



时间限制: C/C++/Rust/Pascal 2秒, 其他语言4秒

空间限制: C/C++/Rust/Pascal 512 M, 其他语言1024 M

64bit IO Format: %lld

C++ (clang++18)

1

ACM模

请通过

入输出

出描述:

题目描述

Kobato Jiyogoro and Osanai Yuki are investigating the theft of a permutation p_1, \dots, p_n . There are already some testimonies (x, y) indicating that $p_x = y$. It's guaranteed that the testimonies have no contradictions. In order to find out the suspects, they come up with another problem:

- Two permutations p and q *resemble* each other if and only if the lengths of p and q are the same, and the sets of the prefix maximal positions are the same. A position k of a permutation p is called a prefix maximal position if and only if $p_k = \max(p_1, \dots, p_k)$.
- Osanai wants to count the number of different permutations q such that there exists a way to fill out all the missing positions in p_1, \dots, p_n so that p *resembles* q .

Please help Kobato do the calculations. As the answer might be huge, print it modulo 998244353.

Recall that a permutation of length n is an array consisting of n distinct integers from 1 to n in arbitrary order. For example, $[2, 3, 1, 5, 4]$ is a permutation, but $[1, 2, 2]$ is not a permutation (2 appears twice in the array), and $[1, 3, 4]$ is also not a permutation ($n = 3$ but there is 4 in the array).

输入描述:

Each test contains multiple test cases. The first line of input contains a single integer t ($1 \leq t \leq 1.8 \cdot 10^3$) — the number of test cases. The description of the test cases follows.

The first line of input contains a single integer n ($1 \leq n \leq 5 \cdot 10^3$).

The second line of input contains n integers p'_1, \dots, p'_n ($0 \leq p'_i \leq n$). If $p'_i = 0$, there is currently no information about p_i ; otherwise, there is a testimony indicating that $p_i = p'_i$. It's guaranteed that no pairs (i, j) exist such that $1 \leq i < j \leq n$ and $p'_i = p'_j > 0$.

It's guaranteed that the sum of n over all test cases does not exceed 10^4 .

输出描述:

For each test case, output a single line containing an integer: the number of different permutations that might *resemble* p , modulo 998244353.

示例1

输入

复制

运行结果

自测数据