```c
/**
 * Copyright (c) 2020 Raspberry Pi (Trading) Ltd.
 *
 * SPDX-License-Identifier: BSD-3-Clause
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#include "pico/stdlib.h"
#include "hardware/pio.h"
#include "hardware/clocks.h"
#include "ws2812.pio.h"

#define IS_RGBW true
#define NUM_PIXELS 150

#ifdef PICO_DEFAULT_WS2812_PIN
#define WS2812_PIN PICO_DEFAULT_WS2812_PIN
#else
// default to pin 2 if the board doesn't have a default WS2812 pin defined
#define WS2812_PIN 12
#endif
#define WS2812_POWER_PIN 11

static inline void put_pixel(uint32_t pixel_grb) {
    pio_sm_put_blocking(pio0, 0, pixel_grb << 8u); (29) Left shift the number by 8 bits to TX FIFO of SM
}

static inline uint32_t urgb_u32(uint8_t r, uint8_t g, uint8_t b) {
    return
            ((uint32_t) (r) << 8) |
            ((uint32_t) (g) << 16) |
            (uint32_t) (b);
}
// void turn_on_LED_power(){
//     const uint LED_PIN = WS2812_POWER_PIN;
//     gpio_init(LED_PIN);
//     gpio_set_dir(LED_PIN,GPIO_OUT);
//     gpio_put(LED_PIN,1);
// }

void pattern_snakes(uint len, uint t) {
    for (uint i = 0; i < len; ++i) {
        uint x = (i + (t >> 1)) % 64;
        if (x < 10)
            put_pixel(urgb_u32(0xff, 0, 0));
        else if (x >= 15 && x < 25)
            put_pixel(urgb_u32(0, 0xff, 0));
        else if (x >= 30 && x < 40)
            put_pixel(urgb_u32(0, 0, 0xff));
        else
            put_pixel(0);
    }
}

void pattern_random(uint len, uint t) {
```

```
58      if (t % 8)
59          return;
60      for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i)
61          put_pixel(rand());
62  }
63
64  void pattern_sparkle(uint len, uint t) {
65      if (t % 8)
66          return;
67      for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i)
68          put_pixel(rand() % 16 ? 0 : 0xffffffff);
69  }
70
71  void pattern_greys(uint len, uint t) {
72      int max = 100; // let's not draw too much current!
73      t %= max;
74      for (int i = 0; i < len; ++i) {
75          put_pixel(t * 0x10101);
76          if (++t >= max) t = 0;
77      }
78  }
79
80  typedef void (*pattern)(uint len, uint t);
81  const struct {
82      pattern pat;
83      const char *name;
84  } pattern_table[] = {
85          {pattern_snakes,  "Snakes!"},
86          {pattern_random,  "Random data"},
87          {pattern_sparkle, "Sparkles"},
88          {pattern_greys,   "Greys"},
89  };
90
91  int main() {
92      //set_sys_clock_48();
93      stdio_init_all();
94      printf("WS2812 Smoke Test, using pin %d", WS2812_PIN);
95      //turn_on_LED_power();
96
97      // todo get free sm
98      PIO pio = pio0;
99      int sm = 0;
100     uint offset = pio_add_program(pio, &ws2812_program);
101
102     ws2812_program_init(pio, sm, offset, WS2812_PIN, 800000, IS_RGBW);
103
104     int t = 0;
105     while (1) {
106         int pat = rand() % count_of(pattern_table);
107         int dir = (rand() >> 30) & 1 ? 1 : -1;
108         puts(pattern_table[pat].name);
109         puts(dir == 1 ? "(forward)" : "(backward)");
110         for (int i = 0; i < 1000; ++i) {
111             pattern_table[pat].pat(NUM_PIXELS, t);
112             sleep_ms(10);
113             t += dir;
114         }
```

① Initialize std

② Print the operating PIN number

③ Set pio0 as PIO

④ Initialize the state machine

⑤ Get the current state of SM

⑥ Initialize the program with pio instance, SM, current state, operating pin, frequency and choice of RGB

⑦ Initialize t.

⑧ Initialize pat randomly indicating LED pattern

⑨ Initialize dir to 1/-1 randomly

⑩ Print pattern name

⑪ Print the direction

⑫ Set the LED by chose pattern

⑬ sleep 10 ms

⑭ Add t by dir

⑮ Return if t isn't a multiple of 8.

⑯ Set the pixel randomly if t is a multiple of 8

```
    }
}

```