# **PHP-FCM Documentation**

Release 0.0.1

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PHP-FCM is a PHP HTTP client that makes it easy to send push notifications, manage groups of devices and message topics using Google Firebase Cloud Messaging.

```
<?php
// Load composer
require 'vendor/autoload.php';
// Instantiate the client with the project api_token and sender_id.
$client = new \Fcm\FcmClient($apiToken, $senderId);
// Instantiate the push notification request object.
$notification = new \Fcm\Push\Notification();
// Enhance the notification object with our custom options.
$notification
   ->addRecipient ($deviceId)
   ->setTitle('Hello from php-fcm!')
   ->setBody('Notification body')
   ->setColor('#20F037')
   ->setSound("default")
   ->setIcon("myIcon.png")
   ->addData('key', 'value');
// custom sound and custom icon must be in app package
// - custom sound file must be in /res/raw/
// - custom icon file must be in drawable resource, if not set, FCM displays_
→ launcher icon in app manifest
// Send the notification to the Firebase servers for further handling.
$client->send($notification);
```

Before installing, read the *Overview* for more information about this project. Read the *Quickstart* for installation and using the project.

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Overview

## 1.1 Requirements

- 1. PHP 7.0
- 2. A free Firebase account, read the *Quickstart* for more information.

## 1.2 Running the tests

This project uses PHPUnit for running its unit tests. Run the tests using the vendor provided phpunit binary:

vendor/bin/phpunit -c phpunit.dist.xml

#### 1.3 License

#### Licensed using the MIT license.

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Quickstart

## 2.1 Installing this package

This package is available on packagist, and can be installed with composer:

composer require edwinhoksberg/php-fcm

## 2.2 Configuring a Firebase account

This project uses Google Firebase for sending notifications, so we need to signup for an free account. A free account can store up to ~20 million messages, device groups and topics.

- 1. Click here to go the firebase console page.
- 2. Click on the Create Project button. Enter a project name and select your country/region.
- 3. Once your project is created, click on continue to go to the project dashboard.
- 4. Click on the gear icon in the top left, next to the Project Overview link, and click on Project Settings.
- 5. Go to the Cloud Messaging tab.
- 6. On this page, you should see several authentication tokens. Copy and save the *Server key* and *Sender ID* tokens somewhere. These will be used in the project configuration.

## 2.3 Configuring the project

When you instantiate a new Firebase Cloud Messaging object, pass the *Server Key* and *Sender ID* you retrieved from the previous steps:

```
<?php

// Load composer
require 'vendor/autoload.php';

$client = new \Fcm\FcmClient(/* Server Key */, /* Sender ID */);</pre>
```

App integration

## 3.1 Android Integration

The easiest way to start is using the offcial example messaging app which can be found here. It is also documented on how to register a device and how to capture the device id, which will be used for sending notifications or managing device groups/topics.

Official documentation: https://firebase.google.com/docs/cloud-messaging/android/client.

## 3.2 iOS Integration

An example application was also made available for iOS, which can be found on the official github repository.

Official documentation: https://firebase.google.com/docs/cloud-messaging/ios/client.

### **Device Information**

There is only 1 device call Firebase exposes, and it can be used to retrieve information about a single device, such as registration date and subscribed topics.

#### 4.1 Device Info

```
<?php
$client = new \Fcm\FcmClient($serverKey, $senderId);

// Remove the second parameter for more basic device information
$info = new \Fcm\Device\Info($deviceId, true);

// Shortcut function:
// $info = $client->deviceInfo($deviceId, true);

$client->send($info);
```

#### Example response:

```
array(10) {
  'applicationVersion' =>
  string(1) "1"
  'connectDate' =>
  string(10) "2018-08-07"
  'attestStatus' =>
  string(6) "ROOTED"
  'application' =>
  string(27) "com.google.application"
  'scope' =>
  string(1) "*"
  'authorizedEntity' =>
  string(12) "347372151029"
```

```
'rel' =>
array(1) {
 'topics' =>
 array(1) {
   'news' =>
   array(1) {
     'addDate' =>
     string(10) "2018-08-07"
   }
}
}
'connectionType' =>
string(4) "WIFI"
'appSigner' =>
string(40) "c5abd4420a7b4844c034fe9c47fcb42234bbf5fe"
'platform' =>
string(7) "ANDROID"
```

#### **QUIRKS**

This plugin uses the underlying package *guzzlehttp* - this package is designed to error out if a URL/Link returns a 404 *Not Found*. However, this can cause the above *DeviceInfo* to error out at as well. When looking up a deviceID via FCM, if the deviceID does not exist the Google FCM API returns a 404 *Not Found* with the JSON value {"error":"No information found about this instance id."}. The 404 causes *guzzlehttp* to throw a Fatal Error and exit the script. Obviously, this is a major issue if you are scripting mass deviceID lookups - the first not found ID will exit your script.

To get around this, you will need to modify the *guzzlehttp* code base. But understand, in doing so, if you have other systems/scripts/programs relying on *guzzlehttp* this modification could cause issues for those scripts. The modification required is referenced here: https://github.com/EdwinHoksberg/php-fcm/issues/17#issuecomment-557266012

Additionally, once the above modification is applied, you will need your processing script to check for JSON key *error* to process the proper error message. IE:

```
$info = new \Fcm\Device\Info($deviceID, true);
$response = $client->send($info);
if (array_key_exists('error',$response)) {
    // process error info here
} else if (array_key_exists('rel',$response)) {
    // process returned info here
} else {
    // ID exists but is not registered to any topics/groups/etc
}
```

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## Sending Messages

There are two different types of messages Firebase can support, *Notification messages* and *Data messages*. Read here for more information.

# 6.1 Notification message to deviceIDs <to> <registration\_ids> <de-viceGroupID>

FCM automatically displays the message to end-user devices on behalf of the client app. Notification messages have a predefined set of user-visible keys and an optional data payload of custom key-value pairs.

```
<?php
$client = new \Fcm\FcmClient($serverKey, $senderId);

$notification = new \Fcm\Push\Notification();
$notification
    ->addRecipient($deviceId1)
    ->addRecipient($deviceGroupID)
    ->addRecipient($arrayIDs)
    ->setTitle('Hello from php-fcm!')
    ->setColor('#20F037')
    ->setSound("default")
    ->setBadge(11)
    ->addData("key","value");

// Shortcut function:
// $notification = $client->pushNotification('The title', 'The body', $deviceId);
$response = $client->send($notification);
```

Example deviceID <to> <registration\_ids> <deviceGroupID> response:

```
array(5) {
 'multicast_id' =>
 int (9014353506250345342)
 'success' =>
 int(1) // how many deviceIDs were successfully sent messages
 'failure' =>
 int(1) // how many deviceIDs messages failed to send to
 'canonical_ids' =>
 int(0)
 'results' =>
 array(2) {
   [0] => // each deviceID message success or failure
   array(1) {
     'message_id' => //first ID success
     string(35) "0:154231004164960%c5f39c08c5f39c543"
   [1] => // each deviceID message success or failure
   array(1) {
     'error' => // second ID failure
     string(19) "InvalidRegistration"
   }
 }
```

## 6.2 Notification message <topics>

FCM automatically displays the message to end-user devices on behalf of the client app. Notification messages have a predefined set of user-visible keys and an optional data payload of custom key-value pairs.

```
<?php

$client = new \Fcm\FcmClient($serverKey, $senderId);

$notification = new \Fcm\Push\Notification();
$notification
    ->addRecipient('/topics/myTopicName')
    ->setTitle('Hello myTopicName Members')
    ->setColor('#20F037')
    ->setSound("default")
    ->setIcon("myIcon.png")
    ->addDataArray($myObjArray);

// Shortcut function:
// $notification = $client->pushNotification('The title', 'The body', $deviceId);

$response = $client->send($notification);
```

#### Example <topics> response:

```
array(1) {
   'message_id' => // this is a successful response to a topic notification
   int(154231004164960%c5f39c08c5f39c543)
   }
array(1) {
```

```
'error' => // this is an error response to a topic notification
string(19) "InvalidRegistration"
}
```

## 6.3 Notification sending options

```
* addRecipient
    // recipient can be ONE of four types
    // deviceID (string)
    // devicegroupID (string)
    // registeredIDs (array_of_IDs)
    // topicID ('/topics/myTopicID')

    // note: deviceID/deviceGroupID/registerIDs can be mixed/matched in same_
    →notification
    // note: topicID can not be mixed/matched with other IDs types in same_
    →notification
```

## 6.4 Notification options <topics> <deviceID> <registered\_ids>

iOS, Android currently Supported options for notifications

```
iOS only:
* setBbadge (int)
* setSubtitle (string)
Android only:
* setTag (string)
* setColor (string (hex #rrggbb color format))
    // In Android 6 and lower - this the background color of the icon image when you,
→pull down on the status bar messages
    // In Android 7 and greater - this is the color of the icon itself when you pull.
→down on the status bar messages
* setIcon (string)
    // custom icon file must be in app itself
    // icon must be drawable resource, if not set, FCM displays launcher icon in app_
→manifest.
    // for consistency across Android OS versions(5.0 - 10.0), use a material design,

→ transparent icon

    // if using icon in `drawable-XYdi` folders, use icon name without file.
→extension, ie: ->setIcon('myIcon')
    // if using icon from other location, you must specificy the file extension, ie:..
→->setIcon('www/images/thisIcon.png')
    // for more info, see: https://github.com/arnesson/cordova-plugin-firebase/
⇒issues/764
*** future: android_channel_id
Both:
* setTitle (string)
* setBody (string)
```

```
* setSound (string)
    // custom sound must be in the app itself
    // custom sound file must be in /res/raw/

*** future: click_action

*** future: body_loc_key

*** future: body_loc_args

*** future: title_loc_key

*** future: title_loc_args

//NOTE: You can mix and match iOS and Android only options in same notification
//NOTE: if iOS/Android don't recognize an option used in the other platform, that__

option is simply discarded/ignored.
```

## 6.5 Notification DATA options <topics> <deviceID> <registered\_ids>

Client app is responsible for processing data messages. Data messages require custom key-value pairs that your app will understand.

```
* addData("key", "value") - add data key/values one at a time
* addDataArray(array_of_keyValues) - add data as a prebuilt object array
          $fcmData = array(
   //
               'action' => 2,
   //
                'dataTitle' => "This is my subject line",
                'dataMsg' => "This is the body of my message
   // Example, In a cordova based app using `cordova-plugin-firebase`
   window.FirebasePlugin.onNotificationOpen(function(payload) {
       // if there is a payload it will be in payload object
       if (payload.action == 1) { // email verification confirmation
         setDB("user_emailVerify",payload.user_emailVerify);
         alert("Thank you, your email address has now been verified");
        } else if (payload.action == 2) { // display gen message
         alert(payload.dataTitle+ "\n" +payload.dataMsg) ;
   }, function(error) {
     console.error(error);
   });
   // NOTE: you can mix/use ->addDataArray(array()) and ->addData("key","value") in.
→same notification
   // NOTE: pass in preset array, then add a few extra custom key/values.
```

## 6.6 Data Only message

Client app is responsible for processing data messages. Data messages have only custom key-value pairs.

```
<?php
$client = new \Fcm\FcmClient($serverKey, $senderId);</pre>
```

```
$notification = new \Fcm\Push\Data();
$notification
   ->addData('test', '123');
   ->addRecipient($deviceId)

// Shortcut function:
// $notification = $client->pushData(['key' => 'value'], $deviceId);
$response = $client->send($notification);
```

```
array(5) {
  'multicast_id' =>
  int(76762359248473280622)
  'success' =>
  int(1)
  'failure' =>
  int(0)
  'canonical_ids' =>
 int(0)
 'results' =>
 array(1) {
   [0] =>
   array(1) {
      'message_id' =>
      string(35) "0:1524927061384248%c5f39c08f9fd7ecd"
   }
  }
```

## Managing Device Groups

With device group messaging, you can send a single message to multiple instances of an app running on devices belonging to a group. Typically, "group" refers a set of different devices that belong to a single user. All devices in a group share a common notification key, which is the token that FCM uses to fan out messages to all devices in the group. Read more on at official documentation.

## 7.1 Creating a device group

When creating a new group, the response will contain a *notification key*, which will be used when adding or removing devices from the group, and sending messages to it.

```
<?php

$client = new \Fcm\FcmClient($serverKey, $senderId);

$newGroup = new \Fcm\DeviceGroup\Create('phones');
$newGroup->addDevice($deviceId);

// Shortcut function:
// $client->deviceGroupCreate('phones', $deviceId);

$client->send($newGroup);
```

## 7.2 Adding devices to a group

```
<?php
$client = new \Fcm\FcmClient($serverKey, $senderId);

$group = new \Fcm\DeviceGroup\Update('phones', $notificationKey);
$group->addDevice($deviceId);

// Shortcut function:
// $client->deviceGroupUpdate('phones', $notification_key, $deviceId);
$client->send($group);
```

#### Example response:

## 7.3 Removing devices from a group

```
<?php
$client = new \Fcm\FcmClient($serverKey, $senderId);

$group = new \Fcm\DeviceGroup\Remove('phones', $notificationKey);
$group->addDevice($deviceId);

// Shortcut function:
// $client->deviceGroupRemove('phones', $notification_key, $deviceId);

$client->send($group);
```

```
array(1) {
  'notification_key' =>
  string(119)
  → "APA91bE8asD44A2gjSUJqRp8Ym4pe7TlrlrSLVkKRBdvkoWOFmusdc87934ASDUR18xaUbXXdKC5DRkUssYtkO1_
  → lnWXT7gF0vO9E666XeL1qJs02FsunJ4"
}
```

## **Managing Notification Topics**

Based on the publish/subscribe model, FCM topic messaging allows you to send a message to multiple devices that have opted in to a particular topic. You compose topic messages as needed, and FCM handles routing and delivering the message reliably to the right devices.

For example, users of a local weather forecasting app could opt in to a "severe weather alerts" topic and receive notifications of storms threatening specified areas. Users of a sports app could subscribe to automatic updates in live game scores for their favorite teams.

Read here for more information.

## 8.1 Subscribing to a topic

When a topic does not exist, you can still subscribe to it, and the topic will be automaticly created.

```
<?php
$client = new \Fcm\FcmClient($serverKey, $senderId);
$subscribe = new \Fcm\Topic\Subscribe('my_topic_name');
$subscribe->addDevice($deviceId);

// Shortcut function:
// $client->topicSubscribe('my_topic_name', $deviceId);
$client->send($subscribe);
```

#### Example response:

```
// When an error occurs, this will be filled with the message.
array(1) {
  'results' =>
  array(1) {
```

```
[0] =>
  array(0) {
  }
}
```

## 8.2 Unsubscribing from a topic

Just like creating a topic, a topic will be automaticly deleted once all devices are unsubscribed from it.

```
<?php

$client = new \Fcm\FcmClient($serverKey, $senderId);

$unsubscribe = new \Fcm\Topic\Unsubscribe('my_topic_name');

$unsubscribe->addDevice($deviceId);

// Shortcut function:
// $client->topicUnsubscribe('my_topic_name', $deviceId);

$client->send($unsubscribe);
```

```
// When an error occurs, this will be filled with the message.
array(1) {
  'results' =>
  array(1) {
    [0] =>
    array(0) {
    }
}
```