



Formal Disambiguation

John Beverley

Assistant Professor, *University at Buffalo*

Co-Director, *National Center for Ontological Research*

Affiliate Faculty, *Institute of Artificial Intelligence and Data Science*

Outline

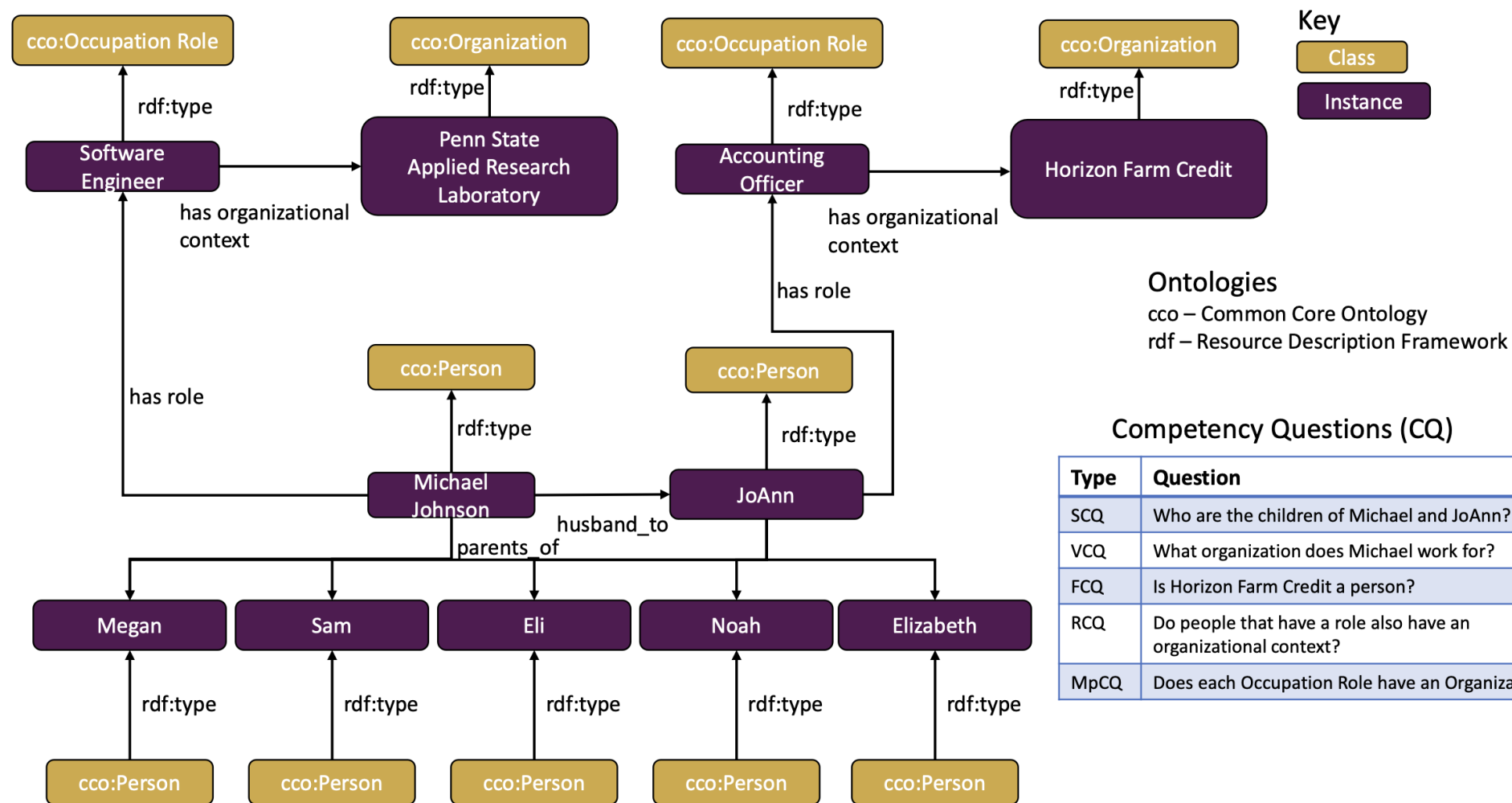
- Design Pattern Review
- Disambiguating Relations
- The Secret Structure of the World

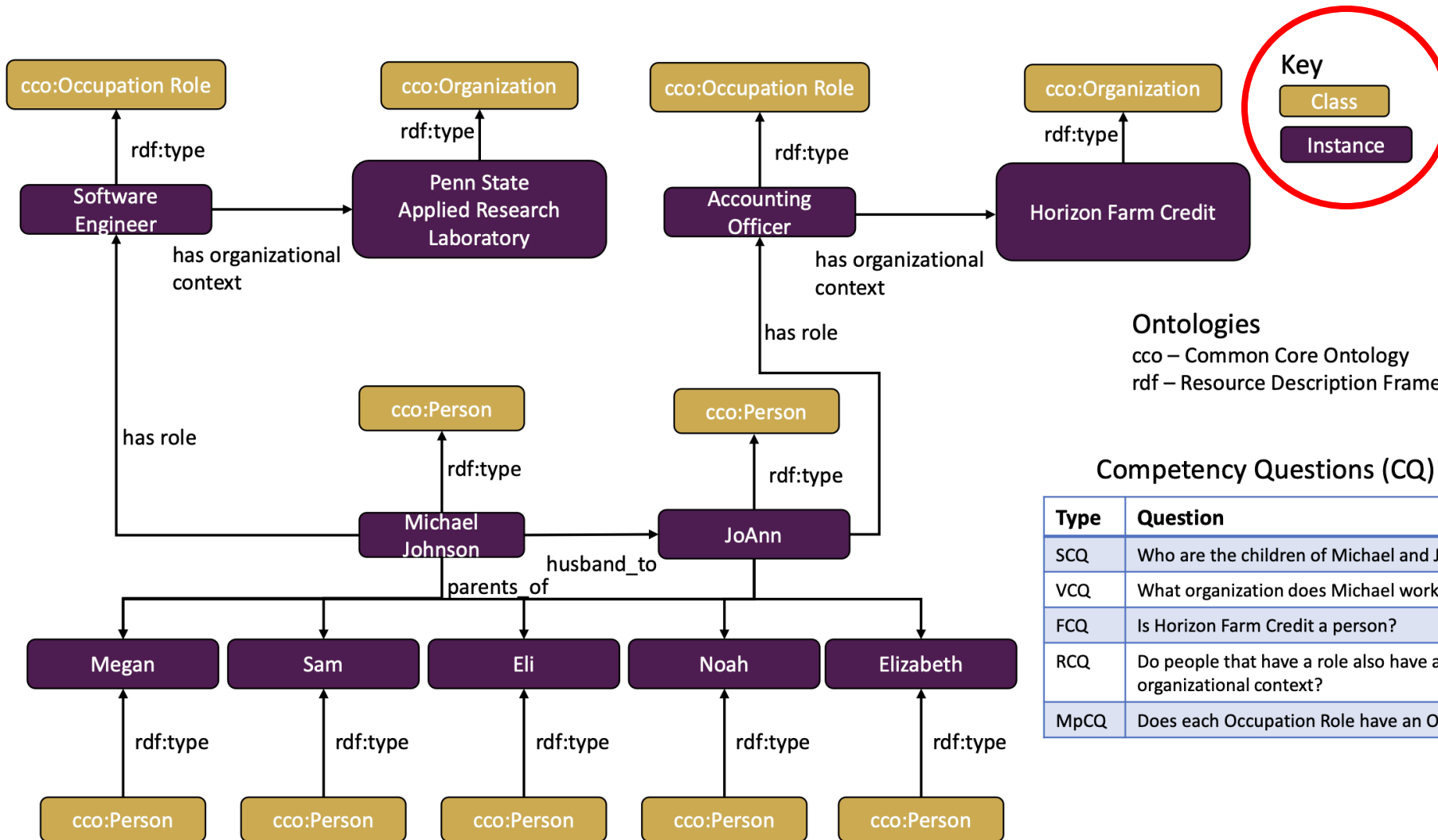
Outline

- Design Pattern Review
- Disambiguating Relations
- The Secret Structure of the World

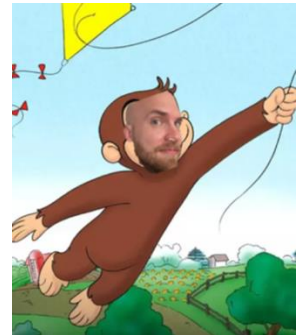
Extra Credit

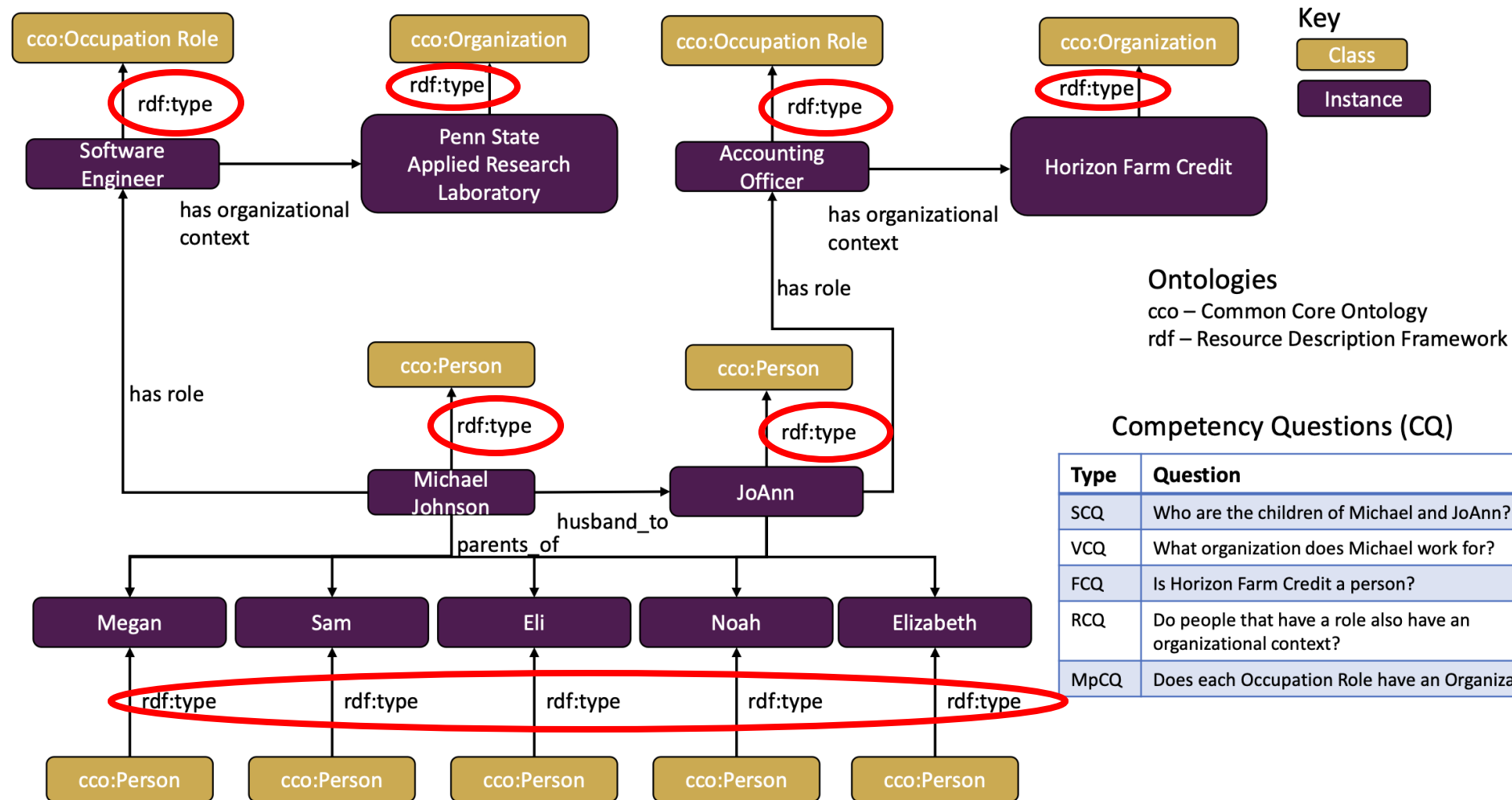




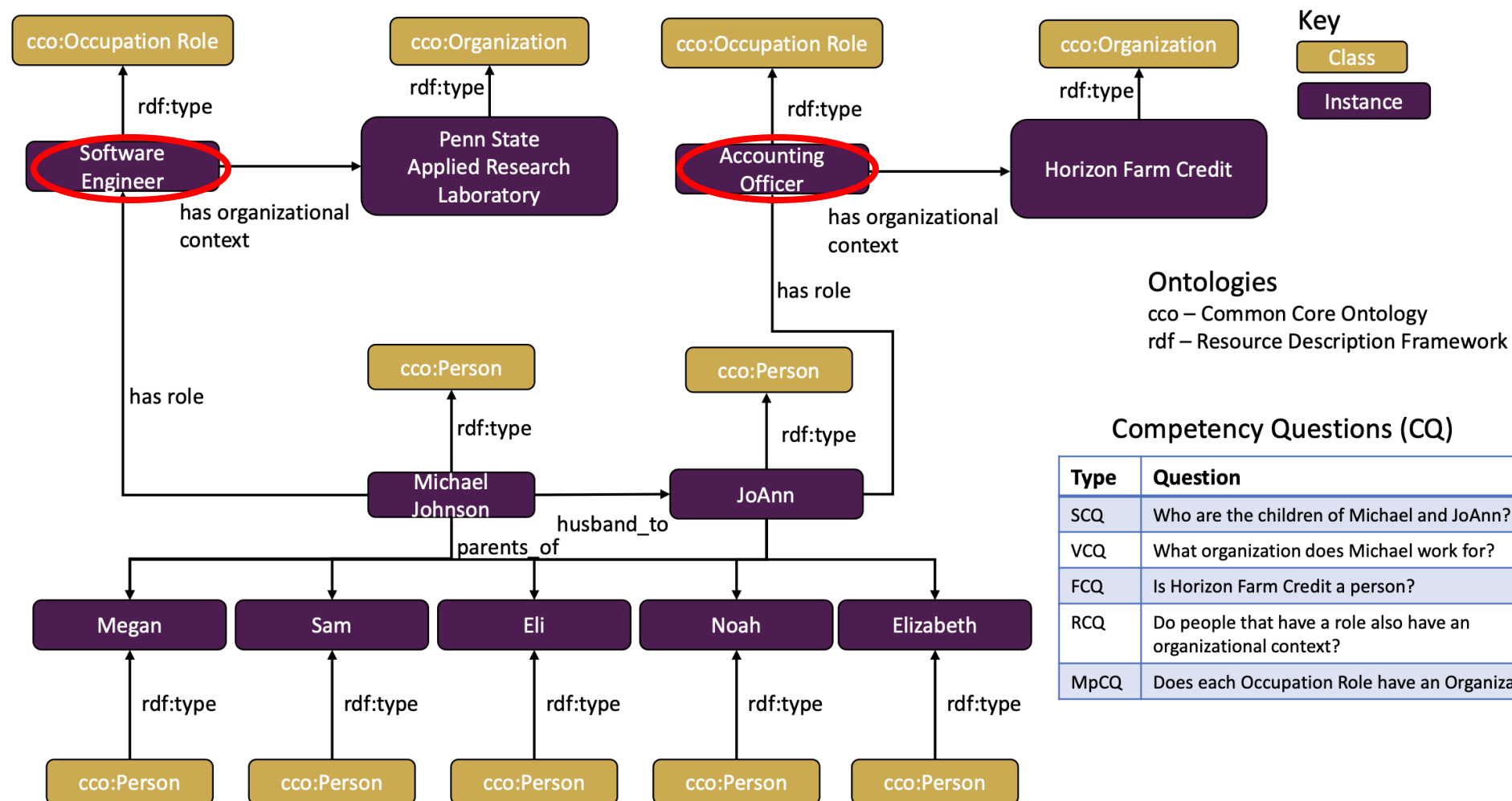


Points for legend!



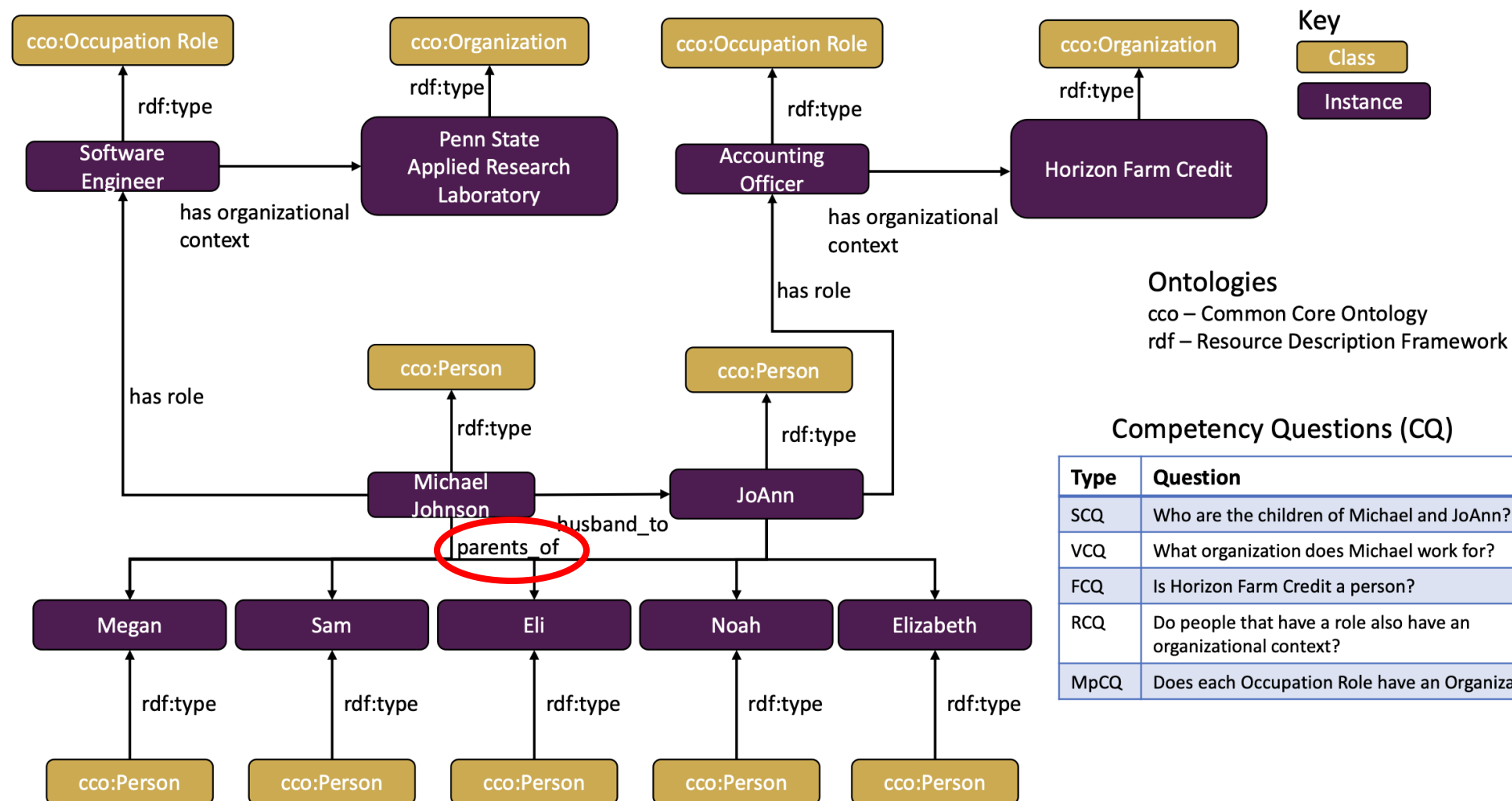


Use legend to
minimize
repetitions, e.g.
bold arrows
represent
“rdf:type”



Avoid ambiguity with labels, e.g. “Accounting Officer Role” rather than “Accounting Officer”

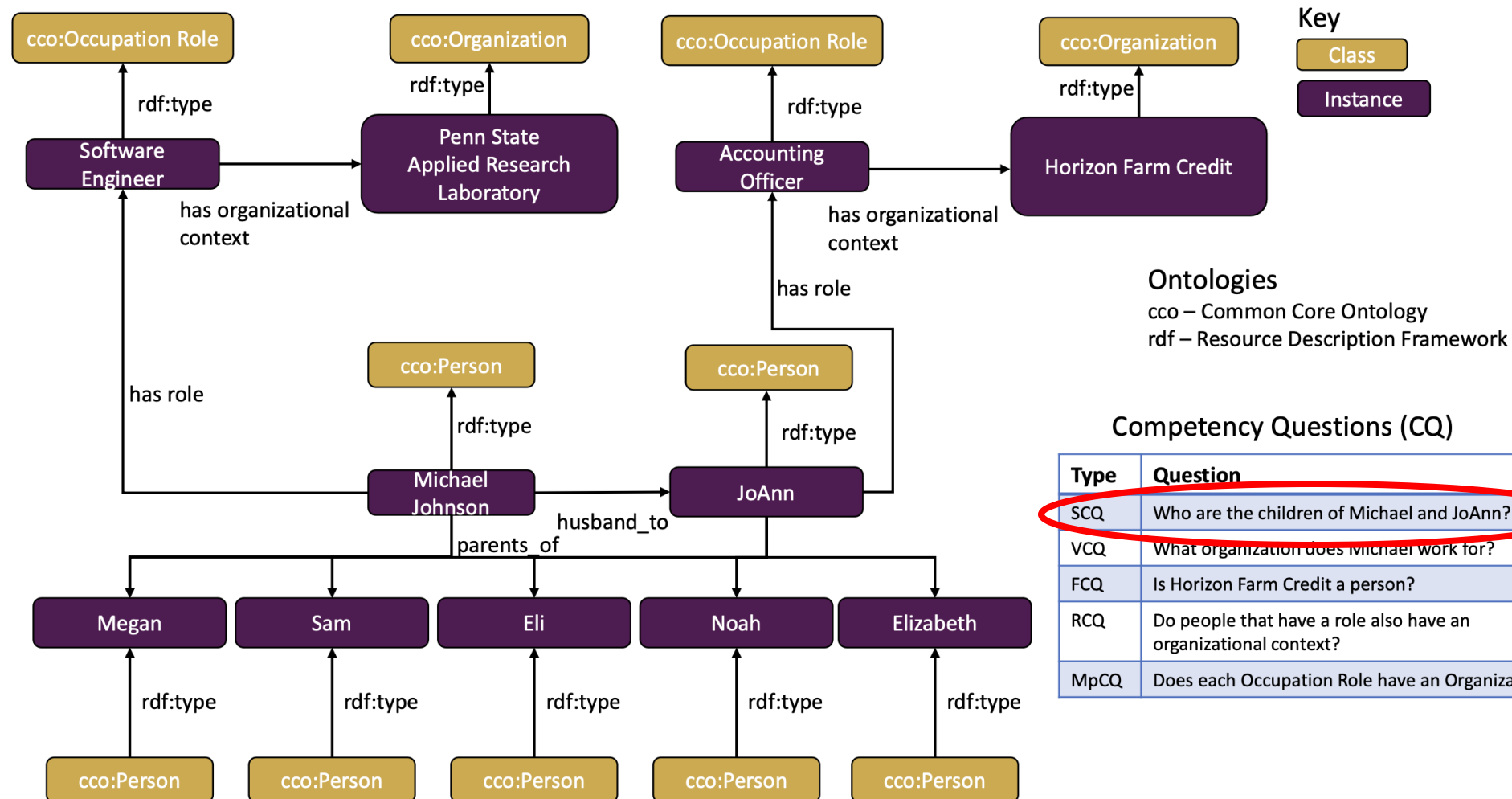
You can always create an alternative label for subject-matter experts or developers; default to disambiguation



Pluralizing parents_of suggests this relates a couple to a child, yet there is no couple displayed as an instance. Rather, there is Michael and JoAnn with associated lines. I suspect you mean “parent_of”.

Assuming this is correct, the lines extending from Michael and JoAnn shouldn’t be connected.

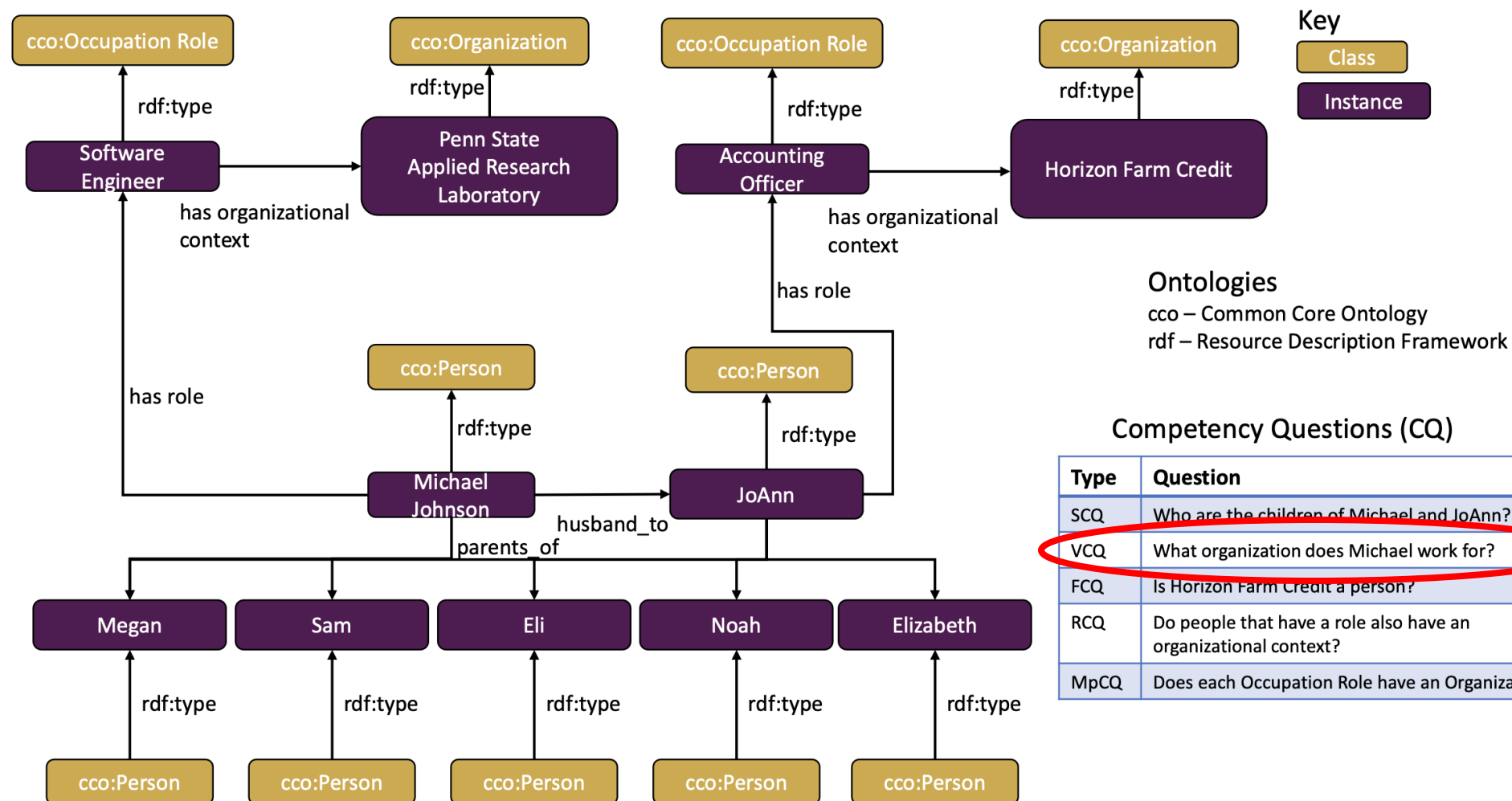
Otherwise, there should be an instance such as “couple”



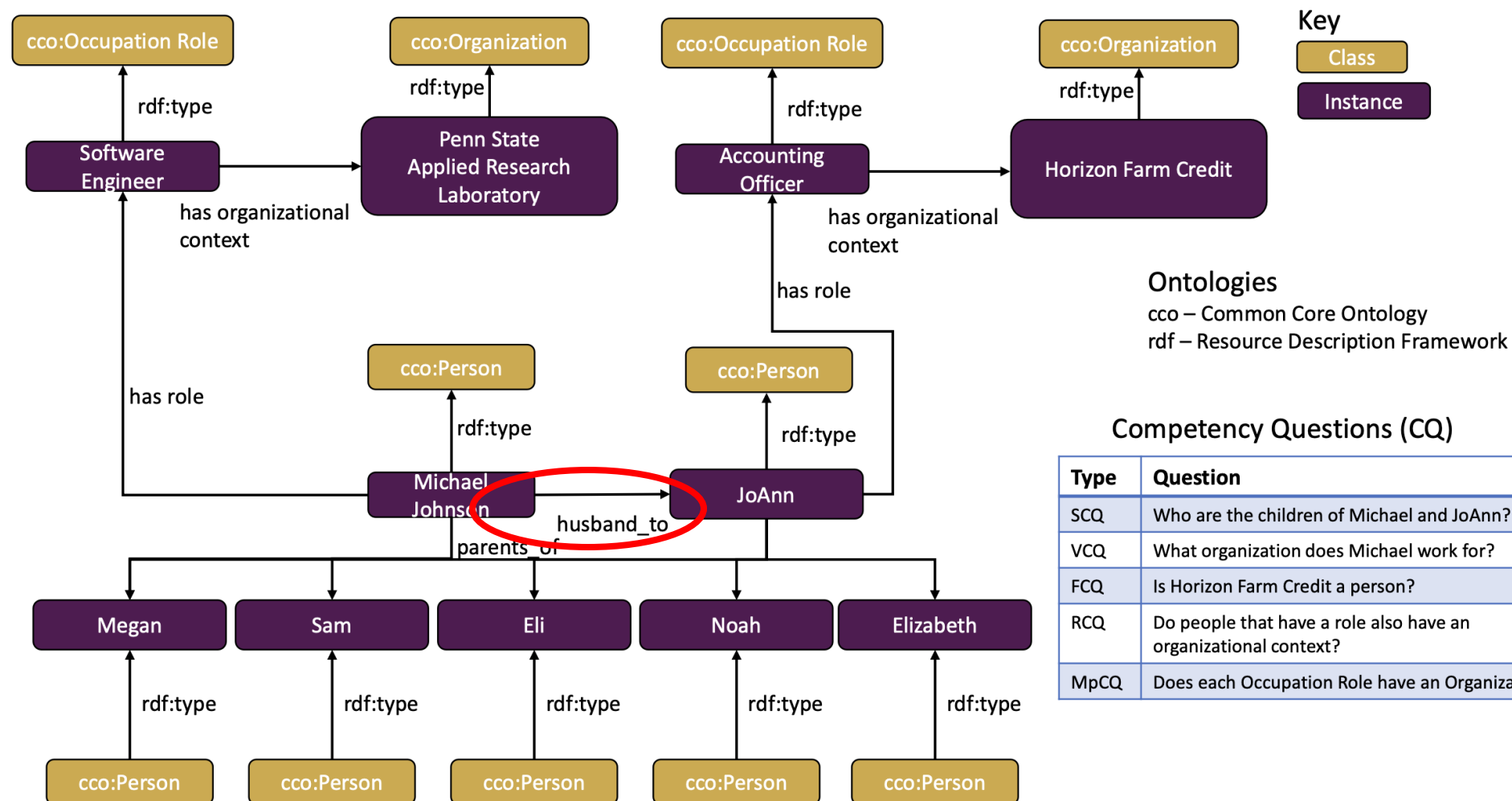
To answer the the SCQ, you need to assert that “parent_of” has inverse “child_of”, e.g. if Michael is parent_of Eli then Eli is child of Michael and if Eli is child_of Michael then Michael is parent_of Eli.

This is because there is no mention of ‘child’ or ‘children’ in the diagram.

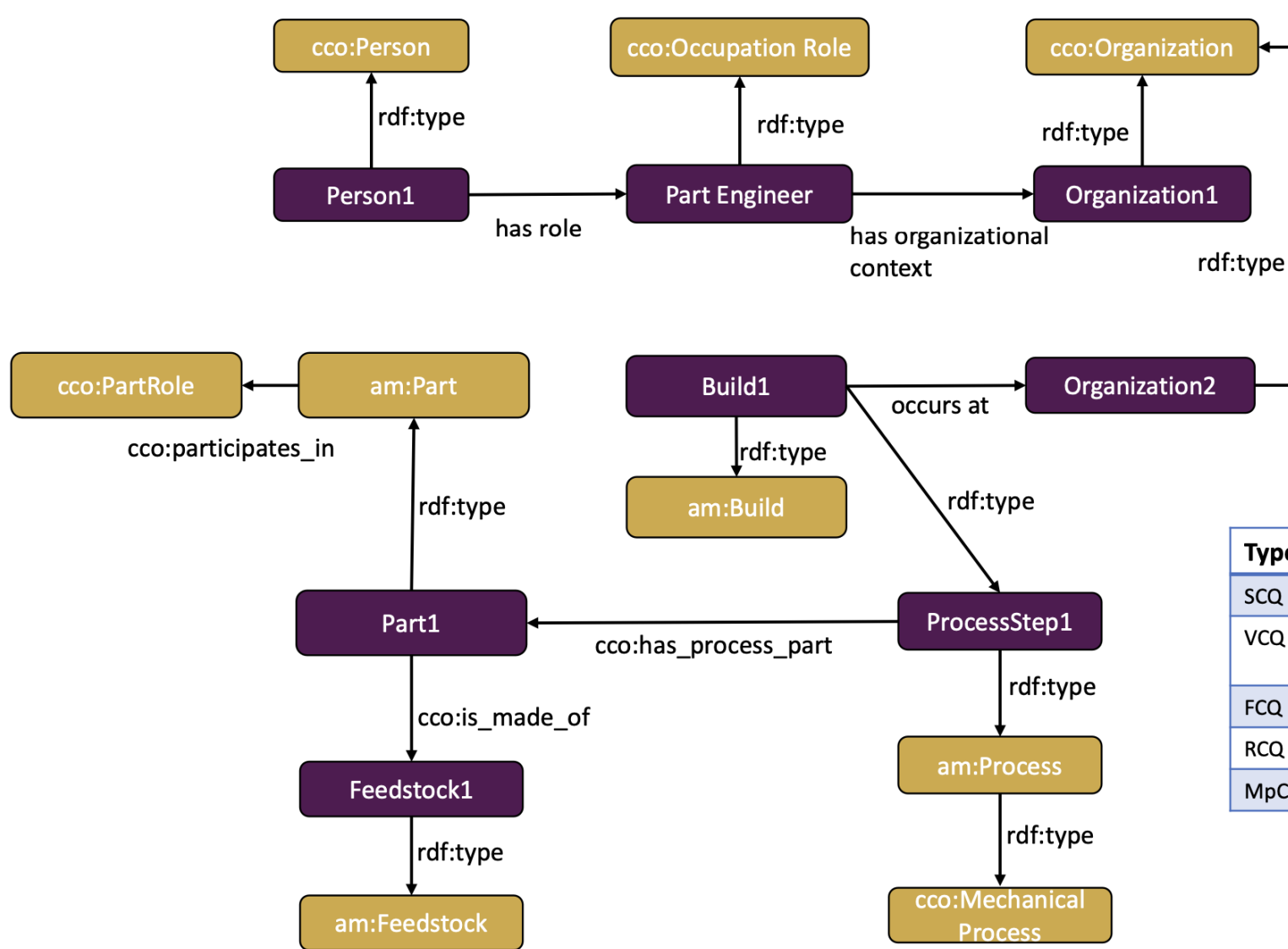
We of course assume that is the meaning...but ambiguities...



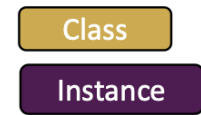
Similarly, you will need to make clear the relationship between an individual bearing a role an organizational context and ‘work for’.



No CQs regarding the Michael being husband to JoAnn, so unclear why that relationship is asserted



Key



Ontologies

am – Additive Manufacturing
cco – Common Core Ontology
rdf – Resource Description Framework

Competency Questions (CQ)

Type	Question
SCQ	At what organizations are builds occurring?
VCQ	What feedstock is used for part1? Is build1 a type of process?
FCQ	Does person have a occupational role?
RCQ	Are parts part of a process?
MpCQ	Do builds occur at a geospatial location

Outline

- Design Pattern Review
- Disambiguating Relations
- The Secret Structure of the World

Relations

- concretizes
- continuant part of
 - member part of
- environs
- exists at
- first instant of
- generically depends on
- has continuant part
 - has member part
- has first instant
- has history
- has last instant
- has material basis
- has occurrent part
 - has temporal part
- has participant
- has realization
- history of
- is carrier of
- is concretized by
- last instant of
- located in
- location of
- material basis of
- occupies spatial region
- occupies spatiotemporal region
- occupies temporal region
- occurrent part of
 - temporal part of
- occurs in
- participates in
- preceded by
- precedes
- realizes
- spatially projects onto
- specifically depended on by
 - bearer of
- specifically depends on
 - inheres in
- temporally projects onto

Checklist

- **Reflexive**, i.e. for every x is xRx
- **Irreflexive**, i.e. no x is such that xRx
- **Symmetric**, i.e. for every x and y , if xRy then yRx
- **Antisymmetric**, i.e. for every x and y , if xRy and yRx then $x=y$
- **Asymmetric**, i.e. for every x and y , if xRy then it is not the case that yRx
- **Functional**, i.e. for every x , y and z , if xRy and xRz then $y=z$
- **Inverse functional**, i.e. for every x , y , z , if xRy and zRy then $x=z$
- **Transitive**, i.e. for every x , y , and z , if xRy and yRz then xRz

Leibniz's Law

Leibniz's Law: If $x=y$ then any property x has, y has

Symmetry

Relationship: “is symbiotic with”

If x “is symbiotic with” y , then x is a Organism, y is a Organism.

If x “is symbiotic with” y , then y “is symbiotic with” x . $x \neq y$

The $x \neq y$ makes this not reflexive

Transitivity

Relationship: “is a”

All “is a” (BFO, Common core) relationships that make up a Taxonomy are transitive.

Reflexive

Relation: “likes”

Person A likes Person B. Person A likes Person A

Somebody can like themselves or can like another person. This would not be symmetrical or transitive. (since just because you like somebody does not mean they like you, similarly for transitive)

Outline

- Design Pattern Review
- Disambiguating Relations
- The Secret Structure of the World

BFO: Basic Formal Ontology

J. Neil Otte¹, John Beverley², and Alan Ruttenberg³

¹Johns Hopkins University Applied Physics Laboratory

²Northwestern University

³University at Buffalo

CASE 6: *A marriage is a contract that is regulated by civil and social constraints. These constraints can change but the meaning of marriage continues over time.*

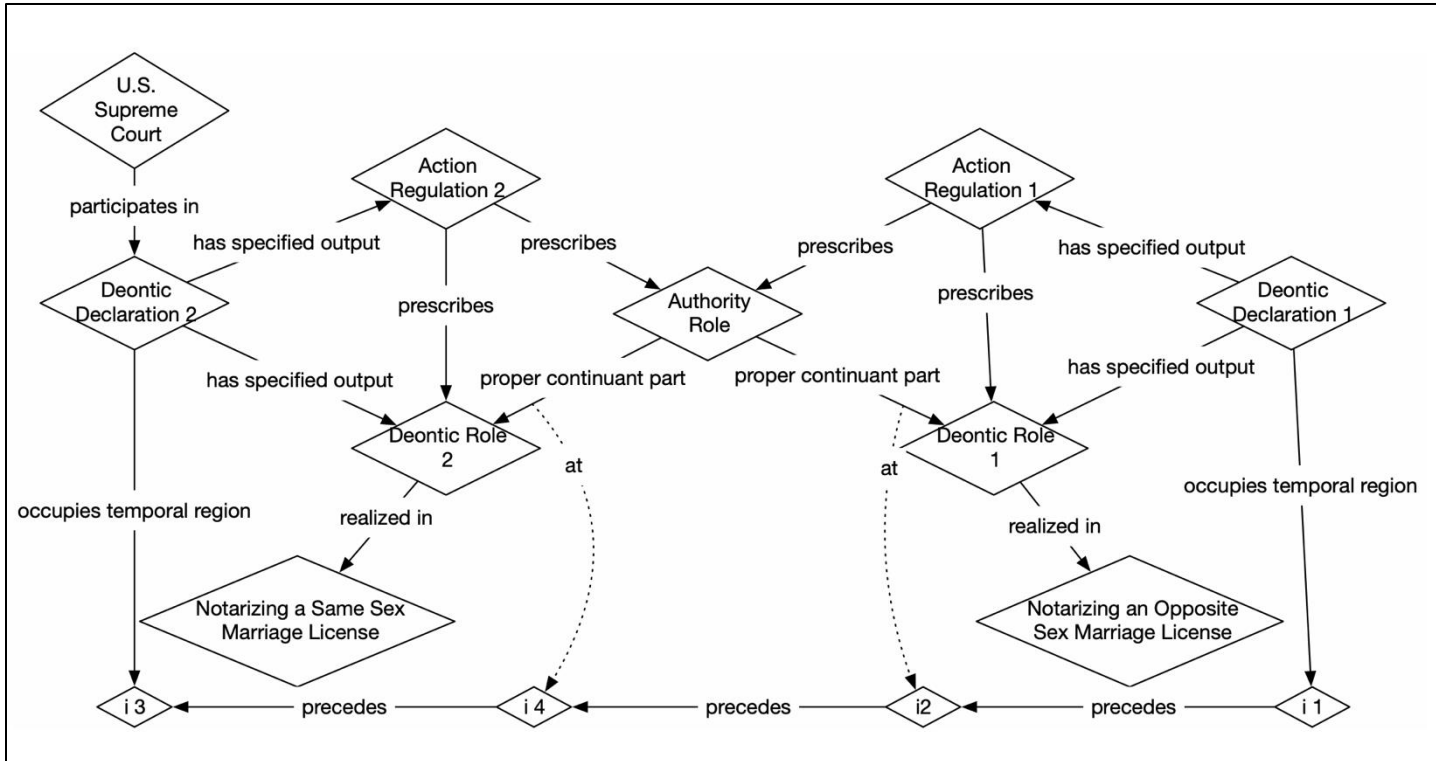
Marriage License

- In the U.S., states impose *eligibility requirements on individuals*, e.g. individuals entering marriage must be able to consent and above a certain age.
- States also impose *eligibility requirements on the couple*, e.g. one member of the union must be a U.S. citizen

Marriage License

- Before 1967, several states prohibited interracial marriage; until 2015 several prohibited same-sex marriage.
- Governments grant *obligations to spouses* - married partners bear financial responsibilities to one another - and *privileges* - married partners are not required to testify against one another in court.

CASE 6: A marriage is a contract that is regulated by civil and social constraints. These constraints can change but the meaning of marriage continues over time.



Class	Definition or Elucidation
document	a collection of information content entities intended to be understood together as a whole
government	an organization that exercises executive, legislative, or judicial authority over a region
marriage license	a document issued by a government, which legally binds agents as spouses, and invests them with associated instances of deontic role
deontic declaration	a social act that creates or revokes a deontic role
social act	a planned process that is carried out by a person or an organization, and is self-generated, directed towards another person or an aggregate of persons, an organization or an aggregate of organizations, and that needs to be perceived
deontic role	a role that inheres in a person and that is externally grounded in the normative expectations that other persons within a social context have concerning how that person should behave
action regulation	an information content entity that prescribes an act as required, prohibited, or permitted, and is the output of an act that realizes some authority role
authority role	a role that is realized by actions that create, modify, transfer, or eliminate action regulations or other authority roles, and inheres in an agent in virtue of collective acceptance of that agent's ability to issue binding directives