1.Assign the value 7 to the variable guess\_me. Then, write the conditional tests (if, else, and elif) to print the string 'too low' if guess\_me is less than 7, 'too high' if greater than 7, and 'just right' if equal to 7.

Ans:

guess\_me = 7

if guess\_me < 7:

print('too low')

elif guess\_me > 7:

print('too high')

else:

print('just right')

2.Assign the value 7 to the variable guess\_me and the value 1 to the variable start. Write a while loop that compares start with guess\_me. Print too low if start is less than guess me. If start equals guess\_me, print 'found it!' and exit the loop. If start is greater than guess\_me, print 'oops' and exit the loop. Increment start at the end of the loop.

Ans:

guess\_me = 7

start = 1

while True:

if start < guess\_me:

print('too low')

elif start == guess\_me:

print('found it!')

break

elif start > guess\_me:

print('oops')

break

start += 1

3.Print the following values of the list [3, 2, 1, 0] using a for loop.

Ans:

lst = [3,2,1,0]

for value in lst:

print(value)

4.Use a list comprehension to make a list of the even numbers in range(10)

Ans: even = [number for number in range(10) if number % 2 == 0]

even

5.Use a dictionary comprehension to create the dictionary squares. Use range(10) to return the keys, and use the square of each key as its value.

Ans: squares = {key: key\*key for key in range(10)}

squares

6.Construct the set odd from the odd numbers in the range using a set comprehension (10).

Ans: odd = {number for number in range(10) if number % 2 == 1}

odd

7.Use a generator comprehension to return the string 'Got ' and a number for the numbers in range(10). Iterate through this by using a for loop.

Ans: for thing in ('Got %s' % number for number in range(10)):

print(thing)

8.Define a function called good that returns the list ['Harry', 'Ron', 'Hermione'].

Ans: def good():

return ['Harry', 'Ron', 'Hermione']

good()

9.Define a generator function called get\_odds that returns the odd numbers from range(10). Use a for loop to find and print the third value returned.

Ans: def get\_odds():

for number in range(1, 10, 2):

yield number

count = 1

for number in get\_odds():

if count == 3:

print("The third odd number is", number)

break

count += 1

10.Define an exception called OopsException. Raise this exception to see what happens. Then write the code to catch this exception and print 'Caught an oops'.

AnS:

Rising Exception:

class OopsException(Exception):

pass

raise OopsException()

Handling the Exception:

try:

raise OopsException

except OopsException:

print('Caught an oops')

11.Use zip() to make a dictionary called movies that pairs these lists: titles = ['Creature of Habit', 'Crewel Fate'] and plots = ['A nun turns into a monster', 'A haunted yarn shop'].

Ans: titles = ['Creature of Habit', 'Crewel Fate']

plots = ['A nun turns into a monster', 'A haunted yarn shop']

movies = dict(zip(titles, plots))

movies