



Spring Boot

More, Than Spring

Summary: let's make a final MVP for our application using the most current Java-based Spring Boot development technology

Version: 1

Contents

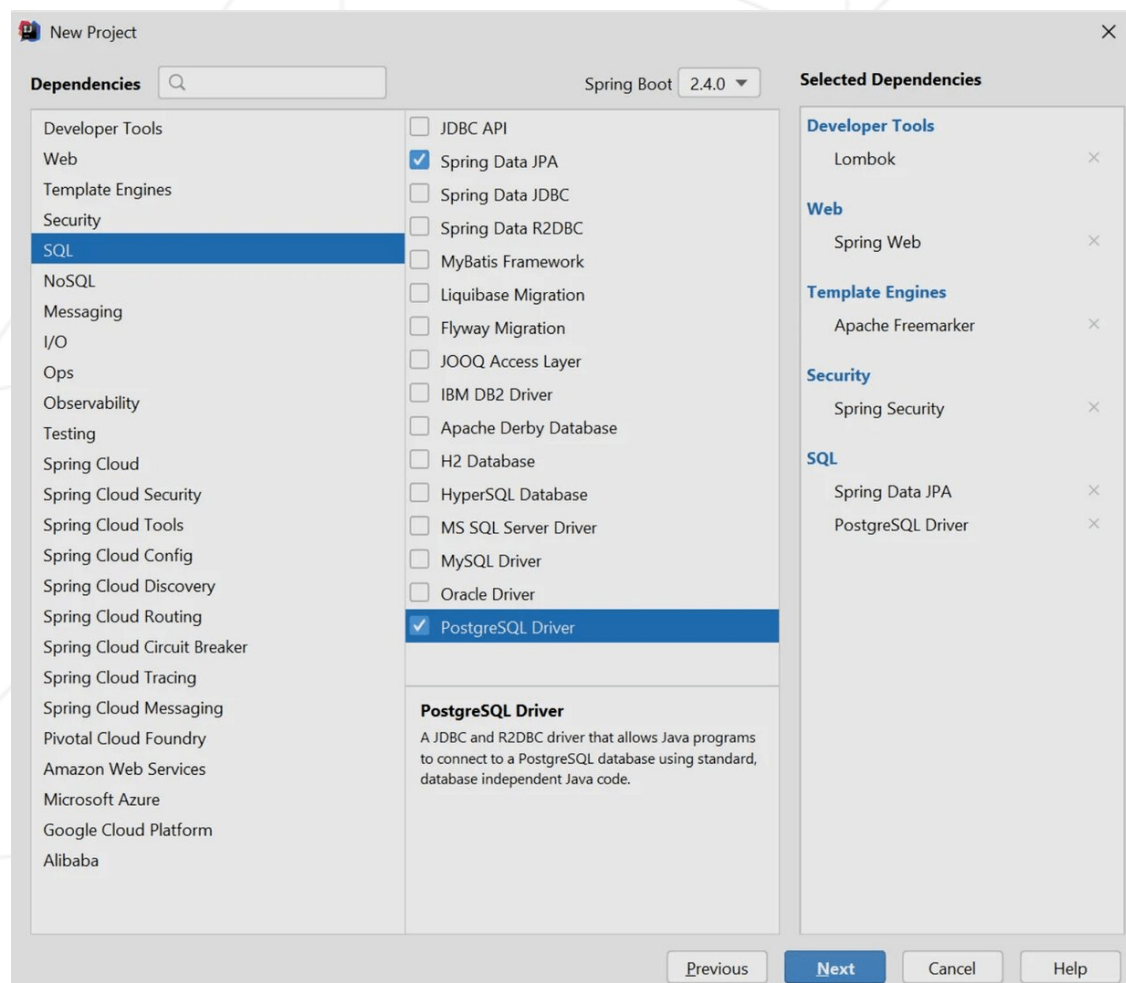
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Chapter I

Preamble

Spring Boot is a reinterpretation of Spring framework. It allows you to focus solely on the development process, eliminating complex manipulations to customize your application. It is exactly this technology that is used to develop modern microservices. All important application parameters are often specified in a special properties file.

The use of Spring Boot substantially speeds up development while minimizing configuration error rate. However, a truly effective use of Spring Boot is only possible with a thorough understanding of web application infrastructure.



Creating a Spring Boot application using Spring Initializr in IntelliJ IDEA

Chapter II

Instructions

- Use this page as the only reference. Do not listen to any rumors and speculations about how to prepare your solution.
- Now there is only one Java version for you, 1.8. Make sure that compiler and interpreter of this version are installed on your machine.
- You can use IDE to write and debug the source code.
- The code is read more often than written. Read carefully the [document](#) where code formatting rules are given. When performing each task, make sure you follow the generally accepted [Oracle standards](#):
- Comments are not allowed in the source code of your solution. They make it difficult to read the code.
- Pay attention to the permissions of your files and directories.
- To be assessed, your solution must be in your GIT repository.
- Your solutions will be evaluated by your piscine mates.
- You should not leave in your directory any other file than those explicitly specified by the exercise instructions. It is recommended that you modify your .gitignore to avoid accidents.
- When you need to get precise output in your programs, it is forbidden to display a precalculated output instead of performing the exercise correctly.
- Have a question? Ask your neighbor on the right. Otherwise, try with your neighbor on the left.
- Your reference manual: mates / Internet / Google. And one more thing. There's an answer to any question you may have on Stackoverflow. Learn how to ask questions correctly.
- Read the examples carefully. They may require things that are not otherwise specified in the subject.
- Use "System.out" for output.

- And may the Force be with you!
- Never leave that till tomorrow which you can do today ;)


Chapter III

Rules of the project

- The project you are implementing now can use a database from the previous task.
- All pages in this project should have the same functionality as in previous projects.
- Project structure should match the standard Spring Boot structure
- For each task, you shall attach schema.sql and data.sql files where you describe a schema of a database being created and test data, respectively.

Chapter IV

Exercise 00 : Spring Security

	Exercise 00
Spring Security	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex00/</i>	
Files to turn in : Cinema-folder	
Allowed functions : n/a	

We will create a truly "secure" service. Use Spring Security framework inside your Spring Boot application to implement role-based access to all pages:

Role	URL
ADMIN	/admin/panel/halls
ADMIN	/admin/panel/films
ADMIN	/admin/panel/sessions
ADMIN	/profile
Any authorized user	/session/search
Any authorized user	/films/film-id/chat/messages
Any authorized user	/films/film-id/chat
Any authorized user	/signIn, /signUp

In case an authorized user requests /signIn or /signUp page, they should be redirected to /profile page (/admin/panel/halls for administrator).

In case an unauthorized user requests a page other than /signIn or /signUp, they shall be redirected to the login page.

Repository layer in this task should be implemented using Spring Data JPA technology. Below is an example of a JPA repository:


```
public interface MessagesRepository extends JpaRepository<Message> {  
    Optional<Message> findByText(String text);  
    List<Message> findAllByAuthor(User author);  
}
```


Additional requirements:

- Prepare implementations of standard Spring Security interfaces, UserDetails and UserDetailsService.
- /signIn page shall be prepared independently (use of built-in Spring Security page is prohibited).
- Implement "remember-me" functionality on /signIn page.
- Ensure protection against csrf attacks.
- User's role shall be stored as an Enum value.

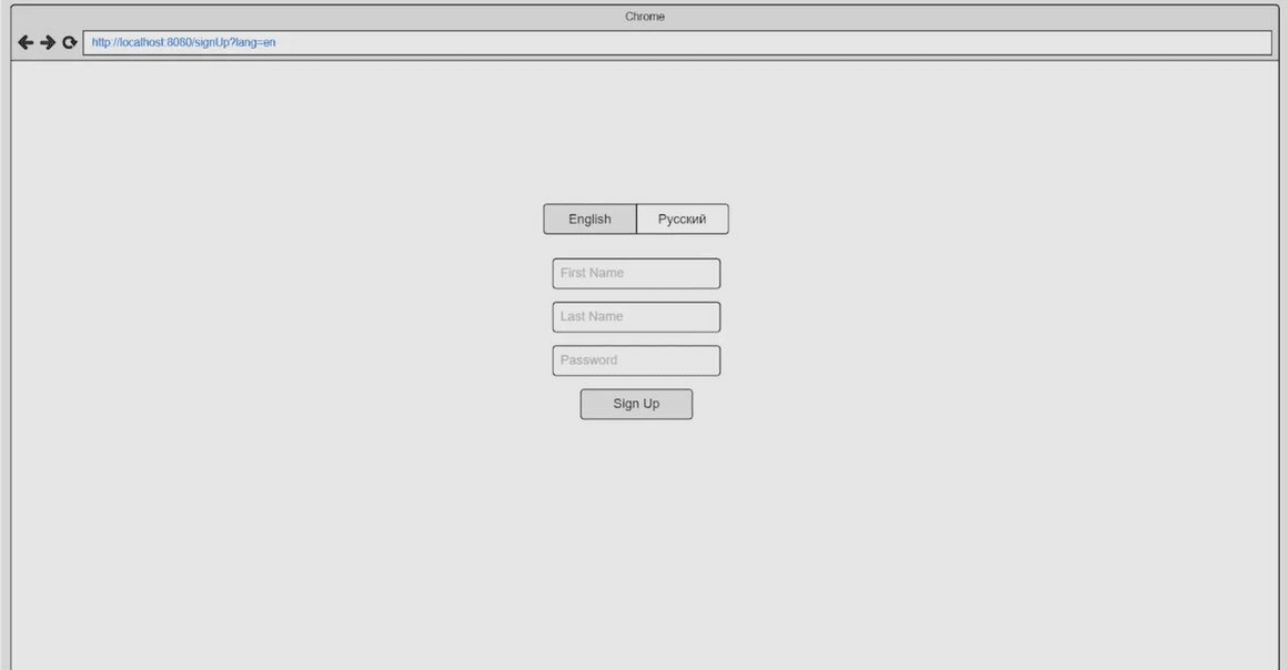
Chapter V

Exercise 01 : Localization & Validation

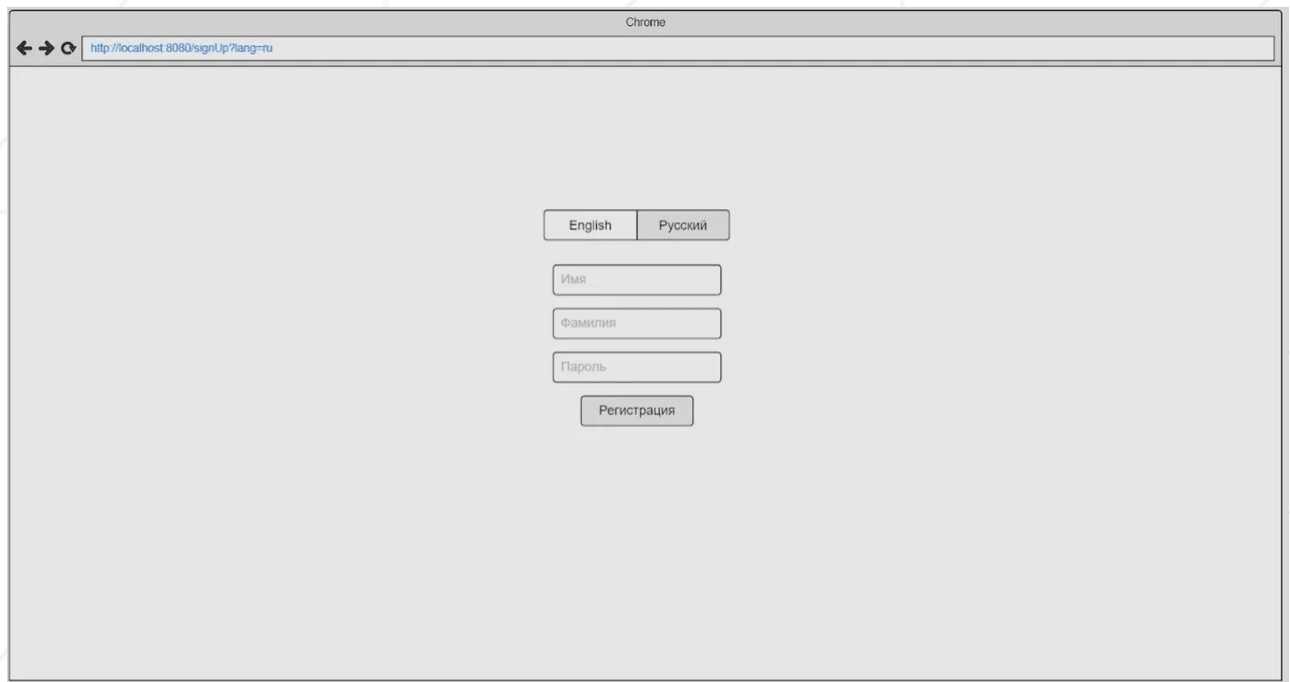
	Exercise 01
Localization & Validation	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex01/</i>	
Files to turn in : Cinema-folder	
Allowed functions : n/a	

Multiple language support (in this tas, two languages of your choice) shall be implemented in your application

A change of localization shall occur if a request with lang parameter was submitted for the requested page. Examples of how localization works are provided below:



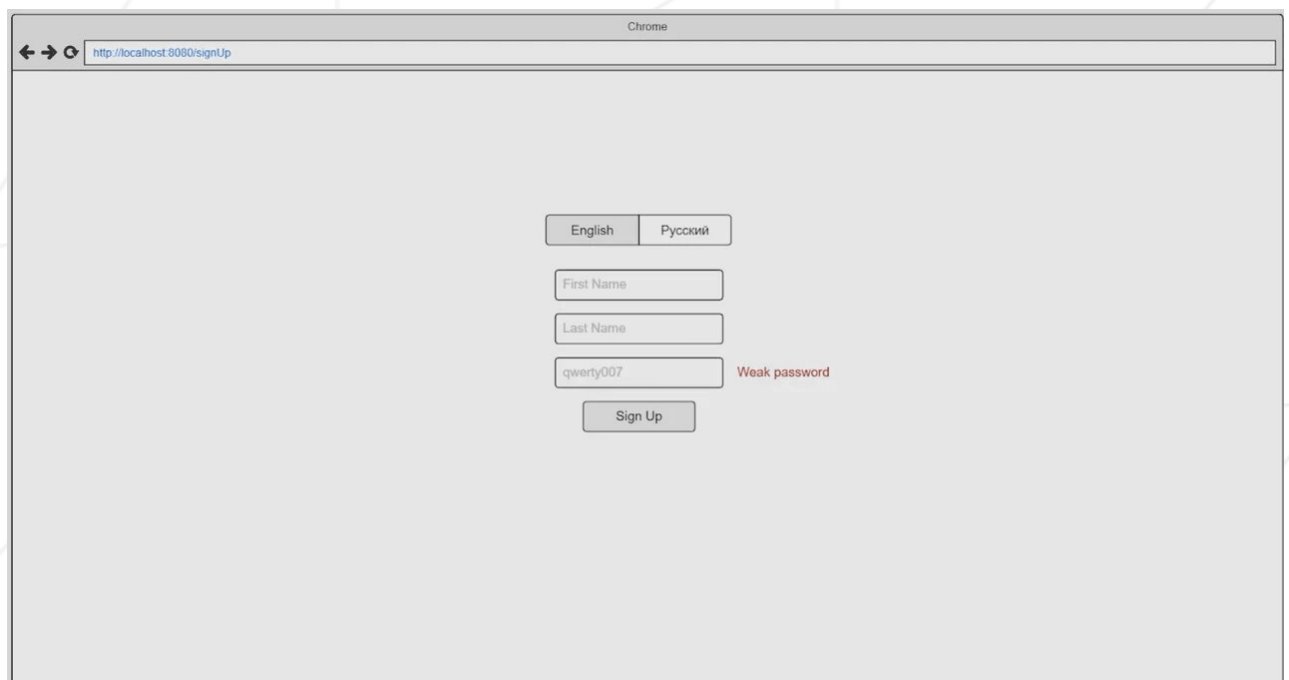
The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying `http://localhost:8080/signup?lang=en`. The page content is centered and features a sign-up form. At the top of the form are two buttons: "English" (which is highlighted) and "Русский". Below these are three input fields labeled "First Name", "Last Name", and "Password". At the bottom of the form is a "Sign Up" button.



A screenshot of a web browser window titled "Chrome" showing a registration form at the URL `http://localhost:8080/signUp?lang=ru`. The form is centered and contains the following elements: two language selection buttons labeled "English" and "Русский"; three text input fields labeled "Имя", "Фамилия", and "Пароль"; and a "Регистрация" button.

Localization information shall be stored in browser cookies. Therefore, when a page and/or application is reloaded, selected localization shall be preserved. You shall provide localization support for at least any three pages.

Localization is closely related to data validation. Each user shall be able to see a message about incorrectly filled form in the context of selected localization for example:



A screenshot of a web browser window titled "Chrome" showing a registration form at the URL `http://localhost:8080/signUp`. The form is centered and contains the following elements: two language selection buttons labeled "English" and "Русский"; three text input fields labeled "First Name", "Last Name", and "qwerty007"; and a "Sign Up" button. To the right of the "qwerty007" field, there is a red text label "Weak password".

In your exercise, you shall implement support for at least two languages and validate a registration form according to the following rules:

- First and last name fields shall be non-empty

- Email shall match the email recording format
- Phone number shall match +(code)digits pattern, e.g., +7(777)777777
- Password shall contain uppercase, lowercase letters, and at least one digit; field length shall be at least 8 characters.


Additional requirements:

- Provide properties files for localization and error messages.
- Provide .bin files - LocaleResolver, LocaleChangeInterceptor, LocalValidatorFactoryBean, MessageSource, MessageCodesResolver
- Use javax.validation.constraints.* annotations.
- Password validation shall be implemented using javax.validation.ConstraintValidator and @ValidPassword custom annotation. Example:

```
@ValidPassword(message = "{errors.incorrect.password}")  
private String password;
```

Chapter VI

Exercise 02 : Mails

	Exercise 02
Mails	
Turn-in directory : <i>ex02/</i>	
Files to turn in : Cinema-folder	
Allowed functions : n/a	

In this exercise, confirmation of a registered account using a link sent to a user's email shall be implemented.

Thus, for User model, you need to add a field that indicates if an account is confirmed (CONFIRMED, NOT_CONFIRMED). Now, only verified users shall be able to access the application being developed. Administrator is verified by default.

Upon registration, a confirmation link in the following format shall be sent to a user's email:

`http://{host:port}/confirm/{UUID}`

When clicking on the link, a user gets a page where they can log into their personal account by entering a username and a password.

Email submission shall be implemented using `org.springframework.mail.javamail.JavaMail`

Note:

- To send an email, you need to use an existing mailbox, e.g., Gmail. SMTP settings for `example@gmail.com` mailbox with `school21` password:

```
spring.mail.host=smtp.gmail.com
spring.mail.port=587
spring.mail.username=example@gmail.com
spring.mail.password=school21
spring.mail.properties.mail.smtp.starttls.enable=true
spring.mail.properties.mail.smtp.allow8bitmime=true
spring.mail.properties.mail.smtp.ssl.trust=smtp.gmail.com
spring.mail.properties.mail.debug=true
```