



$$x_m = x + l \sin \theta$$

$$y_m = l \cos \theta$$

$$\dot{x}_m = \dot{x} + l \dot{\theta} \cos \theta$$

$$\dot{y}_m = -l \dot{\theta} \sin \theta$$

$$V = mgy_m = mgl \cos \theta$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} M \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} I \left(\frac{\dot{x}}{R} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} m (\dot{x}_m^2 + \dot{y}_m^2)$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} (2M) \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m (\dot{x}^2 + l^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \cos^2 \theta + 2\dot{x}l\dot{\theta} \cos \theta + l^2 \dot{\theta}^2 \sin^2 \theta)$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} (2M) \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} m (\dot{x}^2 + l^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + 2\dot{x}l\dot{\theta} \cos \theta)$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} (2M + m) \dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2} ml^2 \dot{\theta}^2 + m\dot{x}l\dot{\theta} \cos \theta$$

$$L = T - V$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\delta L}{\delta \dot{q}_i} - \frac{\delta L}{\delta q_i} = Q_i$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2}(2M + m)\dot{x}^2 + \frac{1}{2}ml^2\dot{\theta}^2 + m\dot{x}l\dot{\theta}\cos\theta - mgl\cos\theta$$

$$\frac{\delta L}{\delta \dot{x}} = (2M + m)\dot{x} + ml\dot{\theta}\cos\theta$$

$$\frac{\delta L}{\delta x} = 0$$

$$\frac{\delta L}{\delta \dot{\theta}} = ml^2\dot{\theta} + m\dot{x}l\cos\theta$$

$$\frac{\delta L}{\delta \theta} = -m\dot{x}l\dot{\theta}\sin\theta + mgl\sin\theta$$

$$Q_x = \frac{d}{dt}((2M + m)\dot{x} + ml\dot{\theta}\cos\theta) + m\dot{x}l\dot{\theta}\sin\theta - mgl\sin\theta$$

$$\text{where } Q_x = F - \mu(M + m)g\dot{x}$$

$$Q_x = (2M + m)\ddot{x} + ml(\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta - \dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta)$$

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$$0 = l\ddot{\theta} + (\ddot{x}\cos\theta - \dot{x}\dot{\theta}\sin\theta) - g\sin\theta + \dot{x}\dot{\theta}\sin\theta$$

$$0 = l\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{x}\cos\theta - g\sin\theta$$

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$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{g\sin\theta - \ddot{x}\cos\theta}{l}$$

$$F - \mu(M + m)g\dot{x} + ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta - ml\ddot{\theta}\cos\theta = (2M + m)\ddot{x}$$

$$F - \mu(M + m)g\dot{x} + ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta - m\cos\theta(g\sin\theta - \ddot{x}\cos\theta) = (2M + m)\ddot{x}$$

$$\frac{F - \mu(M + m)g\dot{x} + ml\dot{\theta}^2\sin\theta - mg\sin\theta\cos\theta}{(2M + m - m\cos^2\theta)} = \ddot{x}$$

And linearized system;

$$x_1 = x, \quad x_2 = \dot{x}, \quad x_3 = \theta, \quad x_4 = \dot{\theta}$$

$$\cos\theta \cong 1, \quad \sin\theta \cong \theta, \quad \dot{\theta}^2 \cong 0$$

$$\frac{F - \mu(M + m)gx_2 - mgx_3}{(2M)} = \ddot{x}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{gx_3}{l} - \frac{F - \mu(M + m)gx_2 - mgx_3}{(2Ml)}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = -\frac{F}{2Ml} + \frac{\mu(M + m)g}{2Ml}x_2 + \frac{2Mg + mg}{2Ml}x_3$$

Linear system In state space form

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \\ \dot{\theta} \\ \ddot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{\mu(M + m)g}{2M} & -\frac{mg}{2M} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{\mu(M + m)g}{2Ml} & \frac{2Mg + mg}{2Ml} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \\ \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{2M} \\ 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2Ml} \end{bmatrix} [F]$$