For each question, show the SQL statement(s) that you have used in order to address the question.

1. Create a test table called **JonesB TestTable** (where "JonesB" represents your user name) and populate it with some sample data.

[10]

CREATE TABLE JonesB\_TestTable (Field1# CHAR (5) NOT NULL, Field2 CHAR (30) NOT NULL, CONSTRAINT TestPK PRIMARY KEY (Field1));

// Note: Grader will test for the existence of the table by issuing the statements:

DESCR < UserSchema > . Jones B TestTable;

SELECT \* FROM <UserSchema>.JonesB TestTable;

2a. Create a role and for its name, use the concatenation of your user account and the word "Role". For instance, the role may be called **JobesB\_Role** (where "JonesB" represents your user name). [02]

CREATE ROLE JonesB\_Role;

Note: If the role account is created in the common database (CDB), it must be preceded with the characters C##, thus

CREATE ROLE C##\_JonesB\_Role;

2b. Grant to your role the system privileges that facilitate application development (see section 13.2.2 of your text).

[11]

GRANT CREATE SESSION, CREATE TABLE, CREATE SEQUENCE, CREATE VIEW, CREATE ROLE, CREATE PROCEDURE, CREATE TRIGGER, CREATE TABLESPACE, CREATE SYNONYM, INSERT ANY TABLE, ANALYZE ANY, SELECT ANY DICTIONARY TO JonesB\_Role;

**Note:** In the KSC environment, this will not work for CS360 students, because they do not have the DBA privilege to execute this command. However, the role Developer has been created and granted the above-mentioned privileges by the course instructor; moreover, students have been given privileges to this Developer role. So for the purpose of implementation of the CS360DB at KSC, the following statement may be issued by each student:

GRANT Developer TO Jones BRole:

2c. Grant to your role, SUDI privileges on **JonesB\_TestTable** (see section 13.2.3 of text for SUDI privileges).

[04]

GRANT SELECT, UPDATE, DROP, INSERT ON JonesB\_TestTable TO JonesB\_Role;

2d. There is a catalog table that you can access to see all the system privileges granted to all roles in the system. Its name is **Role\_Sys\_Privs**. Study its structure, and then issue an appropriate SQL statement to display the system privileges associated with your role. Show the SQL statement used.

[06]

SELECT Role, Privilege FROM Role\_Sys\_Privs WHERE Role LIKE 'JonesB\_Role%' OR Role LIKE 'JONESB\_ROLE%';

You might also want to take a look at the view called **Role\_Role\_Privs** and run a similar query.

3.

3a. Create a test user account called **JonesB\_User** (where "JonesB" represents your user name). Assign the user to your tablespace; also use a password that you will remember. Your current tablespace name is **TBS\_JonesB** (where "JonesB" represents your user name). [04]

CREATE USER C##\_JonesB\_User IDENTIFIED BY "TestUser\_360" DEFAULT TABLESPACE TBS\_ JonesB QUOTA UNLIMITED ON TBS JonesB;

Note: If the user account is created in the common database (CDB), it must be preceded with the characters C##.

3b. Try logging on to the database as **JonesB\_User**. Record the result of your attempt, and provide an explanation for this observation.

[04]

You should get the error ORA-01045, which states that the user JonesB lacks CREATE SESSION privilege. This is so because your test user account has not been granted appropriate privileges to access the database.

3c. Log on with your normal user account and grant your role (created in 2a) to user **JonesB\_User**.

[02]

GRANT JonesB\_Role TO C##\_JonesB\_User;

3d. Try logging on as **JonesB\_User** once more and record the result of your attempt. Provide an explanation for this observation.

[04]

Log-on should now be allowed. This is so because in the previous exercise, appropriate privileges contended in your test role, were granted to your test user.

3e. Log on as **JonesB\_User** and try running a query on your test table. To do this, you must either create synonym for **JonesB\_TestTable** in the schema of **JonesB\_User**, then run the query on the synonym, or you must qualify the table name when you run the query on **JonesB\_TestTable**. Record the result of your attempt, and explain why you obtained that result.

[10]

SELECT \* FROM C##JonesB\_User.JonesB\_TestTable;

Alternately, run the following two statements:

CREATE SYNONYM JonesB\_TestTable FOR C##\_JonesB\_User.JonesB\_TestTable;

SELECT \* FROM JonesB\_TestTable;

Access should be allowed. This is so because in 2c above, SUDI privileges were granted to your test role, which in then grant to your test user.

3f. Switch to your normal user account and revoke the SUDI privileges on **JonesB TestTable** from your role.

[04]

REVOKE SELECT, UPDATE, DROP, INSERT ON JonesB\_TestTable FROM C##\_JonesB\_User\_Role;

3g. Log on as **JonesB** again and try running a query on your **JonesB\_TestTable**. Record the result of your attempt. Provide an explanation for this result. [06]

Access should now be denied, since the SUDI privileges on **JonesB\_TestTable** have been removed. The exact message is:

ORA-01031: insufficient privileges

4.

Study your music database that you created for the previous assignment, and reflect on what you have learned about the system catalog. Write SQL statements to show what the contents of the system catalog tables USER\_TABLES (attributes Table\_Name and Tablespace\_Name) and USER\_TAB\_COLUMNS (attributes Column\_Name and Table\_Name) would be. Include a screen shot of the query results.

## Contents of USER TABLES:

SELECT table\_name, tablespace\_name FROM user\_tables;

// This statement would produce the following result:

Table_Name	Tablespace_Name
COUNTRIES	TBS_ <username></username>
MUSICIANS	TBS_ <username></username>
COMPOSITIONS	TBS_ <username></username>
ENSEMBLES	TBS_ <username></username>
PERFORMANCES	TBS_ <username></username>
ENSEMBLE_MEMBERS	TBS_ <username></username>

// Note: <UserName> represents the name of the user who owns the table (each student has an account).

## Contents of USER\_TAB\_COLUMNS:

SELECT column name, table name FROM user tab columns;

// This statement will produce a list with the following appearance:

Column Name **Table Name** CNTRYCD **COUNTRIES** CNTRYNAME **COUNTRIES** MNO **MUSICIANS** MNAME **MUSICIANS MUSICIANS** DOB MCOUNTRY **MUSICIANS** CNO **COMPOTITIANS** TITLE **COMPOTITIANS** MNO COMPOTITIANS CDATE COMPOTITIANS **ENO ENSEMBLES ENAME ENSEMBLES** ECOUNTRY **ENSEMBLES** MNO-MGR **ENSEMBLES** 

**ENO ENSEMBLE MEMBERS** MNO ENSEMBLE\_MEMBERS INSTRUMENT ENSEMBLE\_MEMBERS PNO **PERFORMANCES** PDATE **PERFORMANCES** CNO **PERFORMANCES** CITY **PERFORMANCES PCOUNTRY PERFORMANCES** ENO PERFORMANCES