# **Media Analysis Pipeline**

# **Executive Summary**

Our Capstone Project called "Media Analysis Pipeline" is used to collect various newspapers articles and store them for analysis.

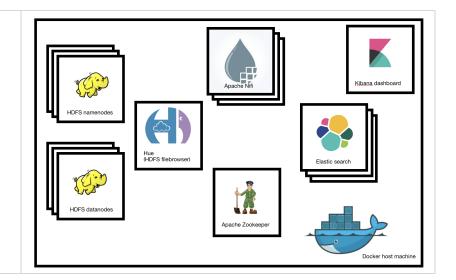
The pipeline consists of various technologies, all of which run in containerized environments. The containers are managed by Docker and specified in docker-compose.yml.

Magazines scraped and saved as rawdata	Transformer available
Die Presse	V
Kronen Zeitung	V
Unzensuriert.at	V
Kurier	

# **Deployment**

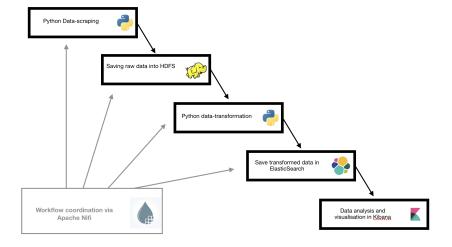
The minimum deployment consists of following containers:

- One Apache Zookeeper
- · One Apache NiFi
- One HDFS namenode
- · One HDFS datanode
- One Hue
- Two ElasticSearch Nodes
- One Kibana



### Workflow

All of the workflow for getting the data, transforming it, saving raw data as well as transformed and finally storing it in ElasticSearch for analysis, is managed by Apache Nifi.



### **Usage**

#### Ensure ElasticSearch will work

ElasticSearch needs more memory to store its inidices. Therefore the mmap counts needs to be increased.

To do so simply run following shell command(s), depending on your OS:

Linux	os x
sudo sysctl -w vm.max_map_count=262144	screen ~/Library/Containers/com.docker.docker/Data/com.docker.driver.amd64-linux/tty sudo sysctl -w vm.max_map_count=262144
Or execute elsearch_setup.sh	

This has to be done after every reboot of the docker host machine.

#### Run

To start all docker containers simultaneously run this: docker-compose up

Then run hdfs\_conf\_script.sh to copy HDFS config files from the namenode to Nifi. This is only necessary the first time you start the containers.

### **Import Workflow**

To edit or start the current workflow open Nifi in your browser.

Get NiFi port by running: docker ps | grep nifi and open localhost:<NIFIPORT>/nifi in your browser.

Step	Image	Step	Image
1. Select upload template on the left side of the screen.	Operate  NIFI Flow Process Group 70306ac0 016b-1000 d919 9336de4e309d	Select the template, which is located in     /nifi/templates and click Upload .	Upload Templete  Saled Templete  Count.
3. Insert the template via the button in the top menu bar.	MIN D & D D D T T	4. Click Add	Add Template Choose Inspiles Medic, Pyotive
5. Click somewhere on the background of NiFi and Click the Play button to start the whole workflow.	♦ Operate  NIFI Flow Process Group 70456abf-016b-1000122bb-6842b47e1eb2  ♦ 1 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6. See the workflow running!	

### Hue

To see the data stored in the HDFS open your browser and navigagte to localhost:8088/home. The first time you open it you have to specify an username and a password. Click File Browser on the top right corner and go two level up in the folder hierchachy to view the different magazine folders.

From there you can browse the data.

### Kibana

The project already contains a Kibana objects file, which contains the index patterns, visualizations and dashboard. To import it you have to do following steps:

- Open Kibana on localhost:5601 in your browser
- On the left menu bar open settings (last one)
- Click Saved Objects on lower menu
- · Click Import on top right corner
- Click Import again
- Open ./kibana/objects.json
- Click lower Import button

Now you can click Dashboard on the left menu bar and select the dashboard Online Magazines which you've just imported to view the data.

### **Documentation**

# **Project Structure**

#### Files

This project uses a simple filestructure.

The folder etc contains everything that is not directly associated with the deployment (e.g. pictures used in this README).

All files containing code are located in the folder src . In src files are devided in either scrapper or transformer .

The folder nifi contains all files necessary for the custom Nifi container to run.

### Setup

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#### Run

To start all docker containers simultaneously run this:

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3. Insert the template via the button in the top menu bar.	MIN S O G G G F	4. Click Add	Add Template  Choose Template  Media_Populate  CAMOIL  AGD
5. Click somewhere on the background of NiFi and Click the Play button to start the whole workflow.	♦ Operate	6. See the workflow running!	

# **Python Scripts**

To scrape and transform the articles, we use Python 3.7. Libraries which are used:

request

· beautifulsoup4

Request is used to download the articles from an url and BeautifulSoup for parsing the HTML. For local development Pipenv is used. Execute this commands to get it up and running:

#### **Install Pipenv**

Linux:

```
# Debian/Ubuntu
sudo apt install pipenv
# fedora
sudo dnf install pipenv
```

OS X:

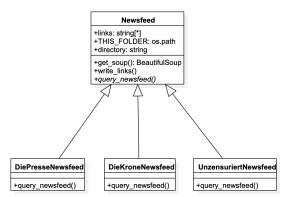
brew install pipenv

Install dependencies and get into the newly created virtual environment:

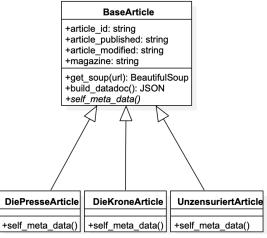
```
pipenv install
pipenv shell
```

### **Class diagrams**

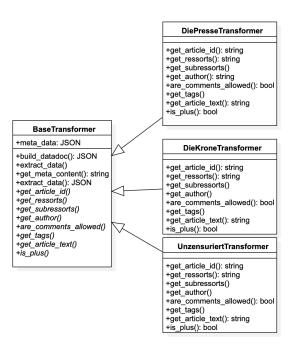
First to get the URLs which we want to scrape, we use a class called <code>Newsfeed</code> . This is the base class and every news outlet has it's specialised class which inheritates from it.



With the URLs at hand we can start scraping. For the scraper we use the same structure as for the Newsfeed scraper. In this case the base class is called BaseArticle.



Finally all of the data needs to be transformed, so that it can be easily analysed. For this, again, we have a base class called BaseTransfomer and subclasses for ever outlet.



### **HDFS**

As mentioned earlier, all of the data gets saved in raw format (complete HTML of the website) to a hadoop filesystem in a json file (HDFS). This consists of:

- namenode(s)
  - o responsible for orchestrating datanodes
- datanode(s):
  - o responsible for actually saving the data

All files are saved in a common directory hierarchy: magazineName/year/month/

The articles itself are saved in JSON files with this name schema: articleId-published\_date.json

The JSON files have this data forma:

```
{
    "id": "<Value>",
    "magazine": "<Value>",
    "directory": "<Value>",
    "filename": "<Value>",
    "content": "<Value>"
}
```

The content attribute is where the actual article HTML belong to.

#### Hue

To see the data stored in the HDFS open your browser and navigagte to localhost:8088/home. The first time you open it you have to specify an username and a password.

Click File Browser on the top right corner and go two level up in the folder hierchachy to view the different magazine folders. From there you can browse the data.

### **ElasticSearch**

ElasticSearch is available on localhost: 9200. The ElasticSearch cluster consists of two nodes, which are specified in the docker-compose.yml file.

### **Data format**

Indices schema: magazineName-month-year

```
{
    "id": "<Value>",
    "title": "<Value>",
    "ressorts": "<Value>",
    "published_time": "<Value>",
    "modified_time": "<Value>",
    "url": "<Value>",
    "author": "<Value>",
    "are_comments_allowed": "<Value>",
    "tags": "<Value>",
    "article_text": "<Value>",
    "is_plus": "<Value>"
}
```

### Kibana

Kibana is used to visualize the data which is stored in ElasticSearch.

Open localhost:5601 in your browser to view kibana.

The project already contains a Kibana objects file, which contains the index patterns, visualizations and dashboard. To import it you have to do following steps:

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