Assignment - 3

An advanced banking system that includes various types of accounts, such as savings and current accounts. The system should support account creation, deposits, withdrawals, and interest calculations.

TASK-1 DATABASE DESIGN

Create a database named "HMBank".

```
mysql> create database HMBank;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
```

2) Define the Schema for Customers , Accounts and Transactions tables based on the provided schema.

Customers

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Customers(
-> customer_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
-> first_name VARCHAR(25),
-> last_name VARCHAR(25),
-> DOB DATE,
-> email VARCHAR(50),
-> phone_number BIGINT,
-> address TEXT
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)
```

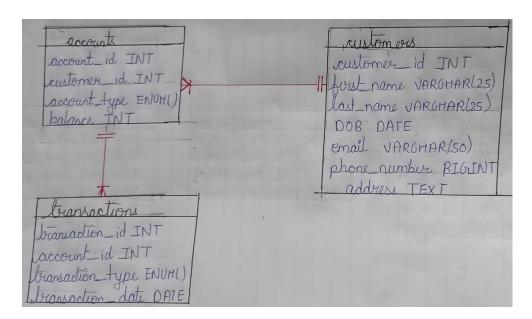
Accounts

```
nysql> CREATE TABLE Accounts(
    -> account_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
    -> customer_id INT,
    -> account_type ENUM('savings','current','zero_balance'),
    -> balance INT,
    -> FOREIGN KEY(customer_id) REFERENCES customers(customer_id)
    -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)
```

Transactions

```
nysql> CREATE TABLE Transactions(
-> transaction_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
-> account_id INT,
-> transcation_type ENUM('deposit','withdrawal','transfer'),
-> amount INT,
-> transaction_date DATE,
-> FOREIGN KEY(account_id) REFERENCES Accounts(account_id)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)
```

4) Create an E-R(entity relationship diagram) for the database.



5) Create appropriate Primary key and Foreign key constraint for referential integrity.

Primary key

TABLE_NAME	CONSTRAINT_NAME
customers accounts transactions	PRIMARY PRIMARY PRIMARY

Foreign key

6) Write SQL scripts to create the mentioned tables with appropriate data types, constraints, and relationships.

Accounts

Field	+	+ Null	Kev	++ Default
	+	<u> </u>		
customer_id		NO YES	PRI MUL	NULL
account_type balance	enum('savings','current','zero_balance') int	YES YES		NULL NULL
	L	L		

Customers

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default
customer_id first_name last_name DOB email phone_number address	int varchar(25) varchar(25) date varchar(50) bigint text	NO YES YES YES YES YES YES	PRI	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL

Transactions

Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default
transaction_id account_id transaction_type amount transaction_date	int int enum('deposit','withdrawal','transfer') int date	NO YES YES YES YES	PRI MUL 	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL

TASK-2 SELECT, WHERE, BETWEEN, AND, LIKE

1) Insert at least 10 sample records into each of the following tables.

Customers

customer_id	first_name	last_name	DOB	email	phone_number	address
1	Alice	Smith	1995-08-20	alice@example.com	9234567890	1234 Elm Street
2	Bob	Johnson	1988-04-10	bob@example.com	9876543210	5678 Oak Avenue
3	Emily	Brown	1992-12-05	emily@example.com	5554443333	910 Cedar Road
4	Daniel	Miller	1985-06-25	daniel@example.com	1112223333	6789 Pine Lane
5	Sophia	Davis	1998-09-14	sophia@example.com	9998887777	3210 Maple Street
6	Michael	Wilson	1990-02-28	michael@example.com	7776665555	4567 Birch Avenue
7	Olivia	Martinez	1994-07-03	olivia@example.com	2223334444	7890 Ash Street
8	William	Taylor	1987-11-19	william@example.com	4445556666	2345 Pinecrest Drive
9	Ava	Anderson	1996-03-22	ava@example.com	8889991111	8765 Cedar Lane
10	James	Garcia	1984-10-08	james@example.com	6667778888	5432 Elm Avenue

Accounts

account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
101	1	savings current savings zero_balance current savings current zero_balance current	5000
102	2		10000
103	3		7500
104	4		0
105	5		5500
106	6		12000
107	7		9300
108	8		0
109	9		2000

Transactions

+ transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
501	101	deposit	1000	2023-01-15
502	101	withdrawal	500	2023-02-03
503	102	deposit	2000	2023-02-10
504	103	transfer	1500	
505	104	withdrawal	800	2023-04-05
506	102	transfer	3000	2023-04-18
507	103	deposit	1200	2023-05-01
508	104	withdrawal	1000	2023-06-10
509	105	deposit	500	2023-07-15
600 +	105	withdrawal	200	2023-07-25

2) Write SQL query for the following tasks

1) Write a SQL query to increase the balance of a specific account by a certain amount.

```
mysql> update accounts set balance = balance+50 where customer_id = 5;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
```

2) Write a SQL query to combine the first and last name of customers as full_name.

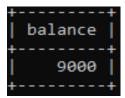
3) Write a SQI query to remove accounts with a balance of 0 where account type is saving

```
mysql> delete from accounts where account_type = 'savings' and balance = 0;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

4) Write a SQL query to find customers living in a specific city.

first_name	last_name	address
		6789 Pine Lane

5) Write a SQL query to get the account balance for a specific account.



6) Write a SQI query to List all current accounts with a balance greater than 1000.

account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
101 102 103 105 106 107 109	1 2 3 5 6 7 9	savings current savings current savings current current current	5000 10000 7500 5550 12000 9300 2000
+	·		

7) Write a SQL query to retrieve all transactions for a specific account.

account_id	customer_id	account_type	balance
101	1	savings current savings current savings current current current	5000
102	2		10000
103	3		7500
105	5		5550
106	6		12000
107	7		9300
109	9		2000

8) Write a SQL query to list all transaction corresponding customer.

concat(c.first_name,' ',c.last_name)	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
Alice Smith Alice Smith Alice Smith Bob Johnson Emily Brown Daniel Miller Bob Johnson Emily Brown Daniel Miller Sophia Davis Sophia Davis	deposit withdrawal deposit transfer withdrawal transfer deposit withdrawal deposit	1000 500 2000 1500 800 3000 1200 1000 500 200	2023-02-10 2023-03-20 2023-04-05 2023-04-18 2023-05-01 2023-06-10 2023-07-15

9) Write a SQL query to retrieve the name, account type and email of all customers.

first_name	last_name	account_type	email
Alice Bob Emily Daniel Sophia Michael Olivia William Ava James	Smith Johnson Brown Miller Davis Wilson Martinez Taylor Anderson	savings current savings zero_balance current savings current zero_balance current	alice@example.com bob@example.com emily@example.com daniel@example.com sophia@example.com michael@example.com olivia@example.com william@example.com ava@example.com james@example.com

10) Write a SQL query to Calculate the interest accrued on savings accounts based on a given interest rate.

Interest rate = 3%

account_id	initial_balance	accrued_interest
101	5000	150.00
103	7500	225.00
106	12000	360.00
110	9000	270.00

11) Write a SQL query to Identify accounts where the balance is less than a specified overdraft limit.

1000 is considered as the assumed overdraft limit

account_id	initial_balance	accrued_interest
101	5000	150.00
103	7500	225.00
106	12000	360.00
110	9000	270.00

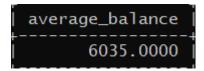
12) Write a SQL query to Find customers not living in a specific city.

City = "New York"

customer_id	first_name	last_name	address
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Alice Bob Emily Daniel Sophia Michael Olivia William Ava James	Smith Johnson Brown Miller Davis Wilson Martinez Taylor Anderson	1234 Elm Street 5678 Oak Avenue 910 Cedar Road 6789 Pine Lane 3210 Maple Street 4567 Birch Avenue 7890 Ash Street 2345 Pinecrest Drive 8765 Cedar Lane

<u>Task 3. AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS, HAVING, ORDER BY, GROUP BY and JOINS:</u>

1) Write a SQL query to Find the average account balance for all customers .

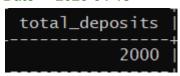


2) Write a SQL query to Retrieve the top 10 highest account balances.

transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
506 503 504	102	transfer deposit transfer	2000	2023-04-18 2023-02-10 2023-03-20

3) Write a SQL query to Calculate Total Deposits for All Customers in specific date.

Date = 2023-04-18



4) Write a SQL query to Find the Oldest and Newest Customers.

first_name	last_name	date_of_birth	customer_type
James	Garcia	1984-10-08	Oldest
Sophia	Davis	1998-09-14	Newest

5) Write a SQL query to Retrieve transaction details along with the account type.

transaction_id	account_type	transaction_type	amount	transaction_date
501 502 503 504 505 506 507 508 509 600	savings savings current savings zero_balance current savings zero_balance current	deposit withdrawal deposit transfer withdrawal transfer deposit withdrawal deposit	1 1000 500 2000 1500 800 3000 1200 1000 500 200	2023-01-15 2023-02-03 2023-02-10 2023-03-20 2023-04-05 2023-04-18 2023-05-01 2023-06-10 2023-07-15 2023-07-25

6) Write a SQL query to Get a list of customers along with their account details.

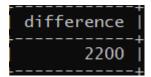
+ cı ce	+ ustomer_id 	+-	first_name	+-	last_name	+-	email	+-	phone_number	-	address	-+ a	ccount_id	+	account_type	+ b +	ala
 00			Alice		Smith		alice@example.com		9234567890		1234 Elm Street		101		savings		5
	2		Bob		Johnson		bob@example.com		9876543210		5678 Oak Avenue		102		current		10
00	3		Emily		Brown		emily@example.com		5554443333		910 Cedar Road		103		savings		7
00	4		Daniel		Miller		daniel@example.com		1112223333		6789 Pine Lane		104		zero_balance		
	5		Sophia		Davis		sophia@example.com		9998887777		3210 Maple Street		105		current		5
50 	. 6		Michael		Wilson		michael@example.com		7776665555		4567 Birch Avenue		106		savings		12
00			Olivia		Martinez		olivia@example.com		2223334444		7890 Ash Street		107		current		9
00	l . 8		William		Taylor		william@example.com		4445556666		2345 Pinecrest Drive		108		zero_balance		
0	l . 9		Ava		Anderson		ava@example.com		8889991111		8765 Cedar Lane		109		current		2
00 00	10		James		Garcia	 	james@example.com	1	6667778888		5432 Elm Avenue		110		savings		9

7) Write a SQL query to Retrieve transaction details along with customer information for a specific account.

name		phone	id	type	 amount	date
	sophia@example.com sophia@example.com					2023-07-15 2023-07-25

8) Write a SQL query to Identify customers who have more than one account.

nysql> select customer_id,COUNT(account_id) AS accounts from Accounts group by customer_id having COUNT(account_id) > 1; impty set (0.00 sec) 9) Write a SQL query to Calculate the difference in transaction amounts between deposits and withdrawals.



10) Write a SQL query to Calculate the average daily balance for each account over a specified period.

account_id	average_daily_balance
101	5000.0000
101	5000.0000
102	10000.0000
103	7500.0000

11) Calculate the total balance for each account type.

account_type	total_balance
savings	33500
current	26850
zero_balance	0

12) Identify accounts with the highest number of transactions order by descending order.

account_id	num_transactions
101 102 103 104 105	2 2 2 2 2 2 2

13) List customers with high aggregate account balances, along with their account types.

customer_id	first_name	last_name	account_type	total_balance
6 2 7 10 3 5 1 9 4 8	Michael Bob Olivia James Emily Sophia Alice Ava Daniel William	Wilson Johnson Martinez Garcia Brown Davis Smith Anderson Miller Taylor	savings current current savings savings current savings current savings current zero_balance zero_balance	12000 10000 9300 9000 7500 5550 5000 2000 0

14) Identify and list duplicate transactions based on transaction amount, date, and account.

```
mysql> SELECT account_id, amount,transaction_date,COUNT(*) AS duplicate_count FROM Transactions GROUP BY account_id, amount, transact ion_date HAVING COUNT(*) > 1; Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

TASK -4 SUBQUERY AND IT'S TYPES

1) Retrieve the customer(s) with the highest balance.

customer_id	_		max_balance
6	Michael	Wilson	12000

2) Calculate the average account balance for customers who have more than one account.

```
mysql> SELECT c.customer_id,AVG(a.balance) AS average_balance FROM Customers c JOIN Accounts a ON c.customer_id = a.customer_id WHERE c.customer_id IN ( SELECT customer_id FROM Accounts GROUP BY customer_id HAVING COUNT(account_id) > 1) GROUP BY c.customer_id; Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

3) Retrieve accounts with transactions whose amounts exceed the average transaction amount.

account_id	transaction_id	amount	avg_transaction_amount
102	503	2000	1170.0000
103	504	1500	1170.0000
102	506	3000	1170.0000
103	507	1200	1170.0000

4) Identify customers who have no recorded transactions.

customer_id	first_name	last_name
6	Michael	Wilson
7	Olivia	Martinez
8	William	Taylor
9	Ava	Anderson
10	James	Garcia

5) Calculate the total balance of accounts with no recorded transaction.

6) Retrieve transactions for accounts with the lowest balance.

transaction_id	account_id	transaction_type		transaction_date
505 508		withdrawal withdrawal	800	2023-04-05 2023-06-10

7) Identify customers who have accounts of multiple types.

```
mysql> SELECT c.customer_id,c.first_name,c.last_name FROM Customers c JOIN (SELECT customer_id FROM Accounts GROUP BY customer_id HAVI
NG COUNT(DISTINCT account_type) > 1) multi_type_accounts ON c.customer_id = multi_type_accounts.customer_id;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

8) Calculate the percentage of each account type out of the total number of accounts.

account_type	num_accounts	percentage
savings	4	40.00
current	4	40.00
zero_balance	2	20.00

9) Retrieve all transactions for a customer with a given customer_id.

transaction_type	transaction_date	account_id	account_type	amount
withdrawal withdrawal 	2023-04-05 2023-06-10		zero_balance zero_balance	800 1000

10) Calculate the total balance for each account type, including a subquery within the SELECT clause.

account_type	total_balance
savings	33500
current	26850
zero_balance	0