

# MasterApeAdmin

smart contracts  
preliminary audit report

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# 1. Disclaimer

This is a limited report on our findings based on our analysis, in accordance with good industry practice at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in the framework and algorithms based on smart contracts, the details of which are set out in this report. In order to get a full view of our analysis, it is crucial for you to read the full report. While we have done our best in conducting our analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report and cannot claim against us on the basis of what it says or doesn't say, or how we produced it, and it is important for you to conduct your own independent investigations before making any decisions. We go into more detail on this in the disclaimer below – please make sure to read it in full.

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## 2. Overview

HashEx was commissioned by the ApeSwap Finance team to perform an audit of their smart contracts. The audit was conducted between October 31 and November 02, 2021.

The code located in the GitHub repository @apeswapfinance/apeswap-banana-farm was audited after the commit [3ea6a0c](#). The MasterApeAdmin contract is proxy owner for the ApeSwap [MasterApe](#). Documentation was provided with the in-code comments and NatSpec descriptions. The repository contains tests for the reviewed contract.

The purpose of this audit was to achieve the following:

- Identify potential security issues with smart contracts.
- Formally check the logic behind given smart contracts.

Information in this report should be used to understand the risk exposure of smart contracts, and as a guide to improving the security posture of smart contracts by remediating the issues that were identified.

### 2.1 Summary

Project name	MasterApeAdmin
URL	<a href="https://apeswap.finance">https://apeswap.finance</a>
Platform	Binance Smart Chain
Language	Solidity

## 2.2 Contracts

Name	Address
MasterApeAdmin	<a href="https://github.com/ApeSwapFinance/apeswap-banana-farm/blob/3ea6a0cd97cde57e40e6d1afe81008bfa5d867a6/contracts/MasterApeAdmin.sol">https://github.com/ApeSwapFinance/apeswap-banana-farm/ blob/3ea6a0cd97cde57e40e6d1afe81008bfa5d867a6/ contracts/MasterApeAdmin.sol</a>

### 3. Found issues



■ High	1 (20%)
■ Low	2 (40%)
■ Informational	2 (40%)

#### MasterApeAdmin

ID	Title	Severity	Status
01	Unlimited emission rate	■ High	Resolved
02	Multiple reads in for() loops	■ Low	Acknowledged
03	Gas optimization of fixedPercentFarmPids[]	■ Low	Acknowledged
04	Unused variable FixedPercentFarmInfo.pid	■ Informational	Acknowledged
05	Immutable variable masterApe	■ Informational	Resolved

## 4. Contracts

### 4.1 MasterApeAdmin

#### 4.1.1 Overview

Admin MasterApe proxy contract used to add features to MasterApe admin functions.

#### 4.1.2 Issues

##### 01. Unlimited emission rate

- High      ☑ Resolved

updateMasterApeMultiplier() function [L98](#) should require the \_newMultiplier value to have an upper limit. Setting the unlimited emission rate in the MasterApe would cause an instant BANANA price crash in case of losing control over the MasterApeAdmin's owner account.

##### Recommendation

Implement the require() check for the updated multiplier value.

##### 02. Multiple reads in for() loops

- Low      ⓘ Acknowledged

Multiple reads of the same variables over for() loops could be avoided using the local variables, see [L284](#), [332](#), [342](#), [344](#).



### 03. Gas optimization of fixedPercentFarmPids[]

- Low      ⚠ Acknowledged

[EnumerableSet](#) could be used instead of fixedPercentFarmPids[] + getFixedPercentFarmFromPid[]. Another option is refactoring this pair into fixedPercentFarmPidToIndex[] mapping + getFixedPercentFarm[] array. Both solutions save gas, removing the for() loop [L283](#).

### 04. Unused variable FixedPercentFarmInfo.pid

- Informational      ⚠ Acknowledged

No need to store pid parameter in the pid=>FixedPercentFarmInfo mapping [L43](#).

### 05. Immutable variable masterApe

- Informational      ✅ Resolved

masterApe address could be declared immutable in order to save gas. The admin proxy contract doesn't imply future upgrades in its current form.

## 5. Conclusion

1 high severity issue was found and resolved with the code update. The contracts are highly dependent on the owner's account. Users using the project have to trust the owner and that the owner's account is properly secured.

This audit includes recommendations on the code improving and preventing potential attacks.

## Appendix A. Issues' severity classification

**Critical.** Issues that may cause an unlimited loss of funds or entirely break the contract workflow. Malicious code (including malicious modification of libraries) is also treated as a critical severity issue. These issues must be fixed before deployments or fixed in already running projects as soon as possible.

**High.** Issues that may lead to a limited loss of funds, break interaction with users, or other contracts under specific conditions. Also, issues in a smart contract, that allow a privileged account the ability to steal or block other users' funds.

**Medium.** Issues that do not lead to a loss of funds directly, but break the contract logic. May lead to failures in contracts operation.

**Low.** Issues that are of a non-optimal code character, for instance, gas optimization tips, unused variables, errors in messages.

**Informational.** Issues that do not impact the contract operation. Usually, informational severity issues are related to code best practices, e.g. style guide.

## Appendix B. List of examined issue types

- Business logic overview
- Functionality checks
- Following best practices
- Access control and authorization
- Reentrancy attacks
- Front-run attacks
- DoS with (unexpected) revert
- DoS with block gas limit
- Transaction-ordering dependence
- ERC/BEP and other standards violation
- Unchecked math
- Implicit visibility levels
- Excessive gas usage
- Timestamp dependence
- Forcibly sending ether to a contract
- Weak sources of randomness
- Shadowing state variables
- Usage of deprecated code



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