1. From the following table, write a SQL query to find the details of the customers who have a gradevalue above 100. Return customer_id, cust_name, city, grade, and salesman_id.

Sample table: customer

salesmar	n_id	cust_name					
			- 1				,
5001	3002	Nick Rimando		New York		100	
	3007	Brad Davis		New York	1	200	
5001	3005	Graham Zusi		California	I	200	1
5002	3008	Julian Green		London	I	300	1
5002	3004	Fabian Johnson		Paris	I	300	1
5006	3009	Geoff Cameron	1	Berlin	I	100	I
5003	3003	Jozy Altidor		Moscow	I	200	1
5007	3001	Brad Guzan		London	ı		
5005							

Query:

mysql> select customer_id,cust_name,city,grade,salesman_id from customer where grade>100;

+++++++	+	<u>+</u>
customer_id cust_name city	grade	salesman_id
<u>+</u>	+	<u>+</u>
Solution 3007 Brad Davis New York	200	5001 <u>[</u>
3005 Graham Zusi California	200	5002 [
3008 Julian Green London	300	5002
3004 Fabian Johnson Paris	300	5006
3003 Jozy Altidor Moscow	200	5007 <u>l</u>
++	+	+

2. From the following table, write a SQL query to find all the customers in 'New York' city who have a grade value above 100. Return customer_id, cust_name, city, grade, and salesman_id.

Sample table: customer

```
customer id | cust name | city | grade |
salesman id
_____
      3002 | Nick Rimando | New York | 100 |
5001
      3007 | Brad Davis | New York | 200 |
5001
      3005 | Graham Zusi | California | 200 |
5002
      3008 | Julian Green | London | 300 |
5002
      3004 | Fabian Johnson | Paris | 300 |
5006
      3009 | Geoff Cameron | Berlin | 100 |
5003
      3003 | Jozy Altidor | Moscow | 200 |
5007
      3001 | Brad Guzan | London | |
5005
mysql> select * from customer where city='New York' and grade>100;
+-----+
| customer id | cust name | city | grade | salesman id |
+-----+
  3007 | Brad Davis | New York | 200 |
+-----+
```

3. From the following table, write a SQL query to find the customers who belong to either the city 'New York' or have a grade above 100. Return customer_id, cust_name, city, grade, and salesman_id.

Sample table: customer

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

F001	3007		Brad Da	avis		New York		200
5001	3005		Graham	Zusi		California	1	200
5002	3008		Julian	Green		London	I	300
5002	3004		Fabian	Johnson		Paris	1	300
5006	3009		Geoff (Cameron		Berlin	I	100
5003	3003		Jozy Al	Ltidor		Moscow	I	200
5007	3001	1	Brad Gu	ızan		London	I	
5005 mvsal> se	lect * fro	om	custome	er where cit	v=	'new york'or gr	ade>	100:
+	+		+	+	+	+ ade salesmar		
•			_		_	+	'_' '	
•	•					100		
•	•		•			200 5001	•	
•	•		•			5002	•	
3003	3 Jozy	Alt	tidor M	oscow	2	300 5006 00 5007 +	•	
T	-T					Т		

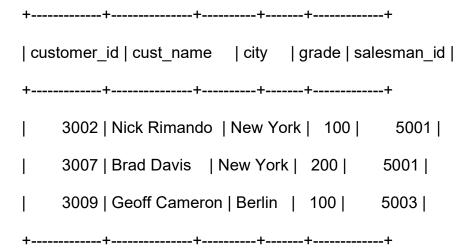
4. From the following table, write a SQL query to find the customers who belong to either the city 'New York' or not have a grade above 100. Return customer_id, cust_name, city, grade, and salesman_id.

Sample table: customer

salesmar	n_id	cust_name		-			
		+	+		-+		+
5001	3002	Nick Rimando	1	New York	1	100	I
5001	3007	Brad Davis	I	New York	1	200	
5002	3005	Graham Zusi	I	California	1	200	I
5002	3008	Julian Green		London	1	300	I

5005						
3007	3001 Brad	Guzan	London	1		
5007	3003 Jozy	Altidor	Moscow	I	200	
5003	3009 Geof	f Cameron	Berlin		100	
5006	3004 Fabi	an Johnson	Paris		300	

mysql> select * from customer where city='new york' or grade<=100;



5. From the following table, write a SQL query to find those customers who belong to neither the 'New York' city nor their grade value exceeds 100. Return customer_id, cust_name, city, grade, and salesman_id. Sample table: customer

salesman	n_id	cust_name					
							T
	3002	Nick Rimando		New York		100	1
5001	3007	Brad Davis		New York		200	1
5001	3005	Graham Zusi		California		200	
5002	3008	Julian Green		London		300	I
5002	3004	Fabian Johnson	I	Paris		300	
5006	3009	Geoff Cameron	I	Berlin	1	100	1
5003	3003	Jozy Altidor		Moscow	I	200	
5007							

3001 | Brad Guzan | London |

| 3009 | Geoff Cameron | Berlin | 100 | 5003 | +-----+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

6. From the following table, write a SQL query to find details of all order excluding combination of ord_date equal to '2012-09-10' and salesman_id higher than 5005 or purch_amt greater than 1000. Return ord_no, purch_amt, ord_date, customer_id and salesman_id.

Sample table: orders

ord_no	purch_amt	ord_date	customer_id	salesman_id
70001	150.5	2012-10-05	3005	5002
70009	270.65	2012-09-10	3001	5005
70002	65.26	2012-10-05	3002	5001
70004	110.5	2012-08-17	3009	5003
70007	948.5	2012-09-10	3005	5002
70005	2400.6	2012-07-27	3007	5001
70008	5760	2012-09-10	3002	5001
70010	1983.43	2012-10-10	3004	5006
70003	2480.4	2012-10-10	3009	5003
70012	250.45	2012-06-27	3008	5002
70011	75.29	2012-08-17	3003	5007
70013	3045.6	2012-04-25	3002	5001

mysql> select * from orders where ord_date<>'2012-09-10' and (salesman_id>5005 or purch_amt >1000);

```
ord no purch amt ord date customer id salesman id
+-----+
        2400.6 | 2012-07-27 |
                              3007 |
 70005 |
                                       5001
 70010 | 1983.43 | 2012-10-10 |
                              3004 |
                                       5006 |
70003 | 2480.4 | 2012-10-10 |
                              3009 |
                                       5003 |
        75.29 | 2012-08-17 |
 70011 l
                             3003 I
                                       5007 I
| 70013 | 3045.6 | 2012-04-25 |
                              3002
                                       5001 |
```

7. From the following table, write a SQL query to find the details of those salespeople whose commissions range from 0.10 to 0.12. Return salesman_id, name, city, and commission.

Sample table : salesman

salesman_id		_	
	 James Hoog		'
5002	Nail Knite	Paris	0.13
5005	Pit Alex	London	0.11
5006	Mc Lyon	Paris	0.14
5007	Paul Adam	Rome	0.13
5003	Lauson Hen	San Jose	0.12

mysql> select * from salesman where commission between 0.10 and 0.12;

8. From the following table, write a SQL query to find details of all order where purchase amount less than 200 or excluding combination of order date greater than or equal to '2012-02-10' and customer ID less than 3009. Return ord_no, purch_amt, ord_date, customer_id and salesman_id.

Sample table : orders

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM orders WHERE(purch amt<200 OR
NOT(ord_date>='2012-02-10' AND customer_id<3009));
+-----+
ord no purch amt ord date customer id salesman id
+-----+
 70001
         150.5 | 2012-10-05 |
                           3005 |
                                    5002 I
 70002 |
       65.26 | 2012-10-05 |
                           3002 |
                                    5001
| 70004 | 110.5 | 2012-08-17 |
                           3009 |
                                    5003 |
 70003 | 2480.4 | 2012-10-10 |
                           3009 |
                                    5003 |
| 70011 | 75.29 | 2012-08-17 |
                           3003 |
                                    5007 |
```

9. From the following table, write a SQL query to find all orders subject to following conditions. Exclude combination of order date equal to '2012-08-17' or customer ID higher than 3005 and purchase amount less than 1000.

Sample table : orders

ord_no	purch_amt	ord_date	customer_id	salesman_id
70001	150.5	2012-10-05	3005	5002
70009	270.65	2012-09-10	3001	5005
70002	65.26	2012-10-05	3002	5001
70004	110.5	2012-08-17	3009	5003
70007	948.5	2012-09-10	3005	5002
70005	2400.6	2012-07-27	3007	5001
70008	5760	2012-09-10	3002	5001
70010	1983.43	2012-10-10	3004	5006
70003	2480.4	2012-10-10	3009	5003
70012	250.45	2012-06-27	3008	5002
70011	75.29	2012-08-17	3003	5007
70013	3045.6	2012-04-25	3002	5001

+ ord_no	purch_amt		ord_date	I	customer_id	I	salesman_id
	+	-+-		-+-		-+-	
70001	150.5	I	2012-10-05		3005		5002
70009	270.65	I	2012-09-10		3001		5005
70002	65.26	I	2012-10-05		3002		5001
70007	948.5	I	2012-09-10		3005		5002
70005	2400.6	I	2012-07-27		3007		5001
70008	5760	I	2012-09-10		3002		5001
70010	1983.43	I	2012-10-10		3004		5006
70003	2480.4	I	2012-10-10		3009	I	5003
70013	3045.6	I	2012-04-25		3002		5001
+	+	-+-		-+-		-+-	

10. Write a SQL query to display order number, purchase amount, achieved, the unachieved percentage for those order which exceeds the 50% of the target value of 6000.

Sample table: orders

ord_no	purch_amt	ord_date	customer_id	salesman_id
70001	150.5	2012-10-05	3005	5002
70009	270.65	2012-09-10	3001	5005
70002	65.26	2012-10-05	3002	5001
70004	110.5	2012-08-17	3009	5003
70007	948.5	2012-09-10	3005	5002
70005	2400.6	2012-07-27	3007	5001
70008	5760	2012-09-10	3002	5001
70010	1983.43	2012-10-10	3004	5006
70003	2480.4	2012-10-10	3009	5003
70012	250.45	2012-06-27	3008	5002
70011	75.29	2012-08-17	3003	5007
70013	3045.6	2012-04-25	3002	5001

mysql> SELECT ord_no, purch_amt (100*purch_amt)/6000 Achieved %, (100*(6000-purch_amt)/6000) Unachieved % FROM orders WHERE (100*purch_amt)/6000>50;

```
+-----+
| ord_no | purch_amt | Achieved % | Unachieved % |
+-----+
| 70008 | 5760 | 96 | 4 |
| 70013 | 3045.6 | 50.76000162760417 | 49.23999837239583 |
+-----+
```

11. From the following table, write a SQL query to find the details of all employees whose last name is 'Dosni' or 'Mardy'. Return emp_idno, emp_fname, emp_lname, and emp_dept.

Sample table : emp_details

EMP_IDNO 1	EMP_FNAME	EMP_LNAME	EMP_DEPT
105000			
127323	Michale	Robbin	57
526689	Carlos	Snares	63
843795	Enric	Dosio	57
328717	Jhon	Snares	63
444527	Joseph	Dosni	47
659831	Zanifer	Emily	47
847674	Kuleswar	Sitaraman	57
748681	Henrey	Gabriel	47
555935	Alex	Manuel	57
539569	George	Mardy	27
733843	Mario	Saule	63
631548	Alan	Snappy	27
839139	Maria	Foster	57

mysql> select * from emp_details where emp_lname='Dosni' or emp lname='Mardy';

emp_idno	emp_fname	emp_lname	emp_dept
444527	Joseph	Dosni	47
539569	George	Mardy	27

12. From the following table, write a SQL query to find the employees who works at depart 47 or 63. Return emp_idno, emp_fname, emp_lname, and emp_dept.

Sample table: emp details

EMP_IDNO I	EMP_FNAME	EMP_LNAME	EMP_DEPT
127323	Michale	Robbin	57
526689	Carlos	Snares	63
843795	Enric	Dosio	57
328717	Jhon	Snares	63
444527	Joseph	Dosni	47
659831	Zanifer	Emily	47
847674	Kuleswar	Sitaraman	57
748681	Henrey	Gabriel	47
555935	Alex	Manuel	57
539569	George	Mardy	27
733843	Mario	Saule	63
631548	Alan	Snappy	27
839139	Maria	Foster	57

mysql> select * from emp_details where emp_dept=47 or emp_dept=63;

```
+----+
```

| Emp_idno | emp_fname | emp_lname | emp_dept |

```
+-----+
| 526689 | Carlos | snares | 63 |
| 328717 | Jhon | Snares | 63 |
| 444527 | Joseph | Dosni | 47 |
| 659831 | Zanifer | Emily | 47 |
| 748681 | Henrey | Gabriel | 47 |
| 733843 | Mario | Saule | 63 |
+------+
```