



International Collegiate Programming Contest // 2024-2025

The 2025 ICPC Europe Championship hosted by U.PORTO

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TECHNO

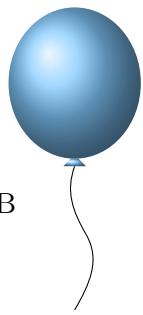
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WINCENT

J The Ultimate Wine Tasting Event

TIME LIMIT: 2.0s
MEMORY LIMIT: 2048MB



Rumors of the excellence of Gabriella's wine tasting events have toured the world and made it to the headlines of prestigious wine magazines. Now, she has been asked to organize an event at the EUC 2025!

This time she selected $2n$ bottles of wine, of which exactly n are of white wine, and exactly n of red wine. She arranged them in a line as usual, in a predetermined order described by a string s of length $2n$: for $1 \leq i \leq 2n$, the i -th bottle from the left is white wine if $s_i = W$ and red wine if $s_i = R$.

To spice things up for the attendees (which include EUC contestants), Gabriella came up with the following wine-themed problem:

Consider a way of dividing the $2n$ bottles into two disjoint subsets, each containing n bottles. Then, for every $1 \leq i \leq n$, swap the i -th bottle in the first subset (from the left) and the i -th bottle of the second subset (also from the left). Is it possible to choose the subsets so that, after this operation is done exactly once, the white wines occupy the first n positions?

INPUT

The first line contains an integer t ($1 \leq t \leq 500$) — the number of test cases. The descriptions of the t test cases follow.

The first line of each test case contains an integer n ($1 \leq n \leq 100$) — where $2n$ is the total number of bottles.

The second line of each test case contains a string s of length $2n$, describing the bottle arrangement — the i -th character of s ($1 \leq i \leq 2n$) is W for a white wine and R for a red wine.

It is guaranteed that s contains exactly n W 's and n R 's.

OUTPUT

For each test case, print YES if it is possible to divide the bottles as explained in the statement. Otherwise, print NO.



SAMPLES

Sample input 1	Sample output 1
3 4 WRRWWWR 1 WR 20 WWWWRRWRRRRRWRWRWRWRWWWWWWWRWWWRWWRRR	YES NO YES

Explanation of sample 1.

In the **first test case**, we can make one subset out of the bottles at positions 1, 2, 3 and 7 (which are, respectively: white, red, red, red) and the other subset out of the bottles at positions 4, 5, 6, 8 (which are, respectively: white, white, white, red). We will then swap pairs (1, 4), (2, 5), (3, 6) and (7, 8), after which the white wines will occupy the first 4 positions, and the red wines the last 4 positions.

In the **second test case**, there is only one possible way to form the subsets: one with the first bottle, and one with the second bottle. After swapping, the resulting arrangement is RW, therefore there is no solution.