

Marcia Kalaidjian 16th January, 2024

PROFILE INFORMATION

NAME	Marcia Kalaidjian
ORGANISATION	On Morumbi Clinica Medica
DATE OF BIRTH	19 th June, 1971
GENDER	Female
HEIGHT	164cm / 64in
WEIGHT	64kg / 140lb
AGE	52

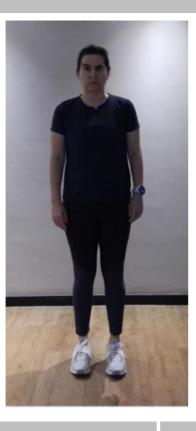


Standing Posture Posture and Stability Assessment

Standing Posture is a baseline postural assessment that can provide insight into an individual's structural balance, alignment, and postural strategy.

RESULTS







SWAYTRAK MOVEMENT PATHS (KNEES AND CENTRE OF MASS)

Neck lateral flexion	2.9° Right ▼
Trunk lateral flexion	1.6° Right ▼
Pelvis Lateral Tilt	1.6° Right ▼
Trunk Flexion	2.9° Posterior

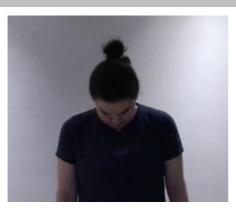


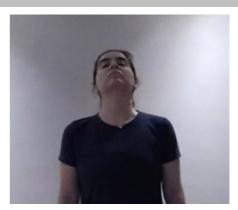


Cervical Spine Flexion/Extension Range of Motion Assessment

Cervical Spine Flexion (forward) / Extension (backwards) calculated by taking the inclination of the head relative to the line of the trunk in the sagittal plane (side view).

RESULTS





KEY RESULTS	STARTING POSITION	PEAK FLEXION	PEAK EXTENSION	TOTAL RANGE
Flexion/Extension	0.0°	34.8°	17.2°	52.0°
Trunk Flexion	7.4° Posterior	0.5° Posterior	6.3° Posterior	N/A
Trunk lateral flexion	1.2°	2.8° Right ▼	1.0° Right ▼	N/A



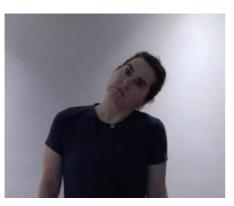
Cervical Spine Lateral Flexion Range of Motion Assessment

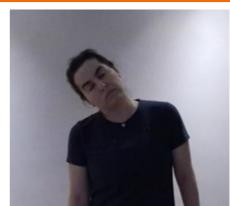
Cervical Spine Lateral Flexion (left and right) is calculated by taking the inclination of the head relative to the line of the trunk in the frontal plane (front view).

RESULTS

PEAK LEFT LATERAL FLEXION







KEY RESULTS	PEAK FLEXION (LEFT)	PEAK FLEXION (RIGHT)	IMBALANCE
Lateral Flexion	22.0°	26.9°	+4.9°
Trunk Flexion	4.4° Posterior	4.7° Posterior	N/A
Trunk lateral flexion at Peak Flexion	3.1° Left ▼	7.1° Right ▼	+3.9°



Shoulder Adduction/Abduction

Range of Motion Assessment

Shoulder Adduction/Abduction is calculated by taking the angle created by the humerus (upper arm) relative to the line of the trunk in the frontal plane (front view).

RESULTS

PEAK ADDUCTION		PEAK ABDUCTION		
LEFT	RIGHT	LEFT	RIGHT	
KEY RESULTS	LEFT	RIGHT	IMBALANCE	
Shoulder Adduction	89.7°	95.6°	+6.0°	
Shoulder Abduction	262.3°	257.8°	+4.5°	
Trunk lateral flexion at Peak Abduction	2.6° Right ▼	0.6° Right ▼	+2.0°	
PRACTITIONER COMMENT	TS (LEFT)	PRACTITIONER COMMEN	TS (RIGHT)	





Shoulder Flexion/Extension

Range of Motion Assessment

Shoulder Flexion/Extension is calculated by taking the angle created by the humerus (upper arm) relative to the line of the trunk in the sagittal plane (side view).

RESULTS

PEAK	PEAK FLEXION		PEAK EXTENSION	
LEFT	RIGHT	LEFT	RIGHT	
KEY RESULTS	LEFT	RIGHT	IMBALANCE	
Shoulder Flexion	200.4°	219.3°	+18.9°	
Shoulder Extension	65.1°	46.4°	+18.7°	
Trunk lateral flexion at Peak Flexion	3.3° Right ▼	1.7° Left ▼	+1.7°	
PRACTITIONER COMMEN	TS (LEFT)	PRACTITIONER COMMEN	TS (RIGHT)	





Shoulder Internal/External Rotation

Range of Motion Assessment

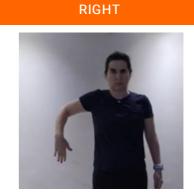
Shoulder Internal/External Rotation calculated by taking the angle created by the forearm relative to horizontal in the sagittal plane (side view).

RESULTS

PEAK INTERNAL ROTATION

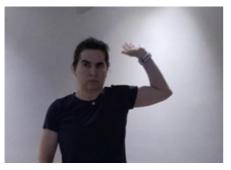


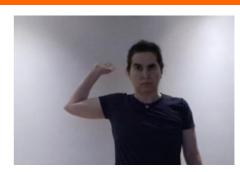
LEFT



PEAK EXTERNAL ROTATION

LEFT RIGHT





KEY RESULTS	LEFT	RIGHT	IMBALANCE
Shoulder Internal Rotation	81.8°	47.3°	+34.5°
Shoulder External Rotation	74.1°	84.4°	+10.3°
Total ROM	156.0°	131.7°	+24.2°
Trunk lateral flexion at Peak Internal Rotation	0.1° Right ▼	0.3° Left ▼	+0.1°

PRACTITIONER COMMENTS (LEFT)

PRACTITIONER COMMENTS (RIGHT)



Hip Internal/External Rotation Range of Motion Assessment

Hip Internal/External Rotation is calculated by taking the angle created by the tibia relative to vertical in the frontal plane (front view) while seated with 90° of hip flexion.

RESULTS

LEFT







LEFT





PRACTITIONER COMMENTS (RIGHT)

RIGHT

KEY RESULTS	LEFT	RIGHT	IMBALANCE
Peak Internal Rotation	6.1°	22.4°	+16.3°
Peak External Rotation	39.6°	45.1°	+5.4°
Total ROM	33.5°	67.5°	+34.0°

PRACTITIONER COMMENTS (LEFT)



Single Leg Stand Balance Assessment

Standing balance over time is assessed while standing on one leg.

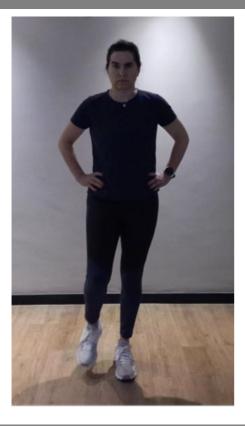
Eyes Open Surface Stable Time $10.0 \, s$

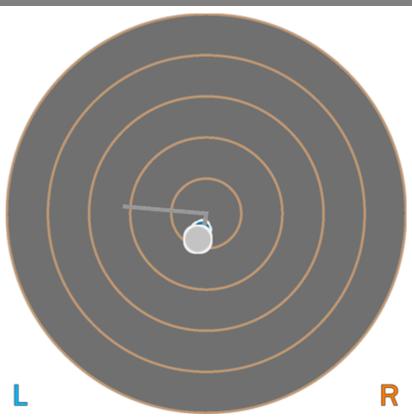
RESULTS

BALANCE RESULTS (LEFT)

SNAPSHOT - START OF TEST







KEY METRICS	RESULTS
Ellipse Area	0.95 cm-2
COM Path Length	15.68 cm
Range - ML	1.60 cm
Range - AP	4.11 cm
Pelvis Lateral Tilt	6.9° Left ▼
Trunk lateral flexion	2.3° Left ▼



Single Leg Stand Balance Assessment

Standing balance over time is assessed while standing on one leg.

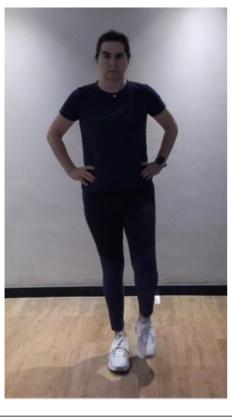
Eyes Open Surface Stable Time 10.0 s

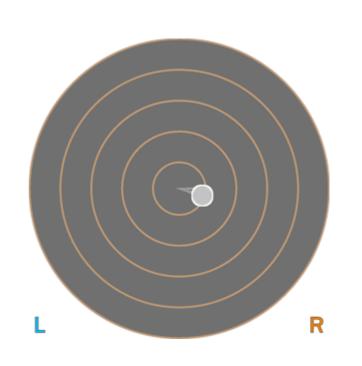
RESULTS

BALANCE RESULTS (RIGHT)

SNAPSHOT - START OF TEST







KEY METRICS	RESULTS
Ellipse Area	1.13 cm-2
COM Path Length	13.32 cm
Range - ML	3.78 cm
Range - AP	1.19 cm
Pelvis Lateral Tilt	8.7° Right ▼
Trunk lateral flexion	5.9° Right ▼





Lunge Lower Body Dynamic Assessment

The Lunge assesses the strength and range of motion of the knees and hips.

RESULTS

PEAK KNEE FLEXION

LEFT





KEY METRICS	LEFT LEG	RIGHT LEG	ASYMMETRY
Peak Hip Flexion	59.3°	72.4°	18.1%
Peak Knee Flexion	79.4°	99.4°	20.1%
Peak Spine Lateral Tilt	0.1° Anterior	0.8° Anterior	N/A
Peak Pelvic Lateral Tilt	0.4° Right	1.7° Right	N/A

PRACTITIONER COMMENTS (LEFT)

PRACTITIONER COMMENTS (RIGHT)





Squat Lower Body Dynamic Assessment

Squat is a dynamic movement assessment providing insight into an individual's balance, stability, flexibility, and strength.

RESULTS

START

REP 1: PEAK KNEE FLEXION



REP 2: PEAK KNEE FLEXION







KEY RESULTS	REP 1	REP 2	REP 3
Peak Knee Flexion (Left)	110.0°	110.3°	119.2°
Peak Knee Flexion (Right)	108.6°	110.0°	117.5°
Spine Tilt at Peak Knee Flexion	29.3° Anterior	34.0° Anterior	33.5° Anterior
Trunk lateral flexion at Peak Knee Flexion	0.7° Left ▼	1.2° Right ▼	1.8° Right ▼

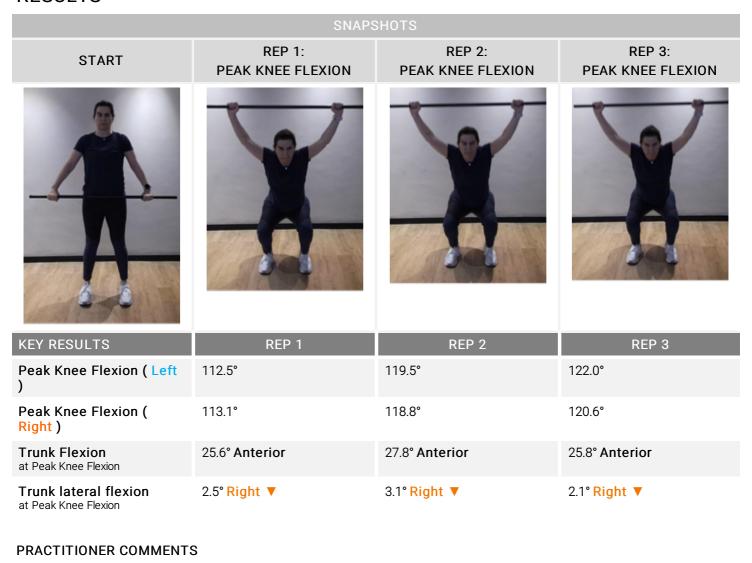


Overhead Squat

Lower Body Dynamic Assessment

Overhead squat is a dynamic movement assessment providing insight into an individual's balance, stability, flexibility, and strength.

RESULTS





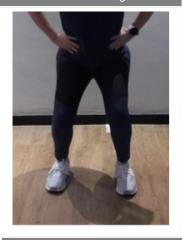
Countermovement Jump

Lower Body Dynamic Assessment

The Countermovement Jump assesses the landing posture during an explosive dynamic exercise.

RESULTS

PEAK KNEE FLEXION after landing



KEY METRICS (TORSO)

Jump Height 15.69 cm

Peak Spine Tilt after landing 25.6° Anterior

Peak Lateral Spine Tilt after landing 1.4° Left

Peak Lateral Pelvic Tilt
after landing

1.9° Right

KEY METRICS (LEGS)	LEFT LEG	RIGHT LEG	ASYMMETRY
Peak Hip Flexion after landing	71.8°	70.8°	1.4%
Peak Knee Flexion after landing	79.8°	79.5°	0.4%
Peak Knee Valgus/Varus after landing	15.1° Varus	16.1° Varus	6.2%





Drop Jump Lower Body Dynamic Assessment

Drop Jump is used to assess coordination, balance, joint stability and power, requiring the patient to drop from a box or platform and transition from landing into an explosive jump .

Height

unspecified

RESULTS

REGOLIO				
PHASE	Initial Contac	t	Pe	ak Knee Flexion
SNAPSHOTS				
Result				
Knee-Ankle Separation Ratio	0.9		0.9	
Hip Flexion (Left)	34.3°		61.6°	
Hip Flexion (Right)	37.0°		63.2°	
Knee Flexion (Left)	47.6°		89.8°	
Knee Flexion (Right)	50.0°		91.8°	
150 open and the second	10000	20000	2000	KASR Initial Contact Peak Knee Flexion Full Knee Extension
0	10000	20000	3000	10



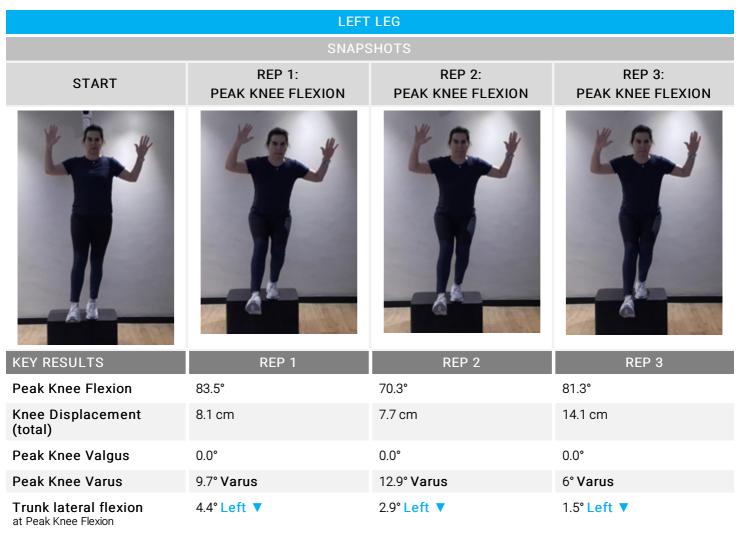


Single Leg Squat

Lower Body Dynamic Assessment

Single Leg Squat is a dynamic movement assessment that provides insight into an individual's balance, stability, flexibility, and strength.

RESULTS





RESULTS

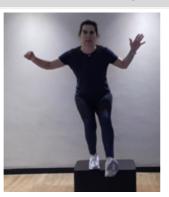
RIGHT LEG

SNAPSHOTS

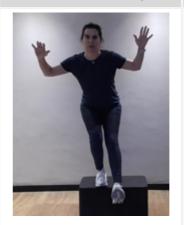
START



REP 1: PEAK KNEE FLEXION



REP 2: PEAK KNEE FLEXION



REP 3: PEAK KNEE FLEXION



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KEY RESULTS	REP 1	REP 2	REP 3
Peak Knee Flexion	72.6°	74.8°	77.7°
Knee Displacement (total)	7.5 cm	5.6 cm	11.4 cm
Peak Knee Valgus	7.7° Valgus	6.1° Valgus	12.5° Valgus
Peak Knee Varus	1.6° Varus	2.6° Varus	0.8° Varus
Trunk lateral flexion	3.1° Right ▼	6.5° Right ▼	1.2° Right ▼