

# Algebra

Input file: *standard input*  
Output file: *standard output*  
Time limit: 3 seconds  
Memory limit: 1024 mebibytes

Construct a tree in the following classic way:

- Root the tree at vertex 1.
- For each vertex  $i$  from 2 to  $n$ , in order, select a vertex  $p$  from 1 to  $i - 1$  uniformly at random, and make  $p$  the parent of  $i$ .

Let the size of the subtree of vertex  $u$  be  $s_u$ , and  $f_u = s_u^k$  (that is, the  $k$ -th power of  $s_u$ ). For each vertex  $u$ , calculate the expected value of  $f_u$ , modulo a given prime number  $M$ .

Formally, it can be shown that, under the constraints below, each expected value can be represented as  $p/q$  where  $q$  is coprime with  $M$ . You have to output the integer value  $p \cdot q^{-1} \bmod M$ . Here,  $q^{-1}$  is an integer such that  $q \cdot q^{-1} \bmod M = 1$ .

## Input

The first line of input contains three integers:  $n$ ,  $k$ , and  $M$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 10^5$ ;  $1 \leq k \leq 200$ ;  $10^8 \leq M \leq 10^9 + 7$ ). It is guaranteed that  $M$  is a prime number.

## Output

Output a line containing a single integer: the answer to the problem.

## Examples

<i>standard input</i>	<i>standard output</i>
3 1 1000000007	3 500000005 1
3 2 998244353	9 499122179 1