadata_request_headers, Note: This is a new header suppo ⇔rted only in newer browsers like e.g. Firefox 90 | https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web Sec-Fetch-Site ← HTTP/Headers#fetch_metadata_request_headers, Note: This is a new header suppo \hookrightarrow rted only in newer browsers like e.g. Firefox 90 Sec-Fetch-User | https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web $\hookrightarrow / \texttt{HTTP/Headers\#fetch_metadata_request_headers}, \ \texttt{Note: This is a new header suppo}$ \hookrightarrow rted only in newer browsers like e.g. Firefox 90 X-Content-Type-Options | https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers \hookrightarrow /#x-content-type-options X-Frame-Options | https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers \hookrightarrow /#x-frame-options X-Permitted-Cross-Domain-Policies | https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers \hookrightarrow /#x-permitted-cross-domain-policies X-XSS-Protection | https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers \hookrightarrow t for this header in 2020. Solution: Log Method Details: HTTP Security Headers Detection OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.112081

References

url: https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers/

... continues on next page ...

Version used: 2021-07-14T06:19:43Z

... continued from previous page ...

url: https://owasp.org/www-project-secure-headers/#div-headers

url: https://securityheaders.com/

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: TWiki Version Detection

Summary

Detection of TWiki.

The script sends a HTTP connection request to the server and attempts to detect the presence of TWiki and to extract its version.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected TWiki

Version: 01.Feb.2003 Location: /twiki/bin

CPE: cpe:/a:twiki:twiki:01.Feb.2003

Concluded from version/product identification result:

This site is running TWiki version 01 Feb 2003

Solution:

Log Method

Details: TWiki Version Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.800399 Version used: 2023-07-25T05:05:58Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Web Application Scanning Consolidation / Info Reporting

Summary

The script consolidates and reports various information for web application (formerly called 'CGI') scanning.

This information is based on the following scripts / settings:

- HTTP-Version Detection (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100034)
- No 404 check (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10386)
- Web mirroring / webmirror.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10662)
- Directory Scanner / DDI_Directory_Scanner.nasl (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.11032)
- The configured 'cgi_path' within the 'Scanner Preferences' of the scan config in use
- ... continues on next page ...

- The configured 'Enable CGI scanning', 'Enable generic web application scanning' and 'Add historic /scripts and /cgi-bin to directories for CGI scanning' within the 'Global variable settings' of the scan config in use

If you think any of this information is wrong please report it to the referenced community forum.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The Hostname/IP "192.168.135.35" was used to access the remote host.

Generic web application scanning is disabled for this host via the "Enable gener \hookrightarrow ic web application scanning" option within the "Global variable settings" of t \hookrightarrow he scan config in use.

Requests to this service are done via HTTP/1.1.

This service seems to be able to host PHP scripts.

This service seems to be able to host ASP scripts.

The User-Agent "Mozilla/5.0 [en] (X11, U; OpenVAS-VT 23.13.1)" was used to acces \hookrightarrow s the remote host.

Historic /scripts and /cgi-bin are not added to the directories used for web app \hookrightarrow lication scanning. You can enable this again with the "Add historic /scripts a \hookrightarrow nd /cgi-bin to directories for CGI scanning" option within the "Global variabl \hookrightarrow e settings" of the scan config in use.

A possible recursion was detected during web application scanning:

The service is using a relative URL in one or more HTML references where e.g. /f \hookrightarrow ile1.html contains and a subsequent request for s \hookrightarrow ubdir/file2.html is linking to subdir/file2.html. This would resolves to subdir-r/subdir/file2.html causing a recursion. To work around this counter-measures \hookrightarrow have been enabled but the service should be fixed as well to not use such prob \hookrightarrow lematic links. Below an excerpt of URLs is shown to help identify those issues \hookrightarrow .

Syntax : URL (HTML link)

The following directories were used for web application scanning:

http://192.168.135.35/

http://192.168.135.35/cgi-bin

http://192.168.135.35/dav

http://192.168.135.35/doc

http://192.168.135.35/dvwa

http://192.168.135.35/index

http://192.168.135.35/index/ajax

http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae

http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/documentation

http://192.168.135.35/oops/TWiki

http://192.168.135.35/phpMyAdmin

http://192.168.135.35/rdiff/TWiki

... continued from previous page ... http://192.168.135.35/test http://192.168.135.35/test/testoutput http://192.168.135.35/tikiwiki http://192.168.135.35/tikiwiki/lib http://192.168.135.35/twiki http://192.168.135.35/twiki/pub http://192.168.135.35/twiki/pub/TWiki/FileAttachment http://192.168.135.35/twiki/pub/TWiki/TWikiDocGraphics http://192.168.135.35/twiki/pub/TWiki/TWikiLogos http://192.168.135.35/twiki/pub/TWiki/TWikiPreferences http://192.168.135.35/twiki/pub/TWiki/TWikiTemplates http://192.168.135.35/twiki/pub/icn http://192.168.135.35/view/TWiki While this is not, in and of itself, a bug, you should manually inspect these di ←rectories to ensure that they are in compliance with company security standard \hookrightarrow s The following directories were excluded from web application scanning because th \hookrightarrow e "Regex pattern to exclude directories from CGI scanning" setting of the VT " \hookrightarrow Global variable settings" (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.12288) for this scan was ⇒: "/(index\.php|image|img|css|js\$|js/|javascript|style|theme|icon|jquery|graph →ic|grafik|picture|bilder|thumbnail|media/|skins?/)" http://192.168.135.35/dvwa/dvwa/css http://192.168.135.35/dvwa/dvwa/images http://192.168.135.35/icons http://192.168.135.35/index.php/installer http://192.168.135.35/index.php/s http://192.168.135.35/index.php/wp-json http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/images http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/javascript http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/javascript/ddsmoothmenu http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/styles http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/styles/ddsmoothmenu http://192.168.135.35/phpMyAdmin/themes/original/img http://192.168.135.35/tikiwiki/img/icons http://192.168.135.35/tikiwiki/styles http://192.168.135.35/tikiwiki/styles/transitions Directory index found at: http://192.168.135.35/dav/ http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/documentation/ http://192.168.135.35/test/ http://192.168.135.35/test/testoutput/ http://192.168.135.35/twiki/TWikiDocumentation.html http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/view/TWiki/TWikiDocumentation http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/view/TWiki/TWikiInstallationGuide Extraneous phpinfo() output found at: http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/phpinfo.php Concluded from: ... continues on next page ...

```
... continued from previous page ...
  <title>phpinfo()</title><meta name="ROBOTS" content="NOINDEX,NOFOLLOW,NOARCHIV
\hookrightarrowE" /></head>
  Configuration File (php.ini) Path /etc/ph
\hookrightarrowp5/cgi 
  <h2>PHP Variables</h2>
http://192.168.135.35/phpinfo.php
Concluded from:
  <title>phpinfo()</title><meta name="ROBOTS" content="NOINDEX,NOFOLLOW,NOARCHIV
\hookrightarrowE" /></head>
  Configuration File (php.ini) Path /etc/ph
\hookrightarrowp5/cgi 
  <h2>PHP Variables</h2>
PHP script discloses physical path at:
http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/documentation/vulnerabilities.php (/var/www/mut
⇔illidae/documentation/vulnerabilities.php)
http://192.168.135.35/tikiwiki/tiki-install.php (/var/www/tikiwiki/lib/adodb/dri
→vers/adodb-mysql.inc.php)
The "Number of pages to mirror" setting (Current: 200) of the VT "Web mirroring"
\hookrightarrow (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10662) was reached. Raising this limit allows to
⇒mirror this host more thoroughly but might increase the scanning time.
NOTE: The 'Maximum number of items shown for each list' setting has been reached
\hookrightarrow. There are 355 additional entries available for the following truncated list.
The following CGIs were discovered:
Syntax : cginame (arguments [default value])
http://192.168.135.35/dav/ (C=S;O [A] C=N;O [D] C=M;O [A] C=D;O [A] )
http://192.168.135.35/dvwa/login.php (username [] password [] Login [Login] )
http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/ (page [add-to-your-blog.php] )
http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/documentation/ (C=S;O [A] C=N;O [D] C=M;O [A] C
\hookrightarrow =D;0 [A] )
http://192.168.135.35/mutillidae/index.php (username [anonymous] do [toggle-hint
\hookrightarrows] page [home.php] )
http://192.168.135.35/oops/TWiki/TWikiHistory (template [oopsrev] param1 [1.10]
\hookrightarrow)
http://192.168.135.35/phpMyAdmin/index.php (phpMyAdmin [583c9d08a7e6b1a2c44dc993
\hookrightarrow450927e77a819b0f] token [***replaced***] pma_username [] table [] lang [] serv
\hookrightarrower [1] db [] convcharset [utf-8] pma_password [] )
http://192.168.135.35/phpMyAdmin/phpmyadmin.css.php (token [***replaced***] js_f
http://192.168.135.35/rdiff/TWiki/TWikiHistory (rev1 [1.10] rev2 [1.9] )
http://192.168.135.35/test/ (C=S;O [A] C=N;O [D] C=M;O [A] C=D;O [A] )
http://192.168.135.35/test/testoutput/ (C=S;0 [A] C=N;0 [D] C=M;0 [A] C=D;0 [A]
\hookrightarrow)
http://192.168.135.35/tikiwiki/tiki-install.php (host [localhost] dbinfo [] pass
\hookrightarrow [] name [] db [] restart [1] resetdb [] user [] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/attach/TWiki/FileAttachment (filename [Sample.tx
\hookrightarrowt] revInfo [1] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Know/ReadmeFirst (t [1735193800] )
... continues on next page ...
```

```
... continued from previous page ...
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Know/WebChanges (t [1735193629] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Know/WebHome (t [1735193590])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Know/WebIndex (t [1735193802])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Know/WebNotify (t [1735193805])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Know/WebPreferences (t [1735193636])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Know/WebSearch (t [1735193634] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Know/WebStatistics (t [1735193807])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Know/WebTopicList (t [1735193804])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/BillClinton (topicparent [Main.TWikiUs
→ersl )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/CharleytheHorse (t [1735193820])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/ChristopheVermeulen (topicparent [Main
\hookrightarrow.TWikiUsers])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/DavidWarman (topicparent [Main.TWikiUs
\hookrightarrowers])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/EngineeringGroup (topicparent [Main.TW
\hookrightarrowikiGroups])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/GoodStyle (topicparent [Main.WebHome]
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/JohnAltstadt (topicparent [Main.TWikiU
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/JohnTalintyre (t [1735193821] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/MartinRaabe (topicparent [TWiki.TWikiU
\hookrightarrowpgradeGuide])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/NicholasLee (t [1735193822])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/OfficeLocations (t [1735193599])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/PeterFokkinga (topicparent [Main.TWiki
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/PeterThoeny (t [1735193703])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/SupportGroup (topicparent [Main.TWikiG
→roupsl )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/TWikiAdminGroup (t [1735193827] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/TWikiGroups (t [1735193597])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/TWikiGuest (t [1735193823])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/TwikiPreferences (topicparent [Main.We
\hookrightarrowbHome])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/TWikiRegistration (topicparent [Main.T
→WikiUsers] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/TWikiUsers (t [1735193596])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/TWikiWeb (topicparent [Main.WebHome] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/TestArea (topicparent [Main.WebHome])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/TextFormattingFAQ (topicparent [Main.W
\hookrightarrowebHomel)
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/TextFormattingRules (topicparent [Main
\hookrightarrow.WebHome])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WebChanges (t [1735193601])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WebHome (t [1735193578])
... continues on next page ...
```

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```
... continued from previous page ...
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WebIndex (t [1735193606] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WebNotify (t [1735193642] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WebPreferences (t [1735193610] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WebSearch (t [1735193607])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WebStatistics (t [1735193643] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WebTopicEditTemplate (topicparent [Mai
\hookrightarrown.WebPreferences] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WebTopicList (t [1735193641] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WelcomeGuest (topicparent [Main.WebHom
→el )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WikiName (topicparent [Main.TWikiUsers
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Main/WikiNotation (topicparent [Main.TWikiU
\hookrightarrowsers])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/TestTopic1 (topicparent [Sandbox.We
\hookrightarrowbHome])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/TestTopic2 (topicparent [Sandbox.We
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/TestTopic3 (topicparent [Sandbox.We
\hookrightarrowbHome])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/TestTopic4 (topicparent [Sandbox.We
\hookrightarrowbHome])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/TestTopic5 (topicparent [Sandbox.We
→bHomel )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/TestTopic6 (topicparent [Sandbox.We
\hookrightarrowbHome])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/TestTopic7 (topicparent [Sandbox.We
\hookrightarrowbHome])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/TestTopic8 (topicparent [Sandbox.We
\hookrightarrowbHome])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/WebChanges (t [1735193637] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/WebHome (t [1735193592])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/WebIndex (t [1735193810])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/WebNotify (t [1735193816])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/WebPreferences (t [1735193640])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/WebSearch (t [1735193639])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/WebStatistics (t [1735193817] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/WebTopicEditTemplate (topicparent [
\hookrightarrowSandbox.WebPreferences] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/Sandbox/WebTopicList (t [1735193815] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/ (topic [] topicparent [TWikiFAQ] onl
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/AppendixFileSystem (t [1735193783])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/BumpyWord (t [1735193831])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/DefaultPlugin (t [1735193731])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/FileAttachment (t [1735193725])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/FormattedSearch (t [1735193762])
... continues on next page ...
```

```
... continued from previous page ...
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/GnuGeneralPublicLicense (t [173519379
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/GoodStyle (t [1735193691] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/InstalledPlugins (t [1735193788])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/InstantEnhancements (t [1735193738])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/InterWikis (t [1735193734] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/InterwikiPlugin (t [1735193732])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/ManagingTopics (t [1735193779])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/ManagingWebs (t [1735193782] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/MeaningfulTitle (topicparent [TWiki.T
→extFormattingFAQ] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/NewTopic (topicparent [TWiki.TWikiSho
→rthandl )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/NotExistingYet (topicparent [TWiki.Te
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/PeterThoeny (t [1735193789])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/SiteMap (t [1735193789] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/StartingPoints (t [1735193613])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/TWikiAccessControl (t [1735193753])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/TWikiAdminCookBook (t [1735193735])
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/TWikiCourseOutlineExample (topicparen
→t [TWiki.WebHome] )
http://192.168.135.35/twiki/bin/edit/TWiki/TWikiFAQ (t [1735193647])
Solution:
Log Method
Details: Web Application Scanning Consolidation / Info Reporting
OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111038
Version used: 2024-09-19T05:05:57Z
References
```

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Services

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

url: https://forum.greenbone.net/c/vulnerability-tests/7

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A web server is running on this port

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin attempts to guess which service is running on the remote port(s). For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 Version used: 2023-06-14T05:05:19Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: PHP Detection (HTTP)

Summary

HTTP based detection of PHP.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected PHP

Version: 5.2.4 Location: 80/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:php:php:5.2.4

Concluded from version/product identification result:

X-Powered-By: PHP/5.2.4-2ubuntu5.10

Solution:

Log Method

Details: PHP Detection (HTTP) OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.800109 Version used: 2024-06-12T05:05:44Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: phpMyAdmin Detection (HTTP)

Summary

HTTP based detection of phpMyAdmin.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected phpMyAdmin Version: 3.1.1

Location: /phpMyAdmin

CPE: cpe:/a:phpmyadmin:phpmyadmin:3.1.1
Concluded from version/product identification result:

Version 3.1.1

Concluded from version/product identification location:

http://192.168.135.35/phpMyAdmin/index.php http://192.168.135.35/phpMyAdmin/README

Extra information:
- Protected by Username/Password

Solution:

Log Method

Details: phpMyAdmin Detection (HTTP)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900129 Version used: 2024-02-19T14:37:31Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

$2.1.49 \quad \text{Log } 513/\text{tcp}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Service Detection with 'BINARY' Request

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A rlogin service seems to be running on this port.

Solution:

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... continued from previous page ...

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin is a complement of the plugin 'Services' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330). It sends a 'BINARY' request to the remaining unknown services and tries to identify them.

Log Method

Details: Service Detection with 'BINARY' Request

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108204 \\ & \text{Version used: } 2024\text{-}12\text{-}06\text{T}05\text{:}05\text{:}38\text{Z} \end{aligned}$

[return to 192.168.135.35]

$2.1.50 \quad \text{Log } 1524/\text{tcp}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Service Detection with 'GET' Request

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

A root shell of Metasploitable seems to be running on this port.

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin is a complement of the plugin 'Services' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330). It sends a HTTP 'GET' request to the remaining unknown services and tries to identify them.

Log Method

Details: Service Detection with 'GET' Request

 $OID\!:\!1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.17975$

Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

$2.1.51 \quad \text{Log } 3306/\text{tcp}$

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Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Services

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

An unknown service is running on this port.

It is usually reserved for MySQL

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin attempts to guess which service is running on the remote port(s). For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330Version used: 2023-06-14T05:05:19Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Database Open Access Information Disclosure Vulnerability

Summary

Various Database server might be prone to an information disclosure vulnerability if accessible to remote systems.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Oracle MySQL can be accessed by remote attackers

Impact

Successful exploitation could allow an attacker to obtain sensitive information from the database.

Solution:

Solution type: Workaround

Restrict database access to remote systems. Please see the manual of the affected database server for more information.

Affected Software/OS

- Oracle MySQL
- MariaDB
- IBM DB2
- PostgreSQL
- IBM solidDB
- Oracle Database
- Microsoft SQL Server

Vulnerability Insight

The remote database server is not restricting direct access from remote systems.

Log Method

Checks the result of various database server detections and evaluates their results.

Details: Database Open Access Information Disclosure Vulnerability

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902799 Version used: 2024-07-19T15:39:06Z

References

url: https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/security_standards/index.php?id=pci_ds \hookrightarrow s_v1-2.pdf

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: MariaDB / Oracle MySQL Detection (MySQL Protocol)

Summary

MySQL protocol-based detection of MariaDB / Oracle MySQL.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected Oracle MySQL

Version: 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5

Location: 3306/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:oracle:mysql:5.0.51a

Concluded from version/product identification result:

5.0.51a-3ubuntu5

Solution:

Log Method

Details: MariaDB / Oracle MySQL Detection (MySQL Protocol)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.100152 Version used: 2024-07-19T15:39:06Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

$\mathbf{2.1.52}\quad \mathbf{Log}\ \mathbf{2121/tcp}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: FTP Missing Support For AUTH TLS

Summary

The remote FTP server does not support the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote FTP server does not support the 'AUTH TLS' command.

Solution:

Log Method

 $\operatorname{Details:}$ SSL/TLS: FTP Missing Support For AUTH TLS

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{OID:} 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.108553} \\ & \text{Version used: } & \textbf{2021-03-19T08:} \textbf{13:38Z} \end{aligned}$

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Services

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

An FTP server is running on this port.

Here is its banner :

220 ProFTPD 1.3.1 Server (Debian) [::ffff:192.168.135.35]

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin attempts to guess which service is running on the remote port(s). For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 Version used: 2023-06-14T05:05:19Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: FTP Banner Detection

Summary

This script detects and reports a FTP Server Banner.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Remote FTP server banner:

220 ProFTPD 1.3.1 Server (Debian) [::ffff:192.168.135.35]

This is probably (a):

- ProFTPD

Server operating system information collected via "SYST" command:

215 UNIX Type: L8

Solution:

Log Method

Details: FTP Banner Detection OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10092 Version used: 2024-06-07T15:38:39Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: ProFTPD Server Version Detection (Remote)

Summary

This script detects the installed version of ProFTP Server.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

... continued from previous page ...

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected ProFTPD
Version: 1.3.1
Location: 2121/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:proftpd:proftpd:1.3.1

Concluded from version/product identification result: 220 ProFTPD 1.3.1 Server (Debian) [::ffff:192.168.135.35]

Solution:

Log Method

Details: ProFTPD Server Version Detection (Remote)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900815 Version used: 2021-09-01T14:04:04Z

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.53 Log general/CPE-T

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: CPE Inventory

Summary

This routine uses information collected by other routines about CPE identities of operating systems, services and applications detected during the scan.

Note: Some CPEs for specific products might show up twice or more in the output. Background: After a product got renamed or a specific vendor was acquired by another one it might happen that a product gets a new CPE within the NVD CPE Dictionary but older entries are kept with the older CPE.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

```
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.2.8

192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:beasts:vsftpd:2.3.4

192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:ietf:secure_shell_protocol:2.0

192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:ietf:secure_sockets_layer:2.0

192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:ietf:secure_sockets_layer:3.0

192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security:1.0
```

192.168.135.35|cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.4.2 192.168.135.35|cpe:/a:jquery:jquery:1.3.2

192.168.135.35|cpe:/a:mysql:mysql:5.0.51a

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```
... continued from previous page ...
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:4.7p1
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:oracle:mysql:5.0.51a
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:php:php:5.2.4
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:phpmyadmin:phpmyadmin:3.1.1
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:portmap:portmap
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:postfix:postfix
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:postgresql:postgresql:8.3.1
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:proftpd:proftpd:1.3.1
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:samba:samba:3.0.20
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:twiki:twiki:01.Feb.2003
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/a:unrealircd:unrealircd:3.2.8.1
192.168.135.35 | cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:8.04
Solution:
Log Method
Details: CPE Inventory
OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.810002
Version used: 2022-07-27T10:11:28Z
References
```

[return to 192.168.135.35]

2.1.54 Log 25/tcp

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Postfix SMTP Server Detection (SMTP)

url: https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

Summary

SMTP based detection of Postfix.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Detected Postfix

Version: unknown Location: 25/tcp

CPE: cpe:/a:postfix:postfix

Concluded from version/product identification result: 220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)

... continued from previous page ...

Solution:

Log Method

Details: Postfix SMTP Server Detection (SMTP)

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.111086Version used: 2024-01-12T05:05:56Z

References

url: https://www.postfix.org/

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) Cipher Suites

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0. $\hookrightarrow 802067$)

Summary

This routine reports all SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service which are supporting Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS).

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Cipher suites supporting Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) are accepted by this serv \hookrightarrow ice via the SSLv3 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA

Cipher suites supporting Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) are accepted by this serv \hookrightarrow ice via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA

Solution:

2 RESULTS PER HOST

... continued from previous page ...

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) Cipher Suites

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105018 Version used: 2024-09-30T08:38:05Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)

$\overline{\text{Log (CVSS: 0.0)}}$

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Medium Cipher Suites

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.

 \hookrightarrow 802067)

Summary

This routine reports all Medium SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

 ${\tt TLS_DH_anon_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA}$

TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA

'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

 ${\tt TLS_DH_anon_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA}$

TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

Any cipher suite considered to be secure for only the next 10 years is considered as medium.

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Medium Cipher Suites

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.902816 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Non Weak Cipher Suites

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.

→802067)

Summary

This routine reports all Non Weak SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5

TLS_DH_anon_WITH_RC4_128_MD5

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC2_CBC_40_MD5

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA

'Non Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:

... continued from previous page ... TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA TLS_DH_anon_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_DH_anon_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA 'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol: TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5 TLS_DH_anon_WITH_RC4_128_MD5 TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC2_CBC_40_MD5 TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5 TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5 TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA 'Non Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol: TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA TLS_DH_anon_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_DH_anon_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Non Weak Cipher Suites

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103441 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)

$\overline{\text{Log (CVSS: 0.0)}}$

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

Summary

This routine reports all SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

```
Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%
Vulnerability Detection Result
'Strong' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA
TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA
'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:
TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_RC4_128_MD5
TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC2_CBC_40_MD5
TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5
TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5
TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA
No 'Null' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol.
'Anonymous' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:
TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_RC4_128_MD5
'Strong' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:
```

```
... continued from previous page ...
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
'Medium' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA
TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
TLS_RSA_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA
'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:
TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_RC4_128_MD5
TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC2_CBC_40_MD5
TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5
TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5
TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA
No 'Null' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol.
'Anonymous' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:
TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_DES_CBC_SHA
TLS_DH_anon_WITH_RC4_128_MD5
```

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

 Notes

- As the VT 'SSL/TLS: Check Supported Cipher Suites' (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.900234) might run into a timeout the actual reporting of all accepted cipher suites takes place in this VT instead.
- $-SSLv2\ ciphers\ are\ not\ getting\ reported\ as\ the\ protocol\ itself\ is\ deprecated,\ needs\ to\ be\ considered\ as\ weak\ and\ is\ reported\ separately\ as\ deprecated.$

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067

Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Log (CVSS: 5.9)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Report Weak Cipher Suites

Product detection result

Summary

This routine reports all Weak SSL/TLS cipher suites accepted by a service.

NOTE: No severity for SMTP services with 'Opportunistic TLS' and weak cipher suites on port 25/tcp is reported. If too strong cipher suites are configured for this service the alternative would be to fall back to an even more insecure cleartext communication.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

NOTE: No severity for SMTP services with 'Opportunistic TLS' and weak cipher sui \hookrightarrow tes on port 25/tcp is reported. If too strong cipher suites are configured for \hookrightarrow this service the alternative would be to fall back to an even more insecure c \hookrightarrow leartext communication.

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the SSLv3 protocol:

```
TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA
```

TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5

TLS_DH_anon_WITH_RC4_128_MD5

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC2_CBC_40_MD5

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA

'Weak' cipher suites accepted by this service via the TLSv1.0 protocol:

TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_DH_anon_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5

TLS_DH_anon_WITH_RC4_128_MD5

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC2_CBC_40_MD5

TLS_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5

TLS_RSA_WITH_RC4_128_SHA

Solution:

Solution type: Mitigation

The configuration of this services should be changed so that it does not accept the listed weak cipher suites anymore.

Please see the references for more resources supporting you with this task.

Vulnerability Insight

These rules are applied for the evaluation of the cryptographic strength:

- RC4 is considered to be weak (CVE-2013-2566, CVE-2015-2808)
- Ciphers using 64 bit or less are considered to be vulnerable to brute force methods and therefore considered as weak (CVE-2015-4000)
- 1024 bit RSA authentication is considered to be insecure and therefore as weak
- Any cipher considered to be secure for only the next 10 years is considered as medium
- Any other cipher is considered as strong

Vulnerability Detection Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Report Weak Cipher Suites

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103440 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security Method: SSL/TLS: Report Supported Cipher Suites

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.802067)

References

cve: CVE-2013-2566 cve: CVE-2015-2808 cve: CVE-2015-4000

url: https://www.bsi.bund.de/SharedDocs/Warnmeldungen/DE/CB/warnmeldung_cb-k16-1

 \hookrightarrow 465_update_6.html

url: https://bettercrypto.org/

url: https://mozilla.github.io/server-side-tls/ssl-config-generator/

cert-bund: CB-K21/0067 cert-bund: CB-K19/0812 cert-bund: CB-K17/1750 cert-bund: CB-K16/1593 cert-bund: CB-K16/1552 cert-bund: CB-K16/1102 cert-bund: CB-K16/0617 cert-bund: CB-K16/0599 cert-bund: CB-K16/0168

cert-bund: CB-K16/0168 cert-bund: CB-K16/0121 cert-bund: CB-K16/0090 cert-bund: CB-K16/0030

```
... continued from previous page ...
cert-bund: CB-K15/1751
cert-bund: CB-K15/1591
cert-bund: CB-K15/1550
cert-bund: CB-K15/1517
cert-bund: CB-K15/1514
cert-bund: CB-K15/1464
cert-bund: CB-K15/1442
cert-bund: CB-K15/1334
cert-bund: CB-K15/1269
cert-bund: CB-K15/1136
cert-bund: CB-K15/1090
cert-bund: CB-K15/1059
cert-bund: CB-K15/1022
cert-bund: CB-K15/1015
cert-bund: CB-K15/0986
cert-bund: CB-K15/0964
cert-bund: CB-K15/0962
cert-bund: CB-K15/0932
cert-bund: CB-K15/0927
cert-bund: CB-K15/0926
cert-bund: CB-K15/0907
cert-bund: CB-K15/0901
cert-bund: CB-K15/0896
cert-bund: CB-K15/0889
cert-bund: CB-K15/0877
cert-bund: CB-K15/0850
cert-bund: CB-K15/0849
cert-bund: CB-K15/0834
cert-bund: CB-K15/0827
cert-bund: CB-K15/0802
cert-bund: CB-K15/0764
cert-bund: CB-K15/0733
cert-bund: CB-K15/0667
cert-bund: CB-K14/0935
cert-bund: CB-K13/0942
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2023-2939
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2021-0775
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-1561
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2020-1276
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2017-1821
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1692
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1648
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-1168
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0665
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0642
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0184
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0135
... continues on next page ...
```

2 RESULTS PER HOST

```
... continued from previous page ...
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0101
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2016-0035
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1853
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1679
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1632
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1608
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1542
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1518
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1406
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1341
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1194
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1144
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1113
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1078
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1067
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1038
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1016
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-1012
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0980
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0977
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0976
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0960
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0956
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0944
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0937
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0925
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0884
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0881
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0879
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0866
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0844
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0800
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0737
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2015-0696
dfn-cert: DFN-CERT-2014-0977
```

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Safe/Secure Renegotiation Support Status

Summary

Checks and reports if a remote $\operatorname{SSL}/\operatorname{TLS}$ service supports safe/secure renegotiation.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

... continued from previous page ... Protocol Version | Safe/Secure Renegotiation Support Status SSLv3 | Unknown, Reason: Scanner failed to negotiate an SSL/TLS conne ⇒ction (Either the scanner or the remote host is probably not supporting / acce \hookrightarrow pting this SSL/TLS protocol version). | Enabled, Note: While the remote service announces the support \hookrightarrow of safe/secure renegotiation it still might not support / accept renegotiatio \hookrightarrow n at all. TLSv1.1 Unknown, Reason: Scanner failed to negotiate an SSL/TLS conne ⇒ction (Either the scanner or the remote host is probably not supporting / acce \hookrightarrow pting this SSL/TLS protocol version). TLSv1.2 Unknown, Reason: Scanner failed to negotiate an SSL/TLS conne ⇒ction (Either the scanner or the remote host is probably not supporting / acce \hookrightarrow pting this SSL/TLS protocol version). TLSv1.3 Unknown, Reason: Scanner failed to negotiate an SSL/TLS conne \hookrightarrow ction (Either the scanner or the remote host is probably not supporting / acce \hookrightarrow pting this SSL/TLS protocol version). Solution: Log Method Details: SSL/TLS: Safe/Secure Renegotiation Support Status OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117757 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z References url: https://www.gnutls.org/manual/html_node/Safe-renegotiation.html

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Untrusted Certificate Detection

url: https://wiki.openssl.org/index.php/TLS1.3#Renegotiation

url: https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc5746

Summary

Checks and reports if a remote SSL/TLS service is using a certificate which is untrusted / the verification against the system wide trust store has failed.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSL/TLS server is using the following certificate(s) which failed the \hookrightarrow verification against the system wide trust store (serial:issuer):

O0FAF93A4C7FB6B9CC:1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E74753830342D626173652 \hookrightarrow E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E,CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,OU=Office for Complicati \hookrightarrow on of Otherwise Simple Affairs,O=OCOSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is no such thing \hookrightarrow outside US,C=XX (Server certificate)

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Untrusted Certificate Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.117764Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: Services

Summary

This plugin performs service detection.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

An SMTP server is running on this port

Here is its banner :

220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)

Solution:

Vulnerability Insight

This plugin attempts to guess which service is running on the remote port(s). For instance, it searches for a web server which could listen on another port than 80 or 443 and makes this information available for other check routines.

Log Method

Details: Services

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10330 Version used: 2023-06-14T05:05:19Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SMTP Server type and version

Summary

This detects the SMTP Server's type and version by connecting to the server and processing the buffer received.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

Remote SMTP server banner:

220 metasploitable.localdomain ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)

The remote SMTP server is announcing the following available ESMTP commands (EHL \hookrightarrow 0 response) via an unencrypted connection:

8BITMIME, DSN, ENHANCEDSTATUSCODES, ETRN, PIPELINING, SIZE 10240000, STARTTLS, V $\hookrightarrow\!\!\text{RFY}$

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SMTP Server type and version

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.10263

Version used: 2024-09-25T05:06:11Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: SMTP 'STARTTLS' Command Detection

Summary

Checks if the remote SMTP server supports SSL/TLS with the 'STARTTLS' command.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SMTP server supports SSL/TLS with the 'STARTTLS' command.

The remote SMTP server is announcing the following available ESMTP commands (EHL \hookrightarrow 0 response) before sending the 'STARTTLS' command:

8BITMIME, DSN, ENHANCEDSTATUSCODES, ETRN, PIPELINING, SIZE 10240000, STARTTLS, V \hookrightarrow RFY

The remote SMTP server is announcing the following available ESMTP commands (EHL \hookrightarrow 0 response) after sending the 'STARTTLS' command:

8BITMIME, DSN, ENHANCEDSTATUSCODES, ETRN, PIPELINING, SIZE 10240000, VRFY

Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: SMTP 'STARTTLS' Command Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103118 Version used: 2023-10-31T05:06:37Z

References

url: https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3207

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Version Detection

Summary

Enumeration and reporting of SSL/TLS protocol versions supported by a remote service.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 80%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The remote SSL/TLS service supports the following SSL/TLS protocol version(s): $\ensuremath{\text{SSLv2}}$

SSLv3

TLSv1.0

Solution:

Log Method

Sends multiple connection requests to the remote service and attempts to determine the SSL/TLS protocol versions supported by the service from the replies.

Note: The supported SSL/TLS protocol versions included in the report of this VT are reported independently from the allowed / supported SSL/TLS ciphers.

Details: SSL/TLS: Version Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.105782 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details

Summary

This script collects and reports the details of all SSL/TLS certificates.

This data will be used by other tests to verify server certificates.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

... continued from previous page ... The following certificate details of the remote service were collected. Certificate details: ED093088706603BFD5DC237399B498DA2D4D31C6 fingerprint (SHA-1) fingerprint (SHA-256) E7A7FA0D63E457C7C4A59B38B70849C6A70BDA6F830C7A \hookrightarrow F1E32DEE436DE813CC 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538 issued by $\hookrightarrow 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E, \texttt{CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,0U=Office}$ \hookrightarrow for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs,0=0COSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is \hookrightarrow no such thing outside US,C=XX RSA public key algorithm public key size (bits) 1024 OOFAF93A4C7FB6B9CC serial signature algorithm | sha1WithRSAEncryption 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538 subject ${\leftarrow} 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E, \texttt{CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,0U=Dffice}$ \hookrightarrow for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, 0=0COSA, L=Everywhere, ST=There is \hookrightarrow no such thing outside US,C=XX subject alternative names (SAN) | None valid from 2010-03-17 14:07:45 UTC valid until 2010-04-16 14:07:45 UTC Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103692 Version used: 2024-09-27T05:05:23Z

Log (CVSS: 0.0)

NVT: SSL/TLS: Certificate - Self-Signed Certificate Detection

Product detection result

cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

Detected by SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details (OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25 \hookrightarrow 623.1.0.103692)

Summary

The SSL/TLS certificate on this port is self-signed.

Quality of Detection (QoD): 98%

Vulnerability Detection Result

The certificate of the remote service is self signed.

... continued from previous page ... Certificate details: fingerprint (SHA-1) ED093088706603BFD5DC237399B498DA2D4D31C6 fingerprint (SHA-256) E7A7FA0D63E457C7C4A59B38B70849C6A70BDA6F830C7A \hookrightarrow F1E32DEE436DE813CC 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538 issued by ${\leftarrow} 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696E, \texttt{CN=ubuntu804-base.localdomain,0U=Dffice}$ \hookrightarrow for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs,0=0COSA,L=Everywhere,ST=There is \hookrightarrow no such thing outside US,C=XX public key algorithm RSA 1024 public key size (bits) | OOFAF93A4C7FB6B9CC serial signature algorithm | sha1WithRSAEncryption subject 1.2.840.113549.1.9.1=#726F6F74407562756E747538 $\hookrightarrow 30342D626173652E6C6F63616C646F6D61696\texttt{E}, \texttt{CN=ubuntu}804-\texttt{base.localdomain}, \texttt{OU=Office}$ ← for Complication of Otherwise Simple Affairs, 0=0COSA, L=Everywhere, ST=There is \hookrightarrow no such thing outside US,C=XX subject alternative names (SAN) | None valid from 2010-03-17 14:07:45 UTC valid until 2010-04-16 14:07:45 UTC Solution:

Log Method

Details: SSL/TLS: Certificate - Self-Signed Certificate Detection

OID:1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103140 Version used: 2024-06-14T05:05:48Z

Product Detection Result

Product: cpe:/a:ietf:transport_layer_security

 $\label{eq:Method: SSL/TLS: Collect and Report Certificate Details} \\$

OID: 1.3.6.1.4.1.25623.1.0.103692)

References

url: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Self-signed_certificate

[return to 192.168.135.35]

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