

Shift Puzzle

Input file: **standard input**
Output file: **standard output**
Time limit: 2 seconds
Memory limit: 1024 megabytes

There are two $N \times N$ grids S and T , where each cell is either black or white. The color of each grid is represented by N^2 characters. In grid S , if the cell in the x -th row from the top and the y -th column from the left is black, $S_{x,y}$ is #, and if it is white, $S_{x,y}$ is . (period). The same applies to T .

You can perform the following operations on the grid S :

- Choose integers t and x ($1 \leq t \leq 2, 1 \leq x \leq N$).
- If $t = 1$, perform a cyclic right shift by 1 on the x -th row of S . Specifically, replace $S_{x,1}S_{x,2} \dots S_{x,N}$ with $S_{x,N}S_{x,1} \dots S_{x,N-1}$ simultaneously.
- If $t = 2$, perform a cyclic downward shift by 1 on the x -th column of S . Specifically, replace $S_{1,x}S_{2,x} \dots S_{N,x}$ with $S_{N,x}S_{1,x} \dots S_{N-1,x}$ simultaneously.

Determine whether S can be transformed into T using at most N^3 operations. If possible, output one sequence of operations to achieve this transformation.

Input

The input is given from Standard Input in the following format:

```
N
S1,1 ... S1,N
⋮
SN,1 ... SN,N
T1,1 ... T1,N
⋮
TN,1 ... TN,N
```

- $2 \leq N \leq 80$
- $S_{x,y}, T_{x,y}$ are # or . (period).
- N is an integer.

Output

If it is impossible to match the grids with at most N^3 operations, output **No**.

If it is possible, output **Yes** on the first line, and the number of operations M ($0 \leq M \leq N^3$) on the second line. From the third line to the $(M + 2)$ -th line, output the sequence of operations. On the $(i + 2)$ -th line, output the chosen t and x for the i -th operation in this order.

Examples

standard input	standard output
<pre> 3 .#. #.# .#. #.# ... #.# </pre>	<pre> Yes 4 1 3 2 3 2 1 1 1 </pre>
<pre> 3 .#. #.# .#. .#. #.# .#. </pre>	<pre> Yes 0 </pre>
<pre> 13######.....#.....#.....#.....#.....#.....#.....#.....#.....#.....#.....#.....#.....###.....######.....#.....######.....#.....###.....#.....#.....#.....#.....#.....##### </pre>	<pre> No </pre>

Note

In the first example, S changes as follows:

