CI/CD Pipeline Documentation

Setting up GitHub Actions

1. Create a GitHub Repository

Initialize your project repository on GitHub.

2. Add Workflow Configuration

- In your repository, create the directory structure: .github/workflows/.
- Add a workflow YAML file (e.g., ci_cd_pipeline.yml) inside this directory.

3. Configure the Workflow

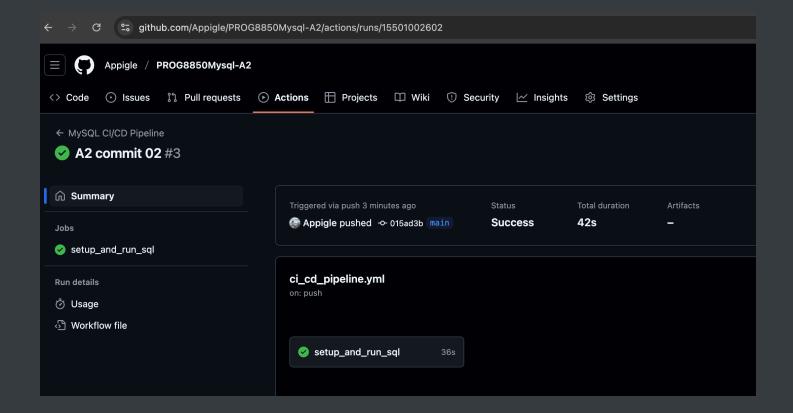
- The workflow should specify the trigger (e.g., push to the main branch).
- Set up the required services (e.g., MySQL) and environment (e.g., Python, dependencies).
- Add steps to check out the code, install dependencies, and run your SQL scripts.

4. Commit and Push

- Commit your workflow file and push it to the main branch.
- GitHub Actions will automatically detect and run the workflow on every push to main.

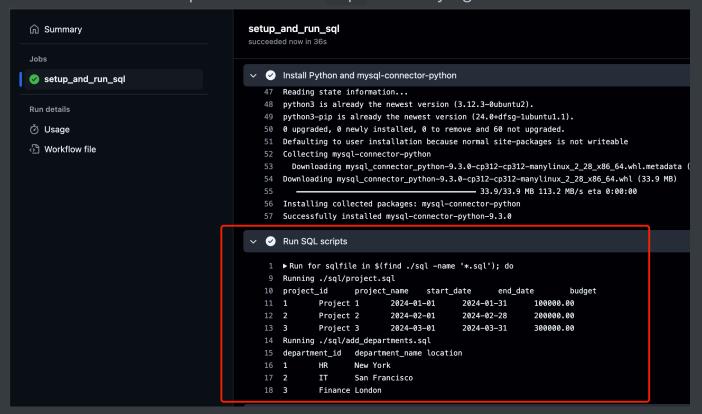
Workflow Testing and Results

Workflow Overview



- The workflow is triggered on every push to the main branch.
- It sets up a MySQL 8.0 service and creates a test database.
- Installs Python and the mysql-connector-python library.

■ Executes all SQL scripts found in the sql directory against the test database.



Testing Steps

1. Push Code to Main

- Make changes to your SQL scripts or workflow file.
- Push the changes to the main branch.

2. Workflow Execution

- GitHub Actions will start the workflow automatically.
- You can monitor the progress in the "Actions" tab of your repository.

3. Step-by-Step Actions

- Checkout code: Retrieves the latest code from the repository.
- Wait for MySQL: Ensures the MySQL service is ready before running scripts.

- **Install Python & Dependencies:** Installs Python 3 and mysql-connectorpython.
- Run SQL Scripts: Executes each .sql file in the sql directory against the test database.

Results

- Each step's output and status are visible in the GitHub Actions UI.
- If all SQL scripts execute successfully, the workflow will complete with a green checkmark.
- If any script fails, the workflow will stop and display error logs for troubleshooting.

Output

Success:

- All steps complete without errors.
- SQL scripts are applied to the test database.

Failure:

- The workflow stops at the failed step.
- Error messages and logs are available for debugging.