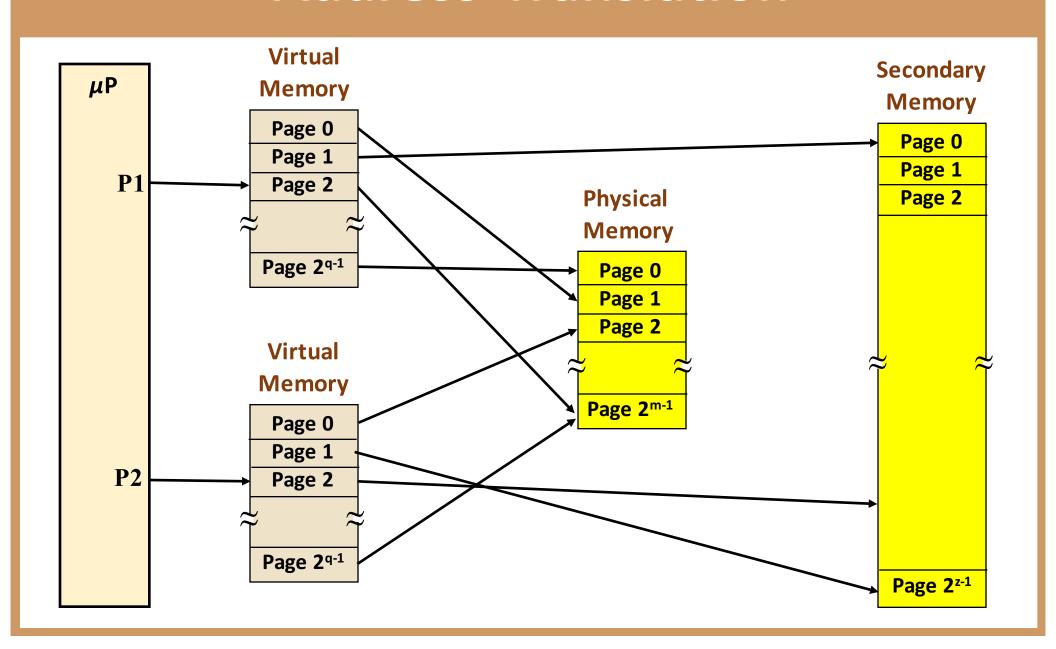
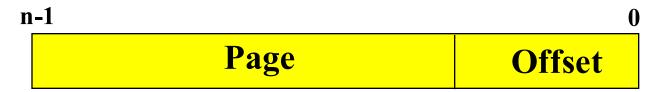
Virtual Memory Address Translation



Virtual Address

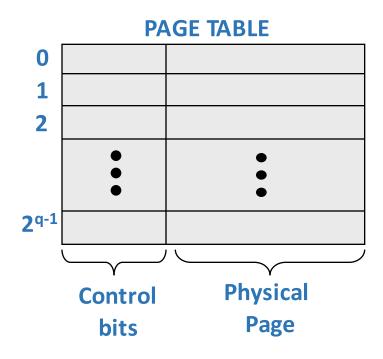
A virtual address is broken into two fields:



- Page refers to a specific block of bytes in memory (virtual or physical).
- Offset specifies a byte within a page.
- The number of bits of the offset and the page depends on the size of the pages.
- For a 2^k-byte page there are 2^{n-k} (2^q) pages. Thus the Offset field is k bits and the Page field is n-k bits.
- For a 32-bit address and 4K-byte page there are
 - 2²⁰ (2³²⁻¹²) pages and 2¹² bytes per page
 - 12 bits for the Offset field and 20 bits for the Page field

Page Table

An array with an entry for each page of the virtual space



- Each entry has a series of bits known as control bits and the physical page number corresponding to the virtual page if it resides in physical memory.
- The page table is constructed and managed by the operating system.

Control Bits

Valid Indicates if the virtual page is in physical memory.

Dirty Indicates if the corresponding physical page has

been written while in physical memory.

Read Indicates if the page can be read by the program that

is trying to access it.

Write Indicates if the page can be written by the program

that is trying to access it.

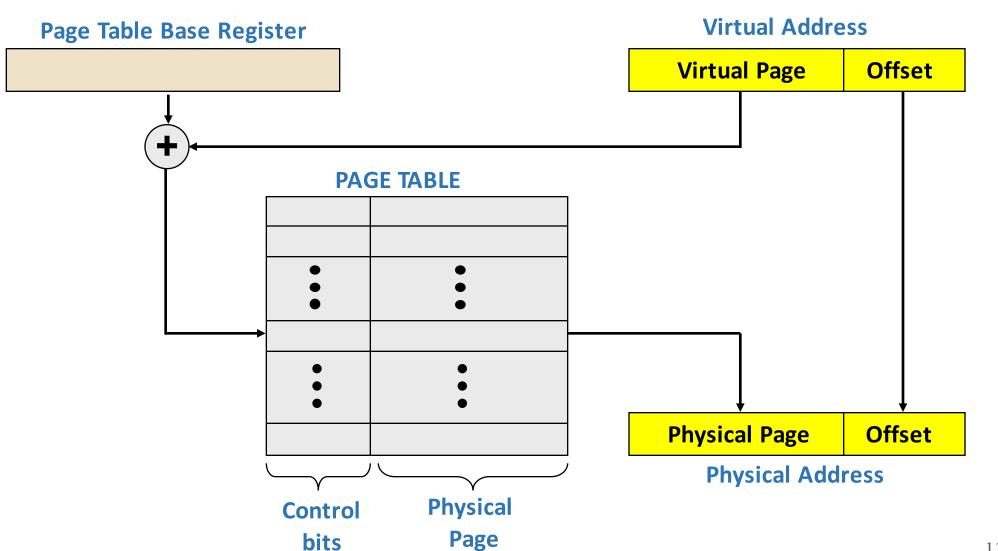
Execute Indicates if the code store in the page can be

executed by the program that is trying to access it.

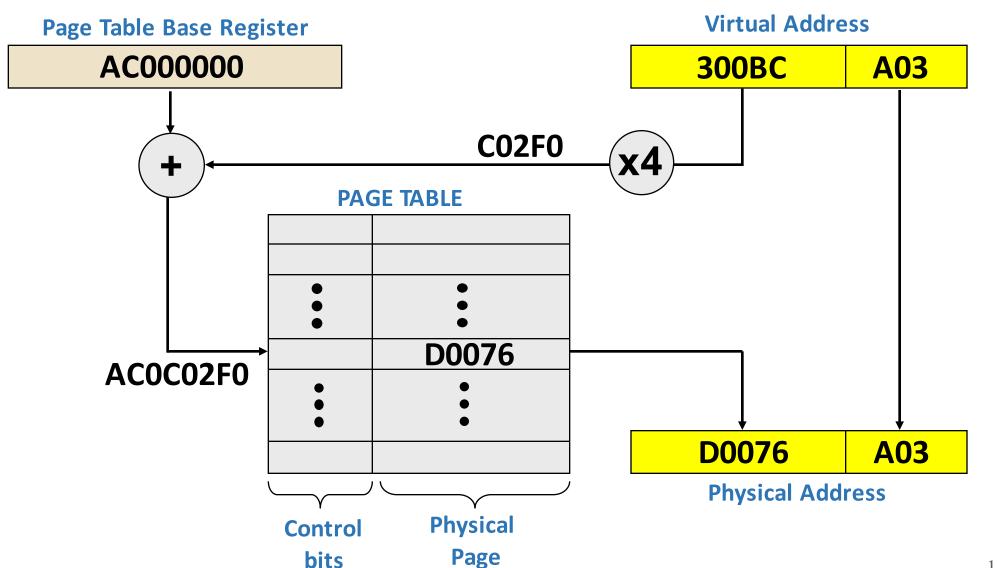
Page Table Base Register

- Each program (process) assumes that it has the whole virtual memory space (2³² bytes in case of the 32-bit ARM architecture)
- Each process has its own page table in primary memory
- The location where the first entry of the page table is located in memory is specified by a Page Table Base Register (PTBR)
- The Page Table Base Register is managed under a privileged operation mode by the operating system (writing to this register is a privileged operation)

Virtual to Physical Address Translation



Example: 2³²-byte virtual memory, 4K-byte page, 4-byte page entry



In which physical address is the page table entry for virtual page 4 located?

If PTBR = 101010000011100:

- = 4x2 + 1010100000011100
- = 1000 + 101010000011100
- **= 1010100000100100**

If PTBR = 0000000000000000:

- = 4x2 + 0000000000000000
- **= 1000 + 00000000000000000**
- = 000000000001000

Page Table

	V	D	R	W	ш	Physical Page
0	1	0	1	1	1	0110
1	1	1	0	1	0	0111
2	0	0	0	1	1	0001
3	1	1	0	1	0	0011
4	0	0	0	1	0	0001
5	0	1	1	1	1	0001
6	0	0	1	1	0	0001
7	1	1	1	1	1	0101
8	0	0	1	0	0	0001
9	1	1	1	0	0	0010
10	0	1	0	0	1	0001
11	0	1	1	0	0	0001
12	0	1	0	1	1	0001
13	1	0	1	0	0	0000
14	0	1	1	0	0	0001
15	0	0	0	0	0	0001

V - Valid

D - Dirty

R - Read

W - Write

For which virtual pages an access will result in a page fault?

Answer:

2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15

Page Table

	V	D	R	W	ш	Physical Page
0	1	0	1	1	1	0110
1	1	1	0	1	0	0111
2	0	0	0	1	1	0001
3	1	1	0	1	0	0011
4	0	0	0	1	0	0001
5	0	1	1	1	1	0001
6	0	0	1	1	0	0001
7	1	1	1	1	1	0101
8	0	0	1	0	0	0001
9	1	1	1	0	0	0010
10	0	1	0	0	1	0001
11	0	1	1	0	0	0001
12	0	1	0	1	1	0001
13	1	0	1	0	0	0000
14	0	1	1	0	0	0001
15	0	0	0	0	0	0001

V - Valid

D - Dirty

R - Read

W - Write

From which physical pages is the process allowed to read?

Answer:

6, 5, 2, 0

Page Table

	V	۵	R	W	ш	Physical Page
0	1	0	1	1	1	0110
1	1	1	0	1	0	0111
2	0	0	0	1	1	0001
3	1	1	0	1	0	0011
4	0	0	0	1	0	0001
5	0	1	1	1	1	0001
6	0	0	1	1	0	0001
7	1	1	1	1	1	0101
8	0	0	1	0	0	0001
9	1	1	1	0	0	0010
10	0	1	0	0	1	0001
11	0	1	1	0	0	0001
12	0	1	0	1	1	0001
13	1	0	1	0	0	0000
14	0	1	1	0	0	0001
15	0	0	0	0	0	0001

V - Valid

D - Dirty

R - Read

W - Write

To which physical pages is the process allowed to write?

Answer:

6, 7, 3, 5

Page Table

	V	D	R	W	Е	Physical Page
0		0	1	(1)	1	0110
1	1	1	0	1	0	0111
2	0	0	0	1	1	0001
3	1	1	0	1	0	0011
4	0	0	0	1	0	0001
5	0	1	1	1	1	0001
6	0	0	1	1	0	0001
7	1	1	1	(1)	1	0101
8	0	0	1	0	0	0001
9	1	1	1	0	0	0010
10	0	1	0	0	1	0001
11	0	1	1	0	0	0001
12	0	1	0	1	1	0001
13	1	0	1	0	0	0000
14	0	1	1	0	0	0001
15	0	0	0	0	0	0001

V - valid

D - Dirty

R - Read

W - Write

Of which physical pages is the process allowed to execute code?

Answer:

6, 5

Page Table

	V	D	R	W	E	Physical Page
0	1	0	1	1	1	0110
1	1	1	0	1	0	0111
2	0	0	0	1	1	0001
3	1	1	0	1	0	0011
4	0	0	0	1	0	0001
5	0	1	1	1	1	0001
6	0	0	1	1	0	0001
7	1	1	1	1	1	0101
8	0	0	1	0	0	0001
9	1	1	1	0	0	0010
10	0	1	0	0	1	0001
11	0	1	1	0	0	0001
12	0	1	0	1	1	0001
13	1	0	1	0	0	0000
14	0	1	1	0	0	0001
15	0	0	0	0	0	0001

V - Valid

D - Dirty

R - Read

W - Write

Which physical pages, that the process is allowed to access, have been written?

Answer:

7, 3, 5, 2

Page Table

	V	D	R	W	Е	Physical Page
0	1	0	1	1	1	0110
1	1	1	0	1	0	0111
2	0	0	0	1	1	0001
3	1	1	0	1	0	0011
4	0	0	0	1	0	0001
5	0	1	1	1	1	0001
6	0	0	1	1	0	0001
7	1	1	1	1	1	0101
8	0	0	1	0	0	0001
9	1	1	1	0	0	0010
10	0	1	0	0	1	0001
11	0	1	1	0	0	0001
12	0	1	0	1	1	0001
13	1	0	1	0	0	0000
14	0	1	1	0	0	0001
15	0	0	0	0	0	0001

V - Valid

D - Dirty

R - Read

W - Write

Which is the corresponding physical address?

For virtual address:

1001000111011111

Answer:

0010 000111011111

Page Table

	V	D	R	W	ш	Physical Page
0	1	0	1	1	1	0110
1	1	1	0	1	0	0111
2	0	0	0	1	1	0001
3	1	1	0	1	0	0011
4	0	0	0	1	0	0001
5	0	1	1	1	1	0001
6	0	0	1	1	0	0001
7	1	1	1	1	1	0101
8	0	0	1	0	0	0001
9	1	1	1	0	0	0010
10	0	1	0	0	1	0001
11	0	1	1	0	0	0001
12	0	1	0	1	1	0001
13	1	0	1	0	0	0000
14	0	1	1	0	0	0001
15	0	0	0	0	0	0001

V - Valid

D - Dirty

R - Read

W - Write

Which is the corresponding physical address?

For virtual address:

1101111111011100

Answer:

0000 1111111011100

Page Table

	V	D	R	W	ш	Phy	sical Pa	ge
0	1	0	1	1	1		0110	
1	1	1	0	1	0		0111	
2	0	0	0	1	1		0001	
3	1	1	0	1	0		0011	
4	0	0	0	1	0		0001	
5	0	1	1	1	1		0001	
6	0	0	1	1	0		0001	
7	1	1	1	1	1		0101	
8	0	0	1	9	9		0001	
9	1	1	1	0	0		0010	
10	0	1	0	0	1		0001	
11	0	1	1	0	0		0001	
12	0	1	0	1	1		0001	
13	1	0	1	0	0		0000	
14	0	1	1	0	0		0001	
15	0	0	0	0	0		0001	

V - Valid

D - Dirty

R - Read

W - Write

Invalid

Which is the corresponding physical address?

Answer:

1110100111000000

Physical address:

Not in physical memory

Page Table

	V	D	R	W	ш	Physical Page
0	1	0	1	1	1	0110
1	1	1	0	1	0	0111
2	0	0	0	1	1	0001
3	1	1	0	1	0	0011
4	0	0	0	1	0	0001
5	0	1	1	1	1	0001
6	0	0	1	1	0	0001
7	1	1	1	1	1	0101
8	0	0	1	0	0	0001
9	1	1	1	0	0	0010
10	0	1	0	0	1	0001
11	0	1	1	0	0	0001
12	0	1	0	1	1	0001
13	1	0	1	0	0	0000
14	0	1	1	0	0	0001
15	0	0	0	0	0	0001

V - Valid

D - Dirty

R - Read

W - Write

Page Fault

- Takes place when a virtual page is not in physical memory (valid bit = 0) or when there is a violation of the access permission (Write, Read or Execute bit equal zero).
- Generates a exception that enters a privileged mode an transfers control to the operating system. (Prefetch Abort and Data Abort exceptions in ARM).

Operating System Intervention on a Page Fault

- Context Switch Stops the faulting process and let another process to run (changes the content of the Page Table Base Register).
- 2. Uses an algorithm to determine a victim in physical memory to place the faulting page.
- If the victim has been written (dirty bit = 1), instructs an I/O port to initiate the transfer of the victim page to secondary memory.
- 4. After the victim is transferred, instructs and I/O port to initiate the transfer of the faulting page to physical memory into the space previously occupied by the victim page.
- 5. After the page is transferred, places the faulting process back into the execution queue.